

⚠ WARNING

CALIFORNIA

Proposition 65 Warning

The engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

Battery posts, terminals, and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling.

Use of this product may cause exposure to chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

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Safety

This machine has been designed in accordance with ANSI B71.1-2017.

General Safety

This product is capable of amputating hands and feet and of throwing objects. Always follow all safety instructions to avoid serious personal injury.

Using this product for purposes other than its intended use could prove dangerous to you and bystanders.

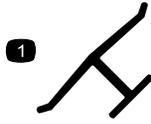
- Read, understand, and follow the instructions and warnings in this *Operator's Manual* and on the machine and attachments before starting the engine.
- Do not put your hands or feet near moving parts of or under the machine. Keep clear of any discharge opening.
- Do not operate the machine without all guards and other safety protective devices in place and functioning properly on the machine.
- Keep bystanders and children out of the operating area. Do not allow children to operate the machine. Allow only people who are responsible, trained, familiar with the instructions, and physically capable to operate the machine.
- Stop the machine, shut off the engine, remove the electric-start button (if equipped), and wait for all moving parts to stop before servicing, fueling, or unclogging the machine.

Improperly using or maintaining this machine can result in injury. To reduce the potential for injury, comply with these safety instructions and always pay attention to the safety-alert symbol ▲, which means Caution, Warning, or Danger—personal safety instruction. Failure to comply with these instructions may result in personal injury or death.

Safety and Instructional Decals



Safety decals and instructions are easily visible to the operator and are located near any area of potential danger. Replace any decal that is damaged or missing.



decaloemmark

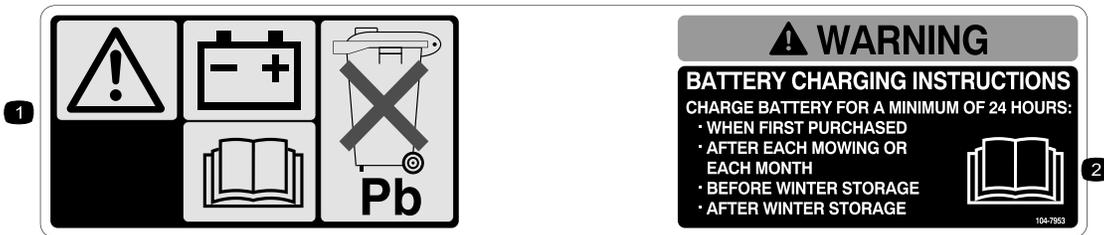
Manufacturer's Mark

1. This mark indicates that the blade is identified as a part from the original machine manufacturer.



decal94-8072

94-8072

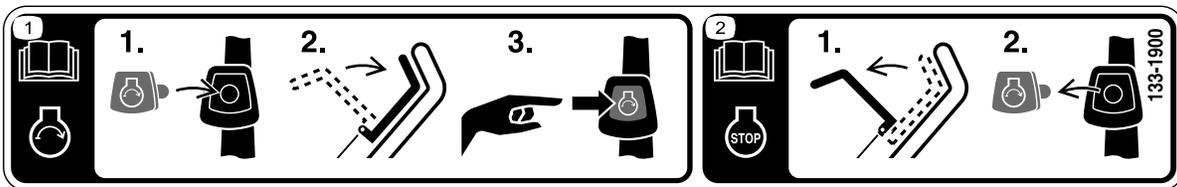


decal104-7953

104-7953

Electric-Start Model Only

1. Warning—read the *Operator's Manual* for information on charging the battery; contains lead; do not discard.
2. Read the *Operator's Manual*.



decal133-1900

133-1900

Electric-Start Model Only

1. Read the *Operator's Manual* for more information on starting the engine—1) Insert the electric-start button into the ignition; 2) Engage the blade-control bar; 3) Push the electric-start button to start the engine.
2. Read the *Operator's Manual* for more information on stopping the engine—1) Release the blade-control bar; 2) Remove the electric-start button from the ignition.



