

#### Count on it.

# Operator's Manual

# **Groundsmaster® 360 4-Wheel Drive Multi-Purpose Machine** with Cab

Model No. 31236—Serial No. 316000001 and Up

This product complies with all relevant European directives; for details, please see the separate product specific Declaration of Conformity (DOC) sheet.

#### **A** WARNING

## CALIFORNIA Proposition 65 Warning

This product contains a chemical or chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or reproductive harm.

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

It is a violation of California Public Resource Code Section 4442 or 4443 to use or operate the engine on any forest-covered, brush-covered, or grass-covered land unless the engine is equipped with a spark arrester, as defined in Section 4442, maintained in effective working order or the engine is constructed, equipped, and maintained for the prevention of fire.

#### Introduction

This machine is a ride-on, multi-purpose machine intended to be used by professional, hired operators in commercial applications. It is primarily designed for maintaining grass on well-maintained lawns in parks, sports fields, and on commercial grounds. It is not designed for cutting brush, mowing grass and other growth alongside highways, or for agricultural uses.

Read this information carefully to learn how to operate and maintain your product properly and to avoid injury and product damage. You are responsible for operating the product properly and safely.

You may contact Toro directly at www.Toro.com for product safety and operation training materials, accessory information, help finding a dealer, or to register your product.

Whenever you need service, genuine Toro parts, or additional information, contact an Authorized Service Dealer or Toro Customer Service and have the model and serial numbers of your product ready. Figure 1 identifies the location of the model and serial numbers on the product. Write the numbers in the space provided.

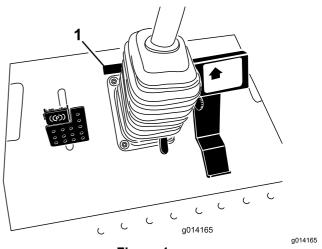


Figure 1

1. Model and serial number location

| Model No. |  |
|-----------|--|
| Serial No |  |

This manual identifies potential hazards and has safety messages identified by the safety-alert symbol (Figure 2), which signals a hazard that may cause serious injury or death if you do not follow the recommended precautions.



Figure 2

g000502

1. Safety-alert symbol

This manual uses 2 words to highlight information. **Important** calls attention to special mechanical information and **Note** emphasizes general information worthy of special attention.

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### Safety

This machine has been designed in accordance with EN ISO 5395:2013 and ANSI B71.4-2012.

Improper use or maintenance by the operator or owner can result in injury. To reduce the potential for injury, comply with these safety instructions and always pay attention to the safety alert symbol, which means **Caution, Warning, or Danger**—personal safety instruction. Failure to comply with the instruction may result in personal injury or death.

#### **General Safety**

This product is capable of amputating hands and feet and of throwing objects. Always follow all safety instructions to avoid serious personal injury.

Using this product for purposes other than its intended use could prove dangerous to you and bystanders.

- Read and understand the contents of this Operator's Manual before you start the engine. Ensure that everyone using this product knows how to use it and understands the warnings.
- Do not put your hands or feet near moving components of the machine.
- Do not operate the machine without all guards and other safety protective devices in place and working on the machine.
- Keep clear of any discharge opening. Keep bystanders a safe distance from the machine.
- Keep children out of the operating area. Never allow children to operate the machine.
- Stop the machine and shut off the engine before servicing, fueling, or unclogging the machine.

Improperly using or maintaining this machine can result in injury. To reduce the potential for injury, comply with these safety instructions and always pay attention to the safety-alert symbol, which means Caution, Warning, or Danger—personal safety instruction. Failure to comply with these instructions may result in personal injury or death.

You can find additional items of safety information in their respective sections throughout this manual.

#### **Sound Pressure**

This unit has a sound pressure level at the operator's ear of 87 dBA, which includes an Uncertainty Value (K) of 1 dBA.

Sound pressure level was determined according to the procedures outlined in EN ISO 5395:2013.

#### **Sound Power**

This unit has a guaranteed sound power level of 103 dBA, which includes an Uncertainty Value (K) of 1 dBA.

Sound pressure level was determined according to the procedures outlined in ISO 11094.

#### **Vibration Level**

#### Hand-Arm

Measured vibration level for right hand = 0.39 m/s<sup>2</sup>

Measured vibration level for left hand =  $0.34 \text{ m/s}^2$ 

Uncertainty Value (K) =  $0.5 \text{ m/s}^2$ 

Measured values were determined according to the procedures outlined in EN ISO 5395:2013.

#### Whole Body

Measured vibration level = 0.41 m/s<sup>2</sup>

Uncertainty Value (K) =  $0.5 \text{ m/s}^2$ 

#### **Safety and Instructional Decals**



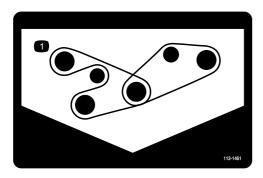
Safety decals and instructions are easily visible to the operator and are located near any area of potential danger. Replace any decal that is damaged or lost.



106-9206

decal106-9206

- 1. Wheel-torque specifications
- 2. Read the Operator's Manual.



112-1461

decal112-1461

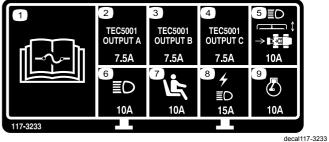
1. Belt routing

#### CALIFORNIA SPARK ARRESTER WARNING

Operation of this equipment may create sparks that can start fires around dry vegetation. A spark arrester may be required. The operator should contact local fire agencies for laws or regulations relating to fire prevention requirements.

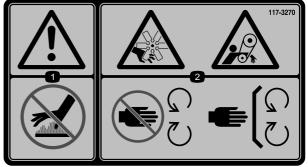
117-2718

decal117-2718



117-3233

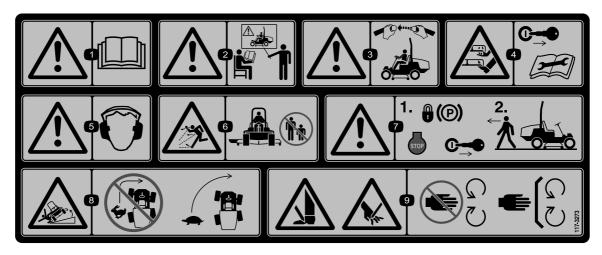
- 1. Read the Operator's Manual for information on fuses.
- 4-wheel steer solenoid—7.5 A
- 3. PTO enable, 4-wheel-steer lamp, deck lift, deck float—7.5 A
- Glow indicator, fuel-run solenoid, diagnostic light, start—7.5
- 5. Headlights, deck actuator, power takeoff—10 A
- 6. Lights-15 A
- 7. Operator-presence switch—10 A
- 8. Power point, lights—15 A
- 9. Engine—10 A



decal117-3270

117-3270

- 1. Warning—do not touch the hot surface.
- Cutting/dismemberment hazard, hand; entanglement hazard, belt—stay away from moving parts, keep all guards and shields in place.



decal117-3273

#### 117-3273

- Warning—read the Operator's Manual.
- 2. Warning—do not operate this machine unless you are trained. 7.
- Warning—wear the seat belt when seated in the operator's position.
- Cutting/dismemberment hazard of hand or foot—remove the ignition key and read the instructions before servicing or performing maintenance.
- 5. Warning—wear hearing protection.

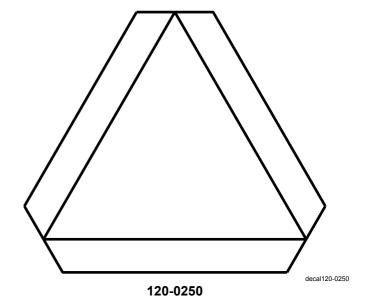
- 6. Thrown object hazard—keep bystanders a safe distance from the machine.
- 7. Warning—lock the parking brake, stop the engine, and remove the ignition key before leaving the machine.
- 8. Tipping hazard—lower the cutting unit when driving down slopes; slow the machine before turning, do not turn at high speeds.
- Cutting hazard of hand or foot—stay away from moving parts; keep all guards in place.



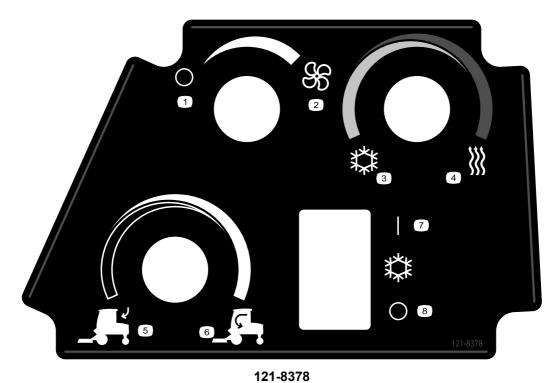
117-3276

decal117-3276

- Engine coolant under pressure
- 2. Explosion hazard—read the *Operator's Manual*.
- Warning—do not touch the hot surface.
- 4. Warning—read the Operator's Manual.



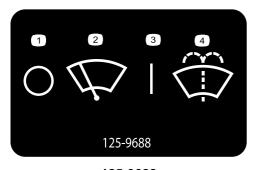
1. Slow-moving vehicle



decal121-8378

- 1. Fan-off
- Fan-on full
- Cold air
- Hot air

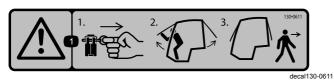
- - 5. External air Internal air
  - Air conditioner-off 7.
  - Air conditioner—on



125-9688

decal125-9688

- Windshield wipers—off
- Windshield wipers
- 3. Windshield wipers—on
- Spray windshield washer fluid



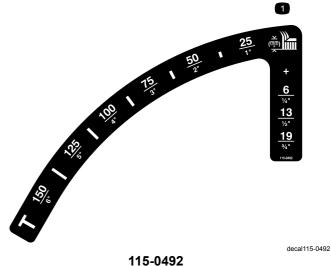
130-0611

1. Warning—1) Remove the pin; 2) Raise the doors; 3) Exit the cab



1. Indicates that the blade is identified as a part from the

original machine manufacturer.



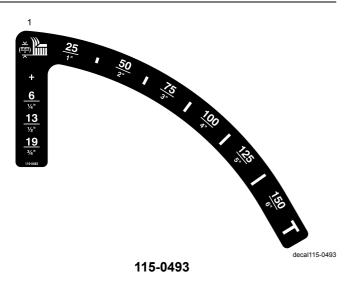
1. Height of cut (mm)



106-2353

decal106-2353

1. Electrical power point

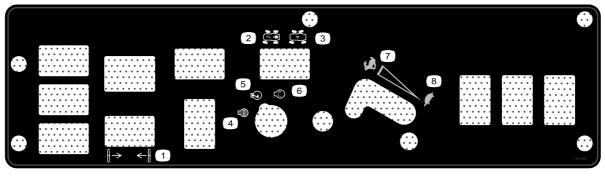


130-0594

decal130-0594

1. Height of cut (mm)

1. Warning—read the *Operator's Manual*; when sitting in the cab, always wear a seat belt; wear hearing protection.



decal125-7427

125-7427

- 1. Raise/Lower decks
- 2. 2-wheel steering
- 3. 4-wheel steering
- 4. Engine—stop

- 5. Engine—run
- 6. Engine—start
- 7. Fast
- 8. Slow



#### **Battery Symbols**

Some or all of these symbols are on your battery.

- Explosion hazard
- 6. Keep bystanders a safe distance from the battery.
- 2. No fire, open flame, or smoking
- 7. Wear eye protection; explosive gases can cause blindness and other injuries.
- 3. Caustic liquid/chemical burn hazard
- 8. Battery acid can cause blindness or severe burns.
- 4. Wear eye protection.
- 9. Flush eyes immediately with water and get medical help fast.
- 5. Read the *Operator's Manual*.
- 10. Contains lead; do not discard

#### **Setup**

#### **Loose Parts**

Use the chart below to verify that all parts have been shipped.

| Procedure | Description                         | Qty. | Use  |  |  |
|-----------|-------------------------------------|------|--|--|--|
|           | PTO driveshaft                      | 1    |  |  |  |
| 4         | Bolt (5/16 x 1-3/4 inches)          | 4    | Install the PTO driveshaft to a optional deck or QAS.      |  |  |
|           | Locknut (5/16 inch)                 | 4    |  |  |  |
|           | Roll pin (3/16 x 1-1/2 inches)      | 2    |  |  |  |
|           | Retainer pin                        | 2    | Use the hardware to install the optional mower deck.       |  |  |
| 2         | Grease fitting                      | 2    |  |  |  |
| _         | Washer head screw (5/16 x 7/8 inch) | 2    |  |  |  |
| 3         | No parts required                   | ı    | Check the tire pressure.                                   |  |  |
| 4         | No parts required                   | ı    | Check the hydraulic fluid, engine oil, and coolant levels. |  |  |

#### **Media and Additional Parts**

| Description                | Qty. | Use  |
|----------------------------|------|--|
| Operator's Manual          | 1    | Read before operating the machine            |
| Engine operator's manual   | 1    | Read before operating the machine            |
| Parts Catalog              | 1    | Use reference part numbers                   |
| Operator training material | 1    | View the video before operating the machine. |

1

# Installing the PTO Driveshaft to an Optional Mower Deck or QAS

#### Parts needed for this procedure:

| 1 | PTO driveshaft                 |
|---|--------------------------------|
| 4 | Bolt (5/16 x 1-3/4 inches)     |
| 4 | Locknut (5/16 inch)            |
| 2 | Roll pin (3/16 x 1-1/2 inches) |

#### **Procedure**

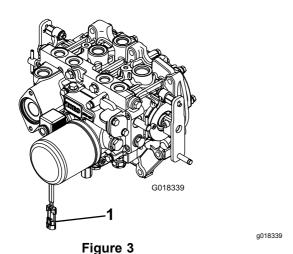
**Note:** Installing the PTO driveshaft is easier if you position the machine on a hoist.

1. Park machine on a level surface, shut off the engine, engage the parking brake, and remove key from the switch.

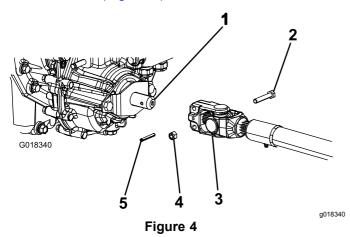
#### **A WARNING**

If you start the engine and the PTO shaft is allowed to rotate, serious personal injury and machine damage could result.

- Do not start the engine and engage the PTO switch when the PTO driveshaft is disconnected from the cutting deck.
- Disconnect the PTO solenoid-valve-coil connector from the wire harness before the PTO driveshaft is disconnected from the cutting deck, to prevent unintentionally engaging the PTO clutch.
- 2. Disconnect the wire-harness connector from the PTO solenoid-valve-coil connector (Figure 3).



- 1. Wire-harness connector
- Position the PTO driveshaft under the front of the machine. Ensure that the slip-shaft yoke of the driveshaft is positioned toward the transmission driveshaft (Figure 4).



