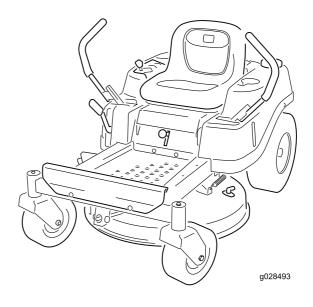


Count on it.

Operator's Manual

TimeCutter® ZS 3200S or 4200S Riding Mower

Model No. 74650—Serial No. 400000000 and Up Model No. 74655—Serial No. 400000000 and Up



This product complies with all relevant European directives; for details, please see the separate product specific Declaration of Conformity (DOC) sheet.

Gross Horsepower

The gross or net horsepower of this engine was laboratory rated by the engine manufacturer in accordance with the Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE) J1940. As configured to meet safety, emission, and operating requirements, the actual engine torque on this class of mower will be significantly lower.

Go to www.Toro.com to view specifications on your mower model.

Important: If you are using a machine with a Toro engine above 1500 m (5,000 ft) for a continuous period, ensure that the High Altitude Kit has been installed so that the engine meets CARB/EPA emission regulations. The High Altitude Kit increases engine performance while preventing spark-plug fouling, hard starting, and increased emissions. Once you have installed the kit, attach the high-altitude label next to the serial decal on the machine. Contact any Authorized Toro Service Dealer to obtain the proper High Altitude Kit and high-altitude label for your machine. To locate a dealer convenient to you, access our website at www.Toro.com or contact our Toro Customer Care Department at the number(s) listed in your Emission Control Warranty Statement.

Remove the kit from the engine and restore the engine to its original factory configuration when running the engine under 1500 m (5,000 ft). Do not operate an engine that has been converted for high-altitude use at lower altitudes; otherwise, you could overheat and damage the engine.

If you are unsure whether or not your machine has been converted for high-altitude use, look for the following label.

NOTE: THE ENGINE ON THIS PRODUCT HAS BEEN MODIFIED FOR USE AT ABOVE 5,000 FEET ELEVATION. IF USING BELOW 5,000 FEET, IT MUST BE REVISED BACK TO ORIGINAL SPECIFICATIONS.

decal127-9363

Introduction

This machine is a ride-on, rotary-blade intended to be used by homeowners in residential applications. It is primarily designed for cutting grass on well-maintained lawns. It is not designed for cutting brush, mowing grass and other growth alongside highways, or for agricultural uses.

Read this information carefully to learn how to operate and maintain your product properly and to avoid injury and product damage. You are responsible for operating the product properly and safely.

You may contact Toro directly at www.Toro.com for product safety and operation training materials, accessory information, help finding a dealer, or to register your product.

Whenever you need service, genuine Toro parts, or additional information, contact an Authorized Service Dealer or Toro Customer Service and have the model and serial numbers of your product ready. Figure 1 identifies the location of the model and serial numbers on the product. Write the numbers in the space provided.

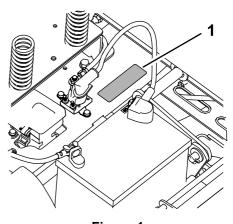


Figure 1
Under the seat

1. Model and serial-number plate

Write the product model and serial numbers in the space below:

Model No.	
Serial No.	

This manual identifies potential hazards and has safety messages identified by the safety-alert symbol (Figure 2), which signals a hazard that may cause serious injury or death if you do not follow the recommended precautions.



Figure 2

g000502

1. Safety-alert symbol

This manual uses 2 words to highlight information. **Important** calls attention to special mechanical information and **Note** emphasizes general information worthy of special attention.

Contents

Safety	4
General Safety	4
Slope Indicator	5
Safety and Instructional Decals	6
Product Overview	
Controls	10
Before Operation	
Before Operation Safety	
Recommended Fuel	
Using Stabilizer/Conditioner	
Filling the Fuel Tank	
Checking the Engine-Oil Level	
Breaking in a New Machine	
Think Safety First	
Using the Safety-Interlock System	
Positioning the Seat	
Adjusting the Motion-Control Levers	
Converting to Side Discharge	
During Operation	
During Operation Safety	
Operating the Mower Blade-Control Switch	1
(PTO)	18
Operating the Throttle	
Operating the Ignition Switch	
Starting and Shutting Off the Engine	
Using the Motion-Control Levers	
Driving the Machine	
Stopping the Machine	
Adjusting the Height of Cut	
Adjusting the Anti-Scalp Rollers	
Using the Side Discharge	
Operating Tips	
After Operation Sefety	
After Operation Safety	
Pushing the Machine by Hand	
Transporting the Machine	
Loading the Machine	
Maintenance Recommended Maintenance Schedule(s)	
Recommended Maintenance Schedule(s)	
Pre-Maintenance Procedures	28
Pre-Maintenance Procedures	28 28
Pre-Maintenance Procedures Maintenance and Storage Raising the Seat	28 28
Pre-Maintenance Procedures Maintenance and Storage Raising the Seat Releasing the Mower-Deck Curtain	28 28 28
Pre-Maintenance Procedures Maintenance and Storage Raising the Seat Releasing the Mower-Deck Curtain Lubrication	28 28 28 28
Pre-Maintenance Procedures Maintenance and Storage. Raising the Seat. Releasing the Mower-Deck Curtain Lubrication. Greasing the Bearings	28 28 28 29 29
Pre-Maintenance Procedures Maintenance and Storage Raising the Seat Releasing the Mower-Deck Curtain Lubrication Greasing the Bearings Engine Maintenance	28 28 28 29 29
Pre-Maintenance Procedures Maintenance and Storage Raising the Seat Releasing the Mower-Deck Curtain Lubrication Greasing the Bearings Engine Maintenance Engine Safety	28 28 28 29 29 29
Pre-Maintenance Procedures Maintenance and Storage Raising the Seat Releasing the Mower-Deck Curtain Lubrication Greasing the Bearings Engine Maintenance Engine Safety Servicing the Air Cleaner	28 28 28 29 29 29
Pre-Maintenance Procedures Maintenance and Storage Raising the Seat Releasing the Mower-Deck Curtain Lubrication Greasing the Bearings Engine Maintenance Engine Safety Servicing the Air Cleaner Servicing the Engine Oil.	28 28 28 29 29 29 29 29
Pre-Maintenance Procedures Maintenance and Storage Raising the Seat Releasing the Mower-Deck Curtain Lubrication Greasing the Bearings Engine Maintenance Engine Safety Servicing the Air Cleaner Servicing the Engine Oil. Servicing the Spark Plug	28 28 28 29 29 29 29 29 30 33
Pre-Maintenance Procedures Maintenance and Storage Raising the Seat Releasing the Mower-Deck Curtain Lubrication Greasing the Bearings Engine Maintenance Engine Safety Servicing the Air Cleaner Servicing the Engine Oil. Servicing the Spark Plug Cleaning the Blower Housing	28 28 29 29 29 29 29 30 33
Pre-Maintenance Procedures Maintenance and Storage Raising the Seat Releasing the Mower-Deck Curtain Lubrication Greasing the Bearings Engine Maintenance Engine Safety Servicing the Air Cleaner Servicing the Engine Oil Servicing the Spark Plug Cleaning the Blower Housing Fuel System Maintenance	28 28 29 29 29 29 29 30 34 34
Pre-Maintenance Procedures Maintenance and Storage. Raising the Seat Releasing the Mower-Deck Curtain Lubrication Greasing the Bearings Engine Maintenance Engine Safety Servicing the Air Cleaner Servicing the Engine Oil Servicing the Spark Plug Cleaning the Blower Housing Fuel System Maintenance Replacing the In-Line Fuel Filter.	28 28 29 29 29 29 30 34 34
Pre-Maintenance Procedures Maintenance and Storage Raising the Seat Releasing the Mower-Deck Curtain Lubrication Greasing the Bearings Engine Maintenance Engine Safety Servicing the Air Cleaner Servicing the Engine Oil Servicing the Spark Plug Cleaning the Blower Housing. Fuel System Maintenance Replacing the In-Line Fuel Filter. Electrical System Maintenance	28 28 29 29 29 29 30 33 34 34
Pre-Maintenance Procedures Maintenance and Storage. Raising the Seat Releasing the Mower-Deck Curtain Lubrication Greasing the Bearings Engine Maintenance Engine Safety Servicing the Air Cleaner Servicing the Engine Oil Servicing the Spark Plug Cleaning the Blower Housing Fuel System Maintenance Replacing the In-Line Fuel Filter.	28 28 29 29 29 29 30 33 34 34 35

Servicing the Fuses	37
Drive System Maintenance	
Checking the Tire Pressure	37
Releasing the Electric Brake	
Mower Maintenance	
Servicing the Cutting Blades	38
Leveling the Mower Deck	
Removing the Mower Deck	
Installing the Mower Deck	
Replacing the Grass Deflector	44
Mower Belt Maintenance	45
Inspecting the Belts	45
Replacing the Mower Belt	
Cleaning	
Washing the Underside of the Mower	46
Storage	47
Cleaning and Storage	
Froubleshooting	49

Safety

This machine has been designed in accordance with EN ISO 5395:2013.

General Safety

This product is capable of amputating hands and feet and of throwing objects. Always follow all safety instructions to avoid serious personal injury.

Using this product for purposes other than its intended use could prove dangerous to you and bystanders.

- Read and understand the contents of this Operator's Manual before you start the engine. Ensure that everyone using this product knows how to use it and understands the warnings.
- Do not put your hands or feet near moving components of the machine.
- Do not operate the machine without all guards and other safety protective devices in place and working on the machine.
- Keep clear of any discharge opening. Keep bystanders a safe distance away from the machine.
- Keep children out of the operating area. Never allow children to operate the machine.
- Stop the machine and shut off the engine before servicing, fueling, or unclogging the machine.

Improperly using or maintaining this machine can result in injury. To reduce the potential for injury, comply with these safety instructions and always pay attention to the safety-alert symbol, which means Caution, Warning, or Danger—personal safety instruction. Failure to comply with these instructions may result in personal injury or death.

You can find additional items of safety information in their respective sections throughout this manual.

Slope Indicator

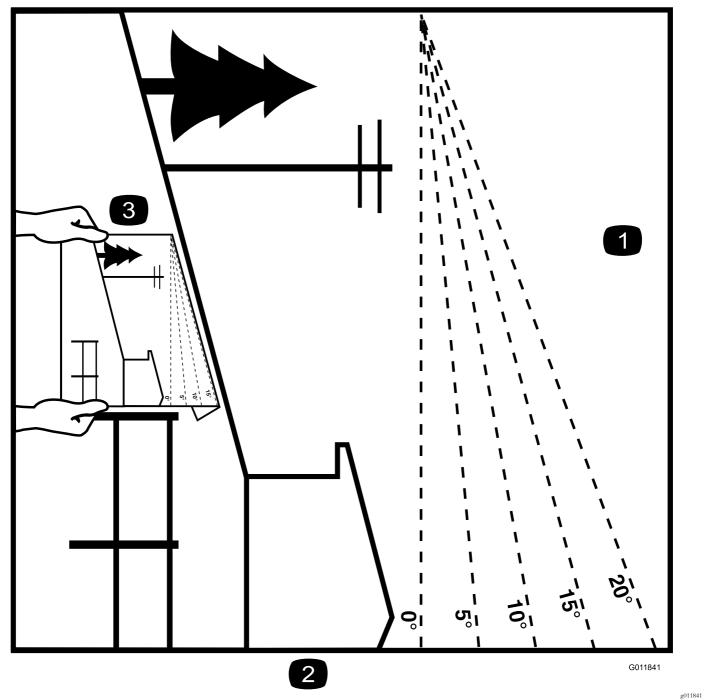


Figure 4
This page may be copied for personal use.

. The maximum slope you can safely operate the machine on is **15 degrees**. Use the slope chart to determine the degree of slope of hills before operating. **Do not operate this machine on a slope greater than 15 degrees.** Fold along the appropriate line to match the recommended slope.

- 2. Align this edge with a vertical surface, a tree, building, fence pole, etc.
- 3. Example of how to compare slope with folded edge

Ü

Safety and Instructional Decals

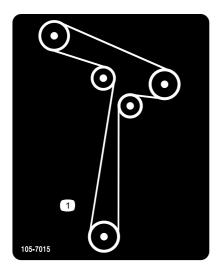


Safety decals and instructions are easily visible to the operator and are located near any area of potential danger. Replace any decal that is damaged or missing.



93-7009

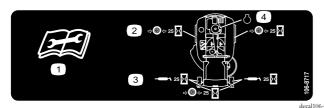
- 1. Warning—do not operate the mower with the deflector up or removed; keep the deflector in place.
- 2. Cutting/dismemberment hazard of hand or foot, mower blade—stay away from moving parts.



105-7015

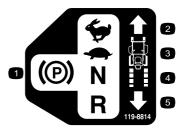
For Models with 107 cm (42-inch) Decks

1. Belt routing



106-8717

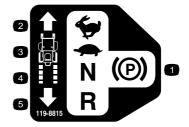
- Read the instructions before servicing or performing maintenance.
- Check tire pressure every 25 operating hours.
- Grease every 25 operating hours.
- Engine



119-8814

- PARKING position
- 2. **FAST**
- SLOW

- 4. NEUTRAL
- 5. REVERSE



decal119-8815

decal119-8814

- 119-8815
- SLOW

1. Parking position

2. **FAST**

decal105-7015

- 4. NEUTRAL
- **R**EVERSE



120-5469

decal120-5469

1. Height of cut



121-2989

decal121-2989b

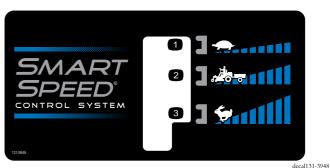
decaloemmarkt

- Bypass lever position for pushing the machine
- 2. Bypass lever position for operating the machine



Manufacturer's Mark

 Indicates the blade is identified as a part from the original machine manufacturer.