125-5026

125-5026

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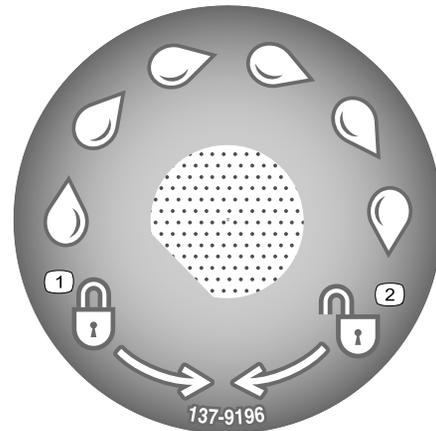
1. Recycling mode
2. Bagging mode

WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.
 For more information, please visit www.tcoCAProp65.com
CALIFORNIA SPARK ARRESTER WARNING
 Operation of this equipment may create sparks that can start fires around dry vegetation. A spark arrester may be required. The operator should contact local fire agencies for laws or regulations relating to fire prevention requirements.

133-8062

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133-8062

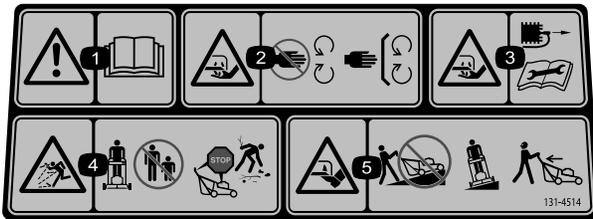


137-9196

137-9196

decal137-9196

1. Lock
2. Unlock



decal131-4514b

131-4514

1. Warning—read the *Operator's Manual*.
2. Cutting/dismemberment hazard of hand, mower blade—stay away from moving parts; keep all guards and shields in place.
3. Cutting/dismemberment hazard of hand, mower blade—disconnect the spark-plug wire before performing maintenance.
4. Thrown object hazard—keep bystanders away.
5. Cutting/dismemberment hazard of hand, mower blade—do not operate up and down slopes; operate side to side on slopes; shut off the engine before leaving the machine; pick up any debris before mowing; look behind you when moving in reverse.

Setup

Important: Remove and discard the protective plastic sheet that covers the engine and any other plastic or wrapping on the machine.

Important: To prevent accidental starting, do not insert the electric-start button into the electric-start ignition (if equipped) until you are ready to start the engine.

1

Assembling and Unfolding the Handle

No Parts Required

Procedure

Note: Ensure that the cables are routed on the outside of the handle and are not pinched (D of [Figure 3](#)).