- 1. Transmission driveshaft
- 4. Locknut

2. Bolt

- 5. Roll pin
- 3. PTO driveshaft
- 4. Align the spline and roll-pin hole of the driveshaft yoke with the transmission driveshaft.
- 5. Slide the PTO driveshaft end yoke onto the transmission driveshaft.
- Secure the end yoke of the PTO driveshaft as follows:
  - A. Install the roll pin in the end yoke and shaft.
  - B. Install the bolts through the driveshaft end yoke.
  - C. Install and tighten the locknuts to secure the end yoke to the PTO driveshaft.

**Note:** Retain the remaining bolts, locknuts, and roll pin to secure the other end of the driveshaft to the attachment gearbox shaft.

- D. Torque the locknuts to 20 to 25 N-m (175 to 225 in-lb).
- 7. Lubricate the grease fittings on the PTO driveshaft.
- 8. After you connect the other end of the driveshaft to the attachment gearbox shaft, connect the wire-harness connector to the PTO solenoid-valve-coil connector (Figure 3).

2

# Using the Optional Mower-Deck-Mounting Hardware

#### Parts needed for this procedure:

| 2 | Retainer pin                        |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| 2 | Grease fitting                      |
| 2 | Washer head screw (5/16 x 7/8 inch) |

#### **Procedure**

**Note:** These components and procedure are required only if a mower deck that requires retainer pins is mounted to the traction unit. Refer to the mower deck *Operator's Manual* for the installation instructions.

**Note:** If you are not installing a mower deck on the traction unit, remove or tie up the 4 deck-lift chains from the lift suspension.

3

#### **Checking the Tire Pressure**

#### No Parts Required

#### **Procedure**

The tires are overinflated for shipping. Therefore, release some of the air to reduce the pressure. All tires should be inflated to 172 kPa (25 psi).



#### **Checking the Fluid Levels**

#### No Parts Required

#### **Procedure**

- 1. Check the hydraulic-fluid level before starting the engine, refer to Checking the Hydraulic System (page 46).
- Check the engine-oil level before starting the engine, refer to Checking the Engine-Oil Level (page 35).
- 3. Check the cooling system before starting the engine; refer to Checking the Cooling System (page 41).

#### **Product Overview**

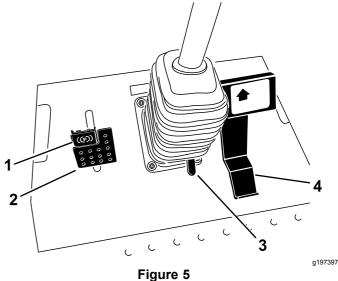
#### **Controls**

Become familiar with all the controls before you start the engine and operate the machine.

#### Traction Pedal

The traction pedal (Figure 5) controls the forward and reverse operation. Press the top of the pedal to move forward and the bottom to move rearward. The ground speed depends on how far you press the pedal. For no load, maximum ground speed, fully press the pedal while the throttle is in the FAST position.

To stop the machine, reduce the foot pressure on the traction pedal and allow it to return to the center position.



- 1. Parking brake
- 2. Brake pedal
- 3. Tilt-steering pedal
- 4. Traction pedal

#### **Brake Pedal**

Use the brake pedal with the brake-pedal latch to engage and disengage the parking brake (Figure 5). To stop the machine, release the traction pedal and allow it to return to the center position. You can use the brake to assist in stopping the machine in an emergency situation.

#### **Parking Brake**

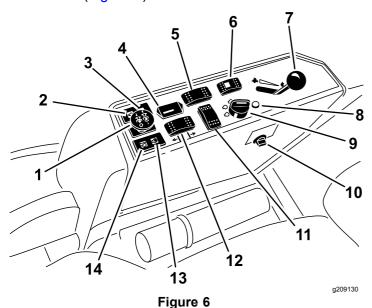
To engage the parking brake, push down on the brake pedal and press the top forward to latch (Figure 5). To release the parking brake, press the brake pedal until the parking brake latch retracts without contacting the locking mechanism.

#### **Tilt Steering Pedal**

To tilt the steering wheel toward you, press the foot pedal down, pull the steering tower toward you to the most comfortable position, and release the pedal (Figure 5). To move the steering wheel away from you, press the foot pedal and release it when the steering wheel reaches the desired operating position.

#### **Ignition Switch**

The ignition switch has 3 positions: OFF, ON/PREHEAT, and START (Figure 6).



- Power-takeoff (PTO) switch
- 2. Oil-pressure-warning light
- 3. Charge-indicator light
- 4. Hour meter
- 5. Differential-lock switch (2-wheel-drive only)
- (2-wheel-drive only)Steering-selector switch
- (4-wheel-drive only)
- 7. Throttle lever

- Diagnostic light (4-wheel-drive only)
- 9. Ignition switch
- 10. Power point
- 11. Optional switch location
- 12. Deck-lift switch
- 13. Glow-plug light
- Coolant-temperature-warning light

#### **Diagnostic Light**

The diagnostic light illuminates when the system detects a fault (Figure 6).

#### **Throttle Lever**

The throttle lever (Figure 6) controls the engine speed. Moving the throttle lever forward toward the FAST position increases the engine speed. Moving it rearward toward the SLOW position decreases the engine speed. The throttle controls the speed of the

PTO and, with the traction pedal, controls the ground speed of the machine. Always run the machine with the throttle in the FAST position when operating attachments.

#### Power-Takeoff (PTO) Switch

The power-takeoff (PTO) switch starts and stops the attachment (Figure 6).

#### **Steering Selector Switch**

Press the steering selector switch to the rear to engage 4-wheel steering and forward to return to 2-wheel steering (Figure 6).

#### **Hour Meter**

The hour meter (Figure 6) records the number of hours that the engine has operated. It operates when the key switch is in the RUN position. Use these times for scheduling regular maintenance.

## Glow-Plug-Indicator Light (Orange Light)

The glow-plug-indicator light (Figure 6) turns on when you turn the ignition switch to the ON position. It remains on for 6 seconds. When the light turns off, you can start the engine.

## **Engine-Coolant-Temperature-Warning Light**

This light glows and the attachment stops if the temperature of the engine coolant is high (Figure 6). If you do not stop the machine and the coolant temperature rises another 7°C (20° F), the engine shuts off.

Important: If the attachment shuts down and the temperature warning light is on, push the PTO knob down, drive the machine to a safe, flat area, move the throttle lever to the SLOW position, allow the traction pedal to move to the NEUTRAL position, and engage the parking brake. Allow the engine to idle for several minutes while it cools to a safe level. Shut off the engine and check the cooling system; refer to Checking the Cooling System (page 41).

#### **Charge Indicator**

The charge indicator illuminates when the charging-system circuit malfunctions (Figure 6).

#### **Oil-Pressure-Warning Light**

The oil-pressure-warning light (Figure 6) glows when the oil pressure in engine drops below a safe level. If low oil pressure ever occurs, shut off the engine and determine the cause. Repair the damage before starting the engine again.

#### **Fuel Gauge**

The fuel gauge (Figure 7) indicates the amount of fuel remaining in the fuel tank.

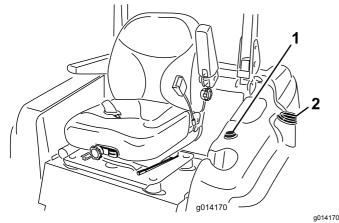


Figure 7

- 1. Fuel gauge
- 2. Fuel-tank cap

#### **Cab Controls**

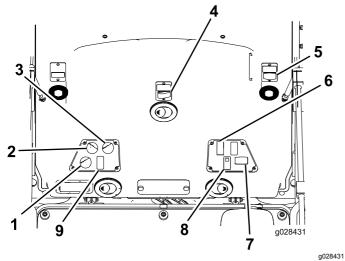


Figure 8

- 1. Air-recirculation control
- 2. Fan control
- 3. Temperature control
- 4. Windshield-wiper switch
- 5. Power outlet
- 6. Lights switch
- 7. Flashers switch
- 8. Air-conditioning switch

#### **Air-Recirculation Control**

Sets the cab to either recirculate the air in the cabin or to draw air into the cabin from outside (Figure 8).

- Set it to recirculate the air when using the air-conditioning.
- Set it to draw air in when using the heater or fan.

#### **Fan-Control Knob**

Rotate the fan-control knob to regulate the speed of the fan (Figure 8).

#### **Temperature-Control-Knob**

Rotate the temperature-control knob to regulate the air temperature in the cab (Figure 8).

#### Windshield-Wiper Switch

Use this switch to turn the wind shield wipers on or off (Figure 8).

#### **Power Outlet**

Use this 15 A, 12 V DC power outlet to power compatible devices (Figure 8).

#### **Lights Switch**

Use this switch to turn the headlights and taillight on or off (Figure 8).

#### **Flashers Switch**

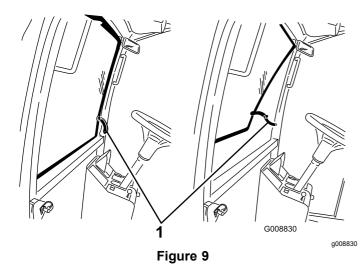
Use this switch to turn the flashers (hazard lights) on or off (Figure 8).

#### **Air-Conditioning Switch**

Use this switch to turn the air conditioning on or off (Figure 8).

#### Windshield Latch

Lift up the latches to open the windshield (Figure 9). Press in the latch to lock the windshield in the open position. Pull out and down on the latch to close and secure the windshield.



1. Windshield latch

#### **Rear Window Latch**

Lift up the latches to open the rear window. Press in the latch to lock the window in the open position. Pull out and down on the latch to close and secure the window (Figure 9).

*Important:* You must close the rear window before opening the hood; otherwise, damage may occur.

#### **Specifications**

**Note:** Specifications and design are subject to change without notice.

| Length                                      | 241.3 cm (95 inches) |
|---|----------------------|
| Width (Rear Wheels)                         | 147.3 cm (58 inches) |
| Height                                      | 221 cm (87 inches)   |
| Weight                                      |                      |
| Machine without a Deck                      | 1,361 kg (3,000 lb)  |
| Machine with 72-inch Base Deck              | 1,531 kg (3,375 lb)  |
| Machine with 72-inch<br>Side-Discharge Deck | 1,571 kg (3,464 lb)  |

#### **Attachments/Accessories**

A selection of Toro approved attachments and accessories is available for use with the machine to enhance and expand its capabilities. Contact your Authorized Service Dealer or Distributor or go to www.Toro.com for a list of all approved attachments and accessories.

#### **Operation**

**Note:** Determine the left and right sides of the machine from the normal operating position.

# **Before Operation Before Operation Safety**

#### **General Safety**

- Never allow children or untrained people to operate or service the machine. Local regulations may restrict the age of the operator. The owner is responsible for training all operators and mechanics.
- Become familiar with the safe operation of the equipment, operator controls, and safety signs.
   Know how to stop the machine and engine quickly.
- Check that all safety devices are attached and functioning properly. This includes, but is not limited to, operator-presence controls; safety switches and shields; the rollover protection system (ROPS); attachments; and brakes. Do not operate the machine unless all safety devices are in position and functioning as intended by the manufacturer.
- Always inspect the machine to ensure that the blades, blade bolts, and cutting assembly are not worn or damaged. Replace worn or damaged blades and bolts in sets to preserve balance.
- Inspect the area where you will use the machine and remove all objects that the machine could potentially throw.
- Evaluate the terrain to determine the appropriate equipment and any attachments or accessories required to operate the machine properly and safely.

#### **Fuel Safety**

#### **A** DANGER

In certain conditions, fuel is extremely flammable and highly explosive. A fire or explosion from fuel can burn you and others and can damage property.

- Fill the fuel tank outdoors, in an open area, when the engine is cold. Wipe up any fuel that spills.
- Never fill the fuel tank inside an enclosed trailer.
- Never smoke when handling fuel, and stay away from an open flame or where fuel fumes may be ignited by a spark.
- Store fuel in an approved container and keep it out of the reach of children. Never buy more than a 180-day supply of fuel.
- Do not operate the machine without the entire exhaust system in place and in proper working condition.

#### **A WARNING**

Fuel is harmful or fatal if swallowed. Long-term exposure to vapors can cause serious injury and illness.

- Avoid prolonged breathing of vapors.
- Keep your hands and face away from the nozzle and the fuel-tank opening.
- Keep fuel away from your eyes and skin.
- Use only an approved fuel container.
- Never remove the fuel cap or add fuel to the fuel tank while the engine is running.
- Never fill containers inside a vehicle or on a truck or trailer bed with a plastic liner. Always place containers on the ground and away from your vehicle before filling.
- Remove the equipment from the truck or trailer and add fuel to it while it is on the ground. If this is not possible, then add fuel using a portable container rather than from a fuel-dispenser nozzle.
- Keep the fuel-dispenser nozzle in contact with the rim of the fuel tank or container opening at all times until fueling is complete. Do not use a nozzle lock-open device.
- If you spill fuel on your clothing, change your clothing immediately.
- Fill the fuel tank until the fuel level is 25 mm (1 inch) below the bottom of the filler neck. Do not

overfill the fuel tank. Replace the fuel-tank cap and tighten it securely.

#### Filling the Fuel Tank

#### **Recommended Fuel**

Use only clean, fresh diesel fuel or biodiesel fuels with low (<500 ppm) or ultra low (<15 ppm) sulfur content. The minimum cetane rating should be 40. Purchase fuel in quantities that you can use within 180 days to ensure that the fuel is fresh.

Fuel Tank Capacity: 51 L (13.5 US gallons)

Use summer-grade diesel fuel (No. 2-D) at temperatures above -7°C (20°F) and winter grade (No. 1-D or No. 1-D/2-D blend) below that temperature. Using winter-grade fuel at lower temperatures provide a lower flash point and cold-flow characteristics, which eases starting and reduces plugging of the fuel filter.

Using summer-grade fuel above -7°C (20°F) contributes toward longer life of the fuel pump and increased power compared to winter-grade fuel.

Important: Do not use kerosene or gasoline instead of diesel fuel. Failing to observe this caution will damage the engine.

#### **Biodiesel Ready**

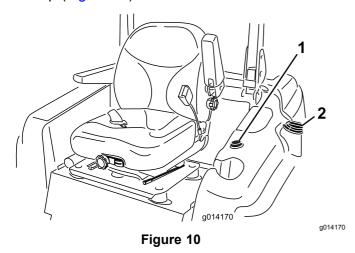
This machine can also use a biodiesel blended fuel of up to B20 (20% biodiesel, 80% petrodiesel). The petrodiesel portion should be ultra-low sulfur. Observe the following precautions:

- The biodiesel portion of the fuel must meet specification ASTM D6751 or EN14214.
- The blended fuel composition should meet ASTM D975 or EN590.
- Biodiesel blends may damage painted surfaces.
- Use B5 (biodiesel content of 5%) or lesser blends in cold weather.
- Check all seals, hoses, and gaskets in contact with fuel as they may degrade over time.
- Espect the fuel filter to plug up for a time after converting to biodiesel-blended fuel.
- Contact your distributor for more information on biodiesel fuel.