131-3948

decarr31-

- 1. Slow
- 2. Towing

3. Fast



decal132-0872

132-0872

- Thrown object hazard—keep bystanders away from the machine.
- Thrown object hazard, raised baffle—do not operate the machine with an open deck; use a bagger or a baffle.
- 3. Severing hazard of hand or foot—keep away from moving parts.
- Entanglement hazard—keep away from moving parts; keep all guards and shields in place.

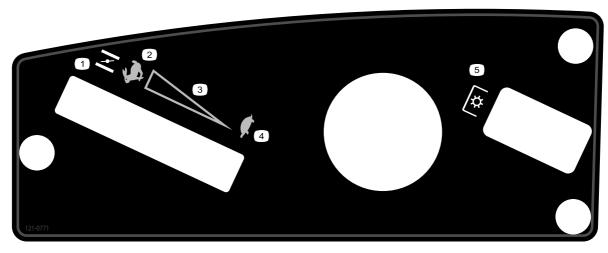


Battery Symbols

Some or all of these symbols are on your battery

- 1. Explosion hazard
- 6. Keep bystanders a safe distance from the battery.
- No fire, open flame, or 2. smoking.
- 7. Wear eye protection; explosive gases can cause blindness and other injuries
- Caustic liquid/chemical 3.
 - burn hazard

- Wear eye protection
- 5. Read the Operator's Manual.
- Battery acid can cause blindness or severe burns.
- Flush eyes immediately with water and get medical help fast.
- 10. Contains lead; do not discard.

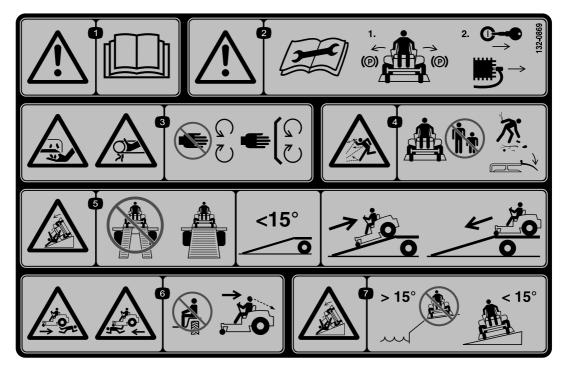


decal121-0771

121-0771

- 1. Choke
- 2. **F**AST
- Continuous-variable setting

- 4. SLOW
- 5. Power take-off (PTO)—Blade-control switch



decal132-0869

132-0869

 Warning—read the Operator's Manual.

2. Warning—before servicing,

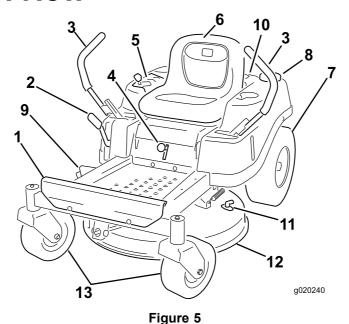
engage the parking brake,

remove the key and the

spark plug connection.

- Cutting hazard of hand, mower blade; pinching hazard of hand, belt—keep hands and feet away from moving parts; keep all guards and shields in place.
- Thrown object hazard—keep bystanders away from the machine; remove debris from the area before mowing; keep the deflector shield down.
- Ramp tipping hazard—when loading onto a trailer, do not use dual ramps; only use a single ramp wide enough for the machine and that has an incline less than 15 degrees; back up the ramp (in reverse) and drive forward off the ramp.
- 6. Bodily harm hazard—no riders; look behind you when mowing in reverse.
- Tipping hazard on slopes—do not use on slopes near open water; do not use on slopes greater than 15 degrees.

Product Overview



g020240

- Footrest
- 2. Height-of-cut lever
- 3. Motion-control lever
- 4. Smart-speed lever
- 5. Control panel
- 6. Operator seat
- 7. Rear drive wheel
- 8. Fuel-tank cap
- 9. Deflector
- 10. Engine
- 11. Washout fitting
- 12. Mower deck

13. Front caster wheels

Controls

Become familiar with all controls in Figure 5 and Figure 6 before you start the engine and operate the machine.

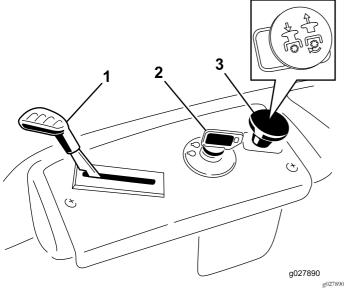


Figure 6
Control Panel

- Throttle/Choke
- 3. Blade-control switch (power takeoff)
- Ignition switch

Ignition Switch

Use this switch to start the mower engine. It has 3 positions: START, RUN, and OFF.

Throttle/Choke Control

The throttle and choke controls are combined into 1 control lever. The throttle controls the engine speed and has a continuous-variable setting from SLOW to FAST. Engage the choke by moving the lever past the FAST setting until it stops (Figure 6).

Blade-Control Switch (Power Takeoff)

The blade-control switch, represented by a power-takeoff (PTO) symbol, engages and disengages power to the mower blades (Figure 6).

Motion-Control Levers

Use the motion-control levers to drive the machine forward, reverse, and turn either direction.

Park Position

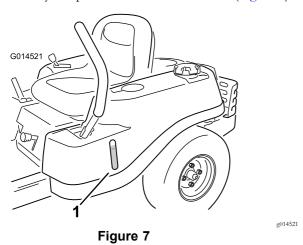
Move the motion-control levers outward from the center to the PARK position when exiting the machine (Figure 22). Always position the motion-control levers into the PARK position when you stop the machine or leave it unattended.

Smart SpeedTM Control System Lever

The Smart SpeedTM Control-System lever, located below the operating position, gives you a choice to drive the machine at 3 speed ranges—trim, tow, and mow (Figure 5).

Fuel-Presence Window

You can use the fuel window, located on the left side of the machine, to verify the presence of fuel in the tank (Figure 7).



1. Fuel-presence window

Height-of-Cut Lever

Use the height-of-cut lever to lower and raise the deck from the seated position. Moving the lever up (toward you) raises the deck from the ground and moving the lever down (away from you) lowers the deck toward the ground. Adjust the height-of-cut only while the machine is not moving (Figure 5).

Attachments/Accessories

A selection of Toro approved attachments and accessories is available for use with the machine to enhance and expand its capabilities. Contact your Authorized Service Dealer or Distributor or go to www.Toro.com for a list of all approved attachments and accessories.

Operation

Before Operation

Before Operation Safety

General Safety

- Never allow children or untrained people to operate or service the machine. Local regulations may restrict the age of the operator. The owner is responsible for training all operators and mechanics.
- Become familiar with the safe operation of the equipment, operator controls, and safety signs.
- Know how to stop the machine and shut off the engine quickly.
- Check that operator-presence controls, safety switches, and shields are attached and functioning properly. Do not operate the machine unless they are functioning properly.
- Before mowing, always inspect the machine to ensure that the blades, blade bolts, and cutting assemblies are in good working condition. Replace worn or damaged blades and bolts in sets to preserve balance.
- Inspect the area where you will use the machine and remove all objects that the machine could throw.
- Evaluate the terrain to determine the appropriate equipment and any attachments or accessories required to operate the machine properly and safely.

Fuel Safety

- To avoid personal injury or property damage, use extreme care in handling fuel. Fuel vapors are flammable and explosive.
- Extinguish all cigarettes, cigars, pipes, and other sources of ignition.
- Use only an approved fuel container.
- Do not remove the fuel cap or add fuel to the fuel tank while the engine is running or while hot.
- Do not refuel the machine indoors.
- Do not store the machine or fuel container where there is an open flame, spark, or pilot light, such as on a water heater or on other appliances.
- Do not fill containers inside a vehicle or on a truck or trailer bed with a plastic liner. Always place containers on the ground, away from your vehicle before filling.
- Remove the equipment from the truck or trailer and refuel it while it is on the ground. If this is not possible, then refuel from a portable container rather than a fuel-dispenser nozzle.
- Do not operate the machine without the entire exhaust system in place and in proper working condition.

- Keep the fuel-dispenser nozzle in contact with the rim of the fuel tank or container opening at all times until fueling is complete. Do not use a nozzle lock-open device.
- If you spill fuel on your clothing, change your clothing immediately. Wipe up any fuel that spills.
- Never overfill the fuel tank. Replace the fuel cap and tighten it securely.
- Store fuel in an approved container and keep it out of the reach of children. Never buy more than a 30-day supply of fuel.
- Do not fill the fuel tank completely full. Add fuel to the fuel tank until the level is 6 to 13 mm (1/4 to 1/2 inch) below the bottom of the filler neck. This empty space in the tank allows fuel to expand.
 - Avoid prolonged breathing of vapors.
 - Keep your face away from the nozzle and fuel tank opening.
 - Avoid contact with skin; wash off spills with soap and water.

Recommended Fuel

- For best results, use only clean, fresh (less than 30 days old), unleaded gasoline with an octane rating of 87 or higher ((R+M)/2 rating method).
- Ethanol: Gasoline with up to 10% ethanol (gasohol) or 15% MTBE (methyl tertiary butyl ether) by volume is acceptable. Ethanol and MTBE are not the same. Gasoline with 15% ethanol (E15) by volume is not approved for use. Never use gasoline that contains more than 10% ethanol by volume, such as E15 (contains 15% ethanol), E20 (contains 20% ethanol), or E85 (contains up to 85% ethanol). Using unapproved gasoline may cause performance problems and/or engine damage which may not be covered under warranty.
- Do not use gasoline containing methanol.
- **Do not** store fuel either in the fuel tank or fuel containers over the winter unless you use a fuel stabilizer.
- **Do not** add oil to gasoline.

Using Stabilizer/Conditioner

Use a fuel stabilizer/conditioner in the machine to provide the following benefits:

- Keeps fuel fresh during storage of 90 days or less (drain the fuel tank when storing the machine for more than 90 days)
- Cleans the engine while it runs
- Eliminates gum-like varnish buildup in the fuel system, which causes hard starting

Important: Do not use fuel additives containing methanol or ethanol.

Add the correct amount of fuel stabilizer/conditioner to the fuel.

Note: A fuel stabilizer/conditioner is most effective when mixed with fresh fuel. To minimize the chance of varnish deposits in the fuel system, use fuel stabilizer at all times.

Filling the Fuel Tank

- Park the machine on level ground.
- 2. Shut off the engine and engage the parking brake.
- 3. Clean around the fuel-tank cap.
- 4. Fill the fuel tank to the bottom of the filler neck (Figure 8).

Note: Do not fill the fuel tank completely full. The empty space in the tank allows the fuel to expand.

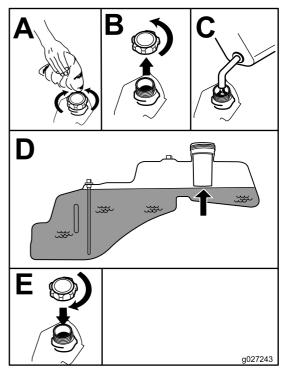


Figure 8

Checking the Engine-Oil Level

Before you start the engine and use the machine, check the oil level in the engine crankcase; refer to Checking the Engine-Oil Level (page 13).

Breaking in a New Machine

New engines take time to develop full power. Mower decks and drive systems have higher friction when new, placing additional load on the engine. Allow 40 to 50 hours of break-in time for new machines to develop full power and best performance.

Think Safety First

Please read all safety instructions and symbols in the safety section. Knowing this information could help you or bystanders avoid injury.

A DANGER

Operating the machine on wet grass or steep slopes can cause sliding and loss of control.

- Do not operate on slopes greater than 15 degrees.
- Reduce speed and use extreme caution on slopes.
- Do not operate the machine near water.

A DANGER

Wheels dropping over edges can cause rollovers, which may result in serious injury, death, or drowning.

Do not operate the machine near drop-offs.

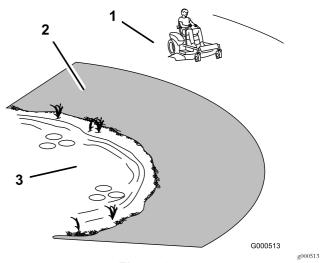


Figure 9

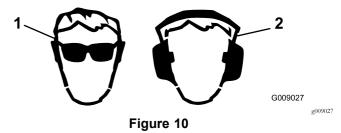
- Safe Zone—use the machine here on slopes less than 15 degrees or flat areas.
- Danger Zone—use a walk-behind mower and/or a hand trimmer on slopes greater than 15 degrees, near drop-offs and water.
- 3. Water

A CAUTION

This machine produces sound levels in excess of 85 dBA at the operator's ear and can cause hearing loss through extended periods of exposure.

Wear hearing protection when operating this machine.

Use protective equipment for your eyes, ears, hands, feet, and head.



- 1. Wear eye protection.
- 2. Wear hearing protection.

Using the Safety-Interlock System

A WARNING

If the safety-interlock switches are disconnected or damaged, the machine could operate unexpectedly, causing personal injury.

- Do not tamper with the interlock switches.
- Check the operation of the interlock switches daily and replace any damaged switches before operating the machine.

Understanding the Safety-Interlock System

The safety-interlock system is designed to prevent the engine from starting unless:

- The blade-control switch (PTO) is disengaged.
- The motion-control levers are in the PARK position.

The safety-interlock system also is designed to shut off the engine whenever the control levers are out of the PARK position and you rise from the seat.

Testing the Safety-Interlock System

Test the safety-interlock system before you use the machine each time. If the safety system does not operate as described below, have an Authorized Service Dealer repair the safety system immediately.

