

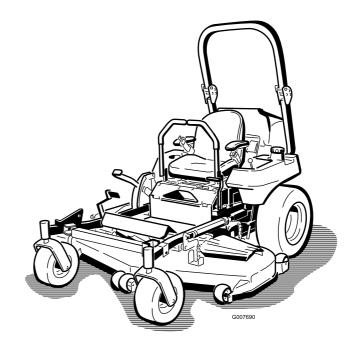
Count on it.

Operator's Manual

Z Master® Professional 7000 Series Riding Mower

With 52in TURBO FORCE® Rear Discharge Mower

Model No. 74279TE—Serial No. 400000000 and Up



This product complies with all relevant European directives; for details, please see the separate product specific Declaration of Conformity (DOC) sheet.

Introduction

This rotary-blade, riding lawn mower is intended to be used by residential homeowners or professional, hired operators. It is designed primarily for cutting grass on well-maintained lawns on residential or commercial properties. It is not designed for cutting brush or for agricultural uses.

Read this information carefully to learn how to operate and maintain your product properly and to avoid injury and product damage. You are responsible for operating the product properly and safely.

You may contact Toro directly at www.Toro.com for product safety and operation training materials, accessory information, help finding a dealer, or to register your product.

Whenever you need service, genuine Toro parts, or additional information, contact an Authorized Service Dealer or Toro Customer Service and have the model and serial numbers of your product ready. Figure 1 identifies the location of the model and serial numbers on the product. Write the numbers in the space provided.

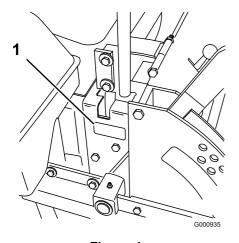
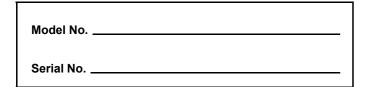


Figure 1

1. Model and serial number location



This manual identifies potential hazards and has safety messages identified by the safety-alert symbol (Figure 2), which signals a hazard that may cause serious injury or death if you do not follow the recommended precautions.



Figure 2

g000502

1. Safety-alert symbol

This manual uses 2 words to highlight information. **Important** calls attention to special mechanical information and **Note** emphasizes general information worthy of special attention.

a000935

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Safety

This machine has been designed in accordance with EN ISO 5395:2013.

General Safety

This product is capable of amputating hands and feet and of throwing objects. Always follow all safety instructions to avoid serious personal injury.

Using this product for purposes other than its intended use could prove dangerous to you and bystanders.

- Read and understand the contents of this Operator's Manual before you start the engine. Ensure that everyone using this product knows how to use it and understands the warnings.
- Do not put your hands or feet near moving components of the machine.
- Do not operate the machine without all guards and other safety protective devices in place and working on the machine.
- Keep clear of any discharge opening. Keep bystanders a safe distance away from the machine.
- Keep children out of the operating area. Never allow children to operate the machine.
- Stop the machine and shut off the engine before servicing, fueling, or unclogging the machine.

Improperly using or maintaining this machine can result in injury. To reduce the potential for injury, comply with these safety instructions and always pay attention to the safety-alert symbol, which means Caution, Warning, or Danger—personal safety instruction. Failure to comply with these instructions may result in personal injury or death.

You can find additional items of safety information in their respective sections throughout this manual.

Slope Indicator

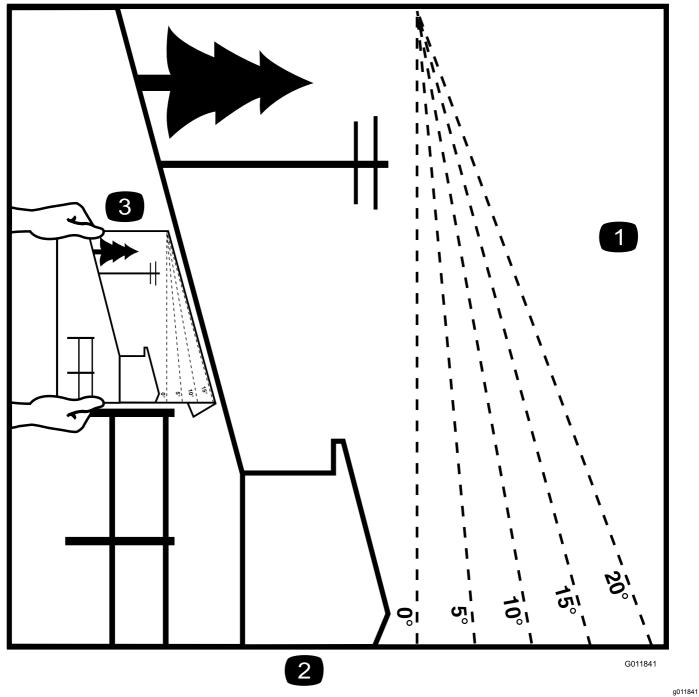


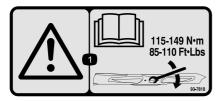
Figure 3
This page may be copied for personal use.

- The maximum slope you can safely operate the machine on is 15 degrees. Use the slope chart to determine the degree of slope of hills before operating. Do not operate this machine on a slope greater than 15 degrees. Fold along the appropriate line to match the recommended slope.
- 2. Align this edge with a vertical surface, a tree, building, fence pole, etc.
- 3. Example of how to compare slope with folded edge

Safety and Instructional Decals



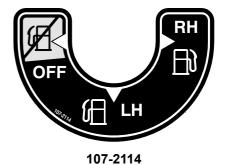
Safety decals and instructions are easily visible to the operator and are located near any area of potential danger. Replace any decal that is damaged or missing.



93-7818

decal93-7818

 Warning—read the Operator's Manual for instructions on torquing the blade bolt/nut to 115 to 149 N⋅m (85 to 110 ft-lb).



decal107-2114



93-8069

decal93-8069

 Hot surface/burn hazard—stay a safe distance from the hot surface.



98-4387

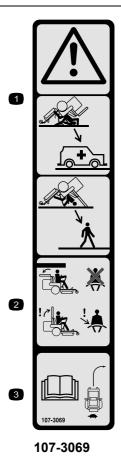
decal98-4387

1. Warning—wear hearing protection.



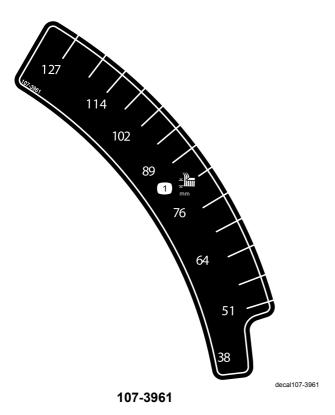
104-2449

decal104-2449

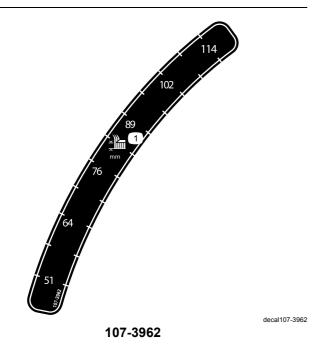


decal107-3069

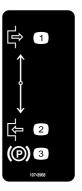
- Warning—there is no rollover protection when the roll bar is down
- To avoid injury or death from a rollover accident, keep the roll bar in the raised and locked position and wear the seat belt. Lower the roll bar only when absolutely necessary; do not wear the seat belt when the roll bar is down.
- 3. Read the Operator's Manual; drive slowly and carefully.



1. Height of cut in millimeters



1. Height of cut in millimeters



107-3968

decal107-3968

- 1. Disengage
- 2. Engage

3. Parking brake



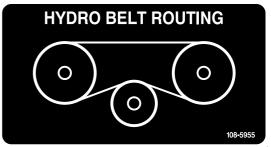
107-3969

- 1. Warning—read the Operator's Manual.
- Crushing hazard, mower—engage the parking brake, stop the engine, and remove the ignition key before working under the mower.



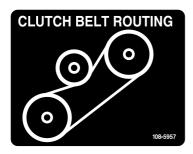
decal107-7719

- 107-7719
- Cutting/dismemberment hazard, fan and entanglement hazard, belt—stay away from moving parts.
- Before starting the engine, clean grass and debris from the mower belt and pulleys, insert the ignition key, and start the engine.



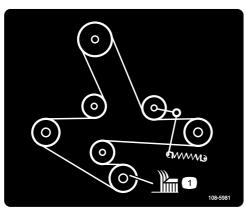
108-5955

decal108-5955



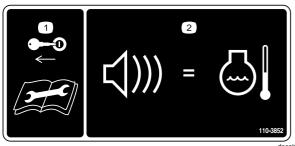
108-5957

decal108-5957



108-5981

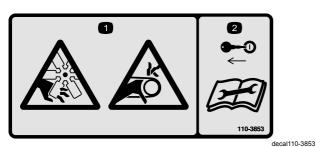
decal108-5981



a

110-3852

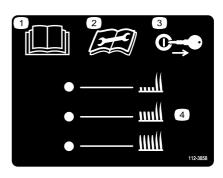
- Remove the ignition key and read the instructions before servicing or performing maintenance.
- 2. Continuous tone signals the user that engine is overheating.



110-3853

1 2052

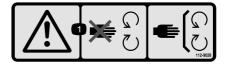
- Cutting/dismemberment hazard, fan and entanglement hazard, belt.
- Remove the ignition key and read the instructions before servicing or performing maintenance.



decal112-3858

112-3858

- Read the Operator's Manual.
- Read the instructions before servicing or performing maintenance.
- Remove the ignition key before adjusting the height of cut.
- 4. Height of cut settings.



112-9028

decal112-9028

 Warning—stay away from moving parts; keep all guards in place.



114-9600

decal114-9600

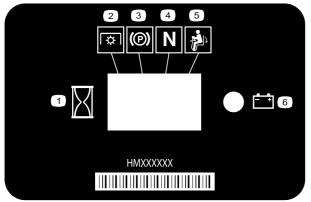
1. Read the Operator's Manual.



decal115-4212

115-4212

- 1. Hydraulic-fluid level
- 2. Read the *Operator's Manual*.
- 3. Warning—do not touch the hot surface.



decal116-5610

116-5610

- Hour meter
- 4. Neutral
- 2. Power takeoff (PTO)
- 5. Operator-presence switch
- 3. Parking brake
- 6. Battery



decal117-3848

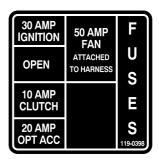
117-3848

- Thrown object hazard—keep bystanders a safe distance away from the machine.
- Thrown object hazard, mower-do not operate the machine without the deflector, discharge cover, or grass collection system in place.
- 3. Cutting/dismemberment of hand or foot—stay away from moving parts; keep all guards and shields in place.



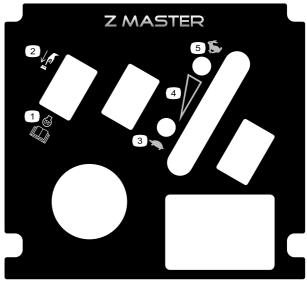
119-0397

decal119-0397



119-0398

decal119-0398



decal121-7562

121-7562

- 1. Push to start
- 2. Read the *Operator's Manual* for more information on preheating the engine.
- 3. Slow

- 4. Variable-speed control
- 5. Fast

1 2 3 95 ff-lb 235 ff-lb (319 N-m) (1) 100 (+) 500 8

126-2055

decal126-2055

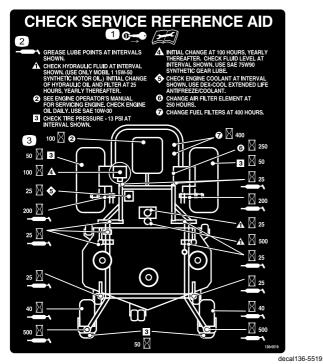
- 1. Wheel-lug nut torque 129 N·m (95 ft-lb) (4x)
- 2. Wheel-hub nut torque 319 N·m (235 ft-lb)
- 3. Read and understand the Operator's manual before performing any maintenance, check torque after first 100 hours then every 500 hours thereafter.



131-4036

Maximum draw bar pull 36 2. Read the Operator's kg (80 lb).

Manual.



136-5519

3. Hour interval

- 1. Remove the key and read the Operator's Manual before performing maintenance.
- 2. Grease point



Manufacturer's Mark

1. Indicates the blade is identified as a part from the original machine manufacturer.

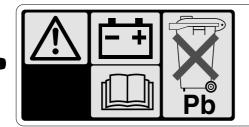


Battery Symbols

Some or all of these symbols are on your battery

- Explosion hazard
- No fire, open flame, or smoking
- Caustic liquid/chemical burn hazard
- Wear eye protection.
- Read the Operator's Manual.

- 6. Keep bystanders a safe distance away from the battery.
- 7. Wear eye protection; explosive gases can cause blindness and other injuries.
- 8. Battery acid can cause blindness or severe burns.
- Flush eyes immediately with water and get medical help fast.
- 10. Contains lead; do not discard

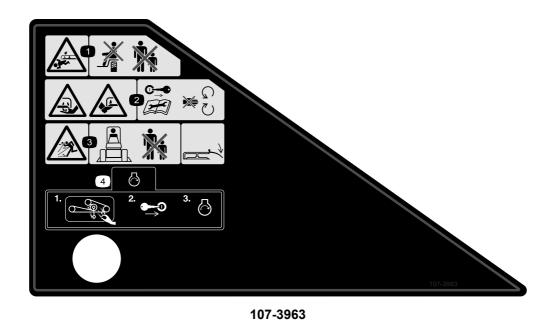


IMPORTANT! BATTERY CHARGING INSTRUCTIONS Prior to first use of the battery, charge for a minimum of one hour at 6-10 amps. 107-9309

decal107-9309

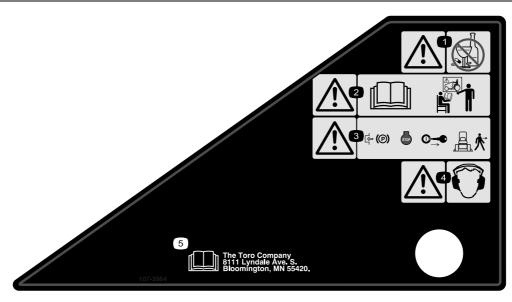
107-9309

- Warning—read the Operator's Manual for information on charging the battery; contains lead; do not discard.
- 2. Read the Operator's Manual.



decal107-3963

- Cutting/dismemberment hazard, mower blade—do not carry passengers and keep bystanders away.
- Cutting/dismemberment hazard of hand or foot, mower blade—remove the ignition key and read the instructions before servicing or performing maintenance; stay away from moving parts.
- Thrown object hazard—keep bystanders a safe distance away from the machine and keep the deflector in place.
- Before starting the engine, clean grass and debris from the mower belt and pulleys, insert the ignition key, and start the engine.



decal107-3964

- 107-3964
- 1. Warning—do not use drugs or alcohol.
- Warning—engage the parking brake, shut off the engine, and remove the ignition key before leaving the machine.
- 2. Warning—read the *Operator's Manual* and receive training.
- 4. Warning—wear hearing protection.
- 5. Read the Operator's Manual.

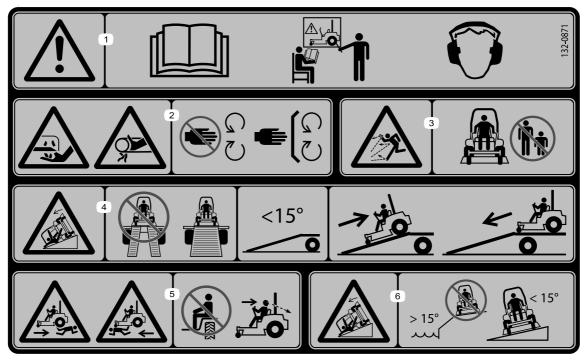


decal110-0820

110-0820

- 1. Fast
- 2. Slow
- 3. Neutral
- Reverse

- 5. Warning—read the Operator's Manual.
- 6. Poison and caustic liquid/chemical burn hazard—keep children a safe distance away from the battery.
- Explosion hazard—no fire, open flames, or smoking; avoid sparks.
- To unlock the traction drive, turn the bypass valve 1 complete revolution counterclockwise using a 16 mm (5/8 inch) wrench.



decal132-0871

132-0871

Note: This machine complies with the industry standard stability test in the static lateral and longitudinal tests with the maximum recommended slope indicated on the decal. Review the instructions for operating the machine on slopes in the *Operator's Manual* as well as the conditions in which you would operate the machine to determine whether you can operate the machine in those conditions on that day and at that site. Changes in the terrain can result in a change in slope operation for the machine. If possible, keep the cutting units lowered to the ground while operating the machine on slopes. Raising the cutting units while operating on slopes can cause the machine to become unstable.

- 1. Warning—read the *Operator's Manual*; do not operate this machine unless you are trained; wear hearing protection.
- Cutting, dismembering, and entanglement hazard—keep hands away from moving parts; keep all guards and shields in place.
- 3. Thrown object hazard—keep bystanders away.
- 4. Ramp hazard—when loading onto a trailer, do not use dual ramps; only use a singular ramp wide enough for the machine and that has an incline less than 15°; back up the ramp (in reverse) and drive forward off the ramp.
- 5. Bodily harm hazard—do not carry passengers; look behind you when mowing in reverse.
- 6. Tipping hazard on slopes—do not use on slopes near open water; do not use on slopes greater than 15°.