**Note:** If possible, fill the fuel tank after each use. This minimizes possible buildup of condensation inside the fuel tank.

1. Park the machine on a level surface.

- 2. Shut off the engine and set the parking brake.
- Clean around the fuel-tank cap and remove the cap (Figure 10).



- Fuel gauge
- 2. Fuel-tank cap

#### Important: Do not open the fuel tank when parked on a hill. The fuel could spill out.

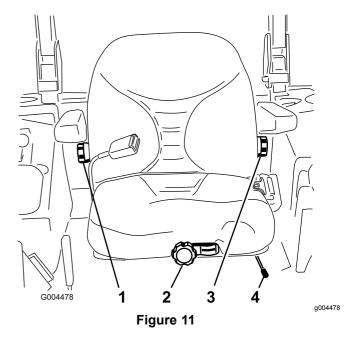
- 4. Add fuel to the fuel tank until the level is even with the bottom of the filler neck. Do not overfill the fuel tank.
- 5. Install the fuel-tank cap and secure. Wipe up any spilled fuel.

#### Positioning the Standard Seat

#### **Changing the Seat Position**

The seat can move forward and backward. Position the seat where you have the best control of the machine and are most comfortable.

To adjust the seat, move the lever sideways to unlock the seat (Figure 11).



- Backrest knob
- Lumbar-support-adjustment
- Seat-suspension knob
- Seat-position-adjustment lever
- Slide the seat to the desired position and release the lever to lock the seat in position.
- Verify that the seat has locked into place by attempting to move it back and forth.

#### **Changing the Seat Suspension**

You can adjust the seat to provide a smooth and comfortable ride. Position the seat where you are most comfortable.

Without sitting on the seat, turn the knob in front in either direction to provide the best comfort (Figure 11).

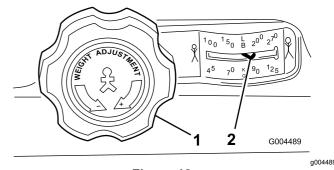


Figure 12

- 1. Seat-suspension knob
- Operator-weight setting

#### **Changing the Back Position**

You can adjust the back of the seat to provide a comfortable ride. Position the back of the seat where it is most comfortable.

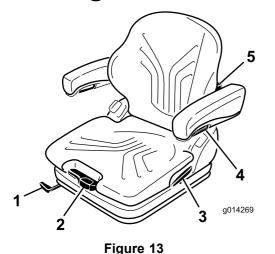
To adjust the back of the seat, turn the knob, located under the right-side armrest, in either direction to provide the best comfort (Figure 11).

#### **Changing the Lumbar Support**

You can adjust the back of the seat to provide a customized lumbar support for your lower back.

To adjust the back of the seat, turn the knob, under the left-side armrest, in either direction to provide the best comfort (Figure 11).

#### **Positioning the Deluxe Seat**



- Forward-/Rearward-adjustment Armrest-adjustment knob lever
- 2. Weight-adjustment lever
- Lumbar-support-adjusting knob

a014269

3. Backrest-locking lever

#### **Changing the Weight Adjustment**

You can adjust the seat to provide a smooth and comfortable ride.

Important: To adjust the seat for your weight, you must sit in the seat and move the key to the ON position.

Adjust the seat for your weight by pulling or pressing the weight-adjustment lever (Figure 13).

Your weight is adjusted correctly when the arrow is in the middle clear area of the viewing window.

Within this viewing area, you can adjust the seat to minimize the spring movement.

When you have set the minimum/maximum weight adjustment, you can hear it reaching the upper or lower end stop.

Important: To prevent injury to you or damage to the machine, check the setting for your weight and the seat and adjusted it before you operate the machine.

**Note:** To avoid damaging the compressor during the weight adjustment, do not operate the compressor longer than 1 minute.

#### **Changing the Seat Position**

The seat can move forward and backward. Position the seat where you have the best control of the machine and are most comfortable.

- 1. Lift the lever to unlock the seat (Figure 13).
- 2. Slide the seat to the desired position and release lever to lock it into position.
- 3. Verify that the seat has locked into place by attempting to move it back and forth.

**Note:** Do not operate the locking lever while operating the machine.

#### **Changing the Lumbar Support**

The lumbar support increases both your seating comfort and performance.

You can adjust the back of the seat to provide a customized lumbar support for your lower back.

By turning the adjustment knob upward, you can adjust the curvature in the upper part of the backrest cushion. By turning the knob downwards you can adjust the curvature in the lower part of the backrest cushion (Figure 13).

0 = No curvature

1 = Maximum curvature at the top

2 = Maximum curvature at the bottom

#### **Adjusting the Armrests**

You can fold back the armrests and adjust the height individually.

To adjust the armrests for height, separate the round cap (Figure 13) from the cover, loosen the hexagon nut (13 mm) behind it, adjust the armrests to the desired position, and tighten the nut. Replace the cap onto the nut.

Do not install the armrest in the lowest position, as the seat belt roller might not function properly.

#### **Changing the Armrest Angle**

You can adjust the angle of the armrests for your comfort.

To adjust the angle of the armrests, turn the adjustment knob (Figure 13).

Turning the knob to the outside (+) raises the front part of the armrest; turning the knob to the inside (-) lowers it.

#### **Changing the Backrest Position**

You can adjust the back of the seat to provide a more comfortable ride. Position the back of the seat where it is most comfortable.

Pull up the locking lever to release the backrest catch (Figure 13). When releasing the backrest catch, do not apply load to the backrest by pressing against it.

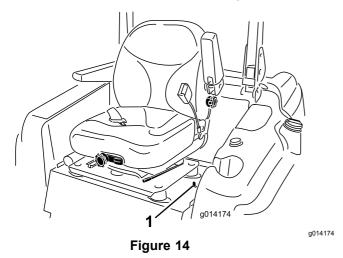
By exerting pressure on or off the front or rear of the seat, you can move the seat to the desired position. Release the locking lever to lock the backrest.

**Note:** The backrest should not be able to move the into another position after you have locked it.

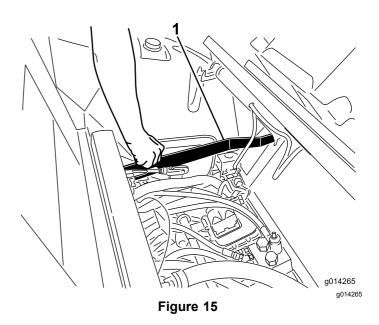
## Raising and Lowering the Seat

To access the hydraulic and other systems under the seat, you must unlatch the seat and swing it forward.

1. Move the seat latch, located on the left side of the seat, rearward to unlatch the seat and pull forward on the top of the seat (Figure 14).



- 1. Seat latch
- 2. To lower the seat, pull up the seat-latch-release bar and lower the seat into the locked position.



1. Seat-latch-release bar

## **During Operation**During Operation Safety

#### **General Safety**

- The owner/user can prevent and is responsible for accidents that may cause injuries to himself/herself and others and for damage to property.
- Wear appropriate clothing, including eye protection; slip-resistant, substantial footwear; and hearing protection. Wearing safety shoes and long pants is advisable and required by some local ordinances and insurance regulations. Tie back long hair, secure loose clothing, and do not wear jewelry.
- Ensure that all drives are in the NEUTRAL position, the parking brake is engaged, and you are in the operating position before you start the engine.
- Keep all body parts, including hands and feet, away from all moving parts.
- Do not operate the machine while ill, tired, or under the influence of alcohol or drugs.
- Keep the direction of the mower discharge away from people and pets.
- Do not mow in reverse unless it is absolutely necessary. If you must mow in reverse, look behind and down for small children before and while moving the machine in reverse. Stay alert and stop the machine if a child enters the area.
- Use extreme care when approaching blind corners, shrubs, trees, or other objects that may block your view.

- Do not mow near drop-offs, ditches, or embankments. The machine could suddenly roll over if a wheel goes over the edge or if the edge caves in.
- Never carry passengers on the machine.
- Operate the machine only in good visibility and appropriate weather conditions. Do not operate the machine when there is the risk of lighting.
- Do not mow on wet grass. Reduced traction could cause the machine to slide.
- Never raise the mower deck with the blades running.
- Stop the machine and inspect the blades after striking an object or if there is an abnormal vibration in the machine. Make all necessary repairs before resuming operation.
- Stop the blades whenever you are not mowing, especially while crossing loose terrain such as gravel.
- Slow down and use caution when making turns and crossing roads and sidewalks with the machine. Always yield the right-of-way.
- Turn on the flashing warning lights on the machine whenever you travel on a public road, except where such use is prohibited by law.
- Disengage the drive to the attachment and shut off the engine before adding fuel and adjusting the height of cut.
- Reduce the throttle setting before stopping the engine and, if the engine has a fuel-shutoff valve, shut off the fuel when you have finished operating the machine.
- Never run an engine in an area where exhaust gases are enclosed.
- Never leave a running engine unattended.
- Before leaving the operating position, do the following:
  - Stop the machine on level ground.
  - Disengage the power take-off and lower the attachments.
  - Set the parking brake.
  - Shut off the engine and remove the key.
  - Wait for all moving parts to stop.
- Do not change the governor settings on or overspeed the engine. Operating the engine at excessive speed may increase the potential for personal injury.
- Do not use the machine as a towing vehicle.
- Use accessories and attachments approved by The Toro® Company only.

## Rollover Protection System (ROPS) Safety

- Do not remove the ROPS from the machine.
- Ensure that the seat belt is attached and that you can release it quickly in an emergency.
- Check carefully for overhead obstructions and do not contact them.
- Keep the ROPS in safe operating condition by thoroughly inspecting it periodically for damage and keeping all the mounting fasteners tight.
- Replace a damaged ROPS. Do not repair or alter it

#### **Machines with Cabs**

- The ROPS is an integral and effective safety device.
- A cab installed by Toro is a roll bar.
- · Always wear your seat belt.

#### **Slope Safety**

- Slow down the machine and use extra care on hillsides. Travel in the recommended direction on hillsides. Turf conditions can affect the stability of the machine.
- Avoid starting, stopping, or turning the machine on a slope. If the tires lose traction, disengage the blade(s) and proceed slowly straight down the slope.
- Do not turn the machine sharply. Use care when reversing the machine.
- When operating the machine on a slope, always keep all cutting units lowered.
- Avoid turning the machine on slopes. If you must turn, turn slowly and gradually downhill, if possible.
- Use extra care while operating the machine with attachments; they can affect the stability of the machine.

#### **Think Safety First**

Please read all safety instructions and symbols in the safety section. Knowing this information could help you or bystanders avoid injury.

#### **A** CAUTION

This machine produces sound levels in excess of 85 dBA at the operator's ear and can cause hearing loss through extended periods of exposure.

Wear hearing protection when operating this machine.



Figure 16

- Warning— wear eye protection.
- 2. Warning— wear hearing protection

## Starting and Shutting off the Engine

#### Starting the Engine

- 1. Raise the roll bar up and lock it into place, sit on the seat, and fasten the seat belt.
- 2. Ensure that the traction pedal is in the NEUTRAL position.
- 3. Set the parking brake.
- 4. Move the power-takeoff (PTO) switch to the OFF position (Figure 17).

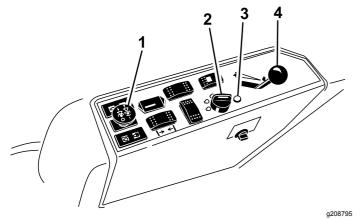


Figure 17

- Power-takeoff switch (PTO)
- Glow-plug light
- 2. Ignition switch
- Throttle lever
- 5. Move the throttle lever midway between the FAST and SLOW positions (Figure 17).
- 6. Turn the key clockwise to the Run position (Figure 18).

The glow-plug-indicator light should turn on for 6 seconds.

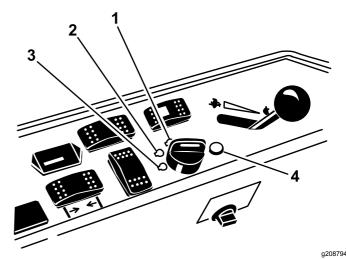


Figure 18

- Start
- 2. Run/glow plug
- 3. Off
- 4. Glow-plug-indicator light
- 7. After the glow-plug-indicator light turns off, turn the key to the START position. When the engine starts, release the key.

Important: Use starting cycles of no more than 15 seconds per minute to avoid overheating the starter motor.

**Note:** You may need to repeat this procedure when starting the engine for the first time after adding fuel to an empty fuel system.

Leave the throttle midway between the SLOW and FAST positions until the engine and the hydraulic system warm up.

Important: When you start the engine for the first time, change the engine oil, or overhaul the engine, transmission, or wheel motor, operate the machine with the throttle lever in the SLow position in both the forward and reverse directions for 1 to 2 minutes. Also, operate the lift lever and PTO lever to ensure that all parts are operating properly. Then shut off the engine and check the fluid levels, check for oil leaks, loose parts, and any other problems.

#### **Shutting off the Engine**

- Disengage the PTO, ensure that the traction pedal is in the NEUTRAL position, set the parking brake, and move the throttle lever to the SLOW position.
- 2. Let the engine idle for 60 seconds.
- 3. Turn the key to the OFF position (Figure 18). Wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- 4. Remove the key before transporting or storing the machine.

Important: Make sure to remove the key, as the fuel pump or accessories may run and cause the battery to lose charge.

#### **Driving the Machine**

The throttle control regulates the engine speed as measured in rpm (revolutions per minute). Place the throttle control in the FAST position for best performance. Always operate the throttle in the FAST position when mowing.

#### **Stopping the Machine**

To stop the machine, release the traction pedal to the NEUTRAL position.

Set the parking brake whenever you leave the machine. Remove the key from the ignition switch.

## The Safety-Interlock System

#### **A** CAUTION

If the safety-interlock switches are disconnected or damaged, the machine could operate unexpectedly, causing personal injury.

- Do not tamper with the interlock switches.
- Check the operation of the interlock switches daily and replace any damaged switches before operating the machine.

## **Understanding the Safety Interlock System**

The safety-interlock system is designed to prevent the engine from starting unless the following occurs:

- You are sitting on the seat or the parking brake is engaged.
- The power takeoff (PTO) is disengaged.
- The traction pedal is in the NEUTRAL position
- The engine temperature is below the maximum operating temperature.

The safety-interlock system is also designed to shut off the engine when you move the traction pedal from the NEUTRAL position with the parking brake engaged. If you rise from the seat when the PTO is engaged there is a 1-second delay and then the engine shuts off.