- 1. Sit on the seat, move the motion-control levers in the PARK position, and move the blade-control switch to the ON position. Try starting the engine; the engine should not crank.
- Sit on the seat and move the blade-control switch to the OFF position. Move either motion-control lever to the center, unlocked position. Try starting the engine; the engine should not crank. Repeat with the other motion-control lever.
- 3. Sit on the seat, move the blade-control switch to the OFF position, and lock the motion-control levers in the PARK position. Start the engine. While the engine is running, engage the blade-control switch, and rise slightly from the seat; the engine should shut off.
- 4. Sit on the seat, move the blade-control switch to the OFF position, and lock the motion-control levers in the PARK position. Start the engine. While the engine is running, move the motion-control levers to the center, unlocked position, engage the blade-control switch, and rise slightly from the seat; the engine should shut off.

Positioning the Seat

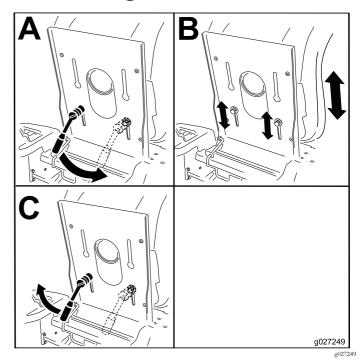


Figure 11

Adjusting the Motion-Control Levers

Adjusting the Height

You can adjust the motion-control levers higher or lower for maximum comfort (Figure 12).

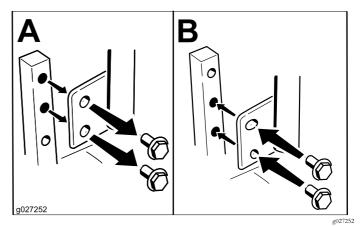


Figure 12

Adjusting the Tilt

You can adjust the motion-control levers forward or rearward for your comfort.

- 1. Loosen the upper bolt holding the control lever to the control-arm shaft.
- 2. Loosen the lower bolt just enough to pivot the control lever forward or rearward (Figure 12).
- 3. Tighten both bolts to secure the control lever in the new position.
- 4. Repeat the adjustment for the other control lever.

Converting to Side Discharge

Converting to Side Discharge For Models with 81 cm (32-inch) Mower Decks

This mower deck has the option to operate in the side-discharge mode. Remove the discharge cover for operating in the side-discharge mode.

Removing the Discharge Cover for Side Discharge

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface and disengage the blade-control switch.
- 2. Move the motion-control levers outward to PARK position, shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- 3. Remove the wing nut and bolt securing the cover in place (Figure 13).

Note: Retain all of the parts for future use.

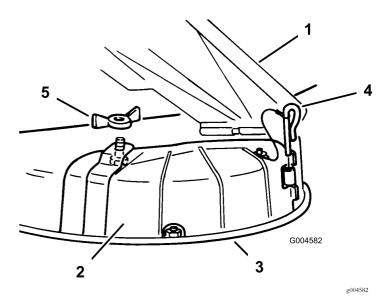


Figure 13

- Grass deflector
- 2. Discharge cover
- 3. Lower lip
- 4. Hinge pin
- 5. Wing nut
- 4. Remove the hinge pin securing the cover to the deck (Figure 13).
- 5. Lift the cover out and away from the deck.
- 6. Lower the grass deflector over the discharge opening.

Important: Ensure that the mower has a hinged grass deflector that disperses clippings to the side and down toward the turf, while in side discharge mode.

Installing the Discharge Cover for Mulching

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface and disengage the blade-control switch.
- Move the motion-control levers outward to PARK position, shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- 3. Lift the grass deflector and place the discharge cover over the opening onto the lower lip of the mower and slide it into the front hinge (Figure 13).
- 4. Slide the hinge pin through the hinge (Figure 13).
- 5. Secure the discharge cover to the mower with the wing nut (Figure 13).
- 6. Lower the grass deflector over the discharge opening.

Machines with 107 cm (42-inch) Mower **Decks Only**

The mower deck and mower blades shipped with this machine were designed for optimum mulching and side discharge performance.

Removing the Discharge Cover for Side-Discharging

- Park the machine on a level surface and disengage the blade-control switch.
- Move the motion-control levers outward to PARK position, shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- 3. Remove the 2 bolts and nuts that secure the discharge cover to the mower (Figure 14).

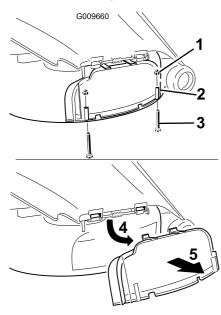
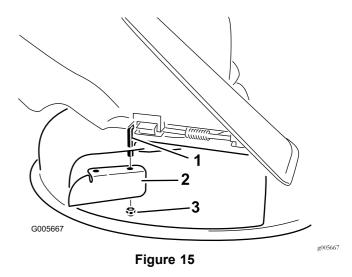


Figure 14

- 1. Cap nut (1/4 inch)
- Rotate the cover up
- 2. Discharge cover
- Remove the cover
- Bolt (1/4 x 2-1/2 inches)
- Remove the discharge cover.
- Lift up the grass deflector, and locate the lock nut on the deflector pivot rod.
- Remove the existing thin nut (3/8 inch).
- Install the cutoff baffle to the exposed pivot rod (Figure 15).

Note: Use the existing thin nut (3/8 inch) to secure the baffle to the mower.

Note: The cutoff baffle was shipped with the machine as a loose part.



- Pivot rod
- 3. Existing thin nut (3/8 inch)
- Cutoff baffle (originally shipped with the machine)
- Torque the fastener to 7 to 9 N·m (14 to 18 ft-lb).
- Lower the grass deflector over the discharge opening

Important: Ensure that the mower has a hinged grass deflector that disperses clippings to the side and down toward the turf, while in side-discharge mode.

Installing the Discharge Cover for Mulching

- Park the machine on a level surface and disengage the blade-control switch.
- Move the motion-control levers outward to PARK position, shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- Remove the cutoff baffle from the mower deck (Figure
- Lift the grass deflector and slide the tabs on top of the discharge cover under the grass deflector retaining rod.
- Rotate the discharge cover down over the opening, and onto the lower lip of the mower (Figure 16).

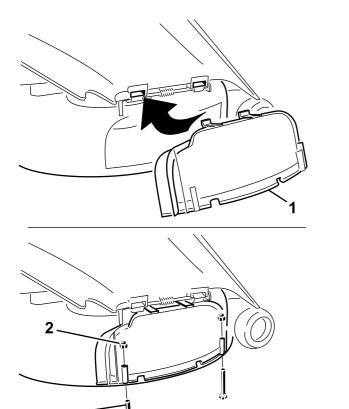


Figure 16

- 1. Discharge cover
- 3. Bolt (1/4 x 2-1/2 inches)

G005652

g005652

- 2. Cap nut (1/4 inch)
- 6. Secure the discharge cover to the lower lip of the mower with 2 bolts (1/4 x 2-1/2 inches) and 2 cap nuts (1/4 inch) as shown in Figure 16.

Note: Do not overtighten the nuts; this could distort the cover and cause blade contact.

During Operation

During Operation Safety

General Safety

- The owner/operator can prevent and is responsible for accidents that may cause personal injury or property damage.
- Wear appropriate clothing, including eye protection; slip-resistant, substantial footwear; and hearing protection. Tie back long hair and do not wear jewelry.
- Do not operate the machine while ill, tired, or under the influence of alcohol or drugs.
- Never carry passengers on the machine and keep bystanders and pets away from the machine during operation.
- Operate the machine only in good visibility to avoid holes or hidden hazards.
- Avoid mowing on wet grass. Reduced traction could cause the machine to slide.
- Ensure that all drives are in neutral, the parking brake is engaged, and you are in the operating position before you start the engine.
- Keep your hands and feet away from the cutting units. Keep clear of the discharge opening at all times.
- Look behind and down before backing up to be sure of a clear path.
- Use care when approaching blind corners, shrubs, trees, or other objects that may obscure your vision.
- Do not mow near drop-offs, ditches, or embankments.
 The machine could suddenly roll over if a wheel goes over the edge or if the edge gives way.
- Stop the blades whenever you are not mowing.
- Stop the machine and inspect the blades after striking an object or if there is an abnormal vibration in the machine. Make all necessary repairs before resuming operation.
- Slow down and use caution when making turns and crossing roads and sidewalks with the machine. Always yield the right-of-way.
- Disengage the drive to the cutting unit and shut off the engine before adjusting the height of cut (unless you can adjust it from the operating position).
- Never run an engine in an area where exhaust gases are enclosed.
- Never leave a running machine unattended.
- Before leaving the operating position (including to empty the catchers or to unclog the chute), do the following:
 - Stop the machine on level ground.
 - Disengage the power take-off and lower the attachments.
 - Engage the parking brake.
 - Shut off the engine and remove the key.

- Wait for all moving parts to stop.
- Do not operate the machine when there is the risk of lightning.
- Do not use the machine as a towing vehicle.
- Do not change the governor speed or overspeed the engine.
- Use accessories and attachments approved by Toro only.

Slope Safety

- Slow down the machine and use extra care on hillsides.
 Travel up and down on hillsides. Turf conditions can affect the stability of the machine.
- Avoid turning the machine on slopes. If you must turn the machine, turn it slowly and gradually downhill, if possible.
- Do not turn the machine sharply. Use care when reversing the machine.
- Use extra care while operating the machine with attachments; they can affect the stability of the machine.

Operating the Mower Blade-Control Switch (PTO)

The blade-control switch (PTO) starts and stops the mower blades and any powered attachments.

Engaging the Blade-Control Switch (PTO)

Important: Do not engage the blades when parked in tall grass. Belt or clutch damage can occur.

Note: Always engage the blades with the throttle in the FAST position.

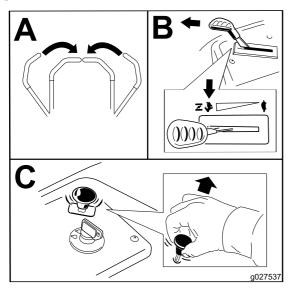


Figure 17

Disengaging the Blade-Control Switch (PTO)

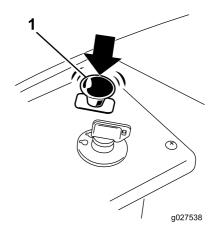


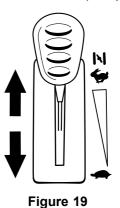
Figure 18

g027538

Operating the Throttle

You can move the throttle control between the FAST and SLOW positions (Figure 19).

Always use the FAST position when turning on the mower deck with the blade-control switch (PTO).



g187361

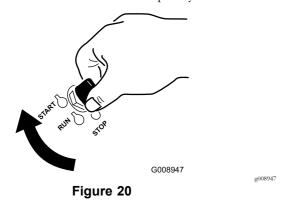
Operating the Ignition Switch

1. Turn the ignition key to the START position (Figure 20).

Note: When the engine starts, release the key.

Important: Do not engage the starter for more than 5 seconds at a time. If the engine fails to start, wait 15 seconds between attempts. Failure to follow these instructions can burn out the starter motor.

Note: You may need multiple attempts to start the engine when you start it the first time after the fuel system has been without fuel completely.



Turn the ignition key to the STOP position to shut off the engine.

Starting and Shutting Off the Engine

Starting the Engine

Important: Do not engage the starter for more than 5 seconds at a time. Engaging the starter motor for more than 5 seconds can damage the starter motor. If the engine fails to start, wait 10 seconds before operating the engine starter again.

Note: It may be necessary to hold the lever against the stop, in the choke position, while trying to start the engine (Figure 21).

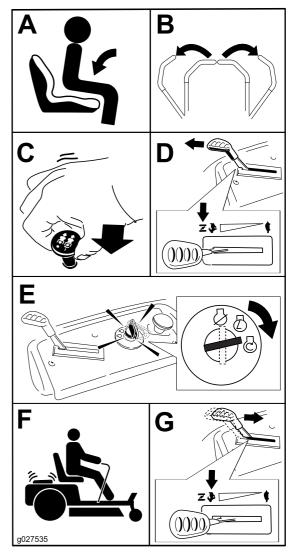


Figure 21

Shutting Off the Engine

- Disengage the blades by moving the blade-control switch to the OFF position (Figure 18).
- Move the throttle lever to the FAST position.
- Turn the ignition key to the OFF position and remove the key.

Using the Motion-Control Levers

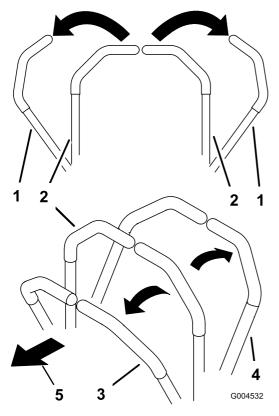


Figure 22

- Motion-control lever—PARK position
- Center, unlocked position
- Backward
- Front of machine

3. Forward

Driving the Machine

The drive wheels turn independently, powered by hydraulic motors on each axle. You can turn 1 side in reverse while you turn the other forward, causing the machine to spin rather than turn. This greatly improves the machine maneuverability but may require sometime for you to adapt to how it moves.

The throttle control regulates the engine speed as measured in rpm (revolutions per minute). Place the throttle control in the FAST position for best performance. Always operate in the full throttle position when mowing.

A WARNING

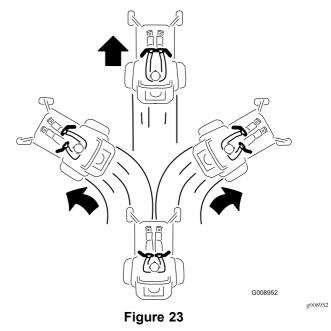
The machine can spin very rapidly. You may lose control of the machine and cause personal injury or damage to the machine.