Product Overview

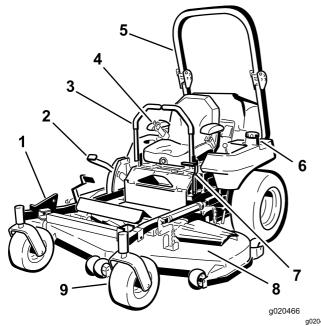


Figure 4

- 1. Z Stand©
- 2. Height-of-cut lever
- 3. Motion-control lever
- 4. Seat belt
- 5. Roll bar

- 6. Fuel cap (both sides)
- 7. Parking-brake lever
- 8. Mower deck
- 9. Caster wheel

- 6 7 8 9 9 10363 Figure 5
- 1. Hour meter
- 2. Ignition switch
- 3. Fuel-selector valve
- 4. Audible alarm
- Glow-plug switch
- 6. Glow-plug light
- 7. Engine-temperature light
- 8. Throttle control
- 9. PTO switch

Controls

Become familiar with all of the controls before you start the engine and operate the machine (Figure 4 and Figure 5).

Hour Meter

The hour meter records the number of hours the engine has operated. It operates when the engine is running. Use these times for scheduling regular maintenance (Figure 6).

Safety-Interlock Indicators

There are symbols on the hour meter that indicate with a black triangle that the interlock component is positioned correctly (Figure 6).

Battery-Indicator Light

When you turn the ignition key initially to the RUN position for a few seconds, the battery voltage is displayed in the area where the hours are normally displayed.

The battery light turns on when you turn on the ignition and the charge is below the correct operating level (Figure 6).

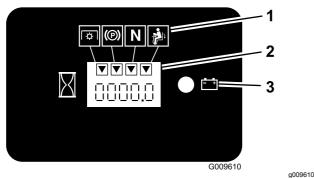


Figure 6

- 1. Safety-interlock symbols
- 3. Battery light
- 2. Hour meter

Throttle Control

The throttle controls the engine speed, and it has a continuous-variable setting from the SLOW to FAST position (Figure 5).

Blade-Control Switch (Power Takeoff)

The blade-control switch (PTO) engages and disengages power to the mower blades (Figure 5).

Neutral-Lock Position

The NEUTRAL-LOCK position is used with the safety-interlock system and to determine NEUTRAL position.

Ignition Switch

Use this switch to start the mower engine. It has 3 positions: START, RUN, and OFF.

Glow-Plug Light

The glow-plug-indicator light illuminates when you engage the glow-plug button (Figure 5).

Glow-Plug Switch

This switch activates the glow plugs and is indicated by the glow-plug light. Hold down the glow-plug switch for 10 seconds prior to starting.

Engine-Temperature Light

The temperature light comes on when the engine is over heating (Figure 5).

Audible Alarm

This machine has an audible alarm that alerts the user to turn off the engine. Otherwise, engine damage can occur from over heating; refer to Cooling System Maintenance (page 50).

Fuel-Selector Valve

The fuel-selector valve is located behind the seat.

Close the fuel-selector valve when transporting or storing the machine.

Move the selector valve to the left or right position for operation.

Attachments/Accessories

A selection of Toro approved attachments and accessories is available for use with the machine to enhance and expand its capabilities. Contact your Authorized Service Dealer or Distributor or go to www.Toro.com for a list of all approved attachments and accessories.

Operation

Note: Determine the left and right sides of the machine from the normal operating position.

Before Operation Before Operation Safety

General Safety

- Never allow children or untrained people to operate or service the machine. Local regulations may restrict the age of the operator. The owner is responsible for training all operators and mechanics.
- Become familiar with the safe operation of the equipment, operator controls, and safety signs.
- Know how to stop the machine and shut off the engine quickly.
- Check that operator-presence controls, safety switches, and shields are attached and functioning properly. Do not operate the machine unless they are functioning properly.
- Before mowing, always inspect the machine to ensure that the blades, blade bolts, and cutting assemblies are in good working condition.
 Replace worn or damaged blades and bolts in sets to preserve balance.
- Inspect the area where you will use the machine and remove all objects that the machine could throw.
- Evaluate the terrain to determine the appropriate equipment and any attachments or accessories required to operate the machine properly and safely.

Fuel Safety

- To avoid personal injury or property damage, use extreme care in handling fuel. Fuel vapors are flammable and explosive.
- Extinguish all cigarettes, cigars, pipes, and other sources of ignition.
- Use only an approved fuel container.
- Do not remove the fuel cap or add fuel to the fuel tank while the engine is running or while hot.
- · Do not refuel the machine indoors.
- Do not store the machine or fuel container where there is an open flame, spark, or pilot light, such as on a water heater or on other appliances.
- Do not fill containers inside a vehicle or on a truck or trailer bed with a plastic liner. Always place

- containers on the ground, away from your vehicle before filling.
- Remove the equipment from the truck or trailer and refuel it while it is on the ground. If this is not possible, then refuel from a portable container rather than a fuel-dispenser nozzle.
- Do not operate the machine without the entire exhaust system in place and in proper working condition.
- Keep the fuel-dispenser nozzle in contact with the rim of the fuel tank or container opening at all times until fueling is complete. Do not use a nozzle lock-open device.
- If you spill fuel on your clothing, change your clothing immediately. Wipe up any fuel that spills.
- Never overfill the fuel tank. Replace the fuel cap and tighten it securely.
- Store fuel in an approved container and keep it out of the reach of children. Never buy more than a 30-day supply of fuel.
- Do not fill the fuel tank completely full. Add fuel to the fuel tank until the level is 6 to 13 mm (1/4 to 1/2 inch) below the bottom of the filler neck. This empty space in the tank allows fuel to expand.
 - Avoid prolonged breathing of vapors.
 - Keep your face away from the nozzle and fuel tank opening.
 - Avoid contact with skin; wash off spills with soap and water.

Recommended Fuel

The engine runs on clean, fresh diesel fuel with a minimum octane rating of 40. Purchase fuel in quantities that can be used within 30 days to ensure fuel freshness.

Use summer-grade diesel fuel (No. 2-D) at temperatures above -7°C (20°F) and winter-grade diesel fuel (No. 1-D or No. 1-D/2-D blend) below -7°C (20°F). Use of winter-grade diesel fuel at lower temperatures provides lower flash point and pour point characteristics, therefore easing startability and lessening chances of chemical separation of the fuel due to lower temperatures (wax appearance, which may plug filters).

Using summer-grade diesel fuel above -7°C (20°F) contributes toward longer life of the pump components.

Important: Do not use kerosene or gasoline instead of diesel fuel. Failure to observe this caution will damage the engine.

Biodiesel Ready

This machine can also use a biodiesel blended fuel of up to B20 (20% biodiesel, 80% petrodiesel). The petrodiesel portion should be low or ultra low sulfur.

Observe the following precautions:

- The biodiesel portion of the fuel meet specification ASTM D6751 or EN14214.
- The blended fuel composition should meet ASTM D975 or EN590.
- Painted surfaces may be damaged by biodiesel blends.
- Use B5 (biodiesel contend of 5%) or lesser blend in cold weather.
- Monitor seals, hoses, gaskets in contact with fuel as they may degrade over time.
- Fuel filter plugging may be expected for a time after converting to biodiesel blends.
- Contact your distributor if you wish for more information on biodiesel.

Filling the Fuel Tank

- 1. Park the machine on level ground.
- 2. Shut off the engine and engage the parking brake.
- 3. Clean around the fuel-tank cap.
- 4. Fill the fuel tank to the bottom of the filler neck.

Note: Do not fill the fuel tank completely full. Fill the fuel tank to the bottom of the filler neck. The empty space in the tank allows the fuel to expand.

Switching the Fuel Tanks

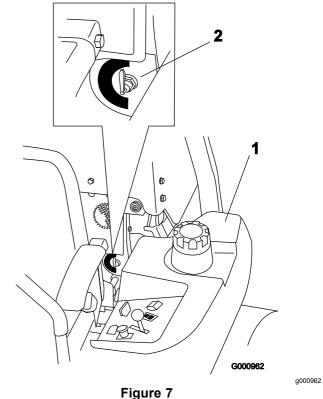
Important: Do not allow the machine to run out of fuel, as this can damage the machine.

The fuel-selector valve is located behind the left side of the seat.

The unit has 2 fuel tanks. One tank is on the left side and one on the right side. Each tank connects to the fuel-selector valve. From there a common fuel line leads to the engine (Figure 7).

To use the left fuel tank, rotate the fuel-selector valve to the left. To use the right fuel tank, rotate the fuel-selector valve to the right (Figure 7).

Close the fuel-selector valve before transporting or storing machine.



rigure

1. Left fuel tank

2. Fuel-selector valve

Checking the Engine-Oil Level

Before you start the engine and use the machine, check the oil level in the engine crankcase; refer to Checking the Engine-Oil Level (page 39).

Breaking in a New Machine

New engines take time to develop full power. Mower decks and drive systems have higher friction when new, placing additional load on the engine. Allow 40 to 50 hours of break-in time for new machines to develop full power and best performance.

Using the Rollover Protection System (ROPS)

A WARNING

To avoid injury or death from rollover: keep the roll bar in the raised locked position and use the seat belt.

Ensure that the rear part of the seat is secured with the seat latch.

A WARNING

There is no rollover protection when the roll bar is in the down position.

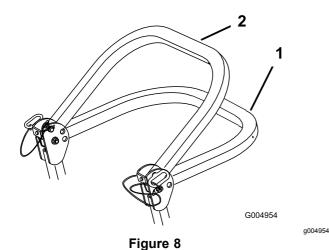
- Lower the roll bar only when absolutely necessary.
- Do not wear the seat belt when the roll bar is in the down position.
- Drive slowly and carefully.
- Raise the roll bar as soon as clearance permits.
- Check carefully for overhead clearances (i.e., branches, doorways, electrical wires) before driving under any objects and do not contact them.

Important: Lower the roll bar only when absolutely necessary.

- Remove the hairpin cotters and remove the 2 pins (Figure 9).
- Lower the roll bar to the down position (Figure 8).

Note: There are 2 down positions; refer to Figure 8.

3. Install the 2 pins and secure them with the hairpin cotters (Figure 9).



1. Full-down position

2. Down position with the bagger installed

Important: Ensure that you secure the rear part of the seat with the seat latch.

- 4. To raise the roll bar, remove the hairpin cotters and remove the 2 pins (Figure 9).
- 5. Raise the roll bar to the upright position, install the 2 pins, and secure them with the hairpin cotters (Figure 9).

Important: Always use the seat belt with the roll bar in the raised position.

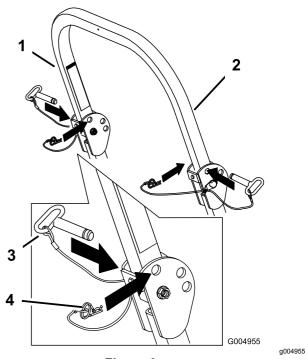


Figure 9

- 1. Roll bar
- 2. Raised position
- 3. Pir
- 4. Hairpin cotter

Think Safety First

Please read all safety instructions and symbols in the safety section. Knowing this information could help you or bystanders avoid injury.

A DANGER

Operating the machine on wet grass or steep slopes can cause sliding and loss of control.

- Do not operate on slopes greater than 15 degrees.
- Reduce speed and use extreme caution on slopes.
- Do not operate the machine near water.

▲ DANGER

Wheels dropping over edges can cause rollovers, which may result in serious injury, death, or drowning.

Do not operate the machine near drop-offs.

A DANGER

Operating the machine while the roll bar is down may lead to serious injury or death in the event of a rollover.

Always keep the roll bar in the fully raised and locked position and use the seat belt.

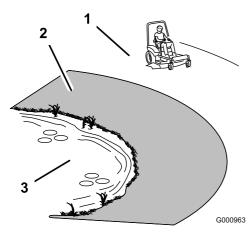


Figure 10

Water

- Safe Zone—use the machine here on slopes less than 15 degrees or flat areas.
- Danger Zone—use a walk-behind mower and/or a hand trimmer on slopes greater than 15 degrees and near drop-offs or water.

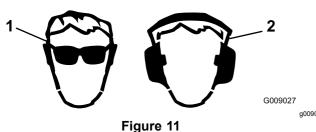
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A CAUTION

This machine produces sound levels in excess of 85 dBA at the operator's ear and can cause hearing loss through extended periods of exposure.

Wear hearing protection when operating this machine.

Use protective equipment for your eyes, ears, hands, feet, and head.



1. Wear eye protection.

2. Wear hearing protection.

Using the Safety-Interlock System

A WARNING

If safety-interlock switches are disconnected or damaged, the machine could operate unexpectedly causing personal injury.

- Do not tamper with the interlock switches.
- Check the operation of the interlock switches daily, and replace any damaged switches before operating the machine.

Understanding the Safety-Interlock System

The safety-interlock system is designed to prevent the engine from starting unless:

- The parking brake is engaged.
- The blade-control switch (PTO) is disengaged.
- The motion-control levers are in the NEUTRAL-LOCK position.

The safety-interlock system also is designed to shut off the engine when the traction controls are moved from the locked position with the parking brake engaged or if you rise from the seat when the PTO is engaged.

The hour meter has symbols to notify the user when the interlock component is in the correct position. When the component is in the correct position, a triangle lights up in the corresponding square.

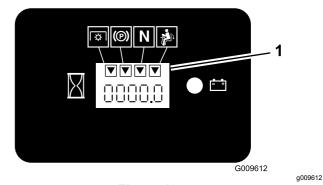


Figure 12

 Triangles light up when the interlock components are in the correct position

Testing the Safety-Interlock System

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

Test the safety-interlock system before you use the machine each time. If the safety system does not operate as described below, have an Authorized Service Dealer repair the safety system immediately.

- Sitting on the seat, engage the parking brake and move the blade-control switch (PTO) to the ON position. Try starting the engine; the engine should not start.
- Sitting on the seat, engage the parking brake and move the blade-control switch (PTO) to the OFF position. Move either motion-control lever (out of the NEUTRAL-LOCK position). Try starting the engine; the engine should not start. Repeat for the other control lever.
- 3. Sitting on the seat, engage the parking brake, move the blade-control switch (PTO) to the OFF position, and move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position. Now start the engine. While the engine is running, disengage the parking brake, engage the blade-control switch (PTO), and rise slightly from the seat; the engine should shut off.
- 4. Sitting on the seat, engage the parking brake, move the blade-control switch (PTO) to the OFF position, and move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position. Now start the engine. While the engine is running, center either motion control and move (forward or reverse); the engine should shut off. Repeat for other motion control.
- Sitting on the seat, disengage the parking brake, move the blade-control switch (PTO) to the OFF position, and move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position. Try starting the engine; the engine should not start.

Positioning the Seat

The seat moves forward and backward. Position the seat where you have the best control of the machine and are most comfortable.

To adjust, move the lever sideways to unlock the seat (Figure 13).

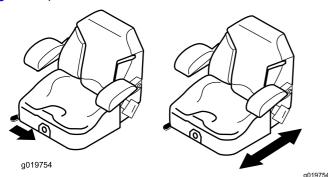


Figure 13

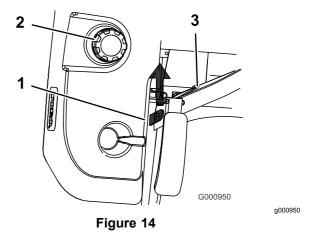
Unlatching the Seat

Move the seat to the most rearward position.

Note: This prevents interference when you raise the seat.

- 2. Push the seat latch rearward to unlatch the seat.
- 3. Raise the seat up (Figure 14).

Note: This allows access to the machine under the seat.



1. Seat latch

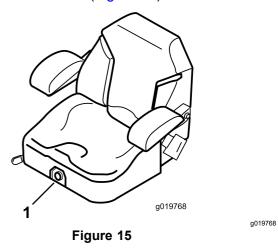
Suspension

- 2. Fuel cap
- 3. Seat

Changing the Seat

The seat adjusts to provide a smooth and comfortable ride. Position the seat where you are most comfortable.

To adjust, turn the knob in front either direction to provide the best comfort (Figure 15).