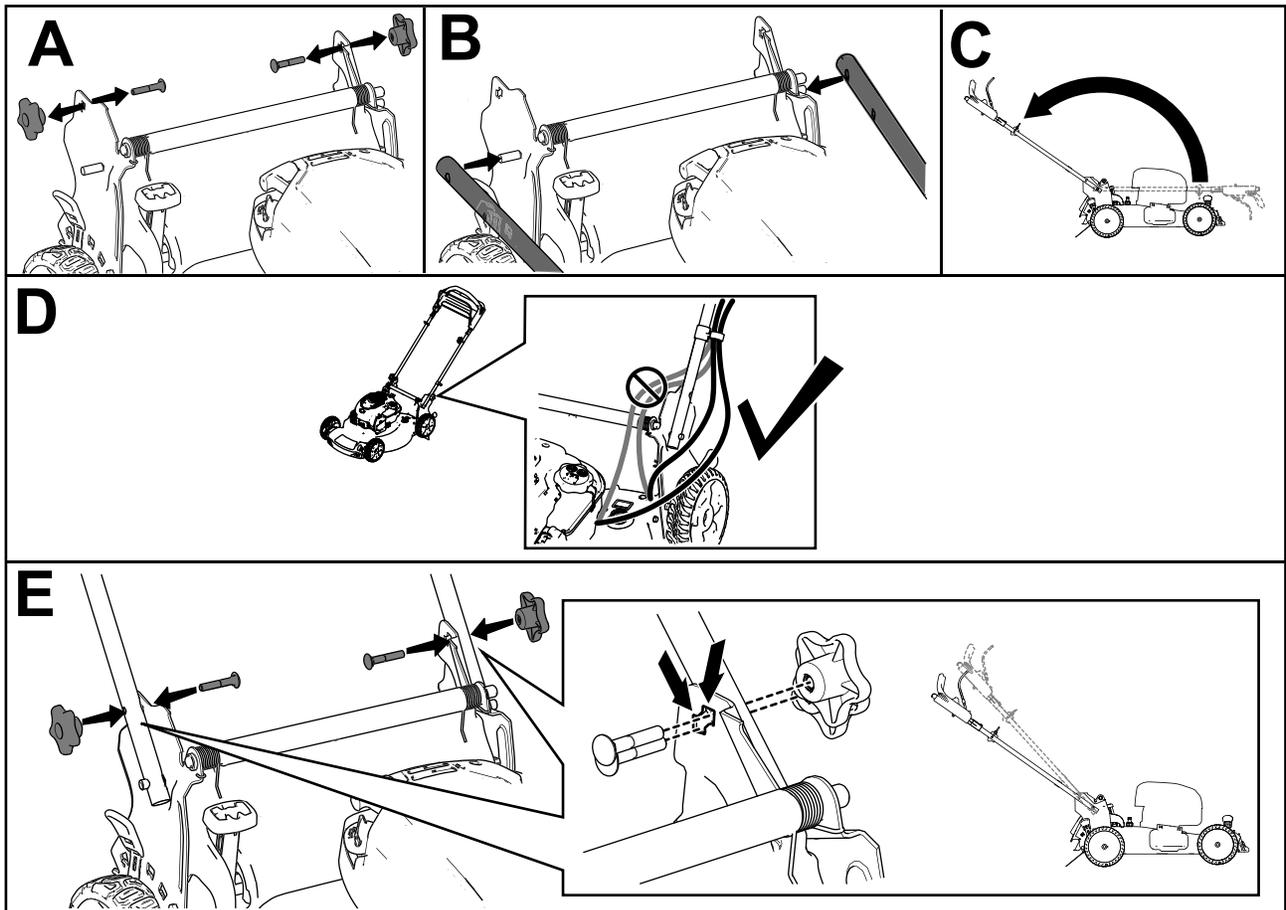


Figure 3

g236451

2

Installing the Recoil-Starter Rope in the Rope Guide

No Parts Required

Procedure

Important: To start the engine safely and easily whenever you use the machine, install the recoil-starter rope in the rope guide.

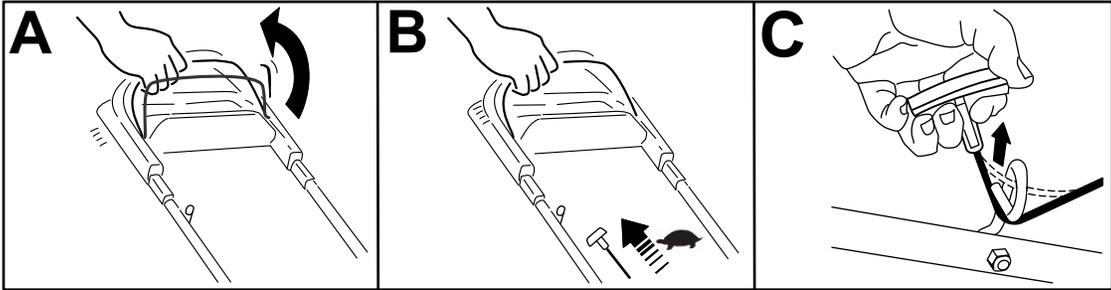


Figure 4

g230719

3

Filling the Engine with Oil

No Parts Required

Procedure

Important: Your machine does not come with oil in the engine, but it does come with a bottle of oil. Before starting the engine, fill the engine with oil.