- Use caution when making turns.
- Slow the machine down before making sharp turns.

Driving Forward

Note: Always use caution when backing up and turning.

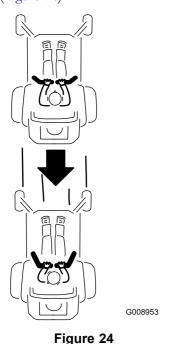
- Move the levers to the center, unlocked position.
- To go forward, slowly push the motion-control levers forward (Figure 23).



20

Driving Backward

- 1. Move the levers to the center, unlocked position.
- 2. To go backward, slowly pull the motion-control levers rearward (Figure 24).



Using the Smart Speed™ Control System

The Smart Speed TM Control-System lever, located below the operating position (Figure 25), gives the operator a choice to drive the machine at 3 ground speed ranges—trim, tow, and mow.

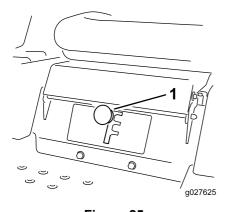


Figure 25

1. Smart-speed lever

To change speeds, do the following:

- 1. Move the motion-control levers to neutral and outward to the PARK position.
- 2. Disengage the blade-control switch.

3. Adjust the lever to the desired position.

The following are only recommendations for use. Adjustments vary by grass type, moisture content, and the height of the grass.

Suggested uses:	Trim	Tow	Mow
Parking	Х		
Heavy, wet grass	Х		
Training	Х		
Bagging		Х	
Mulching		Х	
Normal mowing			Х
Transport			Х

Trim

This is the lowest speed. The suggested uses for this speed are as follows:

- Parking
- Heavy, wet grass mowing conditions
- Training

Tow

This is the medium speed. The suggested uses for this speed are as follows:

- Bagging
- Mulching

Mow

This is the fastest speed. The suggested uses for this speed are as follows:

- Normal mowing
- Transporting the machine

Stopping the Machine

To stop the machine, move the motion-control levers to NEUTRAL and outward to the PARK position, disengage the blade-control switch, ensure that the throttle is in the FAST position, and turn the ignition key to OFF. Remove the key from the ignition switch.

A WARNING

Children or bystanders may be injured if they move or attempt to operate the mower while it is unattended.

Always remove the ignition key and move the motion-control levers outward to the PARK position when leaving the machine unattended, even if just for a few minutes.

Adjusting the Height of Cut

Note: The transport position is the highest height-of-cut position or cutting height at 115 mm (4-1/2 inches) as shown in Figure 26.

Height of cut is controlled by the lever located to the right of the operating position (Figure 26).

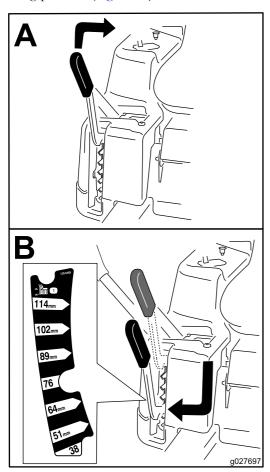


Figure 26

Adjusting the Anti-Scalp Rollers

For Machines with 107 cm (42-inch) **Mower Decks**

Whenever you change the height of cut, adjust the height of the anti-scalp rollers.

Note: Adjust the anti-scalp rollers so the rollers do not touch the ground in normal, flat mowing areas.

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface and disengage the blade-control switch.
- Move the motion-control levers outward to PARK position, shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- Adjust the anti-scalp rollers to 1 of the following positions:
 - Upper hole—use this position with the mower deck in the 63 mm (2-1/2 inch) and below the height-of-cut positions (Figure 27).
 - Lower hole—use this position with the mower deck in the 76 mm (3 inch) and above the height-of-cut positions (Figure 27).

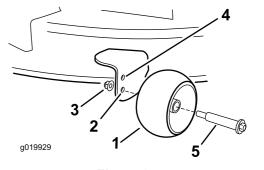


Figure 27

- Anti-scalp roller
- 4. Upper hole—the mower inch) and below the

g019929

- 2. Lower hole—the mower deck in the 76 mm (3 inch) and above the height-of-cut positions
- 3. Flange nut

- deck in the 63 mm (2-1/2 height-of-cut positions
- 5. Bolt

Using the Side Discharge

The mower has a hinged grass deflector that disperses clippings to the side and down toward the turf.

A DANGER

Without a grass deflector, discharge cover, or a complete grass-catcher assembly mounted in place, you and others are exposed to blade contact and thrown debris. Contact with rotating mower blade(s) and thrown debris will cause injury or death.

- Never remove the grass deflector from the mower because the grass deflector routes material down toward the turf. If the grass deflector is ever damaged, replace it immediately.
- Never put your hands or feet under the mower.
- Never try to clear the discharge area or mower blades unless you move the blade-control switch (PTO) to the OFF position, rotate the ignition key to the OFF position, and remove the key.
- Make sure that the grass deflector is in the down position.

Operating Tips

Using the Fast Throttle Setting

For best mowing and maximum air circulation, operate the engine at the FAST position. Air is required to thoroughly cut grass clippings, so do not set the height-of-cut so low as to totally surround the mower in uncut grass. Always try to have 1 side of the mower free from uncut grass, which allows air to be drawn into the mower.

Cutting a Lawn for the First Time

Cut grass slightly longer than normal to ensure that the cutting height of the mower does not scalp any uneven ground. However, the cutting height used in the past is generally the best one to use. When cutting grass longer than 15 cm (6 inches) tall, you may want to cut the lawn twice to ensure an acceptable quality of cut.

Cutting a Third of the Grass Blade

It is best to cut only about a third of the grass blade. Cutting more than that is not recommended unless grass is sparse, or it is late fall when grass grows more slowly.

Alternating the Mowing Direction

Alternate the mowing direction to keep the grass standing straight. This also helps disperse clippings which enhances decomposition and fertilization.

Mowing at Correct Intervals

Grass grows at different rates at different times of the year. To maintain the same cutting height, mow more often in early spring. As the grass growth rate slows in mid summer, mow less frequently. If you cannot mow for an extended period, first mow at a high cutting height, then mow again 2 days later at a lower height setting.

Using a Slower Cutting Speed

To improve cut quality, use a slower ground speed in certain conditions.

Avoiding Cutting Too Low

When mowing uneven turf, raise the cutting height to avoid scalping the turf.

Stopping the Machine

If you must stop the forward motion of the machine while mowing, a clump of grass clippings may drop onto your lawn. To avoid this, move onto a previously cut area with the blades engaged or you can disengage the mower deck while moving forward.

Keeping the Underside of the Mower Clean

Clean clippings and dirt from the underside of the mower after each use. If grass and dirt build up inside the mower, cutting quality will eventually become unsatisfactory.

Maintaining the Blade(s)

Maintain a sharp blade throughout the cutting season because a sharp blade cuts cleanly without tearing or shredding the grass blades. Tearing and shredding turns grass brown at the edges, which slows growth and increases the chance of disease. Check the mower blades after each use for sharpness, and for any wear or damage. File down any nicks and sharpen the blades as necessary. If a blade is damaged or worn, replace it immediately with a genuine Toro replacement blade.

After Operation

After Operation Safety

General Safety

- Clean grass and debris from the cutting units, mufflers, and engine compartment to help prevent fires. Clean up oil or fuel spills.
- Shut off the fuel before storing or transporting the machine.
- Disengage the drive to the attachment whenever you are transporting or not using the machine.
- Use full-width ramps for loading the machine into a trailer or truck.
- Tie the machine down securely using straps, chains, cable, or ropes. Both front and rear straps should be directed down and outward from the machine.
- Allow the engine to cool before storing the machine in any enclosure.
- Shut off the fuel before storing or transporting the machine.
- Never store the machine or fuel container where there is an open flame, spark, or pilot light, such as on a water heater or on other appliances.

Pushing the Machine by Hand

Important: Always push the machine by hand. Do not tow the machine, because damage to the hydraulic drive system may occur.

This machine has an electric-brake mechanism. To push the machine, turn the ignition key to the RUN position. The battery must be charged and functioning to disengage the electric brake.

Pushing the Machine

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface and disengage the blade-control switch.
- 2. Move the motion-control levers outward to the PARK position, shut off the engine, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- 3. Locate the bypass levers on the frame on both sides of the engine.
- 4. Move the bypass levers forward through the key hole and down to lock them in place (Figure 28).

Note: Do this for each lever.

 Move the motion-control levers inward to the NEUTRAL position and turn the ignition key to the RUN position. **Note:** Do not start the machine.

Note: You can now push the machine by hand.

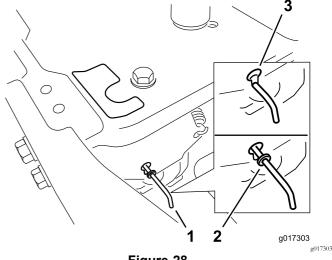


Figure 28

Bypass-lever locations

3. Lever position for pushing the machine

Lever position for operating the machine

6. When finished, turn the key to the STOP position to avoid draining the battery charge.

Note: If the machine fails to move, the electric brake may still be engaged. You can release the electric brake if necessary; refer to Releasing the Electric Brake (page 38).

Operating the Machine

Move the bypass levers rearward through the key hole and down to lock them in place as shown in Figure 28.

Note: Do this for each lever.

Transporting the Machine

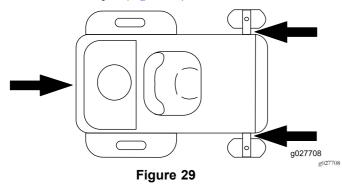
Use a heavy-duty trailer or truck to transport the machine. Ensure that the trailer or truck has all necessary brakes, lighting, and marking as required by law. Please carefully read all the safety instructions. Knowing this information could help you, your family, pets, or bystanders avoid injury.

A WARNING

Driving on the street or roadway without turn signals, lights, reflective markings, or a slow-moving-vehicle emblem is dangerous and can lead to accidents, causing personal injury.

Do not drive the machine on a public street or roadway.

- 1. If you are using a trailer, connect it to the towing vehicle and connect the safety chains.
- 2. If applicable, connect the trailer brakes.
- 3. Load the machine onto the trailer or truck.
- 4. Shut off the engine, remove the key, set the brake, and close the fuel valve.
- 5. Tie down the machine near the front caster wheels and the rear bumper (Figure 29).



Loading the Machine

Use extreme caution when loading or unloading machines onto a trailer or a truck. Use a full-width ramp that is wider than the machine for this procedure. Back up the ramp and drive forward down the ramp (Figure 30).

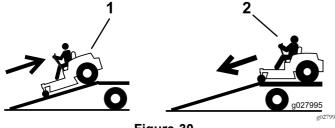


Figure 30

1. Back the machine up the ramp.

2. Drive the machine forward down the ramp.

Important: Do not use narrow individual ramps for each side of the machine.

A WARNING

Loading a machine onto a trailer or truck increases the possibility of tip-over and could cause serious injury or death (Figure 31).

- Use extreme caution when operating a machine on a ramp.
- Use only a full-width ramp; do not use individual ramps for each side of the machine.
- Do not exceed a 15-degree angle between the ramp and the ground or between the ramp and the trailer or truck.
- Ensure that the length of ramp is at least 4 times as long as the height of the trailer or truck bed to the ground. This ensures that the ramp angle does not exceed 15 degrees on flat ground.
- Back up ramps and drive forward down ramps.
- Avoid sudden acceleration or deceleration while driving the machine on a ramp as this could cause a loss of control or a tip-over situation.

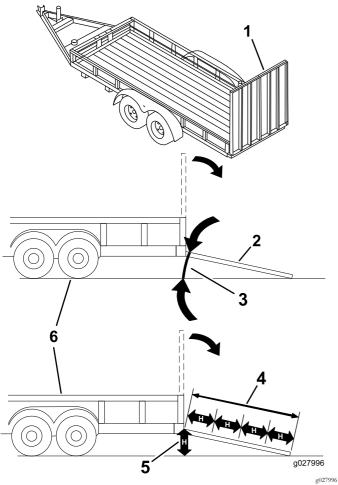


Figure 31

- Full-width ramp in stowed position
- 2. Side view of full-width ramp in loading position
- 3. Not greater than 15 degrees
- Ramp is at least 4 times as long as the height of the trailer or truck bed to the ground
- 5. H=height of the trailer or truck bed to the ground
- 6. Trailer

Maintenance

Note: Determine the left and right sides of the machine from the normal operating position.

Recommended Maintenance Schedule(s)

Maintenance Service Interval	Maintenance Procedure	
After the first 5 hours	Change the engine oil and filter.	
Before each use or daily	 Check the safety-interlock system. Clean and check the air cleaner foam element. Check the engine-oil level. Inspect the blades. Inspect the grass deflector for damage. 	
After each use	Clean the mower-deck housing.	
Every 25 hours	 Grease all lubrication points. Check tire pressure. Check the belts for wear or cracks.	
Every 50 hours	Replace the air cleaner paper element.Check the spark plug.	
Every 100 hours	Change the engine oil (change it more often under a heavy load or in high temperatures). Change the engine-oil filter. Replace the spark plug. Clean the blower housing (more often under extremely dusty, dirty conditions). Check the in-line fuel filter.	
Every 200 hours	Replace the in-line fuel filter.	
Before storage	 Charge the battery and disconnect the battery cables. Perform all maintenance procedures listed above before storage. Paint any chipped surfaces. 	

A CAUTION

If you leave the key in the ignition switch, someone could accidently start the engine and seriously injure you or other bystanders.

Remove the key from the ignition and disconnect the wire from the spark plug before you do any maintenance. Set the wire aside so that it does not accidentally contact the spark plug.