1. Seat-suspension knob

During Operation

During Operation Safety

General Safety

- The owner/operator can prevent and is responsible for accidents that may cause personal injury or property damage.
- Wear appropriate clothing, including eye protection; slip-resistant, substantial footwear; and hearing protection. Tie back long hair and do not wear jewelry.
- Do not operate the machine while ill, tired, or under the influence of alcohol or drugs.
- Never carry passengers on the machine and keep bystanders and pets away from the machine during operation.
- Operate the machine only in good visibility to avoid holes or hidden hazards.
- Avoid mowing on wet grass. Reduced traction could cause the machine to slide.
- Ensure that all drives are in neutral, the parking brake is engaged, and you are in the operating position before you start the engine.
- Keep your hands and feet away from the cutting units. Keep clear of the discharge opening at all times.
- Look behind and down before backing up to be sure of a clear path.
- Use care when approaching blind corners, shrubs, trees, or other objects that may obscure your vision.
- Do not mow near drop-offs, ditches, or embankments. The machine could suddenly roll over if a wheel goes over the edge or if the edge gives way.
- Stop the blades whenever you are not mowing.
- Stop the machine and inspect the blades after striking an object or if there is an abnormal vibration in the machine. Make all necessary repairs before resuming operation.
- Slow down and use caution when making turns and crossing roads and sidewalks with the machine. Always yield the right-of-way.
- Disengage the drive to the cutting unit and shut off the engine before adjusting the height of cut (unless you can adjust it from the operating position).
- Never run an engine in an area where exhaust gases are enclosed.

- Never leave a running machine unattended.
- Before leaving the operating position (including to empty the catchers or to unclog the chute), do the following:
 - Stop the machine on level ground.
 - Disengage the power take-off and lower the attachments.
 - Engage the parking brake.
 - Shut off the engine and remove the key.
 - Wait for all moving parts to stop.
- Do not operate the machine when there is the risk of lightning.
- Do not use the machine as a towing vehicle.
- Do not change the governor speed or overspeed the engine.
- Use accessories and attachments approved by Toro only.

Rollover Protection System (ROPS) Safety

- Do not remove the roll bar from the machine.
- Ensure that the seat belt is attached and that you can release it quickly in an emergency.
- Always wear your seat belt when the roll bar is up.
- Check carefully for overhead obstructions and do not contact them.
- Keep the roll bar in safe operating condition by thoroughly inspecting it periodically for damage and keeping all the mounting fasteners tight.
- Replace a damaged roll bar. Do not repair or alter it

Slope Safety

- Slow down the machine and use extra care on hillsides. Travel up and down on hillsides. Turf conditions can affect the stability of the machine.
- Avoid turning the machine on slopes. If you must turn the machine, turn it slowly and gradually downhill, if possible.
- Do not turn the machine sharply. Use care when reversing the machine.
- Use extra care while operating the machine with attachments; they can affect the stability of the machine.

Operating the Parking Brake

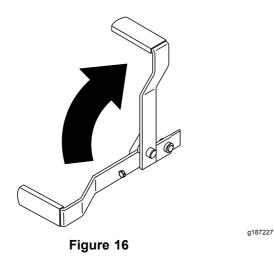
Always engage the parking brake when you stop the machine or leave it unattended.

Engaging the Parking Brake

A WARNING

The parking brake may not hold the machine parked on a slope and could cause personal injury or property damage.

Do not park on slopes unless the wheels are chocked or blocked.



Disengaging the Parking Brake

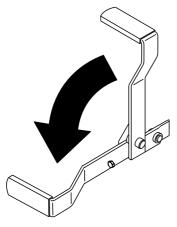


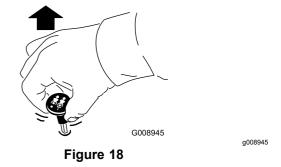
Figure 17

Operating the Mower Blade-Control Switch (PTO)

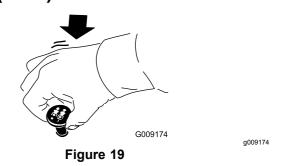
The blade-control switch (PTO) starts and stops the mower blades and any powered attachments.

Engaging the Blade-Control Switch (PTO)

Note: Engaging the blade-control switch (PTO) with the throttle position at half or less causes excessive wear to the drive belts.



Disengaging the Blade-Control Switch (PTO)



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Operating the Throttle

You can move the throttle control between the FAST and SLOW positions (Figure 20).

Always use the FAST position when turning on the mower deck with the blade-control switch (PTO).

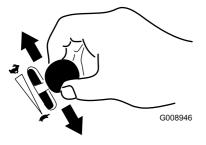


Figure 20

Starting the Engine in Normal Weather

the Engine

g008946

Starting and Shutting Off

Important: Use starting cycles of no more than 30 seconds per minute to avoid overheating the starter motor.

Note: Additional starting cycles may be required when starting the engine for the first time after the fuel system has been completely without fuel.

Operating the Ignition Switch

 Turn the ignition key to the START position (Figure 21).

Note: When the engine starts, release the key.

Important: Do not engage the starter for more than 5 seconds at a time. If the engine fails to start, wait 15 seconds between attempts. Failure to follow these instructions can burn out the starter motor.

Note: You may need multiple attempts to start the engine when you start it the first time after the fuel system has been without fuel completely.

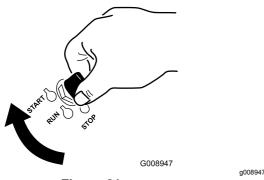


Figure 21

Turn the ignition key to the STOP position to shut off the engine.

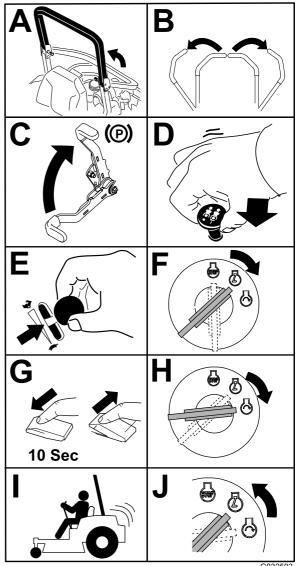


Figure 22

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Starting the Engine in Cold Weather (Below 23°F or -5°C)

Use the correct engine oil for the starting temperature; refer to Servicing the Engine Oil (page 39).

Important: Use starting cycles of no more than 30 seconds per minute to avoid overheating the starter motor.

Note: Do not use fuel left over from the summer. Use only fresh winter-grade diesel fuel.

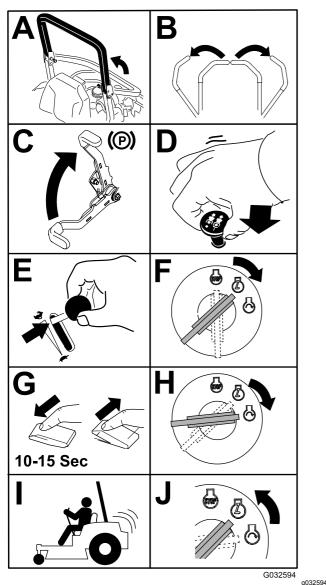


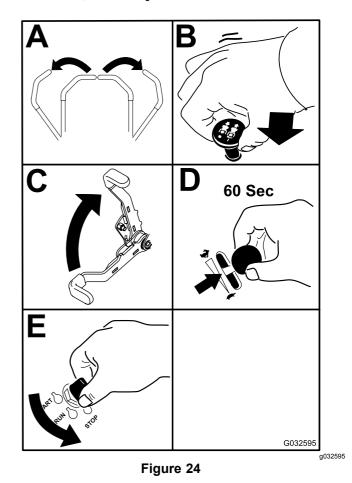
Figure 23

Shutting Off the Engine

A CAUTION

Children or bystanders may be injured if they move or attempt to operate the tractor while it is unattended.

Always remove the ignition key and engage the parking brake when leaving the machine unattended, even if just for a few minutes.



Important: Make sure that you close the fuel-shutoff valve before transporting or storing the machine, as fuel leakage may occur. Engage the parking brake before transporting the machine. Make sure that you remove the key as the fuel pump may run and cause the battery to lose charge.

Using the Motion-Control Levers

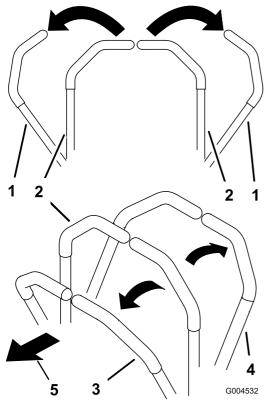


Figure 25

- Motion-control lever—NEUTRAL-LOCK position
- 4. Backward
- 2. Center, unlocked position
- 5. Front of machine
- 3. Forward

Driving the Machine

The drive wheels turn independently, powered by hydraulic motors on each axle. You can turn 1 side in reverse while you turn the other forward, causing the machine to spin rather than turn. This greatly improves the machine maneuverability but may require sometime for you to adapt to how it moves.

The throttle control regulates the engine speed as measured in rpm (revolutions per minute). Place the throttle control in the FAST position for best performance. Always operate in the full throttle position when mowing.

A CAUTION

Machine can spin very rapidly. Operator may lose control of machine and cause personal injury or damage to machine.

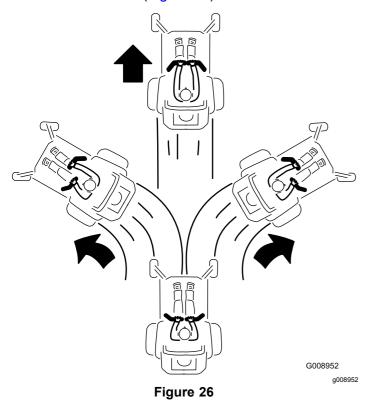
- Use caution when making turns.
- Slow the machine down before making sharp turns.

Driving Forward

Note: The engine stops when you move the traction-control with the parking brake engaged.

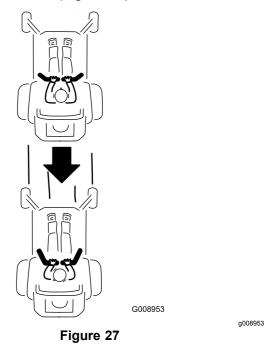
To stop, pull the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL position.

- Disengage the parking brake; refer to Disengaging the Parking Brake (page 21).
- 2. Move the levers to the center, unlocked position.
- 3. To go forward, slowly push the motion-control levers forward (Figure 26).



Driving Backward

- Move the levers to the center, unlocked position.
- 2. To go backward, slowly pull the motion-control levers rearward (Figure 27).



Stopping the Machine

To stop the machine, move the traction control levers to the NEUTRAL position and then to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, disengage the blade-control switch (PTO), and turn the ignition key to the OFF position.

Engage the parking brake when you leave the machine. Remember to remove the key from the ignition switch.

A CAUTION

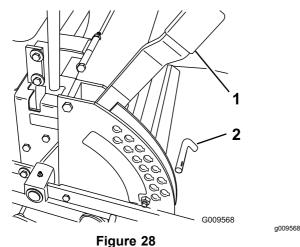
Children or bystanders may be injured if they move or attempt to operate the machine while it is unattended.

Always remove the ignition key and engage the parking brake when leaving the machine unattended, even if just for a few minutes.

Adjusting the Height of Cut

Adjust the height of cut from 38 to 127 mm (1-1/2 to 5 inches) in 6 mm (1/4 inch) increments by moving the clevis pin into different hole locations.

 Raise the height-of-cut lever to the TRANSPORT position (also the 127 mm (5 inches) cutting-height position) (Figure 28).

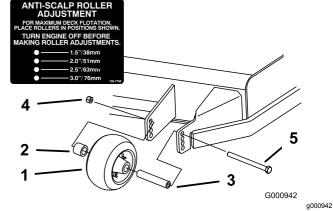


- 1. Height-of-cut lever
- 2. Pin
- 2. To adjust, remove the pin from the height-of-cut bracket (Figure 28).
- 3. Select a hole in the height-of-cut bracket corresponding to the height of cut desired, and insert the pin (Figure 28).
- 4. Move the lever to the selected height.

Adjusting the Anti-Scalp Rollers

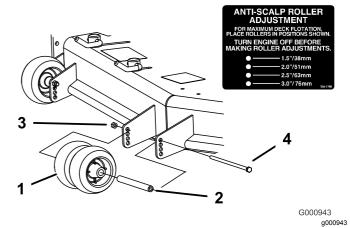
Whenever you change the height of cut, it is recommended to adjust the height of the anti-scalp rollers.

- 1. Disengage the blade-control switch (PTO), move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, and engage the parking brake.
- 2. Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- 3. Adjust the anti-scalp rollers as shown in Figure 29, Figure 30, and Figure 31.



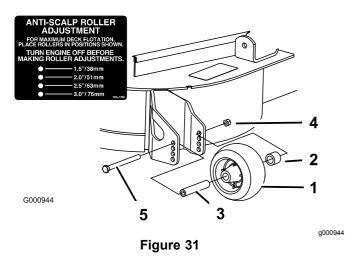
- Figure 29
- 1. Anti-scalp roller
- 2. Spacer
- 3. Bushing

- 4. Flange nut
- 5. Bolt



- Figure 30
- 1. Anti-scalp roller
- 2. Bushing

- 3. Flange nut
- 4. Bolt



- 1. Anti-scalp roller
- Spacer
- 3. Bushing

- 4. Flange nut
- 5. Bolt

Operating with the Overheat Sensor

This machine has a sensor that turns off the mower deck when the engine overheats. When the engine overheats, the audible alarm and light alarm turns on along with the mower deck turning off.

If the mower deck turns off automatically because of overheating, you will be able to drive the machine to a safe area or to a truck or trailer.

If the machine overheats, ensure that the area around the engine and radiator is clear of any debris. Shut off the engine and allow it to cool before you engage the mower deck. If the engine continues to overheat, take your machine to an Authorized Service Dealer.

Operating Tips

Using the Fast Throttle Setting

For best mowing and maximum air circulation, operate the engine at the FAST position. Air is required to thoroughly cut grass clippings, so do not set the height-of-cut so low as to totally surround the mower in uncut grass. Always try to have 1 side of the mower free from uncut grass, which allows air to be drawn into the mower.

Cutting a Lawn for the First Time

Cut grass slightly longer than normal to ensure that the cutting height of the mower does not scalp any uneven ground. However, the cutting height used in the past is generally the best one to use. When cutting grass longer than 15 cm (6 inches) tall, you may want to cut the lawn twice to ensure an acceptable quality of cut.

Cutting a Third of the Grass Blade

It is best to cut only about a third of the grass blade. Cutting more than that is not recommended unless grass is sparse, or it is late fall when grass grows more slowly.

Alternating the Mowing Direction

Alternate the mowing direction to keep the grass standing straight. This also helps disperse clippings which enhances decomposition and fertilization.

Mowing at Correct Intervals

Grass grows at different rates at different times of the year. To maintain the same cutting height, mow more often in early spring. As the grass growth rate slows in mid summer, mow less frequently. If you cannot mow for an extended period, first mow at a high cutting height, then mow again 2 days later at a lower height setting.

Using a Slower Cutting Speed

To improve cut quality, use a slower ground speed in certain conditions.

Avoiding Cutting Too Low

When mowing uneven turf, raise the cutting height to avoid scalping the turf.

Stopping the Machine

If you must stop the forward motion of the machine while mowing, a clump of grass clippings may drop onto your lawn. To avoid this, move onto a previously cut area with the blades engaged or you can disengage the mower deck while moving forward.

Keeping the Underside of the Mower Clean

Clean clippings and dirt from the underside of the mower after each use. If grass and dirt build up inside the mower, cutting quality will eventually become unsatisfactory.

Maintaining the Blade(s)

Maintain a sharp blade throughout the cutting season because a sharp blade cuts cleanly without tearing or shredding the grass blades. Tearing and shredding turns grass brown at the edges, which slows growth and increases the chance of disease. Check the mower blades after each use for sharpness, and for any wear or damage. File down any nicks and sharpen the blades as necessary. If a blade is damaged or worn, replace it immediately with a genuine Toro replacement blade.

After Operation

After Operation Safety

General Safety

- Clean grass and debris from the cutting units, mufflers, and engine compartment to help prevent fires. Clean up oil or fuel spills.
- Shut off the fuel before storing or transporting the machine.
- Disengage the drive to the attachment whenever you are transporting or not using the machine.
- Use full-width ramps for loading the machine into a trailer or truck.
- Tie the machine down securely using straps, chains, cable, or ropes. Both front and rear straps should be directed down and outward from the machine.
- Allow the engine to cool before storing the machine in any enclosure.
- Never store the machine or fuel container where there is an open flame, spark, or pilot light, such as on a water heater or on other appliances.

Using the Fuel-Shutoff Valve

The fuel-shutoff valve is located under the seat. Move the seat forward to access it.

Close the fuel-shutoff valve for transport, maintenance, and storage.

Ensure that the fuel-shutoff valve is open when starting the engine.

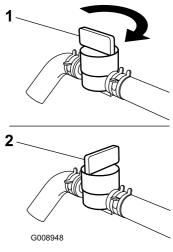


Figure 32

1. On position

2. Off position

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Pushing the Machine by Hand

Important: Always push the machine by hand. Never tow the machine because hydraulic damage may occur.

Pushing the Machine

- Disengage the blade-control switch (PTO), turn the ignition key to the OFF position, move the levers to NEUTRAL-LOCK position, engage the parking brake, and remove the key.
- Rotate the bypass valves counterclockwise 1 turn to push (Figure 33).

Note: This allows hydraulic fluid to bypass the pump enabling the wheels to turn.

Important: Do not rotate bypass valves more than 1 turn. This prevents valves from coming out of the body and causing fluid to run out.