## **Testing the Safety-Interlock System**

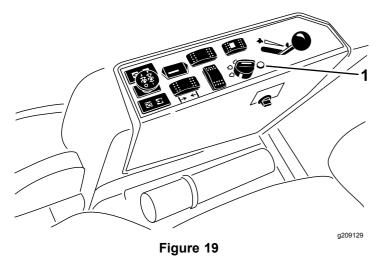
Service Interval: Before each use or daily

If the safety system does not operate as described below, have an Authorized Service Dealer repair the system immediately.

- 1. Sit on the seat, engage the parking brake, and move the PTO to the ON position. Try starting the engine: The engine should not start.
- Sit on the seat, engage the parking brake, move the PTO to the OFF position, and engage the traction pedal. Try starting the engine: The engine should not start.
- 3. Sit on the seat, engage the parking brake, move the PTO switch to the OFF position, and allow the traction pedal to return to the NEUTRAL position. Start the engine. While the engine is running, release the parking brake, engage the PTO and rise slightly from the seat: The engine should stop within 2 seconds.
- 4. With an empty seat, engage the parking brake, move the PTO switch to the OFF position and move the traction pedal to the NEUTRAL position. Start the engine. While the engine is running, engage the traction pedal; the engine should stop within 2 seconds.
- 5. With an empty seat, disengage the parking brake, move the PTO switch to the OFF position, and allow the traction pedal to return to the NEUTRAL position. Try starting the engine: The engine should not start.

#### Understanding the Diagnostic Light

The machine comes with a diagnostic light that indicates if the electronic controller senses an electronic malfunction. The diagnostic light is located on the control panel (Figure 19). When the electronic controller is functioning correctly and the key switch is moved to the ON position, the controller diagnostic light will turn on for 3 seconds and turn off to indicate that the light is working properly. If the engine shuts off, the light will turn on steady until you change the key position. The light blinks if the controller detects a malfunction in the electrical system. The light stops blinking and automatically resets when you turn the key switch to the OFF position when the fault has been resolved.



1. Diagnostic light

When the controller diagnostic light blinks, 1 of the following problems has been detected by the controller:

- An output has been shorted.
- An output has an open circuit.

Use the diagnostic display to determine which output is malfunctioning; refer to Checking the Interlock Switches (page 23).

If the diagnostic light does not come on when the key switch is in the ON position, this indicates that the electronic controller is not operating. Possible causes are as follows:

- The light is burned out.
- The fuses are blown.
- The electronic controller is not functioning correctly.

Check the electrical connections, input fuses, and diagnostic light bulb to determine the malfunction. Ensure that the loop-back connector is secured to the wire-harness connector.

#### **Diagnostic Ace Display**

The machine comes with an electronic controller which controls most of the machine functions. The controller determines what function is required for various input switches (e.g., seat switch and key switch) and turns on the outputs to actuate solenoids or relays for the requested machine function.

For the electronic controller to control the machine as desired, each of the input switches, output solenoids, and relays must be connected and functioning properly.

Use the Diagnostic ACE display tool and overlay to help verify and correct electrical functions of the machine. Contact your Toro Distributor for assistance.

## Checking the Interlock Switches

The interlock switches prevent the engine from cranking or starting unless the traction pedal is in the NEUTRAL position and the PTO is disengaged. The engine should stop when you press the traction pedal when you are not sitting on the seat or if the parking brake is engaged.

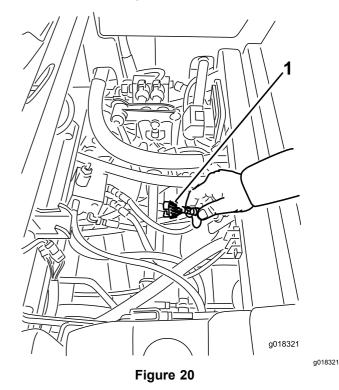
#### **A** CAUTION

If safety interlock switches are disconnected or damaged, the machine could operate unexpectedly, causing personal injury.

- · Do not tamper with the interlock switches.
- Check the operation of the interlock switches daily and replace any damaged switches before operating the machine.

## Verifying the Interlock Switch Function

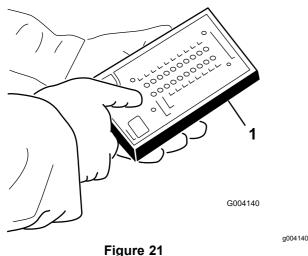
- 1. Park the machine on a level surface, lower the attachment, shut off the engine, and engage the parking brake.
- 2. Raise the seat.
- 3. Locate the wire harness and connectors near the controller (Figure 20).



1. Wire harness and connectors

 Connect the Diagnostic ACE display tool connector to the diagnostic connector (Figure 21).

**Note:** Ensure that the correct overlay decal is positioned on the Diagnostic ACE display.



- .

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- 1. Diagnostic ACE
- Turn the key switch to the ON position, but do not start the engine.

**Note:** The red text on the overlay decal refers to input switches and the green text refers to outputs.

6. The "inputs displayed" LED, on the lower right column of the Diagnostic ACE, should be illuminated. If the "outputs displayed" LED is illuminated, press the toggle button on the Diagnostic ACE to change it to "inputs displayed."

The Diagnostic ACE will illuminate the LED associated with each of the inputs when you close that input switch.

- 7. Individually change each of the switches from open to closed (i.e., sit on seat, engage the traction pedal, etc.), and note that the appropriate LED on Diagnostic ACE blinks on and off when you close the corresponding switch. Repeat this for all switches that you can change manually.
- 8. If a switch is closed and the appropriate LED does not turn on, check all wiring and connections to the switch and/or check the switch with an ohm meter. Replace all switches and repair wiring that are not functioning.

**Note:** The Diagnostic ACE also has the ability to detect which output solenoids or relays are turned on. This is a quick way to determine the source of the malfunction.

#### **Verifying the Output Function**

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface, lower the attachment, shut off the engine, and engage the parking brake.
- 2. Raise the seat.
- 3. Locate wire harness and connectors near the controller.
- 4. Carefully unplug the loopback connector from the harness connector.
- Connect the Diagnostic ACE connector to the appropriate harness connector. If the machine comes with a front attachment, it will have 2 controllers.

**Note:** Ensure that the correct overlay decal is positioned on the Diagnostic ACE.

6. Turn the key switch to the ON position, but do not start the engine.

**Note:** The red text on the overlay decal refers to input switches and the green text refers to outputs.

 The "inputs displayed" LED, on the lower right column of the Diagnostic ACE, should be illuminated. If the "outputs displayed" LED is illuminated, press the toggle button on the Diagnostic ACE to change it to "inputs displayed."

**Note:** You may need to toggle between "inputs displayed" and "outputs displayed" several times to do the following step. To toggle back and forth, press the toggle button once. Do this as often as necessary; do not hold the button.

8. Sit on the seat and attempt to operate the desired function of the machine. The appropriate output LEDs should illuminate to indicate that the ECM is turning on that function.

**Note:** If the correct output LEDs do not illuminate, verify that the required input switches are in the necessary positions to allow that function to occur. Verify the correct switch function.

If the output LEDs are on as specified but the machine does not function properly, this indicates a non-electrical problem; repair as needed.

**Note:** If each output switch is in the correct position and functioning correctly but the output LEDs are not correctly illuminated, this indicates an ECM problem. If this occurs, contact your Toro Distributor for assistance.

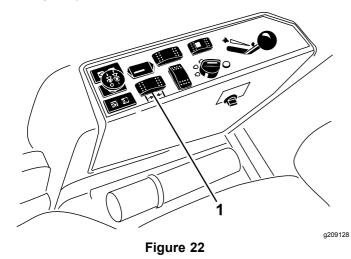
Important: Do not leave the Diagnostic ACE display connected to the machine. It is not

designed to withstand the environment of the everyday use of the machine. After using the Diagnostic ACE, disconnect it from the machine and connect the loop-back connector to the wire-harness connector. The machine cannot operate without the loopback connector installed on the wire harness. Store the Diagnostic ACE in dry, secure location in the shop, not on the machine.

# Operating a Mower Deck or Attachment Optional

## Raising and Lowering the Mower/Attachment

The deck-lift switch raises and lowers the mower deck/attachment (Figure 22). The engine must be running for you to use this switch.



- 1. Deck-lift switch
- To lower the mower deck/attachment, push the switch forward.
- To raise the mover deck/attachment, push the switch rearward.

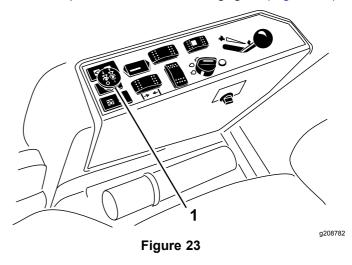
Important: Do not continue to hold the switch back after the mower/attachment is fully raised. Doing so will damage the hydraulic system.

**Note:** To lock the mower deck/attachment in the raised position, raise the deck past the 15 cm (6 inch) position, remove the height-of-cut stop pin and insert the pin into the 15 cm (6 inch) height-of-cut position (Figure 24).

#### **Engaging the Power Takeoff (PTO)**

The power-takeoff (PTO) switch starts and stops the mower blades and some powered attachments.

- 1. If the engine is cold, allow the engine to warm up 5 to 10 minutes before engaging the PTO.
- While seated in the seat, ensure that the traction pedal is in the NEUTRAL position and that the engine is at full throttle.
- 3. Pull up the PTO switch to engage it (Figure 23).



1. PTO switch

#### **Disengaging the PTO**

To disengage, push the PTO switch to the OFF position.

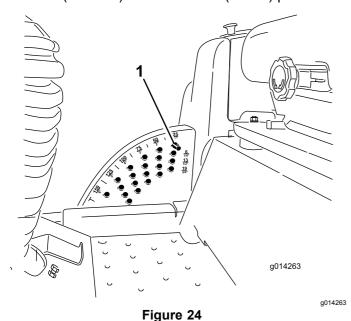
#### **Adjusting the Height-of-Cut**

The height-of-cut is adjusted from 2.5 to 15.8 cm (1 to 6 inches) in 6 mm (1/4 inch) increments by relocating the stop pin into different hole locations.

- 1. With the engine running, push back the deck-lift switch until the mower deck is fully raised and release the switch immediately (Figure 24).
- 2. Rotate the stop pin until the nub on it lines up with the slots in the holes in the height-of-cut bracket and remove it (Figure 24).
- Select a hole in the height-of-cut bracket corresponding to the height-of-cut desired, insert the pin, and rotate it down to lock it in place (Figure 24).

**Note:** There are 4 rows of hole positions (Figure 24). The top row gives you the height of cut listed above the pin. The second row down gives you the height listed plus 6 mm (1/4 inch). The third row down gives you the height listed plus 12 mm (1/2 inch). The bottom row gives you the height listed plus 18 mm (3/4 inch). For the

15.8 cm (6 inch) position, there is only 1 hole, located in the second row. This does not add 6 mm (1/4 inch) to the 15.8 cm (6 inch) position.



- 1. Stop pin
- 4. Adjust the anti-scalp rollers and skids as required.

## Selecting Two- or Four-Wheel Steering

For maximum trimming and minimum turf damage, always operate the machine in 4-wheel steering. However, to transport the machine on roads or trails, you can switch the machine to 2-wheel steering.

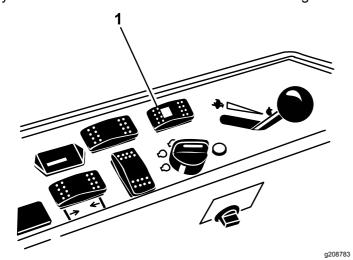


Figure 25

1. Steering-selector switch

## Switching from Four-Wheel Steering to Two-Wheel Steering

Press the steering-selector switch (Figure 25) to the forward position. If the wheels are not aligned in the forward position, the green light flashes and the machine remains in 4-wheel steering until the 4 tires are directed straight ahead. You should turn the steering wheel slowly to straighten out the wheels until the green light ceases to flash and remains on. When the switch light is continuously green, the machine is in 2-wheel steering.

**Note:** Turning the steering wheel too quickly may cause steering misalignment.

## Switching from Two-Wheel Steering to Four-Wheel Steering

Press the steering-selector switch (Figure 25) to the rearward position. If the front wheels are not aligned in the forward position, the green light flashes and the machine remains in 2-wheel steering until the 4 tires are directed straight ahead. You should turn the steering wheel slowly to straighten out the wheels until the green light ceases to flash and remains off. When the switch light is continuously off, the machine is in 4-wheel steering.

**Note:** Turning the steering wheel too quickly may cause steering misalignment.

**Note:** If the steering system is misaligned after repeated 2-wheel steering to 4-wheel steering engagements, refer to Correcting the Steering Misalignment (page 41).

#### **Operating Tips**

## Fast Throttle Setting/Ground Speed

To maintain enough power for the machine and deck while mowing, operate the engine at the FAST throttle position and adjust your ground speed for conditions. Decrease the ground speed as the load on the cutting blades increases; and increase the ground speed as the load on the blades decreases.

#### **Mowing Direction**

Alternate mowing direction to avoid making ruts in the turf over time. This also helps disperse clippings, which enhances decomposition and fertilization.

#### **Cutting Speed**

To improve cut quality, use a slower ground speed.

#### **Avoid Cutting Too Low**

If the cutting width of the mower is wider than the mower you previously used, raise the cutting height to ensure that uneven turf is not cut too short.

## Select the Proper Height-of-Cut Setting to Suit Conditions

Remove approximately 25 mm (1 inch) or no more than 1/3 of the grass blade when cutting. In exceptionally lush and dense grass, you may need to slow down the forward speed and/or raise the height-of-cut to the next higher setting.

Important: If you are cutting more than 1/3 of the grass blade, or are mowing in sparse long grass or dry conditions, use the flat sail of the blades to reduce air-borne chaff, debris, and strain on the deck-drive components.

#### **Long Grass**

If you allow the grass to grow slightly longer than normal, or if it contains a high degree of moisture, raise the cutting height higher than usual and cut the grass at this setting. Then cut the grass again using the lower, normal setting.

#### **Keep the Mower Clean**

Clean clippings and dirt from the underside of the mower after each use. If grass and dirt build up inside the mower, cutting quality will eventually become unsatisfactory.

To reduce the risk of fire hazard, keep the engine, muffler, battery compartment, parking brake, cutting units, and fuel storage compartment free of grass, leaves, or excessive grease. Clean up any spilled oil or fuel.

#### **Blade Maintenance**

Maintain a sharp blade throughout the cutting season, because a sharp blade cuts cleanly without tearing or shredding the grass blades. Tearing and shredding turns grass brown at the edges, which slows growth and increases the chance of disease. Check the blades daily for sharpness and for any wear or damage. Sharpen the blades as necessary. If a blade is damaged or worn, replace it immediately with a genuine Toro replacement blade. Refer to Blade Maintenance (page 27).