Pre-Maintenance Procedures

Maintenance and Storage

- Before repairing the machine do the following:
 - Disengage the drives.
 - Engage the parking brake.
 - Shut off the engine and remove the key.
 - Disconnect the spark-plug wire.
- Park the machine on a level surface.
- Clean grass and debris from the cutting unit, drives, mufflers, and engine to help prevent fires.
- Clean up oil or fuel spills.
- Let the engine cool before storing the machine.
- Do not store the machine or fuel near flames or drain the fuel indoors.
- Do not allow untrained personnel to service the machine.
- Use jack stands to support the machine and/or components when required.
- Carefully release pressure from components with stored energy.
- Disconnect the battery or remove the spark-plug wire before making any repairs. Disconnect the negative terminal first and the positive terminal last. Connect the positive terminal first and negative last.
- Use care when checking the blades. Wrap the blade(s)
 or wear thickly padded gloves, and use caution when
 servicing them. Only replace blades; do not straighten
 or weld them.
- Keep hands and feet away from moving parts. If possible, do not make adjustments with the engine running.
- Keep all parts in good working condition and all hardware tightened, especially the blade-attachment bolts. Replace all worn or damaged decals.
- Never interfere with the intended function of a safety device or reduce the protection provided by a safety device. Check their proper operation regularly.
- To ensure optimum performance and continued safety certification of the machine, use only genuine Toro replacement parts and accessories. Replacement parts and accessories made by other manufacturers could be dangerous, and such use could void the product warranty.
- Check the parking brake operation frequently. Adjust and service as required.

Raising the Seat

Make sure that the motion-control levers are locked in the PARK position. Lift the seat forward.

You can access the following components by raising the seat:

- Serial plate
- Service decal
- Seat-adjustment bolts
- Fuel filter
- Battery and battery cables

Releasing the Mower-Deck Curtain

Loosen the 2 bottom bolts of the curtain to access the top of the mower deck (Figure 32).

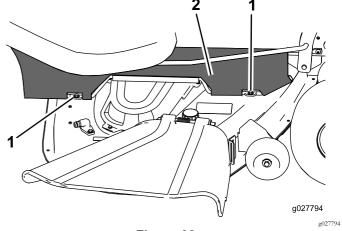


Figure 32

1. Bottom bolt

2. Curtain

Note: Always tighten the bolts to connect the curtain after maintenance.

Lubrication

Greasing the Bearings

Service Interval: Every 25 hours—Grease all lubrication points.

Grease Type: No. 2 lithium grease

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface and disengage the blade-control switch.
- 2. Move the motion-control levers outward to the PARK position, shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- 3. Clean the grease fittings (Figure 33 and Figure 34) with a rag.

Note: Make sure to scrape any paint off the front of the fitting(s).

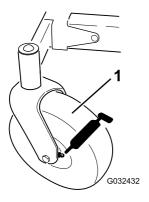


Figure 33

1. Front caster tire

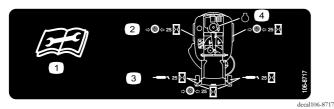


Figure 34
Located on the seat-pan underside

- Read the instructions before servicing or performing maintenance.
- 2. Check the tire pressure 4. every 25 operating hours.
- Grease every 25 operating hours.
 - 4. Engine
- 4. Connect a grease gun to each fitting (Figure 33 and Figure 34).
- 5. Pump grease into the fittings until grease begins to ooze out of the bearings.

Engine Maintenance

Engine Safety

Shut off the engine before checking the oil or adding oil to the crankcase.

Servicing the Air Cleaner

Service Interval: Before each use or daily—Clean and check the air cleaner foam element.

Every 50 hours—Replace the air cleaner paper element.

Note: Service the air cleaner more frequently (every few hours) if operating conditions are extremely dusty or sandy.

Removing the Foam and Paper Elements

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface, disengage the blade-control switch (PTO), engage the parking brake, shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position..
- 2. Clean around the air cleaner to prevent dirt from getting into the engine and causing damage.
- 3. Remove the air-cleaner cover by unscrewing the 2 knobs (Figure 35).

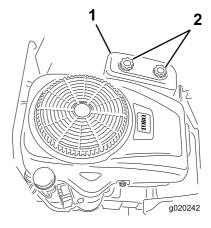


Figure 35

1. Air-cleaner cover

2. Knobs

g020242

4. Carefully remove the foam and paper filter elements from the air-cleaner housing (Figure 36).

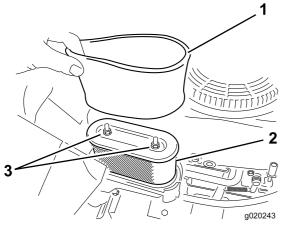


Figure 36

1. Foam element

2. Paper element

5. Separate the foam and paper elements.

Cleaning the Foam and Paper Elements

Foam Element:

- 1. Wash the foam element in liquid soap and warm water.
- 2. When the element is clean, rinse it thoroughly.
- 3. Dry the element by squeezing it in a clean cloth.

Note: Do not oil the element.

Important: Replace the foam element if it is torn or worn.

4. Install the foam element onto a clean paper element.

Paper Element:

- Tap the paper element on a solid, flat surface, and blow it out from the inside with compressed air to remove dust and dirt.
- Inspect the element for tears, an oily film, and damage to the rubber seal.

Important: Do not clean the paper element with liquids, such as solvents, gasoline, or kerosene. Replace the paper element if it is damaged or cannot be cleaned thoroughly.

3. Clean the inside of the air-cleaner cover of all dirt, dust, and debris.

Installing the Foam and Paper Elements

Important: To prevent engine damage, always operate the engine with the complete foam and paper air cleaner assembly installed.

- 1. Install the foam filter onto the paper filter (Figure 36).
- 2. Install the foam and paper filter onto the air-cleaner housing.
- 3. Install the air-cleaner cover, and tighten the 2 knobs (Figure 35).

Servicing the Engine Oil

Oil Type: Detergent oil (API service SF, SG, SH, SJ, or higher)

Crankcase Capacity: with filter—1.4 L (1.5 US qt)

Viscosity: See the table below.

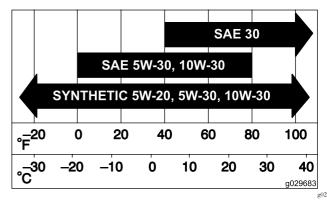


Figure 37

Checking the Engine-Oil Level

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

Note: Check the oil when the engine is cold.

A WARNING

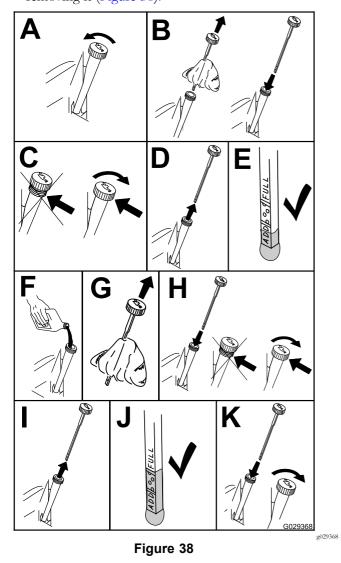
Contact with hot surfaces may cause personal injury.

Keep hands, feet, face, clothing, and other body parts away the muffler and other hot surfaces.

Important: Do not overfill the crankcase with oil, because damage to the engine may result. Do not run engine with oil below the Low mark, because the engine may be damaged.

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface, disengage the blade-control switch, shut off the engine, engage the parking brake, and remove the key.
- 2. Make sure that the engine is stopped, level, and is cool, so the oil has had time to drain into the sump.

3. To keep dirt, grass clippings, etc., out of the engine, clean the area around the oil-fill cap and dipstick before removing it (Figure 38).



Changing the Engine Oil and Filter

Service Interval: After the first 5 hours

Every 100 hours (change it more often under a heavy load or in high temperatures).

Every 100 hours

Note: Change the engine-oil filter more frequently when the operating conditions are extremely dusty or sandy.

- 1. Park the machine, so that the right side is slightly lower than the left side, to ensure that the oil drains completely.
- 2. Disengage the PTO and engage the parking brake.
- 3. Shut off the engine, wait for all moving parts to stop, and remove the key before leaving the operating position.
- 4. Drain the oil from the engine.

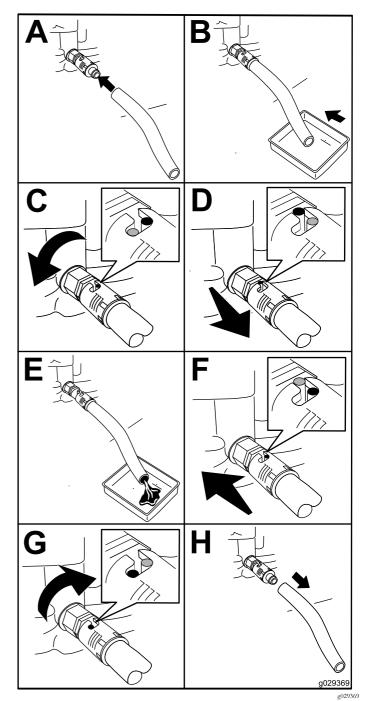
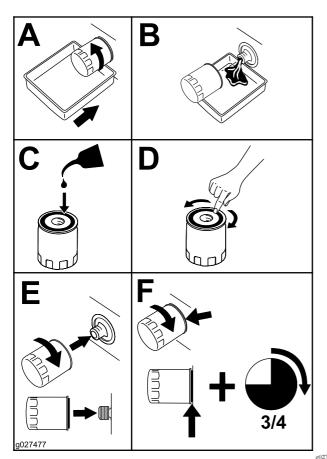


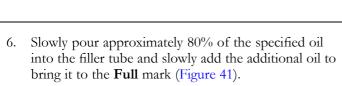
Figure 39

5. Change the engine-oil filter.

Note: Ensure the oil-filter gasket touches the engine, and then turn the filter an extra 3/4 turn.







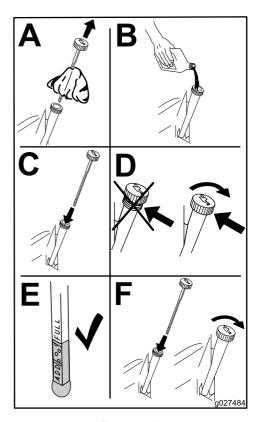


Figure 41

Servicing the Spark Plug

Service Interval: Every 50 hours—Check the spark plug. Every 100 hours—Replace the spark plug.

Ensure that the air gap between the center and side electrodes is correct before installing the spark plug. Use a spark plug wrench for removing and installing the spark plug and a gapping tool or feeler gauge to check and adjust the air gap. Install a new spark plug if necessary.

Type: Champion® RC12YC, Autolite® 3924, or NGK® BCPR6ES

Air Gap: 0.76 mm (0.03 inch)

Removing the Spark Plug

- 1. Disengage the blade-control switch, engage the parking brake, shut off the engine, and remove the key.
- 2. Before removing the spark plug(s), clean the area around the base of the plug to keep dirt and debris out of the engine.
- 3. Remove the spark plug (Figure 42).

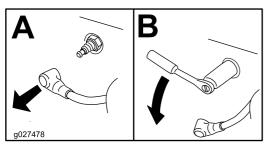


Figure 42

g027478

Checking the Spark Plug

Important: Do not clean the spark plug(s). Always replace the spark plug(s) when it has: a black coating, worn electrodes, an oily film, or cracks.

Note: If you see light brown or gray on the insulator, the engine is operating properly. A black coating on the insulator usually means the air cleaner is dirty.

Set the gap to 0.76 mm (0.030 inch).

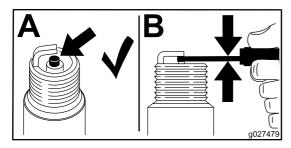


Figure 43

Installing the Spark Plug

Tighten the spark plug to 20 N·m (15 ft-lb).

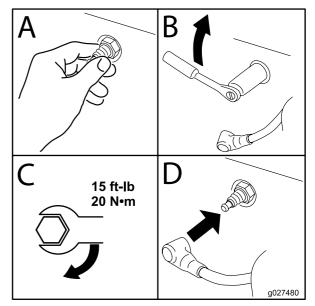


Figure 44

g027480

Cleaning the Blower Housing

To ensure proper cooling, make sure that the grass screen, cooling fins, and other external surfaces of the engine are kept clean at all times.

Annually, or every 100 hours of operation (more often under extremely dusty, dirty conditions), remove the blower housing and any other cooling shrouds. Clean the cooling fins and external surfaces as necessary. Make sure that the cooling shrouds are installed. Torque the blower housing screws to 7.5 N·m (5.5 ft-lb).

Important: Operating the engine with a blocked grass screen, dirty or plugged cooling fins, and/or cooling shrouds removed, causes engine damage due to overheating.

Fuel System Maintenance

A DANGER

In certain conditions, fuel is extremely flammable and highly explosive. A fire or explosion from fuel can burn you, others, and can damage property.

- Perform any fuel-related maintenance when the engine is cold. Do this outdoors in an open area.
 Wipe up any fuel that spills.
- Never smoke when draining fuel, and stay away from an open flame or where a spark may ignite the fuel fumes.

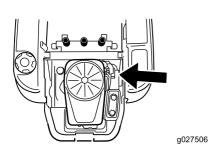
Replacing the In-Line Fuel Filter

Service Interval: Every 100 hours/Yearly (whichever comes first)—Check the in-line fuel filter.

Every 200 hours/Every 2 years (whichever comes first)—Replace the in-line fuel filter.

Never install a dirty filter if it is removed from the fuel line.

- Park the machine on a level surface and disengage the blade-control switch.
- 2. Ensure that the brake is engaged, shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.