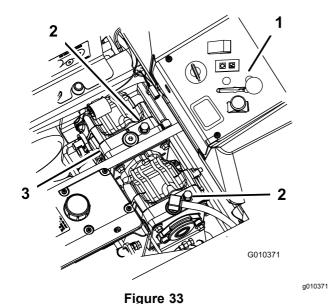
Disengage the parking brake before pushing.

Changing to Machine Operation

Rotate the bypass valves clockwise 1 turn to operate machine (Figure 33).

Note: Do not over-tighten the bypass valves.

Important: The machine does not drive unless bypass valves are turned in.



- 1. Side console controls
- 3. Hydraulic pumps
- 2. Bypass valve

Transporting the Machine

Use a heavy-duty trailer or truck to transport the machine. Ensure that the trailer or truck has all necessary brakes, lighting, and marking as required by law. Please carefully read all the safety instructions. Knowing this information could help you, your family, pets, or bystanders avoid injury.

To transport the machine:

- Lock the brake and block the wheels.
- Securely fasten the machine to the trailer or truck with straps, chains, cable, or ropes.
- Secure a trailer to the towing vehicle with safety chains.

A WARNING

Driving on the street or roadway without turn signals, lights, reflective markings, or a slow moving vehicle emblem is dangerous and can lead to accidents causing personal injury.

Do not drive machine on a public street or roadway.

Loading the Machine

Use extreme caution when loading or unloading machines onto a trailer or a truck. Use a full-width ramp that is wider than the machine for this procedure. Back up the ramp and drive forward down the ramp (Figure 34).

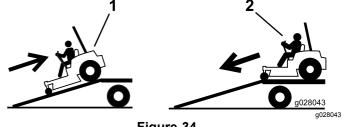


Figure 34

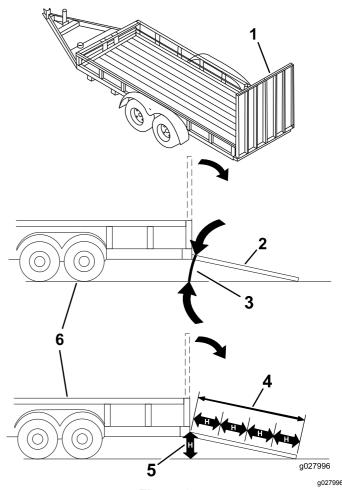
- Back the machine up the ramp.
- 2. Drive the machine forward down the ramp.

Important: Do not use narrow individual ramps for each side of the machine.

A WARNING

Loading a machine onto a trailer or truck increases the possibility of tip-over and could cause serious injury or death.

- Use extreme caution when operating a machine on a ramp.
- Ensure that the roll bar is in the up position and use the seat belt when loading or unloading the machine. Ensure that the roll bar will clear the top of an enclosed trailer.
- Use only a full-width ramp; do not use individual ramps for each side of the machine.
- Do not exceed a 15-degree angle between the ramp and the ground or between the ramp and the trailer or truck.
- Ensure that the length of ramp is at least 4 times as long as the height of the trailer or truck bed to the ground. This ensures that the ramp angle does not exceed 15 degrees on flat ground.
- Back up ramps and drive forward down ramps.
- Avoid sudden acceleration or deceleration while driving the machine on a ramp as this could cause a loss of control or a tip-over situation.



- Figure 35
- Full-width ramp in stowed position
- 2. Side view of full-width ramp in loading position
- Not greater than
 15 degrees
- Ramp is at least 4 times as long as the height of the trailer or truck bed to the ground
- H=height of the trailer or truck bed to the ground
- 6. Trailer

Using the Z Stand™

The Z Stand raises the front end of the machine to allow you to clean the mower and remove the blades.

A WARNING

The machine could fall onto someone and cause serious injury or death.

- Use extreme caution when operating the machine on the Z Stand.
- Use the Z Stand only for cleaning the mower and removing the blades.
- Do not keep the machine on the Z Stand for extended periods of time.
- Always shut off the engine, set the parking brake, and remove the key before performing any maintenance to the mower.

Driving up onto the Z Stand

Important: Use the Z Stand on a level surface.

- Raise the mower deck to the transport position.
- Remove the bracket pin (Figure 36).

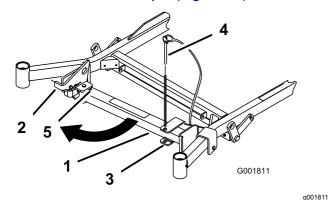


Figure 36

- 1. Z Stand
- 2. Bracket pin
- 3. Bracket

- 4. Bottom of slot
- 5. Latch
- Raise the latch. 3.

Swing the stand foot out front and slide it toward machine, into the bottom of slot (Figure 36 and Figure 37).

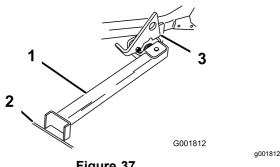


Figure 37

- 1. Z Stand (positioned in slot) 3. Latch resting on pivot tab
- 2. Crack in side walk or turf
- Set the foot of the stand on the ground and rest the latch on the pivot tab (Figure 37).
- Start the engine and put it at half throttle.

Note: For best results, place the foot of the stand into the seams in sidewalks or into the turf (Figure 37).

- Drive the machine onto the stand. Stop when the latch drops over the tab into the locked position (Figure 37).
- Engage the parking brake and turn off the engine.
- Chock or block the drive wheels.

A WARNING

The parking brake may not hold the machine parked on the Z Stand and could cause personal injury or property damage.

Do not park on the Z Stand unless the wheels are chocked or blocked.

10. Perform the maintenance.

Driving off the Z Stand

- 1. Remove the chocks or blocks.
- 2. Raise the latch to the unlocked position (Figure 38).

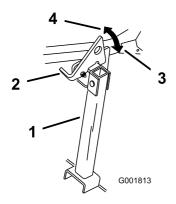


Figure 38

- 1. Z Stand
- 2. Latch

3. Locked position

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- 4. Unlocked position
- 3. Start the engine and place it at half throttle. Disengage the parking brake.
- 4. Slowly drive backward off the stand.
- 5. Return the stand to its rest position (Figure 36).

Maintenance

Recommended Maintenance Schedule(s)

Maintenance Service Interval	Maintenance Procedure
After the first 8 hours	Check the engine cooling system level. Check the hydraulic fluid.
After the first 25 hours	Change the hydraulic filter.
After the first 50 hours	Replace the engine oil. Change the engine-oil filter.
After the first 100 hours	Check the wheel-hub slotted nut.Change the gearbox oil.
Before each use or daily	 Check the safety system. Check the engine-oil level. Check the engine cooling system level. Clean the engine-oil cooler. Inspect the blades. Clean the mower deck.
Every 25 hours	 Grease the mower-deck push arms. Grease the pump belt idler arm. Grease the PTO-drive belt idler arm. Grease the brake lever. Check the hydraulic fluid.
Every 40 hours	Drain the water separator.
Every 50 hours	 Check the tire pressure Check the PTO-drive belt. Check the pump drive belt. Check the alternator belt.
Every 100 hours	 Replace the engine oil. Check the gearbox-oil level. Check the engine cooling system hoses. Inspect the belts for cracks and wear. Check the hydraulic hoses.
Every 150 hours	Add light oil or spray lubrication to the machine (refer to lubrication).
Every 200 hours	Change the engine-oil filter. Grease the brake pivot.
Every 250 hours	 Check and/or replace the air filter (more often in dirty or dusty conditions). Change the hydraulic filter and hydraulic fluid when using Mobil® 1 fluid.
Every 400 hours	Replace the fuel filter (more often in dirty or dusty conditions).
Every 500 hours	 Check the wheel-hub slotted nut. Adjust the caster-pivot bearing. Adjust the electric clutch. Change the hydraulic filter and hydraulic fluid when using Toro® HYPR-OIL™ 500 hydraulic fluid.
Yearly	 Grease the front caster pivots (more often in dirty or dusty conditions). Lubricate the caster-wheel hubs. Change the gearbox oil. Change the engine coolant.

Important: Refer to your engine owner's manual for additional maintenance procedures.

A CAUTION

If you leave the key in the ignition switch, someone could accidently start the engine and seriously injure you or other bystanders.

Remove the key from the ignition before you perform any maintenance.

Pre-Maintenance **Procedures**

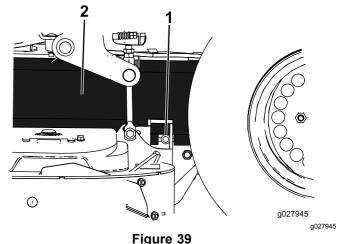
Maintenance and Storage Safety

- Before repairing the machine do the following:
 - Disengage the drives.
 - Engage the parking brake.
 - Shut off the engine and remove the key.
 - Disconnect the spark-plug wire.
- Park the machine on a level surface.
- Clean grass and debris from the cutting unit, drives, mufflers, and engine to help prevent fires.
- Clean up oil or fuel spills.
- Let the engine cool before storing the machine.
- Do not store the machine or fuel near flames or drain the fuel indoors.
- Do not allow untrained personnel to service the machine.
- Use jack stands to support the machine and/or components when required.
- Carefully release pressure from components with stored energy.
- Disconnect the battery or remove the spark-plug wire before making any repairs. Disconnect the negative terminal first and the positive terminal last. Connect the positive terminal first and negative last.
- Use care when checking the blades. Wrap the blade(s) or wear thickly padded gloves, and use caution when servicing them. Only replace blades; do not straighten or weld them.
- Keep your hands and feet away from moving parts. If possible, do not make adjustments with the engine running.
- Keep all parts in good working condition and all hardware tightened, especially the blade-attachment bolts. Replace all worn or damaged decals.
- Never interfere with the intended function of a safety device or reduce the protection provided by a safety device. Check their proper operation regularly.

- To ensure optimum performance and continued safety certification of the machine, use only genuine Toro replacement parts and accessories. Replacement parts and accessories made by other manufacturers could be dangerous, and such use could void the product warranty.
- Check the parking brake operation frequently. Adjust and service as required.

Releasing the Mower-Deck Curtain

Loosen the bottom bolt of the curtain to release the mower-deck curtain and get access to the top of the mower deck (Figure 39). After performing maintenance, install the curtain and tighten the bolt.

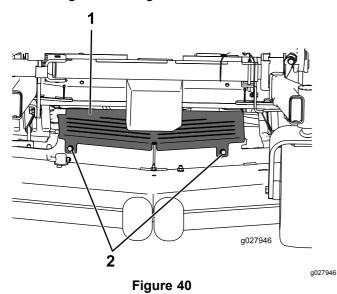


Bolt

2. Curtain

Removing the Sheet-Metal Guard

Loosen the 2 front bolts and remove the sheet-metal guard to access the mower belts and spindles (Figure 40). After performing maintenance, install the sheet-metal guard and tighten the bolts.



1. Sheet-metal guard

2. Bolt

Lubrication

Lubricate the machine when shown on the Check Service Reference Aid decal (Figure 41). Grease more frequently when operating conditions are extremely dusty or sandy.

Grease Type: No. 2 lithium or molybdenum-base grease

Greasing the Machine

- Disengage the PTO, move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, and engage the parking brake.
- 2. Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- 3. Clean the grease fittings with a rag.

Note: Make sure that you scrape any paint off the front of the fitting(s).

- 4. Connect a grease gun to the fitting and pump grease into the fittings until grease begins to ooze out of the bearings.
- 5. Wipe up any excess grease.

Greasing the Front Caster Pivots

Service Interval: Yearly (more often in dirty or dusty conditions).

- Remove the dust cap and adjust the caster pivots and keep the dust cap off until greasing is done; refer to Adjusting the Caster-Pivot Bearing (page 47).
- 2. Remove the hex plug.
- 3. Thread a grease fitting into the hole.
- 4. Pump grease into the fitting until it oozes out around the top bearing.
- 5. Remove the grease fitting from the hole. Install the hex plug and cap.

Adding Grease

Lubricate the grease fittings as shown on the Check Service Reference Aid decal (Figure 41).

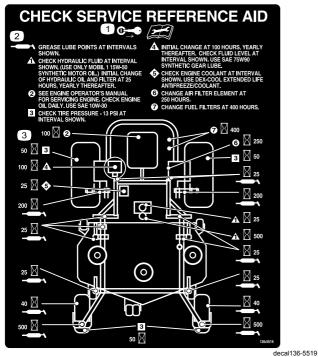


Figure 41

Adding Light Oil or Spray Lubrication

Service Interval: Every 150 hours

Lubricate the machine in the following areas with spray type lubricant or light oil.

- · Seat-switch actuator
- Brake-handle pivot
- Brake-rod bushings
- Motion control bronze bushings

Greasing the Mower Deck and Belt Idlers

Service Interval: Every 25 hours—Grease the mower-deck push arms.

Grease with No. 2 lithium or molybdenum grease.

- 1. Disengage the blade-control switch (PTO), move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, and engage the parking brake.
- 2. Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- 3. Loosen the bottom bolt holding the mower-deck curtain to the mower deck; refer to Releasing the Mower-Deck Curtain (page 34).
- 4. Remove the sheet-metal guard; refer to Removing the Sheet-Metal Guard (page 35).
- 5. Remove the belt covers and the bolts attached to them.
- 6. Grease the fittings on the push arms (Figure 42).

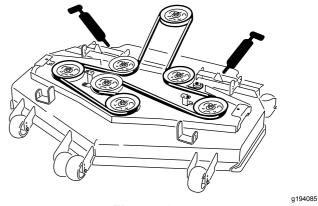


Figure 42

- Grease the PTO-drive belt idler arm (Figure 43).
- 8. Grease the pump belt idler arm (Figure 43).

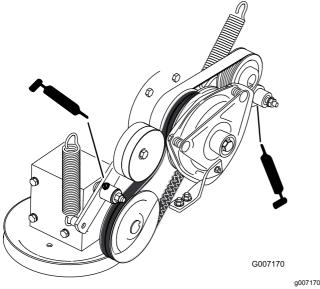


Figure 43

- 9. Install the belt covers.
- 10. Install the sheet-metal guard; refer to Removing the Sheet-Metal Guard (page 35).
- Tighten the bolt for the mower-deck curtain; refer to Releasing the Mower-Deck Curtain (page 34).

Lubricating the Caster-Wheel Hubs

Service Interval: Yearly

 Shut off the engine, wait for all moving parts to stop, remove the key, and engage the parking brake.

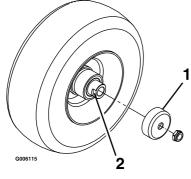


Figure 44

- 1. Seal guard
- 2. Spacer nut with wrench flats
- 2. Raise the mower for access.
- 3. Remove the caster wheel from the caster forks.
- Remove the seal guards from the wheel hub.
- 5. Remove a spacer nut from the axle assembly in the caster wheel.

Note: Thread-locking adhesive has been applied to lock the spacer nuts to the axle.

- 6. Remove the axle (with the other spacer nut still assembled to it) from the wheel assembly.
- 7. Pry out seals and inspect bearings for wear or damage and replace if necessary.
- 8. Pack the bearings with a general-purpose grease.
- 9. Insert 1 bearing and 1 new seal into the wheel.

Note: Replace the seals.

 If the axle assembly is missing both spacer nuts, apply a thread-locking adhesive to 1 spacer nut and thread it onto the axle with the wrench flats facing outward.

Note: Do not thread the spacer nut all of the way onto the end of the axle. Leave approximately 3 mm (1/8 inch) from the outer surface of the spacer nut to the end of the axle inside the nut.

- Insert the assembled nut and axle into the wheel on the side of the wheel with the new seal and bearing.
- 12. With the open end of the wheel facing up, fill the area inside the wheel around the axle full of general-purpose grease.
- 13. Insert the second bearing and new seal into the wheel.
- Apply a thread-locking adhesive to the second spacer nut, and thread it onto the axle with the wrench flats facing outward.
- 15. Torque the nut to 8 to 9 N·m (75 to 80 in-lb), loosen, then torque to 2 to 3 N·m (20 to 25 in-lb).

Note: Make sure that the axle does not extend beyond either nut.

- 16. Install the seal guards over the wheel hub, and insert the wheel into the caster fork.
- 17. Install the caster bolt and tighten the nut fully.

Important: To prevent seal and bearing damage, check the bearing adjustment often. Spin the caster tire. The tire should not spin freely (more than 1 or 2 revolutions) or have any side play. If the wheel spins freely, adjust the torque on the spacer nut until there is a slight amount of drag. Apply another layer of thread-locking adhesive.

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Engine Maintenance

A WARNING

Contact with hot surfaces may cause personal injury.

Keep your hands, feet, face, clothing, and other body parts away the muffler and other hot surfaces.

Engine Safety

Shut off the engine before checking the oil or adding oil to the crankcase.

Servicing the Air Cleaner

Note: Check the filters more frequently if operating conditions are extremely dusty or sandy.

Removing the Air Filter

Service Interval: Every 250 hours (more often in dirty or dusty conditions).

- Disengage the blade-control switch (PTO), move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, and engage the parking brake.
- 2. Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- Release the latches on the air cleaner and pull the air-cleaner cover off the air-cleaner body (Figure 45).
- 4. Clean the inside of the air-cleaner cover with compressed air.
- 5. Gently slide the filter out of the air-cleaner body (Figure 45).