#### After Operation

#### **After Operation Safety**

#### **General Safety**

- Clean grass and debris from the cutting units, drives, mufflers, and engine to help prevent fires. Clean up oil or fuel spills.
- Shut off the fuel while storing or transporting the machine.
- Disengage the drive to the attachment whenever you are transporting or not using the machine.
- Use full-width ramps for loading the machine into a trailer or truck. Do not exceed a 15° angle between the ramp and the trailer or truck.
- Tie the machine down securely using straps, chains, cable, or ropes. Both front and rear straps should be directed down and outward from the machine.
- Allow the engine to cool before storing the machine in any enclosure.
- Never store the machine or fuel container where there is an open flame, spark, or pilot light, such as on a water heater or on other appliances.

#### **Towing Safety**

- Tow only with a machine that has a hitch designed for towing. Do not attach towed equipment except at the hitch point.
- Follow the manufacturer's recommendation for weight limits for towed equipment and towing on slopes. On slopes, the weight of the towed equipment may cause loss of traction and loss of control.
- Never allow children or others in or on towed equipment.
- Travel slowly and allow extra distance to stop when towing.

## Pushing the Machine by Hand

If the machine stalls or runs out of fuel, you may need to push it. You must first open both of the hydraulic bypass valves.

Important: Always push the machine by hand and never a long distance. Never tow the machine, because damage to the hydraulic system may occur.

#### **Pushing the Machine**

- 1. Disengage the power takeoff (PTO), turn the key to off, and apply the parking brake.
- 2. Remove the key from the switch. You must open both bypass valves.
- Lift the seat.
- 4. Rotate each by-pass valve counterclockwise 1 turn (Figure 26).

**Note:** This allows hydraulic fluid to bypass the pump, enabling the wheels to turn.

Important: Do not rotate the bypass valves more than 1 turn. This prevents the valves from coming out of the body and causing fluid to run out.

5. Disengage the parking brake before pushing the machine.

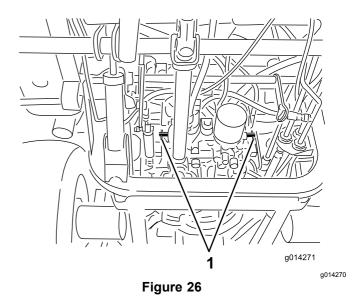
#### **Changing to Machine Operation**

1. Rotate each bypass valve clockwise 1 turn and hand tighten them (Figure 26).

**Note:** Do not over tighten the by-pass valves.

2. Torque the valves approximately 8 N·m (71 in-lb) as shown in Figure 26.

**Note:** The machine does not drive unless the bypass valves are turned in.



1. Bypass valves

#### **Hauling the Machine**

- Use care when loading or unloading the machine into a trailer or a truck.
- Use full-width ramps for loading the machine into a trailer or a truck.
- Tie the machine down securely. Both front and rear straps should be directed down and outward from the machine.

#### **Maintenance**

**Note:** Determine the left and right sides of the machine from the normal operating position.

#### **Recommended Maintenance Schedule(s)**

| Maintenance Service<br>Interval | Maintenance Procedure   |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| After the first 10 hours        | <ul> <li>Check the tension on the alternator belt.</li> <li>Check the belt tension on the air-conditioning compressor.</li> <li>Torque the wheel-lug nuts.</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |
| After the first 50 hours        | Change the engine oil and filter.   |  |  |  |
| After the first 200 hours       | Change the hydraulic fluid and filter.  |  |  |  |
| Before each use or daily        | <ul> <li>Test the safety-interlock system.</li> <li>Check the engine-oil level.</li> <li>Check the engine-coolant level.</li> <li>Clean the radiator with compressed air (do not use water). Clean the radiator more frequently in extremely dusty and dirty conditions.</li> <li>Check the hydraulic fluid level.</li> <li>Clean the attachment.</li> </ul>                                  |  |  |  |
| Every 50 hours                  | <ul> <li>Grease the bearing and bushing grease fittings. Grease the bearing and bushing grease fittings more frequently in extremely dusty and dirty conditions.</li> <li>Check the battery cable connections.</li> <li>Check the tire pressure.</li> <li>Clean the air-conditioning coil. Clean the air-conditioning coil more frequently in extremely dusty or dirty conditions.</li> </ul> |  |  |  |
| Every 100 hours                 | <ul><li>Check the tension on the alternator belt.</li><li>Check the belt tension on the air-conditioning compressor.</li></ul>  |  |  |  |
| Every 150 hours                 | Change the engine oil and filter.   |  |  |  |
| Every 200 hours                 | <ul> <li>Inspect the cooling-system hoses and seals. Replace them if they are cracked or torn.</li> <li>Torque the wheel-lug nuts.</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |
| Every 250 hours                 | Clean the cab air filters. Replace the cab air filters if they are torn or excessively dirty.   |  |  |  |
| Every 400 hours                 | <ul> <li>Service the air cleaner. (Service the air cleaner earlier if the air-cleaner indicator shows red. Service it more frequently in extremely dirty or dusty conditions.)</li> <li>Replace the fuel filter canister.</li> <li>Check the fuel lines and connections.</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |
| Every 800 hours                 | <ul> <li>Change the hydraulic fluid and filter.</li> <li>Inspect the engine-valve clearance. Refer to your engine operator's manual.</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |
| Every 1,500 hours               | Replace any moving hoses.   |  |  |  |
| Every 2 years                   | <ul> <li>Drain and clean the fuel tank.</li> <li>Flush and replace the cooling-system fluid.</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |

*Important:* Refer to your engine operator's manual for additional maintenance procedures. A detailed Service Manual is also available for purchase from your Authorized Toro Distributor.

#### **Daily Maintenance Checklist**

Duplicate this page for routine use.

| Maintenance Check Item  | For the week of |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |
|---|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
|   | Mon             | Tue | Wed | Thu | Fri | Sat | Sun |  |
| Check the Safety-Interlock<br>Operation                       |                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |
| Check the Parking-Brake<br>Operation                          |                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |
| Check the Fuel Level  |                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |
| Check the Hydraulic-Fluid<br>Level                            |                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |
| Check the Engine-Oil Level                                    |                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |
| Check the Cooling-System-<br>Fluid Level                      |                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |
| Check the Drain Water/Fuel<br>Separator                       |                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |
| Check the<br>Air-Filter-Restriction<br>Indicator <sup>3</sup> |                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |
| Check the Radiator and Screen for Debris                      |                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |
| Check for Unusual Engine<br>Noises¹                           |                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |
| Check for Unusual Operating<br>Noises                         |                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |
| Check the Hydraulic Hoses for Damage                          |                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |
| Check for Fluid Leaks   |                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |
| Check the Tire Pressure                                       |                 |     |     | _   |     |     |     |  |
| Check the Instrument<br>Operation                             |                 |     |     |     |     |     | _   |  |
| Lubricate All Grease Fittings <sup>2</sup>                    |                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |
| Touch up Damaged Paint  |                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |

- 1. Check the glow plug and injector nozzles if the engine starts hard or runs rough or if there is excess smoke
- 2. Immediately after every washing, regardless of the interval listed
- 3. If the indicator shows red

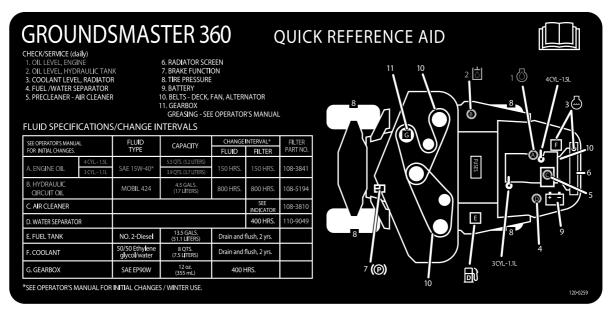
#### **Notation for Areas of Concern**

| Inspection performed by: |      |             |  |  |
|--------------------------|------|-------------|--|--|
| Item                     | Date | Information |  |  |
|                          |      |             |  |  |
|                          |      |             |  |  |
|                          |      |             |  |  |
|                          |      |             |  |  |
|                          |      |             |  |  |

#### **A** CAUTION

If you leave the key in the ignition switch, someone could accidently start the engine and seriously injure you or other bystanders.

Remove the key from the ignition before you do any maintenance.



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Figure 27
Service Interval Chart

## Pre-Maintenance Procedures

#### **Pre-Maintenance Safety**

- Keep all parts of the machine in good working condition and all hardware tightened, especially blade-attachment hardware. Replace all worn or damaged decals.
- Never allow untrained personnel to service the machine.
- Before adjusting, cleaning, or repairing the machine, do the following:
  - 1. Move the machine to level ground.
  - 2. Disengage the drives.
  - 3. Lower the cutting units.
  - 4. Move the traction pedal to the NEUTRAL position.
  - 5. Engage the parking brake.
  - 6. Move the throttle switch to the LOW-IDLE position.
  - 7. Shut off the engine and remove the key.
  - 8. Wait for all moving parts to stop.

- Whenever you park or store the machine, or leave it unattended, lower the cutting units unless you use a positive mechanical lock.
- If possible, do not perform maintenance on the machine while the engine is running. If you must run the engine to perform maintenance on the machine, keep your hands, feet, other body parts, and clothing away from all moving parts, the mower-discharge area, and the underside of the mowers.
- Do not touch parts of the machine or an attachment that may be hot from operation. Allow the parts to cool before attempting to maintain, adjust, or service them.
- Use jack stands to support the machine and/or its components when required.
- Carefully release pressure from components with stored energy.
- If your machine requires major repairs or if you desire assistance, contact an Authorized Toro Distributor.
- Use only genuine Toro replacement parts and accessories. Replacement parts and accessories made by other manufacturers could be dangerous, and such use could void the product warranty.

## **Preparing the Machine for Maintenance**

- Ensure that the PTO is disengaged.
- 2. Park the machine on a level surface.
- 3. Set the parking brake.
- 4. Shut off the engine and wait for all moving parts to stop.
- 5. Turn the key to the STOP position and remove it.
- 6. Allow machine components to cool before performing maintenance.

#### **Using the Hood-Prop Rod**

- 1. Release the hood latches.
- 2. Lift up the hood until you can position the proprod behind the frame tube (Figure 28).
- 3. Lower the hood until the rod is in front of and resting against the frame tube.
- 4. To lower the hood, raise the hood until you can raise the prop rod above the frame tube, then lower the hood.
- 5. Secure the hood latches.

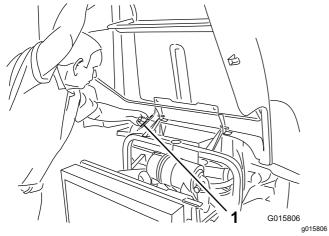


Figure 28

1. Prop rod

#### Lubrication

## **Greasing the Bearings and Bushings**

**Service Interval:** Every 50 hours Grease the bearing and bushing grease fittings more frequently in extremely dusty and dirty conditions.

The machine has grease fittings that you must lubricate regularly with No. 2 lithium grease. Lubricate the grease fittings immediately after every washing, regardless of interval specified.

- 1. Wipe the grease fittings clean so that foreign matter cannot be forced into the bearing or bushing.
- 2. Pump the grease into the fittings.
- 3. Wipe off any excess grease.

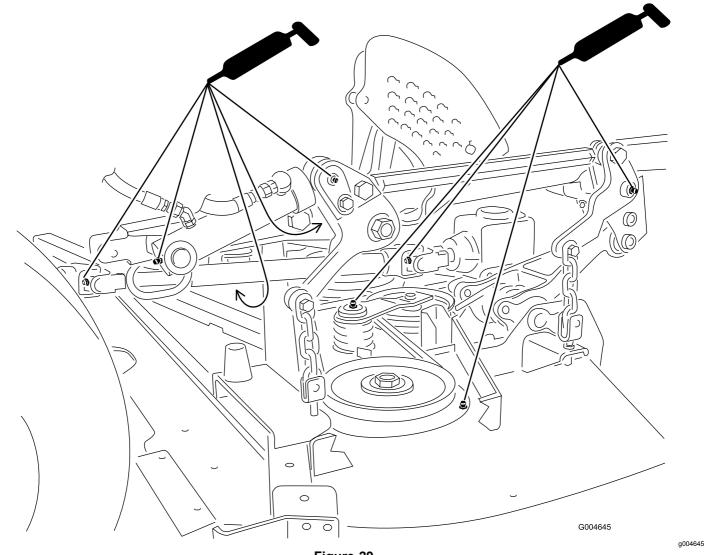


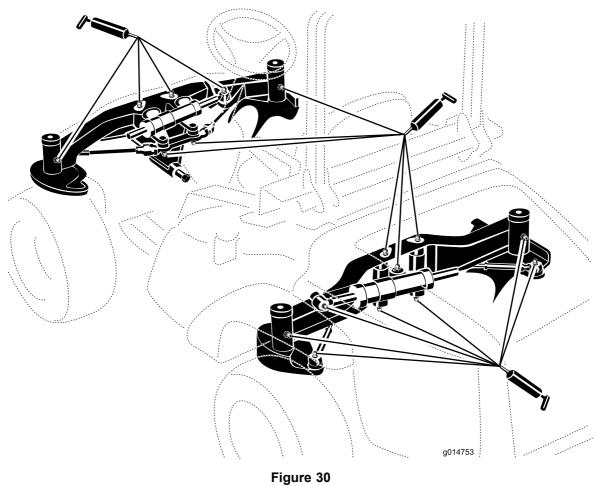
Figure 29
Shown with mower deck installed

**Note:** To access the grease fittings for the rear-steering linkage, remove the storage compartment.

**Note:** Raise the machine off the floor to allow better grease migration through both the upper and

lower king-pin bushings. You should see grease purging out of both the top and the bottom of the axle casting/bushing assembly areas of all 4 kingpin assemblies.

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**Note:** The bearing life can be negatively affected by improper washing procedures. Do not wash the machine when it is still hot and avoid directing high-pressure or high volume spray at the bearings or seals.

#### Engine Maintenance

#### **Engine Safety**

Shut off the engine before checking the oil or adding oil to the crankcase.

#### **Servicing the Air Cleaner**

Service Interval: Every 400 hours

Check the air-cleaner body for damage that could cause an air leak. Replace a damaged air cleaner. Check the whole intake system for leaks, damage, or loose hose clamps.

Service the air-cleaner filter only when the service indicator (Figure 31) requires it. Changing the air filter before it is necessary only increases the chance of dirt entering the engine when you remove the filter.