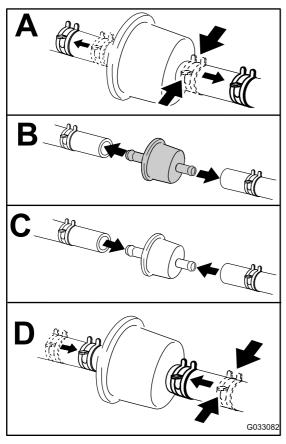


Figure 45

Electrical System Maintenance

g027506

Electrical System Safety

- Disconnect the battery before repairing the machine.
 Disconnect the negative terminal first and the positive last. Connect the positive terminal first and the negative last.
- Charge the battery in an open, well-ventilated area, away from sparks and flames. Unplug the charger before connecting or disconnecting the battery. Wear protective clothing and use insulated tools.

WARNING

CALIFORNIA Proposition 65 Warning

Battery posts, terminals, and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and reproductive harm.

Wash hands after handling.

Servicing the Battery

Removing the Battery

A WARNING

Battery terminals or metal tools could short against metal machine components causing sparks. Sparks can cause the battery gasses to explode, resulting in personal injury.

- When removing or installing the battery, do not allow the battery terminals to touch any metal parts of the machine.
- Do not allow metal tools to short between the battery terminals and metal parts of the machine.
 - 1. Park the machine on a level surface and disengage the blade-control switch.
 - Move the motion-control levers outward to the PARK position, shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
 - 3. Raise the seat to access the battery.
- 4. Disconnect the negative (black) ground cable from the battery post (Figure 46).

Note: Retain all fasteners.

A WARNING

Incorrect battery-cable routing could damage the machine and cables causing sparks. Sparks can cause the battery gasses to explode, resulting in personal injury.

- Always disconnect the negative (black) battery cable before disconnecting the positive (red) cable.
- Always connect the positive (red) battery cable before connecting the negative (black) cable.
- 5. Slide the rubber cover up the positive (red) cable.
- Disconnect the positive (red) cable from the battery post (Figure 46).

Note: Retain all fasteners.

7. Remove the battery hold-down (Figure 46), and lift the battery from the battery tray.

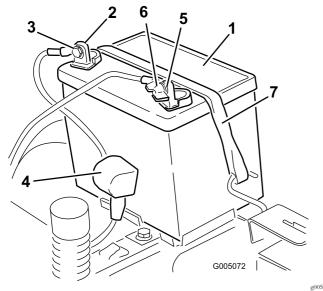


Figure 46

- 1. Battery
- Positive (+) battery post
- 3. Bolt, washer, and nut
- 4. Terminal boot
- 5. Negative (-) battery post
- 6. Wing nut, washer, and bolt
- 7. Battery hold-down

Charging the Battery

Service Interval: Before storage—Charge the battery and disconnect the battery cables.

- 1. Remove the battery from the chassis; refer to Removing the Battery (page 35).
- 2. Charge the battery for a minimum of 1 hour at 6 to 10 A.

Note: Do not overcharge the battery.

3. When the battery is fully charged, unplug the charger from the electrical outlet, then disconnect the charger leads from the battery posts (Figure 47).

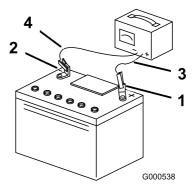


Figure 47

gure 47

- 1. Positive (+) battery post
- 3. Red (+) charger lead

o000538

- 2. Negative (-) battery post
- 4. Black (-) charger lead

Installing the Battery

- 1. Position the battery in the tray (Figure 46).
- 2. Using the fasteners previously removed, install the positive (red) battery cable to the positive (+) battery terminal.
- 3. Using the fasteners previously removed, install the negative battery cable to the negative (-) battery terminal.
- 4. Slide the red terminal boot onto the positive (red) battery post.
- 5. Secure the battery with the hold-down (Figure 46).
- 6. Lower the seat.

Servicing the Fuses

The electrical system is protected by fuses. It requires no maintenance; however, if a fuse blows, check the component/circuit for a malfunction or short.

Fuse type:

- Main—F1 (30 A, blade-type)
- Charge Circuit—F2 (25 A, blade-type)
 - Remove the screws securing the control panel to the machine.

Note: Retain all fasteners.

- 2. Lift the control pane up to access the main wire harness and fuse block (Figure 48).
- 3. To replace a fuse, pull out on the fuse to remove it (Figure 48).

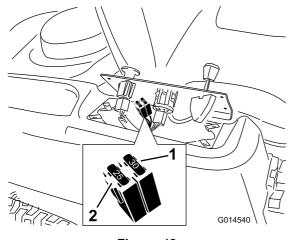


Figure 48

- Main (30 A)
- 2. Charge circuit (25 A)
- 4. Return the control panel to its original position.

Note: Use the screws removed previously to secure the panel to the machine.

Drive System Maintenance

Checking the Tire Pressure

Service Interval: Every 25 hours—Check tire pressure.

Maintain the air pressure in the front and rear tires as specified. Uneven tire pressure can cause uneven cut. Check the pressure at the valve stem (Figure 49). Check the tires when they are cold to get the most accurate pressure reading.

Refer to the maximum pressure suggested by the tire manufacturer on the sidewall of the caster wheel tires.

Inflate the rear drive wheel tires to 90 kPa (13 psi).

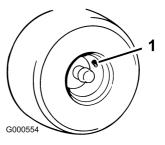


Figure 49

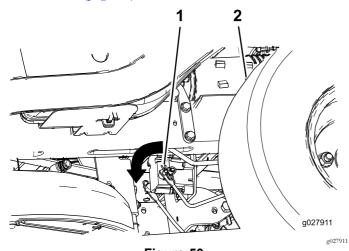
g000554

1. Valve stem

Releasing the Electric Brake

You can manually release the electric brake by rotating the link arms forward. Once the electric brake is energized, the brake resets.

- 1. Turn the ignition key to the OFF position or disconnect the battery.
- 2. Loosen the bottom 2 bolts holding the mower-deck curtain to the mower deck. Refer to Releasing the Mower-Deck Curtain (page 28).
- 3. Locate the shaft on the electric brake where the brake link arms are connected (Figure 50).
- 4. Rotate the shaft forward to release the brake.
- 5. Tighten the bottom 2 bolts for the mower-deck curtain to the mower deck. Refer to Releasing the Mower-Deck Curtain (page 28).



- Figure 50
- Brake-link arm on the electric brake control module
- Left, rear tire

Mower Maintenance

Servicing the Cutting Blades

To ensure a superior quality of cut, keep the blades sharp. For convenient sharpening and replacement, keep extra blades on hand.

Blade Safety

A worn or damaged blade can break, and a piece of the blade could be thrown toward you or bystanders, resulting in serious personal injury or death. Trying to repair a damaged blade may result in discontinued safety certification of the product.

- Inspect the blades periodically for wear or damage.
- Use care when checking the blades. Wrap the blades or wear gloves, and use caution when servicing the blades. Only replace or sharpen the blades; never straighten or weld them.
- On multi-bladed machines, take care as rotating 1 blade can cause other blades to rotate.

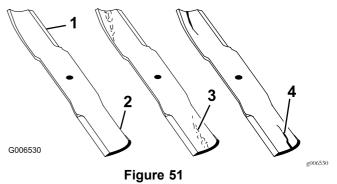
Before Inspecting or Servicing the Blades

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface, disengage the blade-control switch (PTO), and move the motion-control levers outward to the PARK position.
- 2. Shut off the engine, remove the key, and disconnect the spark-plug wires from the spark plugs.

Inspecting the Blades

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

- 1. Inspect the cutting edges (Figure 51).
- 2. If the edges are not sharp or have nicks, remove and sharpen the blade; refer to Sharpening the Blades (page 40).
- 3. Inspect the blades, especially in the curved area.
- 4. If you notice any cracks, wear, or a slot forming in this area, immediately install a new blade (Figure 51).



- 1. Cutting edge
- 2. Curved area
- Wear/slot forming
- Crack

Checking for Bent Blades

Note: The machine must be on a level surface for the following procedure.

- 1. Raise the mower deck to the highest height-of-cut position.
- 2. While wearing thickly padded gloves, or other adequate hand protection, slowly rotate the blade to be measure into a position that allows effective measurement of the distance between the cutting edge and the level surface the machine is on (Figure 52).

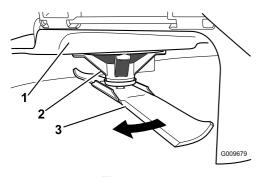


Figure 52

- 1. Deck
- 2. Spindle housing
- 3. Blade
- 3. Measure from the tip of the blade to the flat surface (Figure 53).

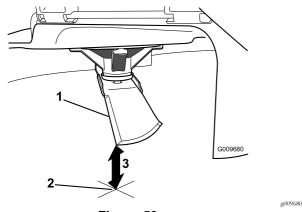


Figure 53

- 1. Blade (in position for measuring)
- 2. Level surface
- 3. Measured distance between blade and the surface (A)
- 4. Rotate the same blade 180 degrees so that the opposing cutting edge is now in the same position (Figure 54).

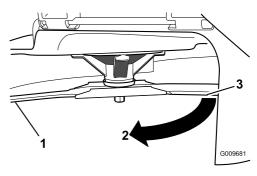
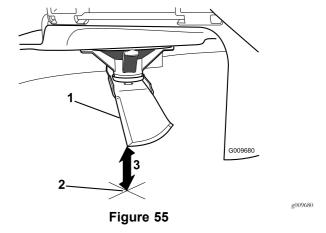


Figure 54

g009681

- Blade (side previously measured)
- 2. Measurement (position used previously)
- 3. Opposing side of blade being moved into measurement position
- 5. Measure from the tip of the blade to the flat surface (Figure 55).

Note: The variance should be no more than 3 mm (1/8 inch).



- Opposite blade edge (in position for measuring)
- 2. Level surface
- 3. Second measured distance between blade and surface (B)
 - A. If the difference between A and B is greater than 3 mm (1/8 inch), replace the blade with a new blade; refer to Removing the Blades (page 40) and Sharpening the Blades (page 40).

Note: If a bent blade is replaced with a new blade, and the dimension obtained continues to exceed 3 mm (1/8 inch), the blade spindle could be bent. Contact an Authorized Toro Dealer for service.

- B. If the variance is within constraints, move to the next blade.
- 6. Repeat this procedure on each blade.

Removing the Blades

The blades must be replaced if a solid object is hit, if the blade is out of balance, or if the blade is bent. For best performance and continued safety conformance of the machine, use genuine Toro replacement blades. Replacement blades made by other manufacturers may result in non-conformance with safety standards.

- 1. Hold the blade end using a rag or thickly-padded glove.
- 2. Remove the blade stiffener (32-inch decks only), blade bolt, the curved washer, and the blade from the spindle shaft (Figure 56 and Figure 57).

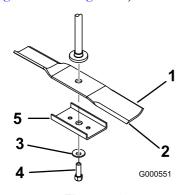
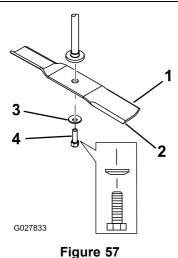


Figure 56 81 cm (32-Inch) Decks

- 1. Sail area of the blade
- 2. Blade
- Curved washer
- 4. Blade bolt
- 5. Blade stiffener



107 cm (42-Inch) Decks

- Sail area of the blade
- 2. Blade

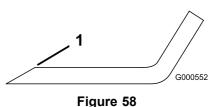
- Curved washer
- 4. Blade bolt

Sharpening the Blades

1. Use a file to sharpen the cutting edge at both ends of the blade (Figure 58).

Note: Maintain the original angle.

Note: The blade retains its balance if the same amount of material is removed from both cutting edges.

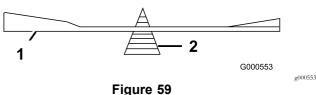


g000552

- 1. Sharpen at original angle.
- 2. Check the balance of the blade by putting it on a blade balancer (Figure 59).

Note: If the blade stays in a horizontal position, the blade is balanced and can be used.

Note: If the blade is not balanced, file some metal off the end of the sail area only (Figure 58).



riguio

1. Blade

Balancer

3. Repeat this procedure until the blade is balanced.

Installing the Blades

1. Install the blade onto the spindle shaft (Figure 57).

Important: The curved part of the blade must be pointing upward toward the inside of the mower to ensure proper cutting.

- 2. Install the blade stiffener (32-inch decks only), curved washer (cupped side toward the blade), and blade bolt (Figure 57).
- 3. Torque the blade bolt to 47 to 88 N·m (35 to 65 ft-lb).

Leveling the Mower Deck

Check to ensure that the mower deck is level any time you install the mower or when you see an uneven cut on your lawn.

The mower deck must be checked for bent blades prior to leveling; any bent blades must be removed and replaced; refer to the Checking for Bent Blades (page 39) before continuing.

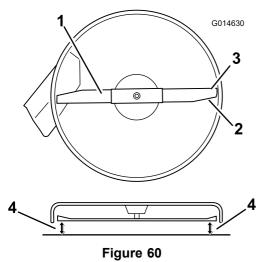
The mower deck must be leveled side-to-side first then the front to rear slope can be adjusted.

Requirements:

- The machine must be on a level surface.
- All tires must be properly inflated; refer to Checking the Tire Pressure (page 37).

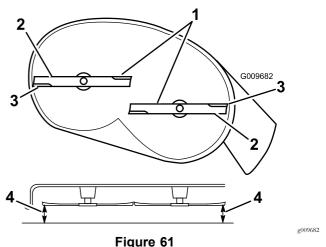
Leveling from Side to Side

- Park the machine on a level surface and disengage the blade-control switch.
- 2. Move the motion-control levers outward to the PARK position, shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- 3. Set the height-of-cut lever to the middle position.
- 4. Carefully rotate the blade(s) so that they are all side to side (Figure 60 and Figure 61).