Note: Avoid knocking the filter into the side of the body.

6. Inspect the filter for damage by looking into the filter while shining a bright light on the outside of the filter.

Note: Holes in the filter appear as bright spots. If the filter is damaged, discard it.

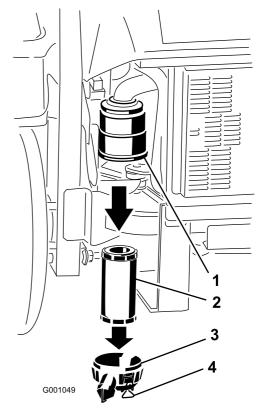


Figure 45

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- 1. Air-filter body
- 2. Air filter
- 3. Air-cleaner cover
- 4. Latches

Installing the Air Filter

- 1. If installing a new filter, check the filter for shipping damage. Do not use a damaged filter.
- 2. Carefully slide the filter into the filter body (Figure 46).

Note: Ensure that it is fully seated by pushing on the outer rim of the filter while installing it.

Important: Do not press on the soft inside area of the filter.

3. Install the air-cleaner cover and secure the latches (Figure 46).

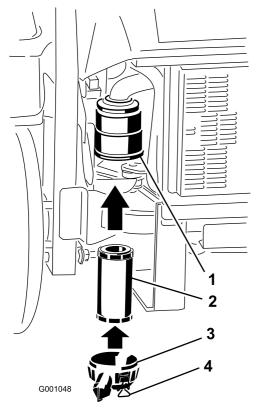


Figure 46

- 1. Air-filter body
- 2. Air filter

- Air-cleaner cover
- Latches

Servicing the Engine Oil

Oil Type: High-quality detergent oil classified API Service CD or higher for diesel engines. Do not use special additives with recommended oils.

Crankcase Capacity: 3.7 L (3.9 US qt)

Viscosity: See the table below.

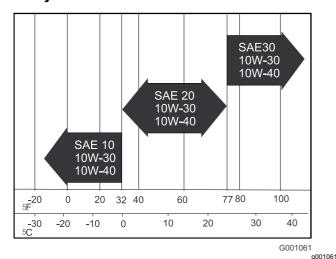
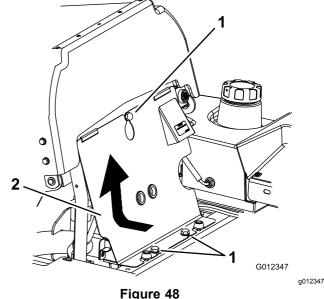


Figure 47

Preparing to Service the Engine Oil

Important: The fasteners for the front engine panel are designed to remain on the machine after cover removal. Loosen all of the fasteners a few turns so that the panel is loose but still attached. then go back and loosen them until the panel comes free. This prevents you from accidentally stripping the bolts free of the retainers.

Tilt the seat forward, loosen the bolts holding the front engine panel and remove it (Figure 48).



Bolt 1.

2. Front engine panel

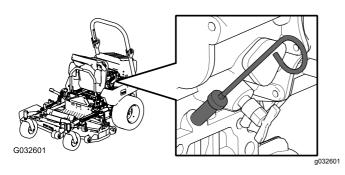
Note: After servicing the engine oil, install the engine panel and tilt the seat into its upright position.

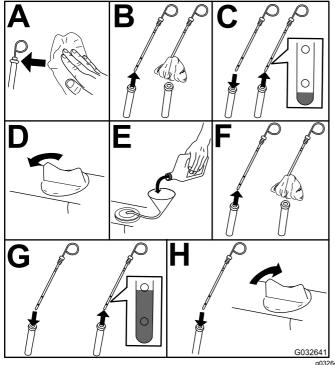
Checking the Engine-Oil Level

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

Note: Check the oil when the engine is cold.

- Disengage the blade-control switch (PTO), move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, and engage the parking brake.
- Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- Check the engine-oil level (Figure 49).





4. Start the engine, run it at idle for 5 minutes, shut off the engine, wait for 3 minutes, and then check the engine-oil level. If needed, add oil up to the FULL mark on the dipstick.

Figure 49

Important: Be sure to keep the engine-oil level between the upper and lower limits on the oil gauge. Engine failure may occur as a result.

Important: Add the oil very slowly and do not block the opening of the filler hole (Figure 40). If you add oil too fast or block the hole, the oil could back up and foul the air intakes, causing engine damage.

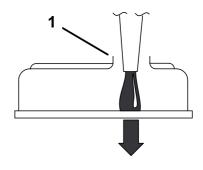


Figure 50

Note the clearance left in the filler opening.

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Changing the Engine Oil

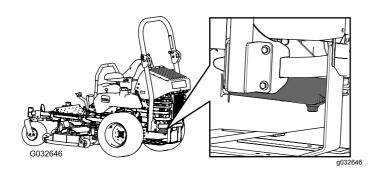
Service Interval: After the first 50 hours

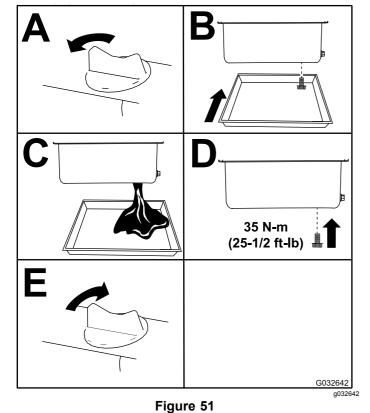
Every 100 hours

1. Start the engine and let it run for 5 minutes.

Note: This warms the oil so it drains better.

- Park the machine on a level surface, disengage the blade-control switch (PTO), move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, and engage the parking brake.
- 3. Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.





Note: Dispose of the used oil at a recycling center.

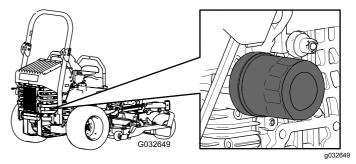
4. Add oil; refer to Checking the Engine-Oil Level (page 39).

Changing the Engine-Oil Filter

Service Interval: After the first 50 hours

Every 200 hours

- 1. Drain the oil from the engine; refer to Changing the Engine Oil (page 40).
- 2. Change the engine-oil filter (Figure 52).



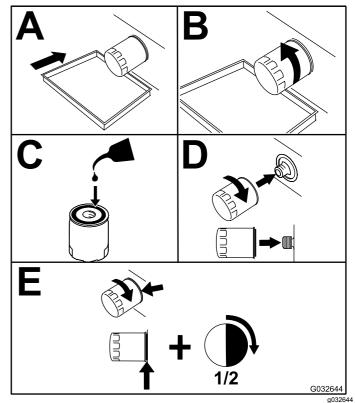


Figure 52

3. Add oil; refer to Checking the Engine-Oil Level (page 39).

Fuel System Maintenance

Servicing the Fuel Filter and Water Separator

Service Interval: Every 40 hours—Drain the water separator.

Every 400 hours/Yearly (whichever comes first)—Replace the fuel filter (more often in dirty or dusty conditions).

Draining the Water Separator

- 1. Position the machine on a level surface.
- 2. Disengage the blade-control switch (PTO), move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, and engage the parking brake.
- 3. Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- Locate the water separator at the back left of the machine.
- 5. Place a drain pan below the water separator.
- Open the drain valve on the water separator approximately 1 turn to allow water and other contaminates to drain (Figure 53).
- 7. Close the drain valve when only diesel fuel comes out (Figure 53).

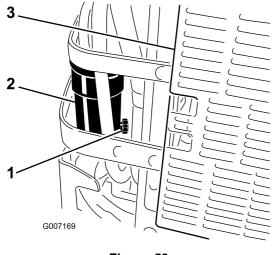


Figure 53

- Drain valve
- Water separator
- 3. Back of machine

Changing the Fuel Filter

Never install a dirty fuel filter if it is removed from the fuel line.

- 1. Allow the machine to cool down.
- Disengage the blade-control switch (PTO), move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, and engage the parking brake.
- 3. Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- 4. Close the fuel shut-off valve (Figure 54).
- 5. Loosen the 2 hose clamps and disconnect the fuel lines from the fuel filter (Figure 54).
- 6. Install a new filter. Connect the fuel lines to the fuel filter and install the 2 hose clamps (Figure 54).
- 7. Open the fuel shut-off valve.
- 8. Start the engine and check for leaks.

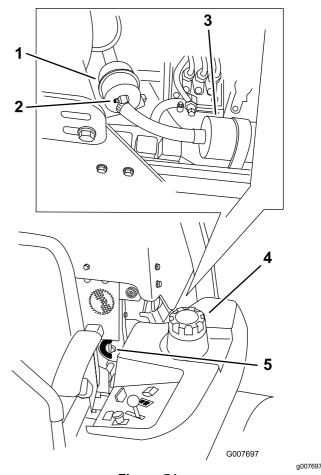


Figure 54

- Fuel filter
- 2. Hose clamp
- 3. Fuel pump
- 4. Left side of machine
- 5. Fuel-shutoff valve

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Servicing the Fuel Tank

Do not attempt to drain the fuel tank because fuel line components require special tools to install them. Ensure that an Authorized Service Dealer drains the fuel tank and services any components of the fuel system.

Electrical System Maintenance

Electrical System Safety

- Disconnect the battery before repairing the machine. Disconnect the negative terminal first and the positive last. Connect the positive terminal first and the negative last.
- Charge the battery in an open, well-ventilated area, away from sparks and flames. Unplug the charger before connecting or disconnecting the battery. Wear protective clothing and use insulated tools.

WARNING

CALIFORNIA Proposition 65 Warning

Battery posts, terminals, and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling.

Servicing the Battery

A DANGER

Battery electrolyte contains sulfuric acid which is a deadly poison and causes severe burns.

Do not drink electrolyte and avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear safety glasses to shield your eyes and rubber gloves to protect your hands.

Removing the Battery

A WARNING

Battery terminals or metal tools could short against metal machine components, causing sparks. Sparks can cause the battery gasses to explode, resulting in personal injury.

- When removing or installing the battery, do not allow the battery terminals to touch any metal parts of the machine.
- Do not allow metal tools to short between the battery terminals and metal parts of the machine.

A WARNING

Incorrect battery cable routing could damage the machine and cables causing sparks. Sparks can cause the battery gasses to explode, resulting in personal injury.

- Always disconnect the negative (black) battery cable before disconnecting the positive (red) cable.
- Always connect the positive (red) battery cable before connecting the negative (black) cable.
 - Disengage the blade-control switch (PTO), move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, and engage the parking brake.
- Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- 3. Unlatch the seat and tilt the seat up.
- Remove the battery as shown in Figure 55.

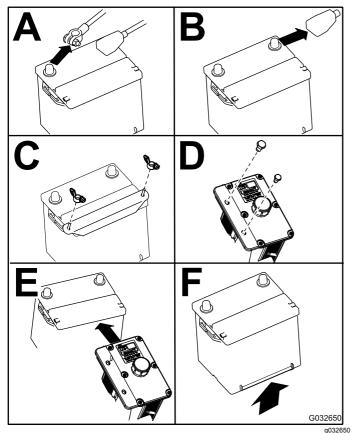


Figure 55

Installing the Battery

Note: Position the battery in the tray with the terminal posts opposite from the hydraulic tank.

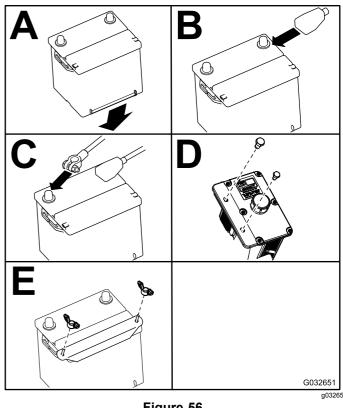


Figure 56

Charging the Battery

A WARNING

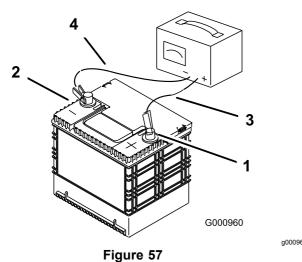
Charging the battery produces gasses that can explode.

Never smoke near the battery and keep sparks and flames away from battery.

Important: Always keep the battery fully charged (1.265 specific gravity). This is especially important to prevent battery damage when the temperature is below 0°C (32°F).

- Make sure that the filler caps are installed in battery. Charge battery for 10 to 15 minutes at 25 to 30 A or 30 minutes at 10 A.
- When the battery is fully charged, unplug the charger from the electrical outlet, then disconnect the charger leads from the battery posts (Figure 57).
- Install the battery in the machine and connect the battery cables, refer to Installing the Battery (page 44).

Note: Do not run the machine with the battery disconnected, electrical damage may occur.



- 1. Positive battery post
- 3. Red (+) charger lead
- 2. Negative battery post
- Black (-) charger lead

Servicing the Fuses

The electrical system is protected by fuses. It requires no maintenance, however, if a fuse blows check component/circuit for malfunction or short.

- Unlatch the engine hood and raise the engine hood to gain access to fuse holder (Figure 58).
- To replace the fuses, pull out on the fuse to remove it.
- 3. Install a new fuse (Figure 58).

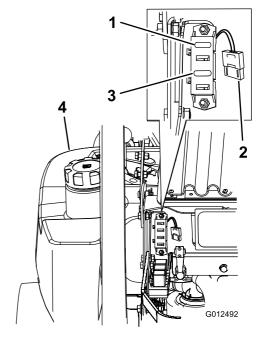


Figure 58

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- 1. Ignition—30 A (F1)
- 3. Clutch—10 A (F3)
- Radiator fan-50 A (large, 4. Left fuel tank heavy duty fuse)

Drive System Maintenance

Adjusting the Tracking

The machine has a knob for adjusting the tracking located under the seat.

Important: Adjust the handle neutral and hydraulic pump neutral before adjusting the tracking; refer to Adjusting the Control Handle Neutral Position (page 55) and Setting the Hydraulic Pump Neutral Position (page 59).

- Push both control levers forward the same distance.
- Check if the machine pulls to 1 side. If it does, shut off the machine and engage the parking brake.
- 3. Unlatch the seat and tilt the seat forward to access the tracking knob.

Note: Determine the left and right sides of the machine from the normal operating position.

- To make the machine go right, turn the knob toward the right of the machine; refer to Figure 59.
- To make the machine go left, turn the knob toward the left of the machine; refer to Figure 59.
- 6. Repeat adjustment until the tracking is correct.

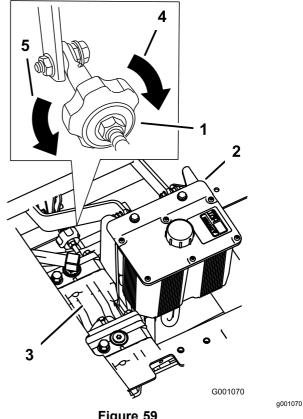


Figure 59

- 1. Tracking knob
- Hydraulic tank
- Hydraulic pumps
- 4. Turn this way to track right.
- 5. Turn this way to track left.

Checking the Tire Pressure

Service Interval: Every 50 hours/Monthly (whichever comes first)

Maintain the air pressure in the rear tires at 90 kPa (13 psi). Uneven tire pressure can cause uneven cut. Check the tires when they are cold to get the most accurate pressure reading.

Note: The front tires are semi-pneumatic tires and do not require air pressure maintenance.

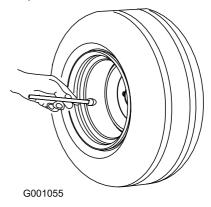


Figure 60

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Checking the Wheel-Hub Slotted Nut

Service Interval: After the first 100 hours—Check the wheel-hub slotted nut.

Every 500 hours—Check the wheel-hub slotted nut.

Torque the slottled nut to 286 to 352 N·m (211 to 260 ft-lb).

Note: Do not use anti-seize compound on the wheel hub.

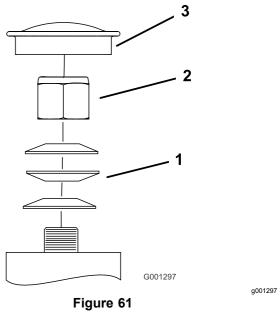
Adjusting the Caster-Pivot Bearing

Service Interval: Every 500 hours/Yearly (whichever comes first)

- Disengage the blade-control switch (PTO), move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, and engage the parking brake.
- 2. Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- 3. Remove the dust cap from caster and tighten the locknut (Figure 61).
- 4. Tighten the locknut until the spring washers are flat, and then back off a 1/4 turn to properly set the preload on the bearings (Figure 61).

Important: Make sure that the spring washers are installed correctly as shown in Figure 61.

5. Install the dust cap (Figure 61).



- 1. Spring washers
- 2. Lock nut
- 3. Dust cap

Servicing the Gearbox

Checking the Gearbox-Oil Level

Service Interval: Every 100 hours

Use SAE 75W-90 synthetic gear lube.

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface.
- 2. Disengage the blade-control switch (PTO), move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, and engage the parking brake.
- 3. Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- 4. Remove the side or rear plug on the gearbox (Figure 62).
- The oil should be up to the opening of the gearbox.
- Add oil if needed to bring it to the correct level.