#### Important: Be sure that the cover is seated correctly and seals with the air-cleaner body.

1. Release the latch securing the air-cleaner cover to the air-cleaner body (Figure 31).

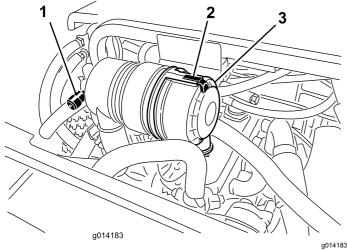


Figure 31

- Air-cleaner-service indicator
- 3. Air-cleaner-cover latch
- 2. Air-cleaner cover
- 2. Remove the cover from the air-cleaner body. Before removing the filter, use clear and dry low-pressure air (276 kPa or 40 psi) to help remove large accumulations of debris packed between outside of the filter and the canister. Avoid using high-pressure air, which could force dirt through the filter into the intake

**Note:** This cleaning process prevents debris from migrating into the intake when you remove the filter.

3. Remove and replace the filter.

Important: Do not clean the used element to prevent damaging the filter media. Inspect the new filter for shipping damage, checking the sealing end of the filter and the body. Do not use a damaged element. Insert the new filter by applying pressure to the outer rim of the element to seat it in the canister. Do not apply pressure to the flexible center of the filter.

- 4. Clean the dirt-ejection port located in the removable cover.
- 5. Remove the rubber outlet valve from the cover, clean the cavity and replace the outlet valve.
- Install the cover orienting the rubber outlet valve in a downward position—approximately between the 5 o'clock to 7 o'clock positions when viewed from the end.
- Secure the latch.

## Checking the Engine-Oil Level

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

The engine is shipped with oil in the crankcase; however, check the oil level before and after you start the engine for the first time.

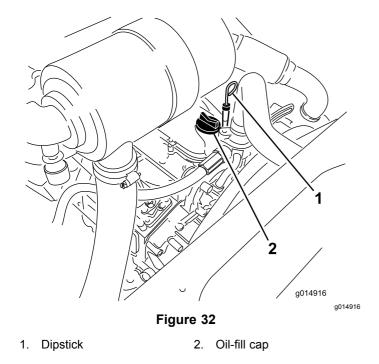
The crankcase capacity is approximately 5.2 L (5.5 US qt) with the filter.

Use high-quality engine oil that meets the following specifications:

- API Classification Level Required: CH-4, CI-4 or higher
- Preferred oil: SAE 15W-40 (above 0°F)
- Alternate oil: SAE 10W-30 or 5W-30 (all temperatures)

Toro Premium Engine Oil is available from your distributor in either 15W-40 or 10W-30 viscosity.

- Perform the pre-maintenance procedure; refer to Preparing the Machine for Maintenance (page 32).
- 2. Open the hood.
- 3. Remove the dipstick, wipe it clean, and install it (Figure 32).



- Remove dipstick and check the oil level on dipstick. The oil level should be up to the FULL mark.
- 5. If the oil level is below the FULL mark, remove the fill cap (Figure 32) and add oil until level reaches the FULL mark on dipstick. **Do not overfill.**

Important: Be sure to keep the engine oil level between the upper and lower limits on the oil gauge. Engine failure may occur as a result of over filling or under filling the engine oil and running the engine.

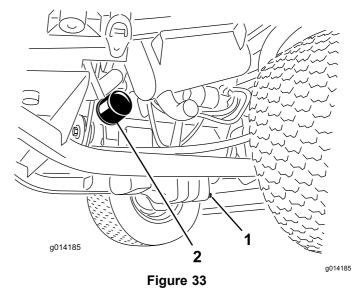
6. Install the oil fill cap and close the hood.

## Changing the Engine Oil and Filter

Service Interval: After the first 50 hours

Every 150 hours

1. Remove the drain plug (Figure 33) and let the oil flow into a drain pan.



- 1. Oil-drain plug
- Oil filter
- 2. When the oil stops, install the drain plug.
- 3. Remove the oil filter (Figure 33).
- Apply a light coat of clean oil to the new filter seal.
- 5. Install the replacement oil filter to the filter adapter. Turn the oil filter clockwise until the rubber gasket contacts the filter adapter, then tighten the filter an additional 1/2 turn.

Important: Do not over-tighten the filter.

6. Add oil to the crankcase; refer to Checking the Engine-Oil Level (page 35).

### **Adjusting the Throttle**

- Move the throttle lever forward to the front of the control panel slot and then move it back approximately 3 mm (1/8 inch) into the FAST idle position.
- Check the position of the speed control lever on the fuel-injection pump. The speed-control lever should contact the high-speed screw when the throttle-control lever is in the FAST (detent) position (Figure 34).

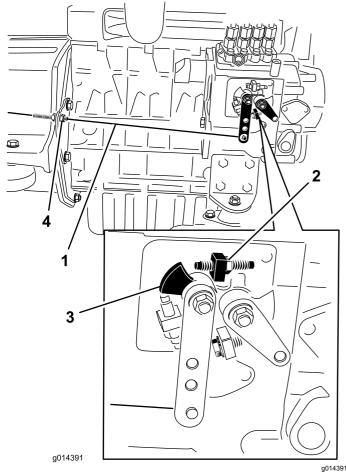


Figure 34

- Throttle cable
- 3. Speed-control lever
- 2. High-speed screw
- 4. Jam nuts
- 3. If necessary, adjust the position of the jam nuts on the throttle-control cable until the speed-control lever contacts the high-speed screw when the throttle-control lever is in the FAST (detent) position (Figure 34).
- Ensure that the cable jam nuts are fully tightened after the adjustment.

## Fuel System Maintenance

**Note:** Refer to Recommended Fuel (page 16) for proper fuel recommendations.

### **A** DANGER

Under certain conditions, diesel fuel and fuel vapors are highly flammable and explosive. A fire or explosion from fuel can burn you and others and can cause property damage.

- Use a funnel and fill the fuel tank outdoors, in an open area, when the engine is off and is cold. Wipe up any fuel that spills.
- Do not fill the fuel tank completely full. Add fuel to the fuel tank until the level is to the bottom of the filler neck.
- Never smoke when handling fuel and stay away from an open flame or where a spark my ignite fuel fumes.
- Store fuel in a clean, safety-approved container and keep the cap in place.

## Servicing the Water Separator

Service Interval: Every 400 hours

Drain the water or other contaminants from the water separator (Figure 35) daily.

- Place a clean container under the fuel filter.
- 2. Loosen the drain plug on the bottom of the filter canister (Figure 35).

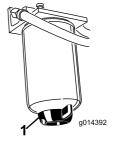


Figure 35

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1. Drain plug

- 3. Clean the area where the filter canister mounts.
- 4. Remove the filter canister and clean the mounting surface.
- 5. Lubricate the gasket on the filter canister with clean oil.

- Install the filter canister by hand until the gasket contacts mounting surface, then rotate it an additional 1/2 turn.
- Tighten the drain plug on the bottom of the filter canister.

### Bleeding the Fuel System

You must bleed the fuel system before starting the engine if any of the following have occurred:

- Initial start up of a new machine
- The engine has ceased running due to lack of fuel.
- Maintenance has been performed upon fuel system components (i.e., filter replaced, separator serviced, etc.)
  - Perform the pre-maintenance procedure; refer to Preparing the Machine for Maintenance (page 32) and ensure that the fuel tank is at least half full.
- Open the hood and secure it with the prop rod. 2.
- Open the air-bleed screw on the fuel-injection pump (Figure 36) with a 12 mm wrench.

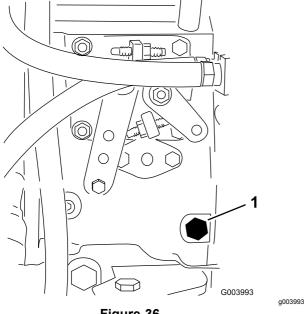


Figure 36

- 1. Bleed screw
- Turn the key in the ignition switch to the ON position. The electric fuel pump will begin operation, thereby forcing air out around the air bleed screw. Leave the key in the ON position until a solid stream of fuel flows out around the
- Tighten the screw and turn the key to the OFF position.

**Note:** The engine should start after you perform this procedure. However, if engine does not start, air may be trapped between injection pump and the injectors; refer to Bleeding Air from the Fuel Injectors (page 38).

## **Bleeding Air from the Fuel Injectors**

**Note:** Use this procedure only if the fuel system has been purged of air through normal priming procedures and the engine does not start; refer to Bleeding the Fuel System (page 38).

Loosen the pipe connection to the No. 1 nozzle and holder assembly (Figure 37).

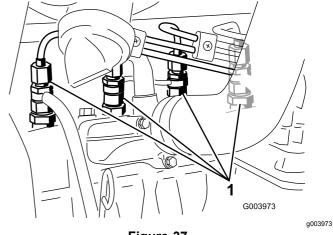


Figure 37

- Fuel injectors
- Turn the key in the key switch to the ON position and watch the fuel flow around the connector. When you observe a solid flow of fuel, turn the key to the OFF position.
- Tighten the pipe connector securely.
- Repeat steps 1 through 3 for the remaining nozzles.

### **Cleaning the Fuel Tank**

Service Interval: Every 2 years

Drain and clean the fuel tank every 2 years. Also, remove and clean the in-line strainers after draining the tank. Use clean diesel fuel to flush out the tank.

Important: Drain and clean the tank if the fuel system becomes contaminated or if you store the machine for an extended period of time.

## **Checking the Fuel Lines** and Connections

Service Interval: Every 400 hours

Inspect the fuel lines for deterioration, damage, chaffing, or loose connections.

## Electrical System Maintenance

### **Electrical System Safety**

- Disconnect the battery before repairing the machine. Disconnect the negative terminal first and the positive last. Connect the positive terminal first and the negative last.
- Battery acid is poisonous and can cause burns.
   Avoid contact with your skin, eyes, and clothing.
   Protect your face, eyes, and clothing when working with a battery.
- Battery gases can explode. Keep cigarettes, sparks, and flames away from the battery.
- Charge the batteries in an open, well-ventilated area, away from sparks and flames. Unplug the charger before connecting or disconnecting the battery. Wear protective clothing and use insulated tools.
- Do not use a pressure washer near any electronic components.

### **WARNING**

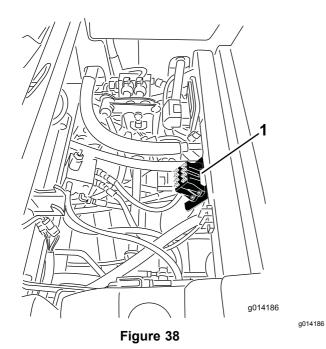
## CALIFORNIA Proposition 65 Warning

Battery posts, terminals, and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling.

### **Checking the Fuses**

If the machine stops or has other electrical-system issues, check the fuses. Grasp each fuse in turn and remove them 1 at a time, checking to see if any are blown. If you need to replace a fuse, always use the same type and amperage rated fuse as the 1 you are replacing; otherwise, you could damage the electrical system (refer to the decal next to the fuses for a diagram of each fuse and its amperage).

The traction-unit fuses are located under the seat (Figure 38).



1. Location of the fuse block

The cab fuses are located in the fuse box on the cab headliner (Figure 39).

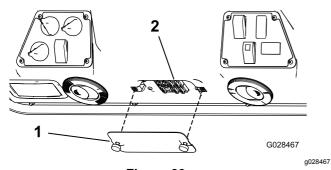


Figure 39

1. Cover

2. Fuses

## **Servicing the Battery**

Service Interval: Every 50 hours

Keep the top of the battery clean. If you store the machine in a location where temperatures are extremely high, the battery will run down more rapidly than if the machine is stored in a location where temperatures are cool.

Keep the top of the battery clean by washing it periodically with a brush dipped in ammonia or bicarbonate of soda solution. Flush the top surface with water after cleaning it. Do not remove the fill caps while cleaning the battery.

The battery cables must be tight on the terminals to provide good electrical contact.

If corrosion occurs at the terminals, disconnect the cables, negative (-) cable first, and scrape the clamps and terminals separately. Connect the cables, positive (+) cable first, and coat the terminals with petroleum jelly.

### **A WARNING**

Battery terminals or metal tools could short against metal machine components, causing sparks. Sparks can cause the battery gasses to explode, resulting in personal injury.

- When removing or installing the battery, do not allow the battery terminals to touch any metal parts of the machine.
- Do not allow metal tools to short between the battery terminals and metal parts of the machine.

### **Storing the Battery**

If you store the machine for more than 30 days, remove the battery and charge it fully. Either store it on a shelf or on the machine. Leave the cables disconnected if you store it on the machine. Store the battery in a cool atmosphere to avoid quick deterioration of the charge in the battery. To prevent the battery from freezing, ensure that it is fully charged. The specific gravity of a fully charged battery is 1.265 to 1.299.

## Drive System Maintenance

### **Checking the Tire Pressure**

Service Interval: Every 50 hours

Maintain the air pressure in the front and rear tires. The front and rear tires should be inflated to 172 kPa (25 psi). Uneven tire pressure can cause an uneven cut. Check the tires when they are cold to get the most accurate pressure reading.

## Correcting the Steering Misalignment

1. Press the steering-selector switch rearward (4-wheels steering) position (Figure 40).

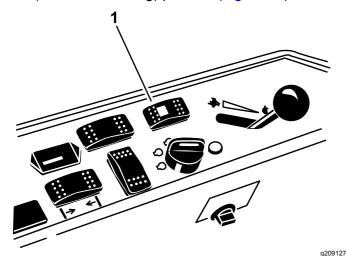


Figure 40

- 1. Steering-selector switch
- On a paved or dirt surface, turn the steering wheel to the left or right and continue turning until all 4 wheels have stopped turning. Automatic synchronization of the wheel alignment should occur.

Important: Performing this procedure on turf could damage the turf damage directly beneath each of the turning tires.

## Cooling System Maintenance

### **Cooling System Safety**

### **A** CAUTION

Discharge of hot, pressurized coolant or touching a hot radiator and surrounding parts can cause severe burns.

- Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Always allow the engine to cool at least 15 minutes or until the radiator cap is cool enough to touch without burning your hand before removing the radiator cap.
- Do not touch the radiator and surrounding parts that are hot.

### **A** DANGER

Swallowing engine coolant can cause poisoning.

- · Do not swallow engine coolant.
- · Keep out of reach from children and pets.

## Checking the Cooling System

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

### **A** DANGER

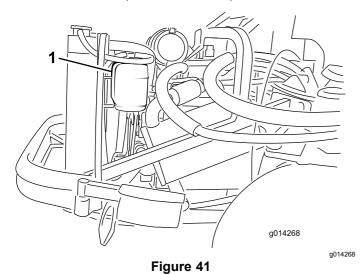
The rotating fan and drive belt can cause personal injury.

- Do not operate the machine without the covers in place.
- Keep your fingers, hands and clothing clear of rotating fan and drive belt.
- Shut off the engine and remove the ignition key before performing maintenance.

The cooling system is filled with a 50/50 solution of water and permanent ethylene glycol anti freeze. Check the level of the coolant in the expansion tank at the beginning of each day before starting the engine. The capacity of the cooling system is 7.5 L (6 US qt).

1. Check the level of the coolant in the expansion tank (Figure 41). The coolant level should be between the marks on the side of the tank.

- If coolant level is low, remove the expansion tank cap and replenish the system. Do not overfill.
- Install the expansion-tank cap.