Mower Decks with 1 Blade

- 1. Blade side to side
- 2. Sail area of the blade
- 3. Outside cutting edges
- Measure from the tip of the blade to the flat surface here



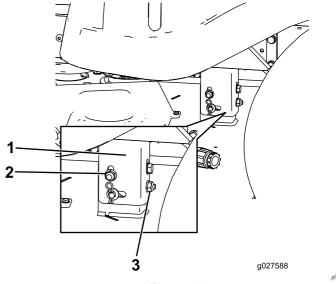
Mower Decks with 2 Blades

- 1. Blades side to side
- 2. Sail area of blade
- 3. Outside cutting edges
- Measure from the tip of the blade to the flat surface here.
- 5. Measure between the outside cutting edges and the flat surface (Figure 60 and Figure 61).

Note: If both measurements are not within 5 mm (3/16 inch), an adjustment is required; continue with this procedure.

- 6. Move to the left side of the machine.
- 7. Loosen the side locking nut.
- 8. Raise or lower the left side of the mower deck by rotating the rear nut (Figure 62).

Note: Rotate the rear nut clockwise to raise the mower deck; rotate the rear nut counter-clockwise to lower the mower deck (Figure 62).



- Figure 62
- 1. Hanger bracket
- 2. Side locking nut
- 3. Rear locking nut

ρ014630

- 9. Check the side-to-side adjustments again; repeat this procedure until the measurements are correct.
- 10. Continue leveling the deck by checking the front-to-rear blade slope; refer to Adjusting the Front-to-Rear Blade Slope (page 42).

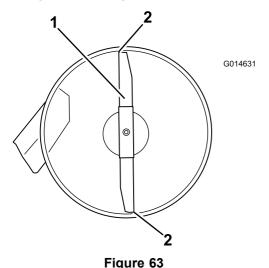
Adjusting the Front-to-Rear Blade Slope

Check the front-to-rear blade level any time you install the mower. If the front of the mower is more than 7.9 mm (5/16 inch) lower than the rear of the mower, adjust the blade level using the following instructions:

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface and disengage the blade-control switch.
- 2. Move the motion-control levers outward to the PARK position, shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- 3. Set the height-of-cut lever to middle position.

Note: Check and adjust the side-to-side blade level if you have not checked the setting; refer to Leveling from Side to Side (page 41).

4. Carefully rotate the blades so they are facing front to rear (Figure 63 and Figure 64).



Mower Decks with 1 Blade

- 1. Blade front to rear
- 2. Measure from the tip of the blade to the flat surface here.

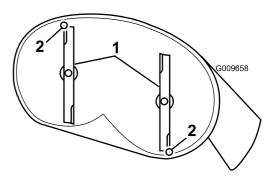


Figure 64
Mower Decks with 2 Blades

- 1. Blades front to rear
- 2. Measure from the tip of the blade to the flat surface here.
- 5. Measure from the tip of the front blade to the flat surface, and the tip of the rear blade to the flat surface (Figure 63 and Figure 64).

Note: If the front blade tip is not 1.6 to 7.9 mm (1/16 to 5/16 inch) lower than the rear blade tip, adjust the front locknut.

6. To adjust the front-to-rear blade slope, rotate the adjustment nut in the front of the mower (Figure 65).

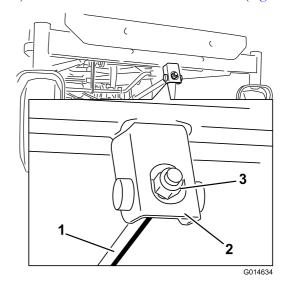


Figure 65

- 1. Adjusting rod
- Locknut
- 2. Adjusting block
- 7. To raise the front of the mower, tighten the adjustment nut.
- 8. To lower the front of the mower, loosen the adjustment nut.
- 2. After adjustment, check the front-to-rear slope again, continue adjusting the nut until the front blade tip is 1.6 to 7.9 mm (1/16 to 5/16 inch) lower than the rear blade tip (Figure 64 and Figure 65).

g009658

10. When the front-to-rear blade slope is correct check the side-to-side level of the mower again, refer to Leveling from Side to Side (page 41).

Removing the Mower Deck

- Park the machine on a level surface and disengage the blade-control switch.
- Move the motion-control levers outward to the PARK position, shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- 3. Lower the height-of-cut lever to the lowest position.
- 4. Loosen the bottom 2 bolts holding the mower-deck curtain to the mower deck. Refer to Releasing the Mower-Deck Curtain (page 28).
- 5. Remove the hairpin-cotter pin from the front support rod, and remove the rod from the deck bracket (Figure 66).

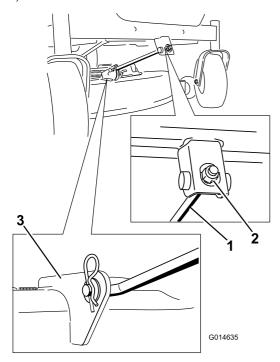


Figure 66

- Front support rod
- 3. Deck bracket
- Locking nut
- 6. Carefully lower the front of the mower deck to the ground.
- 7. Lift the mower deck and hanger brackets clear of the rear lift rod and lower the mower carefully to the ground (Figure 67).

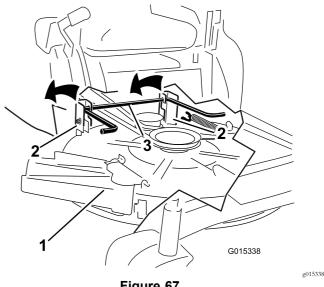


Figure 67

- Mower deck
- Hanger bracket
- 3. Rear lift rod
- 8. Slide the mower deck rearward to remove the mower belt from the engine pulley.
- 9. Slide the mower deck out from underneath the machine.

Note: Retain all parts for future installation.

Installing the Mower Deck

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface and disengage the blade-control switch.
- Move the motion-control levers outward to the PARK position, shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- 3. Slide the mower under the machine.
- 4. Lower the height-of-cut lever to the lowest position.
- 5. Lift the rear of the mower deck and guide the hanger brackets over the rear lift rod (Figure 67).
- 6. Attach the front support rod to the mower deck with the clevis pin and hairpin-cotter pin (Figure 66).
- 7. Install the mower belt onto the engine pulley; refer to Replacing the Mower Belt (page 45).
- 8. Tighten the bottom 2 bolts for the mower-deck curtain to the mower deck. Refer to Releasing the Mower-Deck Curtain (page 28).

Replacing the Grass Deflector

Service Interval: Before each use or daily—Inspect the grass deflector for damage.

A WARNING

An uncovered discharge opening could allow the lawn mower to throw objects at you or bystanders, resulting in serious injury. Also, contact with the blade could occur. Never operate the machine without the grass deflector, the discharge cover, or the grass-collection system in place.

Never operate the machine without the grass deflector, the discharge cover, or the grass-collection system in place.

1. Remove the nut (3/8 inch) from the rod under the mower (Figure 68 and Figure 69).

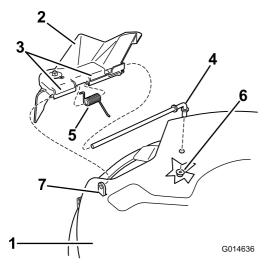


Figure 68 81 cm (32-Inch) Deck

- Mower deck
- Spring
- Grass deflector
- 6. Nut (3/8 inch)
- Grass-deflector bracket
- 7. Short standoff

4. Rod

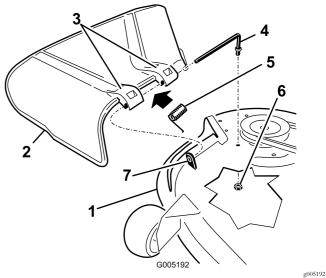


Figure 69 107 cm (42-Inch) Deck

- Mower deck
- 5. Spring
- 2. Grass deflector
- 6. Nut (3/8 inch)
- 3. Grass-deflector bracket
- 7. Short standoff

- 4. Rod
- 2. Slide the rod out of the short stand-off, spring, and grass deflector (Figure 68 and Figure 69).
- 3. Remove the damaged or worn grass deflector.
- 4. Replace the grass deflector (Figure 68 and Figure 69).
- 5. Slide the rod (straight end), through the rear-grass-deflector bracket.
- 6. Place the spring on the rod, with the end wires down, and between the grass deflector brackets.
- 7. Slide the rod through second grass deflector bracket (Figure 68 and Figure 69).
- 8. Insert the rod at the front of the grass deflector into the short standoff on the deck.
- 9. Secure the rear end of the rod into the mower with a nut (3/8 inch) as shown in Figure 68 and Figure 69.

Important: The grass deflector must be spring loaded in the down position. Lift the deflector up to test that it snaps to the full down position.

ρ014636

Mower Belt Maintenance

Inspecting the Belts

Service Interval: Every 25 hours—Check the belts for wear or cracks.

Check the belts for cracks, frayed edges, burn marks, or any other damage. Replace damaged belts.

Replacing the Mower Belt

Squealing when the belt is rotating, blades slipping when cutting grass, frayed belt edges, burn marks, and cracks are signs of a worn mower belt. Replace the mower belt if any of these conditions are evident.

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface and disengage the blade-control switch.
- 2. Move the motion-control levers outward to the PARK position, shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- 3. Set the height of cut at the lowest cutting position (38 mm (1-1/2 inches).
- 4. Remove the pulley covers (Figure 70).

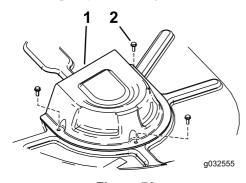


Figure 70
Model with 107 cm (42-inch) Deck Only

1. Cover

- 2. Screw
- 5. Loosen the bottom 2 bolts holding the mower-deck curtain to the mower deck; refer to Releasing the Mower-Deck Curtain (page 28).
- 6. Using a spring-removal tool (Toro part no. 92-5771), remove the idler spring from the deck hook to remove tension on the idler pulley, and roll the belt off of the pulleys (Figure 71 and Figure 72).

A WARNING

The spring is under tension when installed and can cause personal injury.

Be careful when removing the belt.

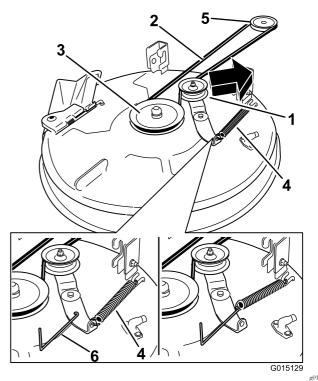


Figure 71
Mower Decks with 1 Blade

- 1. Idler pulley
- 2. Mower belt
- 3. Outside pulley
- 4. Spring
- 5. Engine pulley
- 6. Spring-removal tool

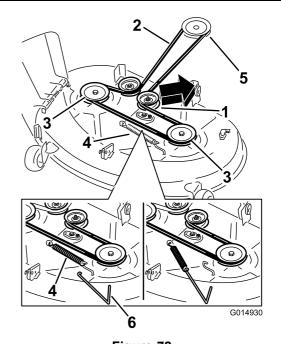


Figure 72
Mower Decks with 2 Blades

- 1. Idler pulley
- 2. Mower belt
- 3. Outside pulley
- 4. Spring
- 5. Engine pulley
- 6. Spring-removal tool

- 7. Route the new belt around the engine pulley and mower pulleys (Figure 71 and Figure 72).
- 8. Using a spring-removal tool (Toro part no. 92-5771), install the idler spring over the deck hook and place tension on the idler pulley and the mower belt (Figure 71 and Figure 72).
- Tighten the bottom 2 bolts holding the mower-deck curtain to the mower deck; refer to Releasing the Mower-Deck Curtain (page 28).
- 10. Install the pulley covers.

Cleaning

Washing the Underside of the Mower

Service Interval: After each use—Clean the mower-deck housing.

Important: You can wash the machine with a mild detergent and water. Do not pressure wash the machine. Avoid excessive use of water, especially near the control panel, under the seat, around the engine, hydraulic pumps, and motors.

Wash the underside of the mower after each use to prevent grass buildup for improved mulch action and clipping dispersal.

- Park the machine on a level surface and disengage the blade-control switch.
- Move the motion-control levers outward to the PARK position, shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- 3. Attach the hose coupling to the end of the mower washout fitting, and turn the water on high (Figure 73).

Note: Spread petroleum jelly on the washout fitting O-ring to make the coupling slide on easier and protect the O-ring.

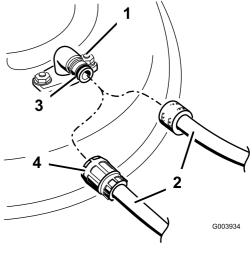


Figure 73

- 1. Washout fitting
- 2. Hose

- 3. O-ring
- 4. Coupling

- 4. Lower the mower to the lowest height-of-cut.
- 5. Sit on the seat and start the engine.
- 6. Engage the blade-control switch and let the mower run for 1 to 3 minutes.

- Disengage the blade-control switch, shut off the engine, remove the ignition key, and wait for all moving parts to stop.
- 8. Turn the water off and remove the coupling from the washout fitting.

Note: If the mower is not clean after 1 washing, soak it and let it stand for 30 minutes. Then, repeat the process.

9. Run the mower again for 1 to 3 minutes to remove excess water.

A WARNING

A broken or missing washout fitting could expose you and others to thrown objects or blade contact. Contact with a blade or thrown debris can cause injury or death.

- Replace broken or missing washout fitting immediately, before using mower again.
- Never put your hands or feet under the mower or through openings in the mower.