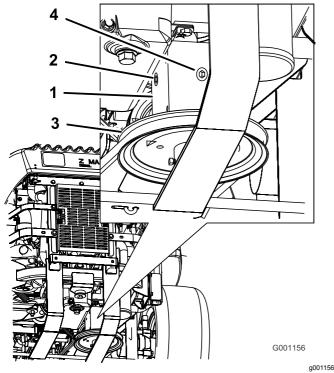


Figure 62

. Gearbox

3. Pulley

2. Side plug

4. Rear plug

Changing the Gearbox Oil

Service Interval: After the first 100 hours

Yearly

Contact an Authorized Service Dealer to change the gearbox oil.

Adjusting the Electric Clutch

Service Interval: Every 500 hours

The clutch is adjustable to ensure proper engagement and proper braking.

- 1. Disengage the blade-control switch (PTO), move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, and engage the parking brake.
- 2. Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- 3. Unlatch the seat and tip it forward.
- 4. Loosen the front engine panel knobs and remove the panel.
- 5. Pull up on the spring-loaded idler pulley for the PTO-drive belt and remove the belt from the clutch pulley (Figure 63).

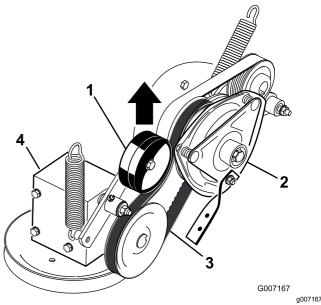


Figure 63

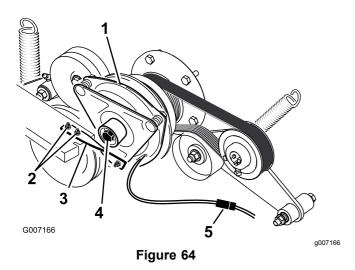
1. Spring-loaded idler pulley

3. PTO-drive belt

2. Clutch

4. Gearbox

- 6. Unplug the electric connection for the clutch (Figure 64).
- 7. Remove the 2 bolts holding the rubber clutch strap to the mower frame (Figure 64).
- 8. Remove the center bolt holding the clutch to the engine shaft and remove the clutch and key (Figure 64).

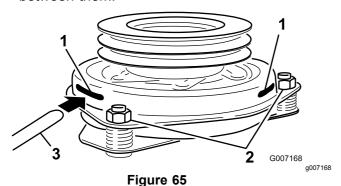


1. Clutch

- 4. Clutch center bolt
- strap
- 2 bolts and nuts for clutch 5. Electrical connection
- 3. Rubber clutch strap
- Insert a 0.381 to 0.533 mm (0.015 to 0.021 inch) feeler gauge through an inspection slot in the side of the assembly (Figure 65).

Note: Make sure that it is between the armature and the rotor friction surfaces.

- 10. Tighten the locknuts until there is slight binding on the feeler gauge but it can be moved easily within the air gap (Figure 65).
- Repeat this for the remaining slots. 11.
- Check each slot again and make slight 12. adjustments until the feeler gauge between the rotor and armature has very slight contact between them.



Slot 1.

- 3. Feeler gauge
- Adjusting nut
- 13. Install the clutch to the engine shaft with the key.
- Apply thread-locking adhesive to the center bolt. 14.
- While holding the crank shaft at the back of the 15. machine, install the center bolt and torque it to 68 N·m (50 ft-lb) (Figure 64).

- Install the rubber clutch strap to the mower 16. frame with the 2 previously removed bolts and nuts (Figure 64).
- 17. Pull up on the spring-loaded idler for the PTO-drive belt and install it onto the clutch pulley (Figure 63).
- 18. Plug in the electric connection for the clutch (Figure 64).
- Install the front engine panel and tighten the 19. knobs.
- 20. Lower down the seat.

Cooling System Maintenance

Servicing the Cooling System

A DANGER

Discharge of hot pressurized coolant or touching hot radiator and surrounding parts can cause severe burns.

- Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Always allow the engine to cool at least 15 minutes or until the radiator cap is cool enough to touch without burning your hand before removing the radiator cap.
- Do not touch the radiator and surrounding parts that are hot.

A DANGER

The rotating shaft and fan can cause personal injury.

- Do not operate the machine without the covers in place.
- Keep your fingers, hands, and clothing clear of rotating fan and driveshaft.
- Shut off the engine and remove the ignition key before performing maintenance.

A CAUTION

Swallowing engine coolant can cause poisoning.

- Do not swallow engine coolant.
- Keep out of reach from children and pets.

Checking the Radiator Coolant

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

After the first 8 hours Every 100 hours

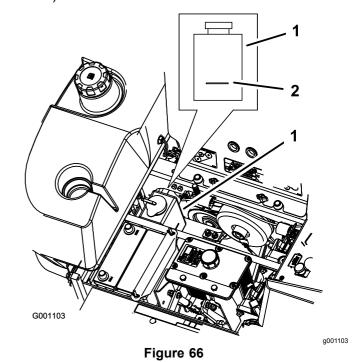
Fluid Type: 50/50 mix of extended life

antifreeze/Dex-Cool® and water

Cooling System Capacity: 4.6 L (156 oz)

Note: Do not open the radiator cap. Doing this may induce air into the cooling system.

- 1. Position the machine on a level surface, shut off the engine, and engage the parking brake.
- 2. Unlatch the seat and tilt the seat up.
- With the engine cool, check the overflow bottle level. The fluid needs to be up to the bump on the outside of the overflow bottle (Figure 66).
- 4. If the coolant level is low, add a 50/50 mix of extended life antifreeze/Dex-Cool® and water to the overflow bottle (Figure 66).
- 5. Add the 50/50 coolant mix to the overflow bottle and fill it to the indicator line on the bottle (Figure 66).



Antifreeze overflow bottle

Indicator line on side of overflow bottle

Cleaning the Hydraulic-Fluid Cooler and Radiator Screen

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

Before each use, check and clean the radiator screen and oil cooler. Remove any build-up of grass, dirt or other debris from the oil cooler and radiator screen with compressed air (Figure 67).

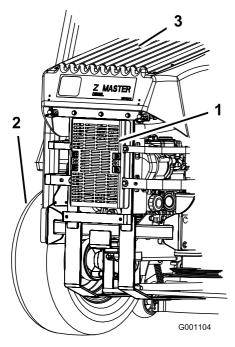


Figure 67

- 1. Hydraulic-fluid cooler
- 2. Left rear tire

3. Radiator screen

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Changing the Engine Coolant

Service Interval: Yearly

Contact an Authorized Service Dealer for changing the coolant.

Brake Maintenance

Adjusting the Parking **Brake**

Service Interval: Every 25 hours

Every 200 hours

- Engage the parking brake.
- Measure the length of the spring (Figure 68).

Note: The measurement should be 64 mm (2-1/2 inches) between the washers.

- If adjustment is necessary, disengage the parking brake, loosen the jam nut below the spring and adjust the nut directly below the spring (Figure 68).
- Turn the nut until the correct measurement is obtained.

Note: Turn the nut clockwise to shorten spring length and turn counter-clockwise to lengthen the spring.

- 5. Tighten the 2 nuts together.
- Engage the parking brake and check the measurement of the spring again.
- If an adjustment is necessary, repeat the procedures above.
- Repeat on the opposite side of machine.

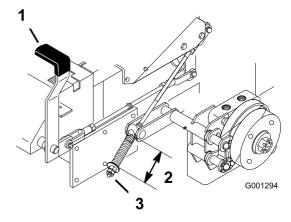


Figure 68

Brake lever in engaged

- 3. Adjusting nut and jam nut
- Spring-64 mm (2-1/2 inches)

position

Belt Maintenance

Inspecting the Belts

Service Interval: Every 100 hours

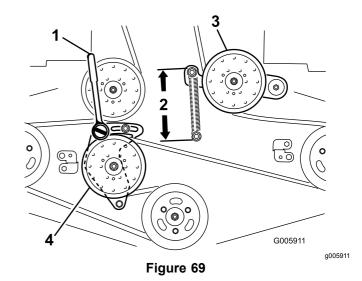
Check belts for cracks, frayed edges, burn marks, or any other damage. Replace damaged belts.

Replacing the Mower Belt

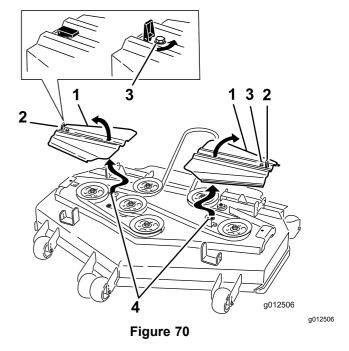
Important: The fasteners on the covers of this machine are designed to remain on the cover after removal. Loosen all of the fasteners on each cover a few turns so that the cover is loose but still attached, then go back and loosen them until the cover comes free. This prevents you from accidentally stripping the bolts free of the retainers.

Squealing when the belt is rotating, blades slipping when cutting grass, frayed belt edges, burn marks and cracks are signs of a worn mower belt. Replace the mower belt if any of these conditions are evident.

- Disengage the blade-control switch (PTO), move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, and engage the parking brake.
- 2. Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- 3. Loosen the bottom bolt holding the mower-deck curtain to the mower deck. Refer to Releasing the Mower-Deck Curtain (page 34).
- 4. Remove the sheet metal guard. Refer to Removing the Sheet-Metal Guard (page 35)
- 5. Remove the belt covers and the bolts attached to them.
- 6. Loosen the fixed idler arm and adjust it to relieve belt tension (Figure 69).
- 7. Remove the old belt.
- 8. Install the new belt on the pulleys.
- Insert a ratchet with a short extension or a breaker bar into the square hole in the fixed idler arm (Figure 69).
- Adjust the mower deck to the 76 mm (3 inch) height-of-cut position.
- To increase the belt tension, rotate the ratchet or breaker bar counterclockwise to move the fixed idler arm until there is 16.5 cm (6-1/2 inches) between the spring hooks (Figure 69).



- . Ratchet with short extension or breaker
- 2. 16.5 cm (6-1/2 inches) between the spring hooks
- 3. Spring-loaded idler pulley
- 4. Fixed Idler pulley
- 12. While holding the belt in tension, tighten the 2 bolts that secure the fixed idler arm.
- 13. Remove the ratchet or breaker bar from the square hole in the fixed idler arm.
- 14. Install the belt covers with the tabs in the slots. Install the screws and close the latches (Figure 70).



- Belt cover
- 2. Latch

- 3. Bolt
- 4. Install tab into the slot
- 15. Install the sheet metal guard. Refer to Removing the Sheet-Metal Guard (page 35).

- 16. Tighten the bolt for the mower-deck curtain. Refer to Releasing the Mower-Deck Curtain (page 34).
- 17. Check the tension on the drive belts.

Replacing the PTO-Drive Belt

Service Interval: Every 50 hours—Check the PTO-drive belt.

- 1. Disengage the blade-control switch (PTO), move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, and engage the parking brake.
- Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- 3. Loosen the front engine panel knobs and remove the panel (Figure 71).

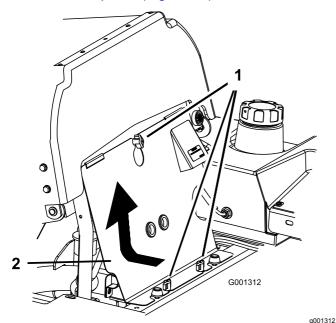


Figure 71

1. Knob

- 2. Front engine panel
- 4. Remove the spring from the idler arm (Figure 72).
- Remove the clutch stop bracket.
- 6. Remove the old PTO-drive belt.
- 7. Install the PTO-drive belt around the clutch pulley and the gearbox pulley (Figure 72).
- 8. Install the rubber clutch stop.
- 9. Install the spring to the idler arm (Figure 72).

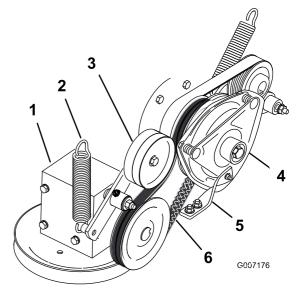


Figure 72

- 1. Gearbox
- 2. Spring
- 3. Spring-loaded idler pulley
- 4. Clutch
- 5. Rubber clutch stop

a007176

6. PTO-drive belt

Replacing the Pump Drive Belt

Service Interval: Every 50 hours—Check the pump drive belt.

Note: Remove the PTO-drive belt first if the pump drive belt needs to be replaced.

- 1. Tilt the seat forward and remove the front engine panel.
- 2. Remove the PTO-drive belt.
- 3. Remove the spring from the idler arm (Figure 73).
- 4. Install the new belt around the engine and hydraulic pump pulley (Figure 73).
- Install the PTO-drive belt.
- 6. Install the spring to the idler arm (Figure 73).

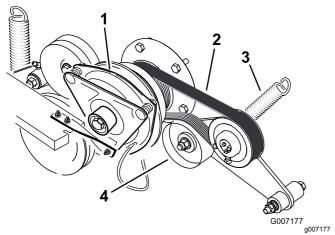


Figure 73

- 1. Clutch
- 2. Pump drive belt
- 3. Spring
- 4. Spring-loaded idler pulley

Replacing and Tensioning the Alternator Belt

Service Interval: Every 50 hours

Replacing the Alternator Belt

If the alternator belt needs to be replaced, take your machine to an Authorized Service Dealer.

Tensioning the Alternator Belt

- Place a handle between the alternator and cylinder block.
- 2. Adjust the alternator to the outside until there is 7 to 9 mm (1/4 to 11/32 inch) deflection in the belt between the engine and the alternator pulleys with 10 kg (22.1 lb) of force (Figure 74).
- 3. Tighten the alternator bolts.
- Check the deflection in the belt again and adjust the belt if needed.
- 5. If the deflection is correct, tighten the bottom and upper bolt (Figure 74).

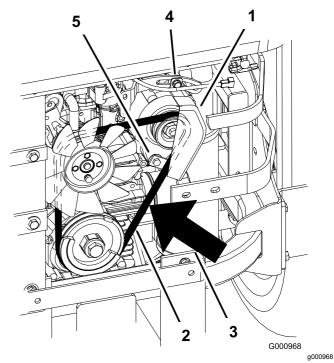


Figure 74

- 1. Alternator
- 2. Alternator belt
- 3. Deflection—7 to 9 mm (1/4 to 11/32 inch) with 10 kg (22.1 lb) of force
- 4. Top bolt
- 5. Bottom bolt

Controls System Maintenance

Adjusting the Control Handle Neutral Position

If the motion-control levers do not align, or move easily into the console notch, adjustment is required. Adjust each lever, spring and rod separately.

Note: The motion-control levers must be installed correctly.

- 1. Disengage the blade-control switch (PTO), move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, and engage the parking brake.
- 2. Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- 3. Unlatch the seat and tilt the seat forward.
- 4. Begin with either the left or right motion-control lever.
- 5. Move the lever to the neutral position but not locked (Figure 75).
- Pull the lever back until the clevis pin (on arm below pivot shaft) contacts the end of the slot (just beginning to put pressure on the spring) as shown in Figure 75.
- 7. Check where the control lever is relative to notch in console (Figure 75).

Note: It should be centered, allowing lever to pivot outward to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position.

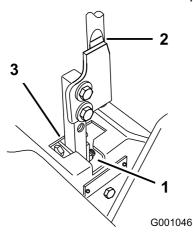


Figure 75

- 1. NEUTRAL-LOCK position
- 3. NEUTRAL position
- 2. Control lever
- 8. If adjustment is needed, loosen the nut and jam nut against the yoke (Figure 76).

 Apply slight rearward pressure on the motion-control lever, turn the head of the adjustment bolt in the appropriate direction until the control lever is centered in the NEUTRAL-LOCK position (Figure 76).

Note: Keeping rearward pressure on the lever keeps the pin at the end of the slot and allow the adjustment bolt to move the lever to the appropriate position.

- 10. Tighten the nut and jam nut (Figure 76).
- 11. Repeat for the opposite side of the machine.

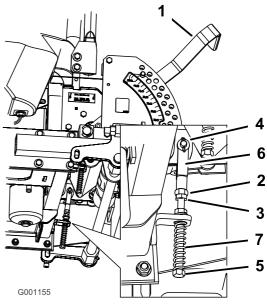


Figure 76

g001155

- 1. Height-of-cut lever
- 2. Nut against yoke
- 3. Jam nut
- 4. Clevis pin in slot
- 5. Adjustment bolt
- 6. Yoke
- 7. Spring

a001046

Hydraulic System Maintenance

Hydraulic System Safety

- Ensure that all hydraulic-fluid hoses and lines are in good condition and all hydraulic connections and fittings are tight before applying pressure to the hydraulic system.
- Keep your body and hands away from pinhole leaks or nozzles that eject high-pressure hydraulic fluid.
- Use cardboard or paper to find hydraulic leaks.
- Safely relieve all pressure in the hydraulic system before performing any work on the hydraulic system.
- Seek immediate medical attention if fluid is injected into skin. Injected fluid must be surgically removed within a few hours by a doctor.