1. Expansion tank

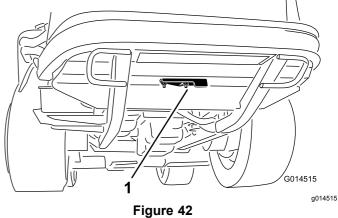
## **Cleaning the Radiator**

Service Interval: Before each use or daily Clean the radiator more frequently in extremely dusty and dirty conditions.

Keep the radiator clean to prevent the engine from overheating.

**Note:** If the attachment or engine shuts off due to overheating, first check the radiator for an excessive buildup of debris.

- Open the hood and secure the prop rod.
- Loosen the flange nut securing the clean-out cover to the underside of the rear frame (Figure 42). Rotate the cover to the side to expose the clean-out hole in the frame.



- 1. Clean-out cover
- Working from the fan side of the radiator, blow out debris with low-pressure (50 psi) compressed air (do not use water). Repeat this step from the front of the radiator, again from the fan side.
- 4. After you have thoroughly cleaned the radiator, remove any debris from the channel at the radiator base and around the frame.
- Clean the engine compartment and the brake linkage.

- Close the clean-out cover and secure the flange nut.
- 7. Close the hood.

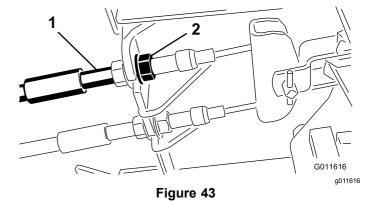
### **Brake Maintenance**

## Adjusting the Service Brakes

Adjust the service brakes when there is more than 25 mm (1 inch) of free travel of the brake pedal, or when the brakes do not work effectively. Free travel is the distance that the brake pedal moves before you feel braking resistance.

**Note:** Use the wheel-motor backlash to rock the drums back and forth to ensure that the drums are free prior to and after adjustment.

1. To reduce free travel of the brake pedals, tighten the brakes by loosening the front nut on the threaded end of the brake cable (Figure 43).



- 1. Brake cables
- 2. Front nuts
- 2. Tighten the rear nut to move the cable backward until brake pedals have 1.27 to 1.9 cm (1/2 to 3/4 inch) of free travel before the wheels lock up.
- 3. Tighten the front nuts, ensuring that both cables actuate the brakes simultaneously.

## Adjusting the Parking Brake

If the parking brake fails to engage, adjust the brake pawl.

1. Loosen the 2 screws securing the parking-brake pawl to the frame (Figure 44).

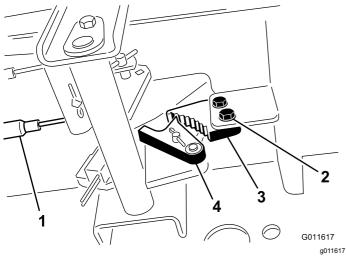


Figure 44

- 1. Brake cables
- 3. Parking-brake pawl
- 2. Screws (2)
- 4. Brake detent
- 2. Press the parking brake pedal forward until the brake detent completely engages on the brake pawl (Figure 44).
- 3. Tighten the 2 screws locking the adjustment.
- Press the brake pedal to release the parking brake.
- 5. Check the adjustment and adjust it as required.

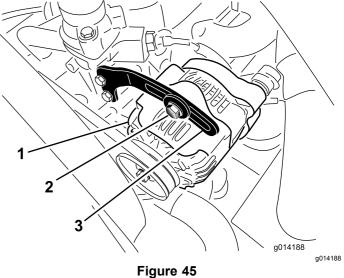
### **Belt Maintenance**

## Checking the Alternator Belt

Service Interval: Every 100 hours

After the first 10 hours

- 1. Open the hood and secure the prop rod.
- Check the tension of the alternator belt by pressing it (Figure 45) midway between the alternator and the crankshaft pulleys with 10 kg (22 lb) of force.



- . iguit
- Alternator
- Brace

2. Bolt

The belt should deflect 11 mm (7/16 inch). If the deflection is incorrect, proceed to step 3. If it is correct, you are finished with this procedure.

- 3. Loosen the bolt securing the brace to the alternator (Figure 45) and the alternator pivot bolt.
- 4. Insert a pry bar between the alternator and the engine and pry on the alternator.
- 5. When you achieve the proper tension, tighten the alternator, brace, and pivot bolts to secure the adjustment.

## Controls System Maintenance

## Adjusting the Traction Drive for Neutral

**Note:** If the machine has recently had the hydraulic fluid changed or the traction motors or hoses replaced, you must remove any air trapped in the system before performing this procedure. You can accomplish this by operating the machine in forward and reverse for a few minutes and then replenishing the fluid as required.

When you move the machine to a level surface, it must not creep when you release the traction pedal. If the machine does creep, adjust the traction drive as follows:

- Perform the pre-maintenance procedure; refer to Preparing the Machine for Maintenance (page 32).
- Jack up the rear of the machine until the rear tires are off the floor. Support the machine with jack stands to prevent it from falling accidentally.

**Note:** On 4-wheel-drive models, the front tires must also be off the floor and supported by jack stands.

Start the engine, set the throttle to the SLOW position, and observe the direction that the rear tires rotate.

## **Important:** Ensure that the traction pedal is in the NEUTRAL position.

 If the left, rear tire is rotating, loosen the jam nuts on the left transmission control rod (Figure 46).

**Note:** The forward end of the control rod has a left-hand thread. The rear end of the rod, which is connected to the transmission, has a right-hand thread.

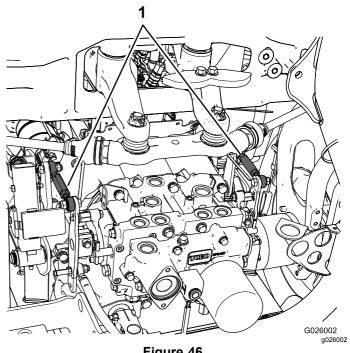


Figure 46

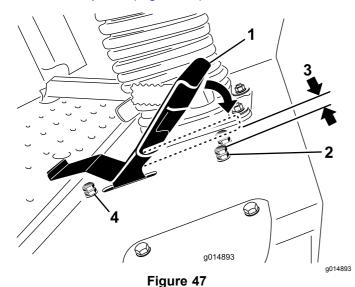
- 1. Transmission-control rods
  - If the left, rear tire is rotating in reverse, lengthen the rod by slowly turning the rod counterclockwise (as viewed from the front) until the left, rear tire stops rotating or you detect minimal rotation in reverse
  - If the left, rear tire is rotating forward, shorten the rod by slowly turning the rod clockwise (as viewed from the front) until the left, rear tire stops rotating.
- 4. Move the throttle to the FAST position. Ensure that the wheel remains stopped or you detect a minimal creep in reverse. Adjust the rod as required.
- 5. Tighten the jam nuts.
- 6. Repeat the procedure for the right, rear tire, if required, by using the right transmission control rod.
- 7. Shut off the engine, remove the jack stands, and lower the machine to the floor.
- 8. Test drive the machine to ensure that it does not creep.

## Adjusting the Maximum Ground Speed

- Disengage the PTO, release the traction pedal to the NEUTRAL position, and set the parking brake.
- Move the throttle lever to the SLOW position, shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait

for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.

3. Loosen the jam nut on the stop bolt for the traction pedal (Figure 47).



- 1. Traction pedal
- Stop bolt with a jam nut (forward)
- 3. 0.060 inch (1.5 mm)
- Stop bolt w/ jam nut (reverse)
- 4. Adjust the stop bolt all the way in (away from the traction pedal).
- Using your hand, push the traction pedal all the way forward (with light pressure) until it stops and hold it there. Maintain light pressure on the pedal when pushing it to the fully forward position.
- 6. With the seat in the raised position, verify that you are not overloading the linkage by ensuring that the transmission does not move when you press the pedal to the stop.
- 7. Adjust the stop bolt out (toward the traction pedal) until there is a gap of 1.5 mm (0.060 inch) between the head of the stop bolt and the bottom of the traction pedal.
- 8. Tighten the jam nut to secure the stop bolt in place.

**Note:** You can adjust the reverse stop bolt if the maximum reverse speed is too slow. For a faster reverse speed, adjust the stop bolt inward; for a slower reverse speed, adjust the stop bolt outward.

## Hydraulic System Maintenance

The reservoir is filled at the factory with approximately 17 L (18 US qt) of high-quality tractor transmission/hydraulic fluid. The recommended replacement fluid is as follows:

**Toro Premium Transmission/Hydraulic Tractor Fluid** (Available in 5 gallon pails or 55 gallon drums. See parts catalog or Toro Distributor for part numbers.)

Alternate fluids: If the Toro fluid is not available, you can use Mobil® 424 hydraulic fluid.

**Note:** Toro will not assume responsibility for damage caused by improper substitutions.

**Note:** Many hydraulic fluids are almost colorless, making it difficult to spot leaks. A red dye additive for the hydraulic system oil is available in 20 ml (2/3 oz) bottles. A bottle is sufficient for 15 to 22 L (4 to 6 US gallons) of hydraulic fluid. Order Part Number 44-2500 from your Authorized Toro Distributor.

### **Hydraulic System Safety**

### **A WARNING**

Hydraulic fluid escaping under pressure can penetrate skin and cause injury.

- Ensure that all hydraulic-fluid hoses and lines are in good condition and all hydraulic connections and fittings are tight before applying pressure to the hydraulic system.
- Keep your body and hands away from pinhole leaks or nozzles that eject high-pressure hydraulic fluid.
- Use cardboard or paper to find hydraulic leaks.
- Safely relieve all pressure in the hydraulic system before performing any work on the hydraulic system.
- Seek immediate medical attention if fluid is injected into skin.

## **Checking the Hydraulic System**

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

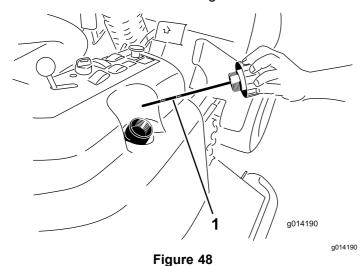
- Move the machine on a level surface.
- Release the traction pedal to the NEUTRAL position and start the engine. Run engine at

lowest possible speed to purge the system of air. **Do not engage the PTO**.

- 3. Raise the deck to extend lift cylinders, shut off the engine, and remove the key.
- 4. Remove the hydraulic-fill cap (Figure 48) from the filler neck.
- Remove the dipstick and wipe it with a clean rag (Figure 48).
- 6. Screw the dipstick all the way into the filler neck; then remove it and check level of fluid (Figure 48).

If level is not within notched area of the dipstick, add enough high-quality hydraulic fluid to raise level to within the notched area. **Do not overfill**.

- 7. Replace the dipstick and thread the fill cap finger-tight onto the filler neck.
- 8. Check all hoses and fittings for leaks.



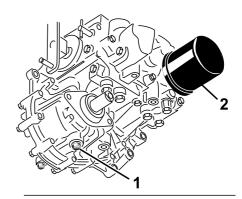
1. Dipstick

## Changing the Hydraulic Fluid and Filter

Service Interval: After the first 200 hours

Every 800 hours

- 1. Disengage the PTO, release the traction pedal to the NEUTRAL position and set the parking brake.
- Move the throttle lever to the SLOW position, shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- 3. Place a large pan under the hydraulic reservoir and transmission case and remove the plugs tp drain all the hydraulic fluid (Figure 49).



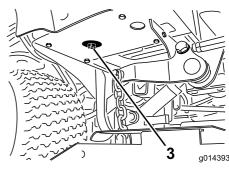


Figure 49

Hydraulic-reservoir-drain plug

g014393

2. Filter

plug

Transmission-case-drain

- 4. Clean the area around the hydraulic-fluid filter and remove it (Figure 49).
- 5. Immediately install a new hydraulic-fluid filter.
- 6. Install the hydraulic reservoir and transmission case drain plugs.
- 7. Fill the reservoir to the proper level (approximately 17 L or 18 US qt); refer to Checking the Hydraulic System (page 46).
- Start the engine and check for leaks. Allow the engine to run for about 5 minutes, then shut it off.
- After 2 minutes, check the level of the hydraulic fluid; refer to Checking the Hydraulic System (page 46).

### Cab Maintenance

## Filling the Washer-Fluid Bottle

- Perform the pre-maintenance procedure; refer to Preparing the Machine for Maintenance (page 32).
- 2. Open the hood and locate the washer-fluid bottle (Figure 50).

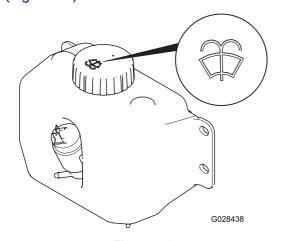


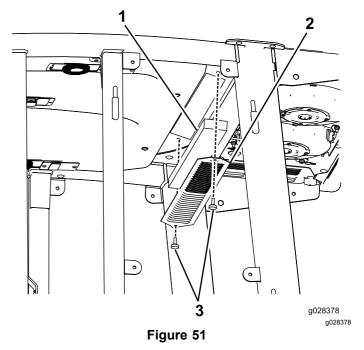
Figure 50
Washer-Fluid Bottle with Washer-Fluid Symbol

- 3. Fill the bottle with washer fluid as needed.
- 4. Close the hood.

## **Cleaning the Cab Air Filters**

**Service Interval:** Every 250 hours Replace the cab air filters if they are torn or excessively dirty.

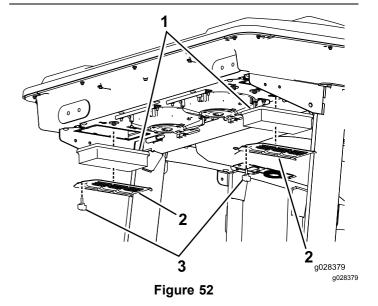
1. Remove the screws and grates from over both the in-cab and rear cab air filters (Figure 51).



- Filter
- Grate

a028438

3. Screw



- 1. Filter
- 2. Grate

- 3. Screw
- 2. Clean the filters by blowing clean, oil-free, compressed air through them.

*Important:* If either filter has a hole, tear, or other damage, replace it.

Install the filters and grate, securing them with the thumb screws.

## Cleaning the Air-Conditioning Coil

Service Interval: Every 50 hours Clean the air-conditioning coil more frequently in extremely dusty or dirty conditions.

- 1. Perform the pre-maintenance procedure; refer to Preparing the Machine for Maintenance (page 32).
- 2. Lift the 4 tabs on the air-conditioning screen (Figure 53) and remove the screen from the top of the cab.

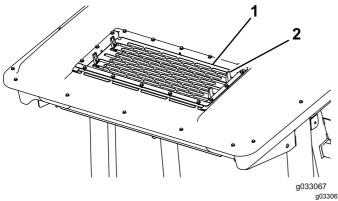


Figure 53

1. Screen

- 2. Tab (4)
- 3. Disconnect the plug and cord for the fans from the outlet (Figure 54).