Storage

Cleaning and Storage

- 1. Disengage the blade-control switch, move the motion-control levers outward to the PARK position, shut off the engine, and remove the key.
- 2. Remove grass clippings, dirt, and grime from the external parts of the entire machine, especially the engine. Clean dirt and chaff from the outside of the engine cylinder head fins and blower housing.

Important: You can wash the machine with mild detergent and water. Do not pressure wash the machine. Avoid excessive use of water, especially near the control panel, under the seat, around the engine, hydraulic pumps, and motors.

- 3. Service the air cleaner; refer to Servicing the Air Cleaner (page 29).
- 4. Grease and oil the machine; refer to Lubrication (page 29).
- 5. Change the engine oil and filter; refer to Changing the Engine Oil and Filter (page 31).
- 6. Check the tire pressure; refer to Checking the Tire Pressure (page 37).
- 7. Charge the battery; refer to Charging the Battery (page 36).
- 8. Check the condition of the blades; refer to Servicing the Cutting Blades (page 38).
- Prepare the machine for storage when non-use occurs over 30 days. Prepare the machine for storage as follows.
 - A. Add a petroleum based stabilizer/conditioner to the fuel in the tank. Follow the mixing instructions from the stabilizer manufacturer. Do not use an alcohol based stabilizer (ethanol or methanol).

Note: A fuel stabilizer/conditioner is most effective when mixed with fresh fuel and used at all times.

- B. Run the engine to distribute the conditioned fuel through the fuel system (5 minutes).
- C. Shut off the engine, wait for it to cool, and drain the fuel tank.
- D. Restart the engine and run it until it stops.
- E. Start and run the engine until it does not start.
- F. Dispose of fuel properly. Recycle pursuant to local codes.

Important: Do not store fuel with stabilizer/conditioner over 90 days.

10. Remove the spark plug(s) and check its condition; refer to Servicing the Spark Plug (page 33). With the spark plug(s) removed from the engine, pour 30 ml (2 tablespoons) of engine oil into the spark plug hole.

Use the starter to crank the engine and distribute the oil inside the cylinder. Install the spark plug(s). Do not install the wire on the spark plug(s).

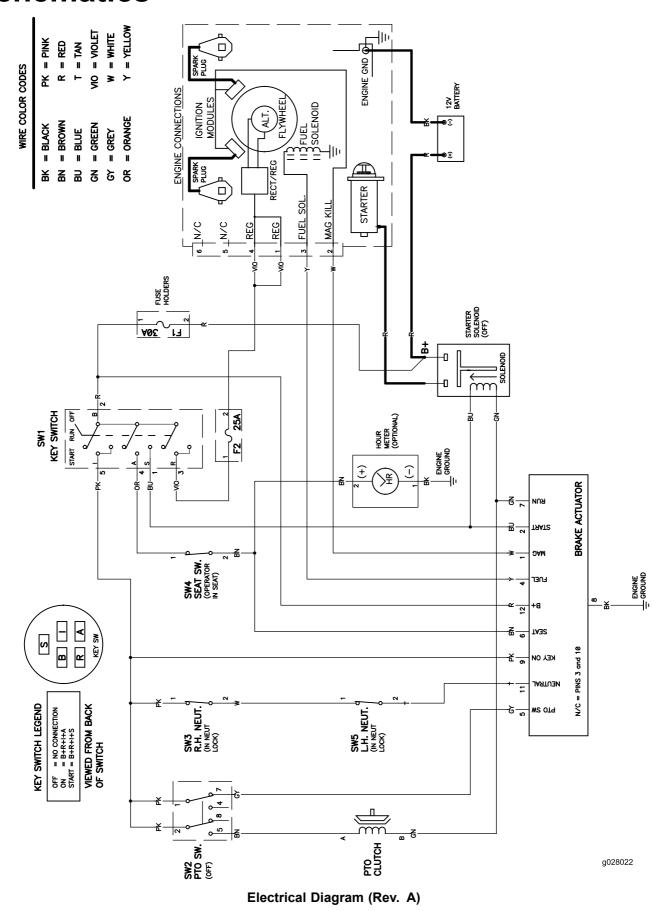
- 11. Clean any dirt and chaff from the top of the mower.
- 12. Scrape any heavy buildup of grass and dirt from the underside of the mower, then wash the mower with a garden hose.
- 13. Check the condition of the drive and mower belts.
- 14. Check and tighten all bolts, nuts, and screws. Repair or replace any part that is worn or damaged.
- 15. Paint all scratched or bare metal surfaces. Paint is available from your Authorized Service Dealer.
- 16. Store the machine in a clean, dry garage or storage area. Remove the key from the ignition switch and keep it in a memorable place. Cover the machine to protect it and keep it clean.

Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
The engine overheats.	The engine load is excessive.	Reduce the ground speed.
	2. The oil level in the crankcase is low.	2. Add oil to the crankcase.
	The cooling fins and air passages under the engine-blower housing are plugged.	Remove the obstruction from the cooling fins and air passages.
	4. The air cleaner is dirty.	Clean or replace the air-cleaner element.
	Dirt, water, or stale fuel is in the fuel system.	5. Contact an Authorized Service Dealer
The starter does not crank.	The blade-control switch is engaged.	Move the blade-control switch to Disengaged.
	The motion-control levers are not in the PARK position.	Move the motion-control levers outward to the PARK position.
	3. The battery is dead.	3. Charge the battery.
	The electrical connections are corroded or loose.	Check the electrical connections for good contact.
	5. A fuse is blown.	5. Replace the fuse.
	6. A relay or switch is damaged.	Contact an Authorized Service Dealer.
The engine does not start, starts hard, or	1. The fuel tank is empty.	1. Fill the fuel tank.
fails to keep running.	2. The choke is not on.	2. Move the choke lever to On.
	3. The air cleaner is dirty.	Clean or replace the air-cleaner element.
	The spark-plug wire(s) is loose or disconnected.	4. Install the wire(s) on the spark plug.
	5. The spark plug(s) is pitted, fouled, or the gap is incorrect.	Install a new, correctly gapped spark plug(s).
	6. There is dirt in fuel filter.	Replace the fuel filter.
	7. Dirt, water, or stale fuel is in fuel system.	7. Contact an Authorized Service Dealer.
	8. There is incorrect fuel in the fuel tank.	Drain the tank and replace the fuel with the proper type.
	The oil level in the crankcase is low.	Add oil to the crankcase.
The machine does not drive.	The bypass valves are open.	Close the tow valves.
	The traction belts are worn, loose, or broken.	Contact an Authorized Service Dealer.
	3. The traction belts are off of the pulleys.	3. Contact an Authorized Service Dealer.
	4. The transmission has failed.	Contact an Authorized Service Dealer.
There is an abnormal vibration.	The engine-mounting bolts are loose.	Tighten the engine-mounting bolts.
	2. The engine pulley, idler pulley, or blade pulley is loose.	Tighten the appropriate pulley.
	The engine pulley is damaged.	Contact an Authorized Service Dealer.
	The cutting blade(s) is/are bent or unbalanced.	Install a new cutting blade(s).
	5. A blade-mounting bolt is loose.	5. Tighten the blade-mounting bolt.
	6. A blade spindle is bent.	Contact an Authorized Service Dealer.

Problem	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
The cutting height is uneven.	The blade(s) is not sharp.	Sharpen the blade(s).
	2. A cutting blade(s) is/are bent.3. The mower is not level.	 Install a new cutting blade(s). Level the mower from side-to-side and front-to-rear.
	4. An anti-scalp wheel is not set correctly.5. The underside of the mower is dirty.6. The tire pressure is incorrect.7. A blade spindle is bent.	 Adjust the anti-scalp wheel height. Clean the underside of the mower. Adjust the tire pressure. Contact an Authorized Service Dealer.
The blades do not rotate.	 The drive belt is worn, loose or broken. The drive belt is off of the pulley. 	 Install a new drive belt. Install the drive belt and check the adjusting shafts and belt guides for the correct position.
	The Power Take-Off (PTO) switch or PTO clutch is faulty.	Contact an Authorized Service Dealer.
	The mower belt is worn, loose, or broken.	Install a new mower belt.

Schematics



Notes:

Notes:

Notes:

European Privacy Notice

The Information Toro Collects

Toro Warranty Company (Toro) respects your privacy. In order to process your warranty claim and contact you in the event of a product recall, we ask you to share certain personal information with us, either directly or through your local Toro company or dealer.

The Toro warranty system is hosted on servers located within the United States where privacy law may not provide the same protection as applies in your country.

BY SHARING YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION WITH US, YOU ARE CONSENTING TO THE PROCESSING OF YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION AS DESCRIBED IN THIS PRIVACY NOTICE.

The Way Toro Uses Information

Toro may use your personal information to process warranty claims, to contact you in the event of a product recall and for any other purpose which we tell you about. Toro may share your information with Toro's affiliates, dealers or other business partners in connection with any of these activities. We will not sell your personal information to any other company. We reserve the right to disclose personal information in order to comply with applicable laws and with requests by the appropriate authorities, to operate our systems properly or for our own protection or that of other users.

Retention of your Personal Information

We will keep your personal information as long as we need it for the purposes for which it was originally collected or for other legitimate purposes (such as regulatory compliance), or as required by applicable law.

Toro's Commitment to Security of Your Personal Information

We take reasonable precautions in order to protect the security of your personal information. We also take steps to maintain the accuracy and current status of personal information.

Access and Correction of your Personal Information

If you would like to review or correct your personal information, please contact us by email at legal@toro.com.

Australian Consumer Law

Australian customers will find details relating to the Australian Consumer Law either inside the box or at your local Toro Dealer.



The Toro Warranty and The Toro GTS Starting Guarantee

Conditions and Products Covered

The Toro Company and its affiliate, Toro Warranty Company, pursuant to an agreement between them, jointly promise to repair the Toro Product listed below if defective in materials or workmanship or if the Toro GTS (Guaranteed to Start) engine will not start on the first or second pull, provided the routine maintenance required in the *Operator's Manual* have been performed.

The following time periods apply from the original date of purchase:

Products	Warranty Period
Walk Power Mowers	_
· Cast Deck	5 years Residential Use ² 90 Days Commercial Use
—Engine	5 years GTS Guarantee, Residential Use ³
—Battery	2 years
·Steel Deck	2 years Residential Use ² 30 Days Commercial Use
—Engine	2 years GTS Guarantee, Residential Use ³
TimeMaster Mowers	3 years Residential Use ² 90 Days Commercial Use
• Engine	3 years GTS Guarantee, Residential Use ³
Battery	2 years
Electric Hand Held Products and Walk Power Mowers	2 years Residential Use ² No Warranty for Commercial Use
All Ride-On Units Below	
EngineBatteryAttachments	See engine manufacturer's warranty ⁴ 2 years Residential Use ² 2 years Residential Use ²
DH Lawn & Garden Tractors	2 years Residential Use ² 30 Days Commercial Use
XLS Lawn & Garden Tractors	3 years Residential Use ² 30 Days Commercial Use
TimeCutter	3 years Residential Use ² 30 Days Commercial Use

¹Original Purchaser means the person who originally purchased the Toro Product.

²Residential use means use of the product on the same lot as your home. Use at more than one location is considered commercial use and the commercial use warranty would apply.

Warranty may be denied if the hour meter is disconnected, altered, or shows signs of being tampered with.

Owner Responsibilities

You must maintain your Toro Product by following the maintenance procedures described in the *Operator's Manual*. Such routine maintenance, whether performed by a dealer or by you, is at your expense.

Instructions for Obtaining Warranty Service

If you think that your Toro Product contains a defect in materials or workmanship, follow this procedure:

- Contact your seller to arrange service of the product. If for any reason it is impossible for you to contact your seller, you may contact any Toro Authorized Distributor to arrange service. Visit http://www.toro.com/en-us/locator/pages/default.aspx to locate a Toro distributor in your area.
- Bring the product and your proof of purchase (sales receipt) to the servicing outlet. If for any reason you are dissatisfied with the servicing outlet's analysis or with the assistance provided, contact us at:

Toro Warranty Company
Toro Customer Care Department, RLC Division
8111 Lyndale Avenue South
Bloomington, MN 55420-1196
001–952–948–4707

Items and Conditions Not Covered

There is no other express warranty except for special emission system coverage and engine warranty coverage on some products. This express warranty does not cover the following:

- Cost of regular maintenance service or parts, such as filters, fuel, lubricants, oil changes, spark plugs, air filters, blade sharpening or worn blades, cable/linkage adjustments, or brake and clutch adjustments
- Components failing due to normal wear
- Any product or part which has been altered, misused, neglected, requires replacement, or repair due to accidents or lack of proper maintenance
- Pickup and delivery charges
- Repairs or attempted repairs by anyone other than an Authorized Toro Service Dealer
- Repairs necessary due to failure to follow recommended fuel procedure (consult Operator's Manual for more details)
 - Removing contaminants from the fuel system is not covered
 - Use of old fuel (more than one month old) or fuel which contains more than 10% ethanol or more that 15% MTBE
 - Failure to drain the fuel system prior to any period of non-use over one month
- Repairs or adjustments to correct starting difficulties due to the following:
 - Failure to follow proper maintenance procedures or recommended fuel procedure
 - Rotary mower blade striking an object
- Special operational conditions where starting may require more than two pulls:
 - First time starts after extended period of non-use over three months or seasonal storage
 - Cool temperature starts such as those found in early spring and late autumn
 - Improper starting procedures if you are having difficulty starting your unit, please check the Operator's Manual to ensure that you are using the correct starting procedures. This can save an unnecessary visit to an Authorized Toro Service Dealer.

General Conditions

The purchaser is covered by the national laws of each country. The rights to which the purchaser is entitled with the support of these laws are not restricted by this warranty.

³The Toro GTS Starting Guarantee does not apply when the product is used commercially.

⁴Some engines used on Toro Products are warranted by the engine manufacturer.