Servicing the Hydraulic System

Hydraulic-Fluid Type: Toro® HYPR-OIL™ 500 hydraulic fluid or Mobil® 1 15W-50 fluid

Hydraulic System Fluid Capacity: 3.9 L (132 oz)

Important: Use the specified fluid. Other fluids could cause system damage.

Checking the Hydraulic-Fluid Level

Service Interval: After the first 8 hours

Every 25 hours

Note: There are 2 ways of checking the hydraulic fluid. One is when the fluid is warm and one is when the fluid is cold. The baffle inside the tank has 2 levels depending if the fluid is warm or cold.

- 1. Position the machine on a level surface and engage the parking brake.
- 2. Disengage the blade-control switch (PTO), move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, and engage the parking brake.
- 3. Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- Clean the area around the filler neck of the hydraulic tank (Figure 77).

- 5. Remove the cap from the filler neck and look inside to check if there is fluid in the reservoir (Figure 77).
- 6. If there is no fluid, add fluid to the reservoir until it reaches the cold level of the baffle.
- 7. Run the machine at low idle for 15 minutes to allow any air to purge out of the system and warm the fluid; refer to Starting and Shutting Off the Engine (page 22).

Note: Check the fluid level while the fluid is warm. The fluid should be between cold and hot.

8. If required, add fluid to the hydraulic tank.

Note: The fluid level should be to the top of the hot level of the baffle, when the fluid is hot (Figure 77).

9. Install cap on filler neck.

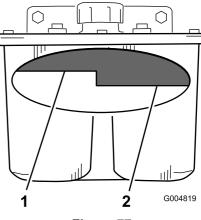


Figure 77

1. Hot fluid level-full

2. Cold fluid level-full

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A WARNING

Hydraulic fluid escaping under pressure can penetrate skin and cause injury.

- If hydraulic fluid is injected into the skin it must be surgically removed within a few hours by a doctor familiar with this type of injury. Gangrene may result if this is not done.
- Keep body and hands away from pin hole leaks or nozzles that eject high-pressure hydraulic fluid.
- Use cardboard or paper to find hydraulic leaks.
- Safely relieve all pressure in the hydraulic system before performing any work on the hydraulic system.
- Make sure that all hydraulic-fluid hoses and lines are in good condition and all hydraulic connections and fittings are tight before applying pressure to hydraulic system.

Replacing the Hydraulic Filter and Fluid

Service Interval: After the first 25 hours

Every 250 hours—Change the hydraulic filter and hydraulic fluid when using Mobil® 1 fluid.

Every 500 hours—Change the hydraulic filter and hydraulic fluid when using Toro® HYPR-OIL™ 500 hydraulic fluid.

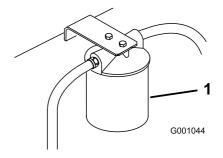
Use summer filter above 0°C (32°F)

Use winter filter below 0°C (32°F)

- Disengage the blade-control switch (PTO), move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, and engage the parking brake.
- Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.

Important: Do not substitute automotive oil filter or severe hydraulic system damage may result.

3. Place drain pan under filter, remove the old filter and wipe the filter adapter gasket surface clean (Figure 78).



g001044

- 1. Hydraulic filter
- 4. Remove the right hydraulic line that comes into the adapter (Figure 79).

Figure 78

- 5. Allow the fluid to drain out of the system into the drain pan.
- Install the right hydraulic line to the adapter (Figure 79).

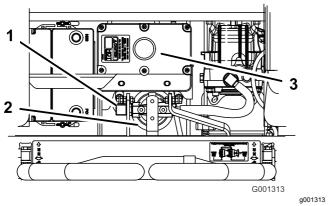


Figure 79

- 1. Right hydraulic line
- 3. Hydraulic tank
- 2. Hydraulic filter
- 7. Apply a thin coat to the rubber gasket on the replacement filter (Figure 80).
- 8. Install the replacement hydraulic filter onto the filter adapter.

Note: Do not tighten.

- Fill the hydraulic tank with hydraulic fluid until the fluid overflows the filter and then turn the fluid filter clockwise until the rubber gasket contacts the filter adapter, then tighten the filter an additional 1/2 turn (Figure 80).
- 10. Clean up any spilled fluid.
- 11. Add fluid to the cold level of the baffle in the hydraulic tank.
- 12. Start the engine and let it run for about 2 minutes to purge air from the system.
- 13. Shut off the engine and check for leaks.

Note: If 1 or both wheels do not drive, refer to Bleeding the Hydraulic System (page 58).

Check the fluid level while the fluid is warm.

Note: The fluid should be between cold and hot.

15. If required, add fluid to the hydraulic tank.

Note: Do not overfill.

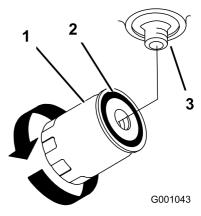


Figure 80

1. Hydraulic filter

3. Adapter

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2. Gasket

Bleeding the Hydraulic System

The traction system is self bleeding, however, it may be necessary to bleed the system if fluid is changed or after work is performed on the system.

- 1. Raise the rear of the machine so that the wheels are off the ground and support with jack stands.
- 2. Start the engine and run at low idle speed and engage the lever and traction on 1 side and spin the wheel by hand.
- 3. When the wheel begins to spin on its own, keep it engaged until the wheel drives smoothly (minimum 2 minutes).
- 4. Check the hydraulic-fluid level and add as required to maintain proper level.
- 5. Repeat this procedure on the opposite wheel.

Checking the Hydraulic Hoses

Service Interval: Every 100 hours

Check the hydraulic hoses for leaks, loose fittings, kinked lines, loose mounting supports, wear, weather and chemical deterioration. Make necessary repairs before operating the machine.

Note: Keep areas around the hydraulic system clean from grass and debris buildup.

A WARNING

Hydraulic fluid escaping under pressure can penetrate skin and cause injury.

- If hydraulic fluid is injected into the skin it must be surgically removed within a few hours by a doctor familiar with this type of injury. Gangrene may result if this is not done.
- Keep body and hands away from pin hole leaks or nozzles that eject high-pressure hydraulic fluid.
- Use cardboard or paper to find hydraulic leaks.
- Safely relieve all pressure in the hydraulic system before performing any work on the hydraulic system.
- Make sure that all hydraulic-fluid hoses and lines are in good condition and all hydraulic connections and fittings are tight before applying pressure to hydraulic system.

Setting the Hydraulic Pump Neutral Position

Note: Adjust the handle neutral first. That needs to be correct before the following adjustment can be made.

This adjustment must be made with drive wheels turning.

A DANGER

Mechanical or hydraulic jacks may fail to support the machine and cause a serious injury.

- Use a jack stand when supporting the machine.
- · Do not use hydraulic jacks.

A WARNING

The engine must be running so that you can adjust the motion control. Any contact with moving parts or hot surfaces may cause personal injury.

Keep your hands, feet, face, clothing and other body parts away from rotating parts, muffler and other hot surfaces.

- 1. Raise the frame and block up the machine so that the drive wheels can rotate freely.
- Disconnect the electrical connector from the seat safety switch. Temporarily install a jumper wire across terminals in the wire-harness connector.
- Unlatch the seat and slide seat forward.
- Disconnect the seat rod and tilt the seat fully forward.

Setting the Right Hydraulic Pump Neutral Position

1. Start the engine, open the throttle 1/2 way and disengage parking brake; refer to Starting and Shutting Off the Engine (page 22).

Note: The motion-control lever must be in neutral while making any adjustments.

- 2. Adjust the pump rod length by rotating the knob, in the appropriate direction, until the wheel is still or slightly creeping in reverse (Figure 81).
- 3. Move the motion-control lever forward and reverse, then back to neutral.

Note: The wheel must stop turning or slightly creep in reverse.

Open the throttle to FAST.

Note: Make sure that the wheel remains stopped or slightly creeps in reverse; adjust if necessary.

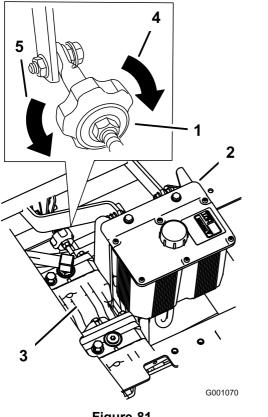


Figure 81

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- 4. Turn this way to track right 5. Turn this way to track left
- 1. Tracking knob Hydraulic tank
- Hydraulic pumps

Setting the Left Hydraulic Pump Neutral Position

- 1. Loosen the locknuts at the ball joints on the pump control rod (Figure 82).
- Start the engine, open the throttle 1/2 way and disengage parking brake; refer to Starting and Shutting Off the Engine (page 22).

Note: The motion-control lever must be in neutral while making any adjustments.

Note: The front nut on the pump rod has left-hand threads.

- Adjust the pump rod length by rotating double nuts on rod, in the appropriate direction, until wheel is still or slightly creeps in reverse (Figure **82**).
- Move the motion-control lever forward and reverse, then back to neutral. The wheel must stop turning or slightly creep in reverse.
- Open the throttle to fast. Make sure that the wheel remains stopped or slightly creeps in reverse, adjust if necessary.
- Tighten the locknuts at the ball joints (Figure 82).

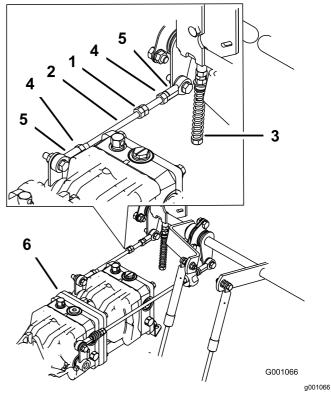


Figure 82

- Double nuts
- Pump rod
- 3. Adjustment bolt
- 4. Locknut
- Ball joint
- 6. Pumps

A WARNING

The electrical system does not perform proper safety shut off with the jumper wire installed.

- Remove the jumper wire from the wire harness connector and plug the connector into the seat switch when you complete the adjustment.
- Never operate the machine with the jumper installed and the seat switch bypassed.
- 7. After both pump neutrals are set, shut off the machine.
- Remove the jumper wire from the wire harness connector and plug the connector into the seat switch.
- 9. Install the seat rod and lower the seat into position.
- 10. Remove the jack stands.

Mower Deck Maintenance

Leveling the Mower

Setting Up the Machine

- 1. Position mower on a flat surface.
- 2. Disengage the blade-control switch (PTO), move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, and engage the parking brake.
- 3. Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- 4. Check tire pressure of the tires; if needed, adjust to 90 kPa (13 psi).
- 5. Lower the mower to the 76 mm (3 inches) height-of-cut position.
- Inspect the 4 chains.

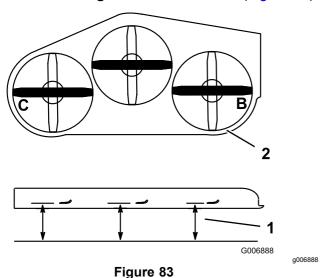
Note: The chains need to have tension.

Note: Adjust the rear chains to the top of the slot, where they are attached to the mower.

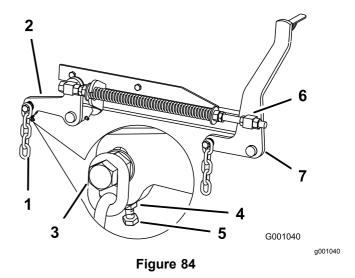
- If a rear chain is loose, lower (loosen) the front-support arm on the same side; refer to Adjusting the Front-to-Rear Mower Pitch (page 62).
- If a front chain is loose, raise (tighten) the front-support arm for that chain; refer to Adjusting the Front-to-Rear Mower Pitch (page 62).

Leveling the Mower Side-to-Side

Position the right blade side-to-side (Figure 83).



- 2. Measure the right blade at the **B** location, from a level surface to the cutting edge of the blade tip (Figure 83).
- 3. Record this measurement. This measurement needs to be 80 to 83 mm (3-1/8 to 3-1/4 inches).
- 4. Position the left blade side-to-side (Figure 83).
- 5. Measure the left blade at the **C** location (Figure 83), from a level surface to the cutting edge of the blade tip.
- 6. Record this measurement. This measurement needs to be 80 to 83 mm (3-1/8 to 3-1/4 inches).
- 7. If the measurements at positions **B** or **C** are not correct, loosen the bolt attaching the rear chain to the rear-support arm (Figure 84).



- 1. Rear chain
- 2. Rear-support arm
- 3. Bolt
- 4. Jam nut

- 5. Adjustment bolt
- Front swivel
- 7. Front-support arm

8. Loosen the jam nut under the rear-support arm and adjust the adjustment bolt to get a measurement of 80 to 83 mm (3-1/8 to 3-1/4 inches); refer to Figure 84.

Note: It is recommended that both sides of the mower are adjusted the same distance.

- 9. Tighten the jam nut under the rear-support arm and tighten the bolt securing the chain to the rear-support arm.
- 10. Adjust the opposite side if needed.

Adjusting the Front-to-Rear Mower Pitch

1. Position the **right** blade front-to-rear (Figure 85).

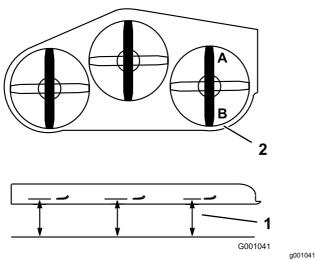


Figure 85

- Measure here from blade 2. Measure at A and B to hard surface
- 2. Measure the right blade at the A location, from a level surface to the cutting edge of the blade tip (Figure 85).
- 3. Record this measurement.
- 4. Measure the right blade at the **B** location, from a level surface to the cutting edge of the blade tip (Figure 85).
- 5. Record this measurement.
- The mower blade should be 6 to 10 mm (1/4 to 3/8 inch) lower at position A than at position B (Figure 85). If it is not correct, proceed to the following steps.

Note: Both of the front swivels need to be adjusted the same amount to maintain equal chain tension.

- 7. Loosen the front swivel jam nuts, at the front of the right and left swivels, approximately 13 mm (1/2 inch) (Figure 84).
- 8. Adjust the lift nuts on both the left and the right side of the machine to achieve 6 to 10 mm (1/4 to 3/8 inch) lower in front at **A** than in the rear at **B** (Figure 84).
- 9. Tighten both swivel jam nuts against the front swivel to lock the height.
- 10. Check to make sure that there is equal tension on the chains and adjust again if needed.

Adjusting the Compression Spring

- 1. Raise the mower lift lever to the transport position.
- Check the distance between the 2 large washers, it needs to be 28.2 cm (11-1/8 inches) for 52 inch mower decks, 26.7 cm (10-1/2 inches) for 60 inch mower decks, or 29.2 cm (11-1/2 inches) for 72 inch mower decks (Figure 86).

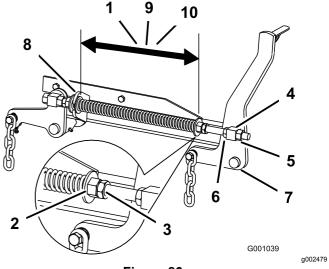


Figure 86

- 1. 28.2 cm (11-1/8 inches) between the large washers for 52 inch mower decks
- 2. Front nut
- 3. Spring-jam nut
- 4. Front swivel
- 5. Swivel jam nut

- 6. Lift nut
- 7. Front-support arm
- Large washer
- 9. 26.7 cm (10-1/2 inches) between the large washers for 60 inch mower decks
- 10. 29.2 cm (11-1/2 inches) between the large washers for 72 inch mower decks
- 3. Adjust this distance, by loosening the spring-jam nut and turning the nut in front of each spring (Figure 86).

Note: Turning the nut clockwise shortens the spring; counter-clockwise lengthens the spring.

4. Lock the nut into position by tightening the spring-jam nut (Figure 86).

Servicing the Cutting **Blades**

Maintain sharp blades throughout the cutting season because sharp blades cut cleanly without tearing or shredding the grass blades. Tearing and shredding turns grass brown at the edges, which slows growth and increases the chance of disease.

Check the cutter blades daily for sharpness, and for any wear or damage. File down any nicks and sharpen the blades as necessary. If a blade is damaged or worn, replace it immediately with a genuine Toro replacement blade. For convenient sharpening and replacement, you may want to keep extra blades on hand.

Blade Safety

A worn or damaged blade can break, and a piece of the blade could be thrown toward you or bystanders, resulting in serious personal injury or death. Trying to repair a damaged blade may result in discontinued safety certification of the product.

- Inspect the blades periodically for wear or damage.
- Use care when checking the blades. Wrap the blades or wear gloves, and use caution when servicing the blades. Only replace or sharpen the blades; never straighten or weld them.
- On multi-bladed machines, take care as rotating 1 blade can cause other blades to rotate.

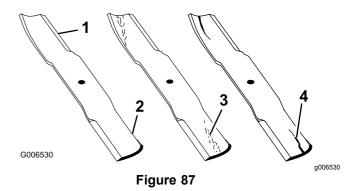
Before Inspecting or Servicing the **Blades**

- Park the machine on a level surface, disengage the blade-control switch (PTO), and engage the parking brake.
- Shut off the engine, remove the key, and disconnect the spark-plug wires from the spark plugs.