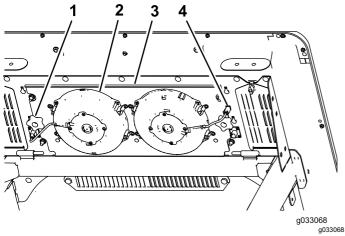


Figure 54

- 1. Knob (2)
- 3. Fan panel

2. Fan (2)

- 4. Plug and cord (2)
- 4. Remove the 2 knobs that secure the fan-panel assembly and fans to the underside of the cab top (Figure 54) and remove the assembly.

- 5. Clean the screen, air-conditioning duct, fans, and fan panel using low-pressure air no greater than 276 kPa (40 psi).
  - Important: Do not use water to clean the condenser because moisture on the components attracts dirt and dust, which make the components more difficult to clean.
- 6. Install the fan-panel assembly and fans to the underside of the cab top with the 2 knobs that you loosened and removed in step 4.
- 7. Connect the cord for the fans that you disconnected in step 3 into the outlet.
- 8. Install the air-conditioning screen in the opening in the top of the cab and secure it by closing the 4 tabs on the screen.

### Cleaning

### **Cleaning the Cab**

Important: Use care around the cab seals and lights (Figure 55). If you are using a pressure washer, keep the washer wand at least 0.6 m (2 ft) away from the machine. Do not use the pressure washer directly on the cab seals and lights or under the rear overhand.

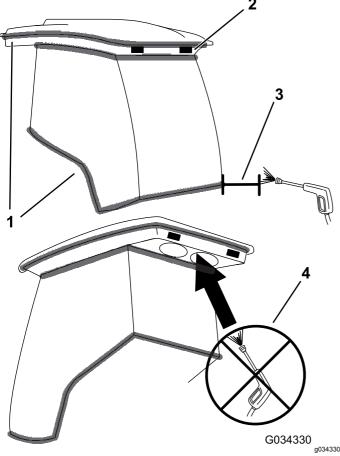


Figure 55

- 1. Seal
- 2. Light

- Keep wand 0.6 m (2 ft) away.
- 4. Do not pressure-wash under the rear overhang.

## **Waste Disposal**

Engine oil, batteries, hydraulic fluid, and engine coolant are pollutants to the environment. Dispose of these according to federal, state, and local regulations.

## **Storage**

### Servicing the Engine

- Drain the engine oil from the oil pan and replace the drain plug.
- 2. Remove and discard the oil filter. Install a new filter.
- 3. Fill the engine with 3.8 L (4 US qt) of recommended engine oil; refer to Changing the Engine Oil and Filter (page 36).
- 4. Start the engine and run it at idle speed for 2 minutes.
- Drain the fuel from the fuel tank, fuel lines, pump, filter, and separator. Flush the fuel tank with clean diesel fuel and connect all the fuel lines.
- 6. Thoroughly clean and service the air-cleaner assembly.
- 7. Seal the air-cleaner inlet and the exhaust outlet with weatherproof masking tape.
- 8. Check the oil-filler cap and fuel-tank cap to ensure that they are securely in place.

### **Servicing the Machine**

- 1. Thoroughly clean the machine, attachment, and engine, paying special attention to the following areas:
  - Radiator and radiator screen
  - Underneath the attachment
  - · Under the attachment covers
  - · PTO shaft assembly
  - · All grease fittings and pivot points
  - Behind the control panel and inside the control box
  - Beneath the seat plate and top of the transmission
- 2. Check and adjust air pressure in the tires; refer to 3 Checking the Tire Pressure (page 11).
- 3. Remove, sharpen, and balance the mower blades. Install the blades and torque the blade fasteners to 115 to 149 N-m (85 to 110 ft-lb).
- 4. Check all fasteners for looseness and tighten them as necessary.
- Grease or oil all grease fittings, pivot points, and transmission bypass-valve pins. Wipe off any excess lubricant.
- 6. Lightly sand and use touch-up paint on painted areas that are scratched, chipped, or rusted. Repair any dents in the metal body.
- 7. Service the battery and cables as follows:

- A. Remove the battery terminals from the battery posts.
- B. Clean the battery, terminals, and posts with a wire brush and baking-soda solution.
- C. Coat the cable terminals and battery posts with Grafo 112X skin-over grease (Toro Part No. 505-47) or petroleum jelly to prevent corrosion.
- D. Slowly charge the battery for 24 hours every 60 days to prevent lead sulfation of the battery.

## **Notes:**

#### **International Distributor List**

| Distributor:                       | Country:             | Phone Number:     | Distributor:                 | Country:       | Phone Number:    |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Agrolanc Kft                       | Hungary              | 36 27 539 640     | Maquiver S.A.                | Colombia       | 57 1 236 4079    |
| Asian American Industrial (AAI)    | Hong Kong            | 852 2497 7804     | Maruyama Mfg. Co. Inc.       | Japan          | 81 3 3252 2285   |
| B-Ray Corporation                  | Korea                | 82 32 551 2076    | Mountfield a.s.              | Czech Republic | 420 255 704 220  |
| Brisa Goods LLC                    | Mexico               | 1 210 495 2417    | Mountfield a.s.              | Slovakia       | 420 255 704 220  |
| Casco Sales Company                | Puerto Rico          | 787 788 8383      | Munditol S.A.                | Argentina      | 54 11 4 821 9999 |
| Ceres S.A.                         | Costa Rica           | 506 239 1138      | Norma Garden                 | Russia         | 7 495 411 61 20  |
| CSSC Turf Equipment (pvt) Ltd.     | Sri Lanka            | 94 11 2746100     | Oslinger Turf Equipment SA   | Ecuador        | 593 4 239 6970   |
| Cyril Johnston & Co.               | Northern Ireland     | 44 2890 813 121   | Oy Hako Ground and Garden Ab | Finland        | 358 987 00733    |
| Cyril Johnston & Co.               | Republic of Ireland  | 44 2890 813 121   | Parkland Products Ltd.       | New Zealand    | 64 3 34 93760    |
| Fat Dragon                         | China                | 886 10 80841322   | Perfetto                     | Poland         | 48 61 8 208 416  |
| Femco S.A.                         | Guatemala            | 502 442 3277      | Pratoverde SRL.              | Italy          | 39 049 9128 128  |
| FIVEMANS New-Tech Co., Ltd         | China                | 86-10-6381 6136   | Prochaska & Cie              | Austria        | 43 1 278 5100    |
| ForGarder OU                       | Estonia              | 372 384 6060      | RT Cohen 2004 Ltd.           | Israel         | 972 986 17979    |
| G.Y.K. Company Ltd.                | Japan                | 81 726 325 861    | Riversa                      | Spain          | 34 9 52 83 7500  |
| Geomechaniki of Athens             | Greece               | 30 10 935 0054    | Lely Turfcare                | Denmark        | 45 66 109 200    |
| Golf international Turizm          | Turkey               | 90 216 336 5993   | Lely (U.K.) Limited          | United Kingdom | 44 1480 226 800  |
| Hako Ground and Garden             | Sweden               | 46 35 10 0000     | Solvert S.A.S.               | France         | 33 1 30 81 77 00 |
| Hako Ground and Garden             | Norway               | 47 22 90 7760     | Spypros Stavrinides Limited  | Cyprus         | 357 22 434131    |
| Hayter Limited (U.K.)              | United Kingdom       | 44 1279 723 444   | Surge Systems India Limited  | India          | 91 1 292299901   |
| Hydroturf Int. Co Dubai            | United Arab Emirates | 97 14 347 9479    | T-Markt Logistics Ltd.       | Hungary        | 36 26 525 500    |
| Hydroturf Egypt LLC                | Egypt                | 202 519 4308      | Toro Australia               | Australia      | 61 3 9580 7355   |
| Irrimac                            | Portugal             | 351 21 238 8260   | Toro Europe NV               | Belgium        | 32 14 562 960    |
| Irrigation Products Int'l Pvt Ltd. | India                | 0091 44 2449 4387 | Valtech                      | Morocco        | 212 5 3766 3636  |
| Jean Heybroek b.v.                 | Netherlands          | 31 30 639 4611    | Victus Emak                  | Poland         | 48 61 823 8369   |

#### **European Privacy Notice**

#### The Information Toro Collects

Toro Warranty Company (Toro) respects your privacy. In order to process your warranty claim and contact you in the event of a product recall, we ask you to share certain personal information with us, either directly or through your local Toro company or dealer.

The Toro warranty system is hosted on servers located within the United States where privacy law may not provide the same protection as applies in your country.

BY SHARING YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION WITH US, YOU ARE CONSENTING TO THE PROCESSING OF YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION AS DESCRIBED IN THIS PRIVACY NOTICE.

#### The Way Toro Uses Information

Toro may use your personal information to process warranty claims, to contact you in the event of a product recall and for any other purpose which we tell you about. Toro may share your information with Toro's affiliates, dealers or other business partners in connection with any of these activities. We will not sell your personal information to any other company. We reserve the right to disclose personal information in order to comply with applicable laws and with requests by the appropriate authorities, to operate our systems properly or for our own protection or that of other users.

#### Retention of your Personal Information

We will keep your personal information as long as we need it for the purposes for which it was originally collected or for other legitimate purposes (such as regulatory compliance), or as required by applicable law.

#### Toro's Commitment to Security of Your Personal Information

We take reasonable precautions in order to protect the security of your personal information. We also take steps to maintain the accuracy and current status of personal information.

#### Access and Correction of your Personal Information

If you would like to review or correct your personal information, please contact us by email at legal@toro.com.

#### **Australian Consumer Law**

Australian customers will find details relating to the Australian Consumer Law either inside the box or at your local Toro Dealer.

# TORO<sub>®</sub>

#### The Toro Warranty

A Two-Year Limited Warranty

#### **Conditions and Products Covered**

The Toro Company and its affiliate, Toro Warranty Company, pursuant to an agreement between them, jointly warrant your Toro Commercial product ("Product") to be free from defects in materials or workmanship for two years or 1500 operational hours\*, whichever occurs first. This warranty is applicable to all products with the exception of Aerators (refer to separate warranty statements for these products). Where a warrantable condition exists, we will repair the Product at no cost to you including diagnostics, labor, parts, and transportation. This warranty begins on the date the Product is delivered to the original retail purchaser. \* Product equipped with an hour meter.

#### **Instructions for Obtaining Warranty Service**

You are responsible for notifying the Commercial Products Distributor or Authorized Commercial Products Dealer from whom you purchased the Product as soon as you believe a warrantable condition exists. If you need help locating a Commercial Products Distributor or Authorized Dealer, or if you have questions regarding your warranty rights or responsibilities, you may contact us at:

Toro Commercial Products Service Department Toro Warranty Company 8111 Lyndale Avenue South Bloomington, MN 55420-1196

952–888–8801 or 800–952–2740 E-mail: commercial.warranty@toro.com

#### **Owner Responsibilities**

As the Product owner, you are responsible for required maintenance and adjustments stated in your *Operator's Manual*. Failure to perform required maintenance and adjustments can be grounds for disallowing a warranty claim.

#### **Items and Conditions Not Covered**

Not all product failures or malfunctions that occur during the warranty period are defects in materials or workmanship. This warranty does not cover the following:

- Product failures which result from the use of non-Toro replacement parts, or from installation and use of add-on, or modified non-Toro branded accessories and products. A separate warranty may be provided by the manufacturer of these items.
- Product failures which result from failure to perform recommended maintenance and/or adjustments. Failure to properly maintain your Toro product per the Recommended Maintenance listed in the Operator's Manual can result in claims for warranty being denied.
- Product failures which result from operating the Product in an abusive, negligent, or reckless manner.
- Parts subject to consumption through use unless found to be defective. Examples of parts which are consumed, or used up, during normal Product operation include, but are not limited to, brake pads and linings, clutch linings, blades, reels, rollers and bearings (sealed or greasable), bed knives, spark plugs, castor wheels and bearings, tires, filters, belts, and certain sprayer components such as diaphragms, nozzles, and check valves, etc.
- Failures caused by outside influence. Conditions considered to be outside influence include, but are not limited to, weather, storage practices, contamination, use of unapproved fuels, coolants, lubricants, additives, fertilizers, water, or chemicals, etc.
- Failure or performance issues due to the use of fuels (e.g. gasoline, diesel, or biodiesel) that do not conform to their respective industry standards.

- Normal noise, vibration, wear and tear, and deterioration.
- Normal "wear and tear" includes, but is not limited to, damage to seats due to wear or abrasion, worn painted surfaces, scratched decals or windows, etc.

#### **Parts**

Parts scheduled for replacement as required maintenance are warranted for the period of time up to the scheduled replacement time for that part. Parts replaced under this warranty are covered for the duration of the original product warranty and become the property of Toro. Toro will make the final decision whether to repair any existing part or assembly or replace it. Toro may use remanufactured parts for warranty repairs.

#### **Deep Cycle and Lithium-Ion Battery Warranty:**

Deep cycle and Lithium-Ion batteries have a specified total number of kilowatt-hours they can deliver during their lifetime. Operating, recharging, and maintenance techniques can extend or reduce total battery life. As the batteries in this product are consumed, the amount of useful work between charging intervals will slowly decrease until the battery is completely worn out. Replacement of worn out batteries, due to normal consumption, is the responsibility of the product owner. Battery replacement may be required during the normal product warranty period at owner's expense. Note: (Lithium-Ion battery only): A Lithium-Ion battery has a part only prorated warranty beginning year 3 through year 5 based on the time in service and kilowatt hours used. Refer to the *Operator's Manual* for additional information.

#### Maintenance is at Owner's Expense

Engine tune-up, lubrication, cleaning and polishing, replacement of filters, coolant, and completing recommended maintenance are some of the normal services Toro products require that are at the owner's expense.

#### **General Conditions**

Repair by an Authorized Toro Distributor or Dealer is your sole remedy under this warranty.

Neither The Toro Company nor Toro Warranty Company is liable for indirect, incidental or consequential damages in connection with the use of the Toro Products covered by this warranty, including any cost or expense of providing substitute equipment or service during reasonable periods of malfunction or non-use pending completion of repairs under this warranty. Except for the Emissions warranty referenced below, if applicable, there is no other express warranty. All implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for use are limited to the duration of this express warranty.

Some states do not allow exclusions of incidental or consequential damages, or limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above exclusions and limitations may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

#### Note regarding engine warranty:

The Emissions Control System on your Product may be covered by a separate warranty meeting requirements established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and/or the California Air Resources Board (CARB). The hour limitations set forth above do not apply to the Emissions Control System Warranty. Refer to the Engine Emission Control Warranty Statement supplied with your product or contained in the engine manufacturer's documentation for details

#### Countries Other than the United States or Canada

Customers who have purchased Toro products exported from the United States or Canada should contact their Toro Distributor (Dealer) to obtain guarantee policies for your country, province, or state. If for any reason you are dissatisfied with your Distributor's service or have difficulty obtaining guarantee information, contact the Toro importer.

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