Inspecting the Blades

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

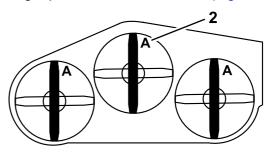
- Inspect the cutting edges (Figure 87).
- If the edges are not sharp or have nicks, remove and sharpen the blade; refer to Sharpening the Blades (page 65).
- 3. Inspect the blades, especially in the curved area.
- If you notice any cracks, wear, or a slot forming in this area, immediately install a new blade (Figure 87).



- Cutting edge
- 2. Curved area
- Wear/slot forming
- 4. Crack

Checking for Bent Blades

- Disengage the blade-control switch (PTO), move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, and engage the parking brake.
- Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- Rotate the blades until the ends face forward and backward.
- Measure from a level surface to the cutting edge, position A, of the blades (Figure 88).



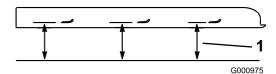


Figure 88

2. Position A

g000975

Measure here from blade to hard surface

- Rotate the opposite ends of the blades forward. 5.
- 6. Measure from a level surface to the cutting edge of the blades at the same position as in step 5 above.

Note: The difference between the dimensions obtained in steps 4 and 6 must not exceed 3 mm (1/8 inch).

Note: If this dimension exceeds 3 mm (1/8 inch), the blade is bent and must be replaced.

A WARNING

A blade that is bent or damaged could break apart and could seriously injure or kill you or bystanders.

- Always replace a bent or damaged blade with a new blade.
- Do not file or create sharp notches in the edges or surfaces of the blade.

Removing the Blades

Blades must be replaced if a solid object is hit, if the blade is out of balance, or if the blade is bent. To ensure optimum performance and continued safety conformance of the machine, use genuine Toro replacement blades. Replacement blades made by other manufacturers may result in nonconformance with safety standards.

- Hold the blade end using a rag or a thickly-padded glove.
- 2. Remove the blade bolt, the curved washer, and the blade from the spindle shaft (Figure 89).

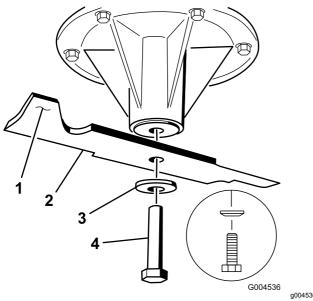


Figure 89

- 1. Sail area of the blade
- 3. Curved washer

2. Blade

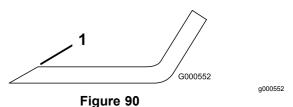
4. Blade bolt

Sharpening the Blades

1. Use a file to sharpen the cutting edge at both ends of the blade (Figure 90).

Note: Maintain the original angle.

Note: The blade retains its balance if the same amount of material is removed from both cutting edges.

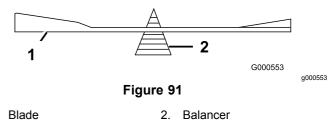


1. Sharpen at original angle.

2. Check the balance of the blade by putting it on a blade balancer (Figure 91).

Note: If the blade stays in a horizontal position, the blade is balanced and can be used.

Note: If the blade is not balanced, file some metal off the end of the sail area only (Figure 91).



3. Repeat this procedure until the blade is

balanced.

Installing the Blades

Install the blade onto the spindle shaft (Figure 92).

Important: The curved part of the blade must be pointing upward toward the inside of the mower to ensure proper cutting.

Install the spring disk and blade bolt (Figure 92).

Note: The spring-disk cone must be installed toward the bolt head (Figure 92).

3. Torque the blade bolt to 115 to 150 N⋅m (85 to 110 ft-lb).

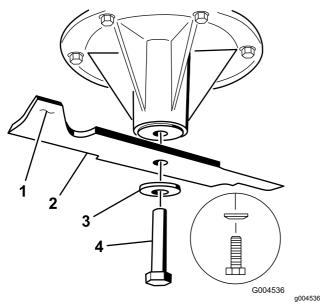


Figure 92

- 1. Sail area of the blade
- Spring disk

Blade

4. Blade bolt

Cleaning

Cleaning under the Mower

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

Remove the grass buildup under the mower daily.

- 1. Disengage the blade-control switch (PTO), move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, and engage the parking brake.
- 2. Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- 3. Raise the mower to the transport position.

Disposing of Waste

Engine oil, batteries, hydraulic fluid, and engine coolant are pollutants to the environment. Dispose of these according to your state and local regulations.

Storage

Cleaning and Storage

- 1. Disengage the blade-control switch (PTO), engage the parking brake, turn the ignition key to the OFF position, and remove the key.
- Remove grass clippings, dirt, and grime from the external parts of the entire machine, especially the engine and hydraulic system. Clean dirt and chaff from the outside of the engine cylinder head fins and blower housing.

Important: You can wash the machine with mild detergent and water. Do not pressure wash the machine. Avoid excessive use of water, especially near the control panel, engine, hydraulic pumps, and motors.

3. Check the brake; refer to Adjusting the Parking Brake (page 51).

Service the air cleaner; refer to Servicing the Air Cleaner (page 38).

Grease the machine; refer to Lubrication (page 35).

4. Change the crankcase oil; refer to Servicing the Engine Oil (page 39).

Check the tire pressure; refer to Checking the Tire Pressure (page 46).

Change the hydraulic filter; refer to Replacing the Hydraulic Filter and Fluid (page 57).

Charge the battery; refer to Charging the Battery (page 44).

Scrape any heavy buildup of grass and dirt from the underside of the mower, then wash the mower with a garden hose.

Note: Run the machine with the blade-control switch (PTO) engaged and the engine at high idle for 2 to 5 minutes after washing.

Check the condition of the blades; refer to Servicing the Cutting Blades (page 64).

Prepare the machine for storage when non-use occurs over 30 days. Prepare the machine for storage as follows:

- A. Run the engine to distribute conditioned fuel through the fuel system (5 minutes).
- B. Shut off the engine, allow it to cool, and drain the fuel tank; refer to Servicing the Fuel Tank (page 43).

Note: Start the engine and run it until it shuts off.

 Dispose of fuel properly. Recycle as per local codes.

Important: Do not store stabilizer/conditioned fuel over 90 days.

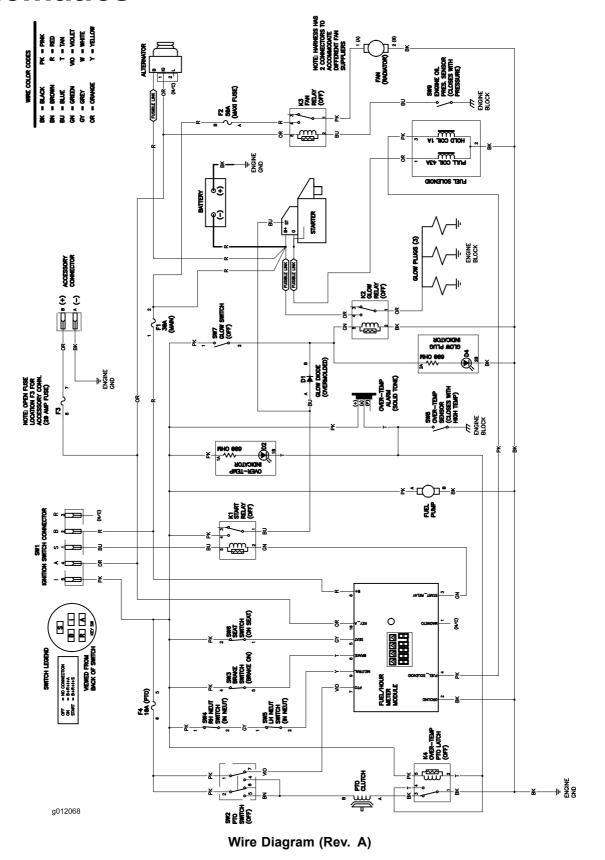
- 6. Check and tighten all bolts, nuts, and screws. Repair or replace any part that is damaged.
- Paint all scratched or bare metal surfaces. Paint is available from your Authorized Service Dealer.
- 8. Store the machine in a clean, dry garage or storage area. Remove the key from the ignition switch and keep it out of reach of children or other unauthorized users. Cover the machine to protect it and keep it clean.

Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
The starter does not crank.	The blade-control switch (PTO) is engaged.	Move the blade-control switch (PTO) to disengaged.
	The parking brake is not engaged. The drive levers are not in the NEUTRAL-LOCK position.	Engage the parking brake. Ensure that the drive levers are in the NEUTRAL-LOCK position.
	4. The operator is not seated.5. The battery is dead.6. The electrical connections are corroded or loose.7. The fuse is blown.	4. Sit on the seat.5. Charge the battery.6. Check the electrical connections for good contact.7. Replace the fuse.
	8. The relay or switch is broken.	Contact an Authorized Service Dealer.
The engine does not start, starts hard, or fails to keep running	 The fuel tank is empty. The fuel-shutoff valve is closed. The oil level in the crankcase is low. The throttle is not in the correct position. There is dirt in fuel filter. 	 Fill the fuel tank. Open the fuel-shutoff valve. Add oil to the crankcase. Be sure that the throttle control is midway between the SLOW and FAST positions. Replace the fuel filter.
	6. There is dirt, water, or stale fuel is in the fuel system.7. The air cleaner is dirty.	Contact an Authorized Service Dealer. Clean or replace the air-cleaner element.
	8. The seat switch is not functioning properly.9. The electrical connections are corroded, loose or faulty.10. The relay or switch is broken.11. The spark plug is faulty.	 Check the seat switch indicator. Replace the seat if needed. Check the electrical connections for good contact. Clean the connector terminals thoroughly with electrical contact cleaner, apply dielectric grease, and connect. Contact an Authorized Service Dealer. Clean, adjust, or replace spark plug.
The consideration of the constant of the const	12. The spark-plug wire is not connected.	12. Check the spark-plug wire connection.
The engine loses power.	 The engine load is excessive. The air cleaner is dirty. The oil level in the crankcase is low. The cooling fins and air passages above the engine are plugged. The vent hole in the fuel cap is plugged. There is dirt in the fuel filter. There is dirt, water, or stale fuel is in the fuel system. 	 Reduce the ground speed. Clean the air-cleaner element. Add oil to the crankcase. Remove the obstruction from the cooling fins and air passages. Clean or replace the fuel cap. Replace the fuel filter. Contact an Authorized Service Dealer.
The engine overheats.	 The engine load is excessive. The oil level in the crankcase is low. The cooling fins and air passages above the engine are plugged. 	 Reduce the ground speed. Add oil to the crankcase. Remove the obstruction from the cooling fins and air passages.
The machine does not drive.	 The by pass valves are not closed tight. The pump belt is worn, loose or broken. The pump belt is off a pulley. The idler spring is broken or missing. The hydraulic-fluid level is low or too hot. 	 Tighten the by pass valves. Change the belt. Change the belt. Replace the spring. Add hydraulic fluid to reservoirs or let it cool down.

Problem	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
There is abnormal vibration.	The cutting blade(s) is/are bent or unbalanced.	Install new cutting blade(s).
	2. The blade mounting bolt is loose.	2. Tighten the blade mounting bolt.
	3. The engine mounting bolts are loose.	Tighten the engine mounting bolts.
	4. The engine pulley, idler pulley, or blade pulley is loose.	Tighten the appropriate pulley.
	5. The engine pulley is damaged.	5. Contact an Authorized Service Dealer.
	6. The blade spindle is bent.	6. Contact an Authorized Service Dealer.
	7. The motor mount is loose or worn.	7. Contact an Authorized Service Dealer.
Mowing is resulting in uneven cutting height.	The blade(s) is/are not sharp.	Sharpen the blade(s).
	2. The cutting blade(s) is/are bent.	2. Install new cutting blade(s).
	3. The mower deck is not level.	Level the mower deck from side-to-side and front-to-rear.
	4. The underside of mower is dirty.	4. Clean the underside of the mower.
	The tire pressure is not correct.	Adjust the tire pressure.
	6. The blade spindle bent.	6. Contact an Authorized Service Dealer.
The blades do not rotate.	The mower deck belt is worn, loose or broken.	Install a new deck belt.
	2. The mower deck belt is off pulley.	Install the mower deck pulley and check the idler pulley, idler arm, and spring for correct position and function.
	The pump drive belt is worn, loose or broken.	Check the belt tension or install a new belt.
	4. The idler spring is broken or missing.	Replace the spring.

Schematics



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European Privacy Notice

The Information Toro Collects

Toro Warranty Company (Toro) respects your privacy. In order to process your warranty claim and contact you in the event of a product recall, we ask you to share certain personal information with us, either directly or through your local Toro company or dealer.

The Toro warranty system is hosted on servers located within the United States where privacy law may not provide the same protection as applies in your country.

BY SHARING YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION WITH US, YOU ARE CONSENTING TO THE PROCESSING OF YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION AS DESCRIBED IN THIS PRIVACY NOTICE.

The Way Toro Uses Information

Toro may use your personal information to process warranty claims, to contact you in the event of a product recall and for any other purpose which we tell you about. Toro may share your information with Toro's affiliates, dealers or other business partners in connection with any of these activities. We will not sell your personal information to any other company. We reserve the right to disclose personal information in order to comply with applicable laws and with requests by the appropriate authorities, to operate our systems properly or for our own protection or that of other users.

Retention of your Personal Information

We will keep your personal information as long as we need it for the purposes for which it was originally collected or for other legitimate purposes (such as regulatory compliance), or as required by applicable law.

Toro's Commitment to Security of Your Personal Information

We take reasonable precautions in order to protect the security of your personal information. We also take steps to maintain the accuracy and current status of personal information.

Access and Correction of your Personal Information

If you would like to review or correct your personal information, please contact us by email at legal@toro.com.

Australian Consumer Law

Australian customers will find details relating to the Australian Consumer Law either inside the box or at your local Toro Dealer.

The Toro Warranty



Landscape Contractor Equipment (LCE)

Conditions and Products Covered

The Toro Company and its affiliate, Toro Warranty Company, pursuant to an agreement between them, jointly promise to repair the Toro Products listed below if defective in materials or workmanship.

The following time periods apply from the original date of purchase:

Products	Warranty Period
Walk Behind Mowers	
53 cm & 76 cm Mowers – Residential use ¹	2 years
53 cm & 76 cm Mowers – Commercial use	1 year
• Engine	2 years ²
Mid-Size Walk-Behind Mowers	2 years
 Engine 	2 years ²
Grand Stand® Mowers	5 years or 1,200 hours ³
- Engine	3 years
Z Master® 6000 Series Mowers	5 years or 1,200 hours ³
- Engine	3 years ²
Z Master® 7000 Series Mowers	5 years or 1,200 hours ³
Engine	2 years ²
Z Master® 8000 Series Mowers	2 years
Engine	3 years ²
Titan HD Mower and Engine	4 years or 500 hours ³
All Mowers	_
 Battery 	2 years
Attachments	2 years
•	

¹Residential use means use of the product on the same lot as your home. Use at more than one location is considered commercial use and the commercial warranty would apply.

²Some engines used on Toro LCE Products are warranted by the engine manufacturer.

3Whichever occurs first

This warranty includes the cost of parts and labor, but you must pay transportation costs.

Instructions for Obtaining Warranty Service

If you think that your Toro Product contains a defect in materials or workmanship, follow this procedure:

- Contact your seller to arrange service of the product. If for any reason it is impossible for you to contact your seller, you may contact any Toro Authorized Distributor to arrange service. Visit http://www.toro.com/ to locate a Toro distributor in your area.
- Bring the product and your proof of purchase (sales receipt) to the Service Dealer.
- 3. If for any reason you are dissatisfied with the Service Dealer's analysis or with the assistance provided, contact us at:

Toro Warranty Company 8111 Lyndale Avenue South Bloomington, MN 55420-1196 001-952-948-4707

Owner Responsibilities

You must maintain your Toro Product by following the maintenance procedures described in the *Operator's Manual*. Such routine maintenance, whether performed by a dealer or by you, is at your expense.

Items and Conditions Not Covered

There is no other express warranty except for special emission system coverage and engine warranty coverage on some products. This express warranty does not cover the following:

- Cost of regular maintenance service or parts, such as filters, fuel, lubricants, oil changes, spark plugs, air filters, blade sharpening or worn blades, cable/linkage adjustments, or brake and clutch adjustments
- Components failing due to normal wear
- Any product or part which has been altered or misused or neglected or requires replacement or repair due to accidents or lack of proper maintenance
- Pickup and delivery charges
- Repairs or attempted repairs by anyone other than an Authorized Toro Service Dealer
- Repairs necessary due to failure to follow recommended fuel procedure (consult the Operator's Manual for more details)
 - Removing contaminants from the fuel system is not covered
 - Use of old fuel (more than one month old) or fuel which contains more than 10% ethanol or more that 15% MTBE
 - Failure to drain the fuel system prior to any period of non-use over one month

General Conditions

The purchaser is covered by the national laws of each country. The rights to which the purchaser is entitled with the support of these laws are not restricted by this warranty.