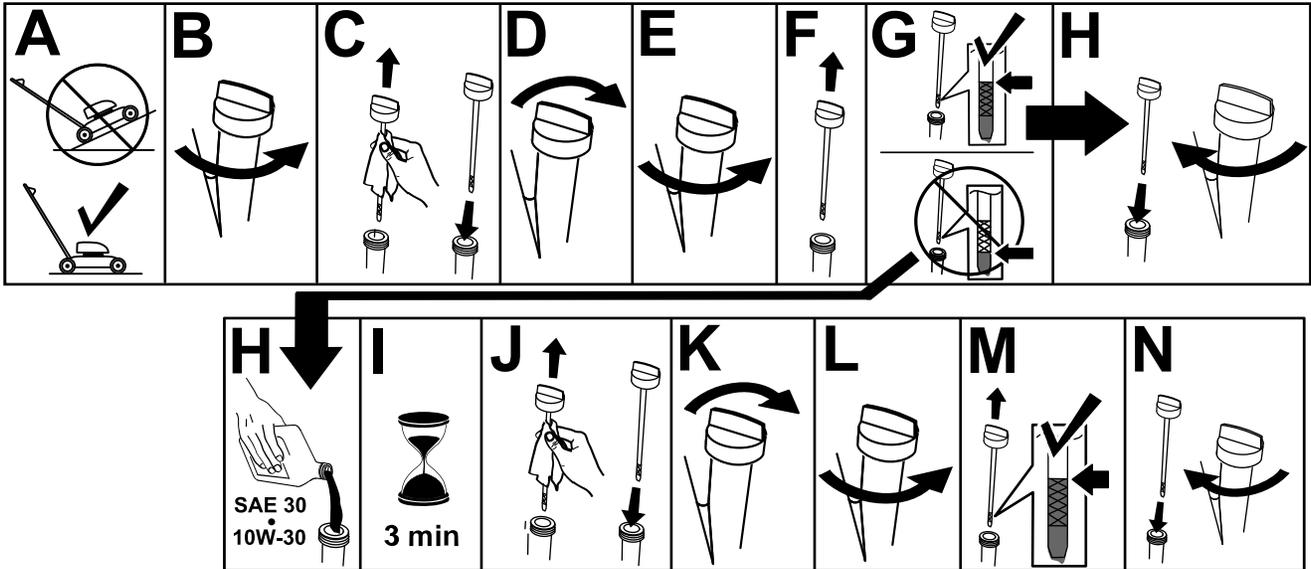


Figure 5

g222533

4

Assembling the Grass Bag

No Parts Required

Procedure

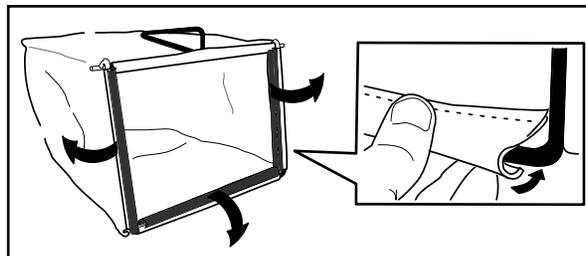


Figure 6

g230447

5

Charging the Battery

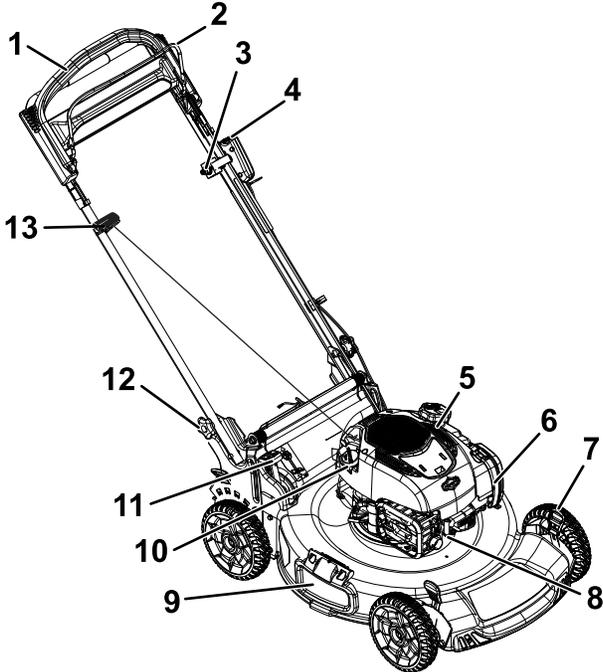
No Parts Required

Procedure

Electric-Start Model Only

Refer to [Charging the Battery \(page 24\)](#).

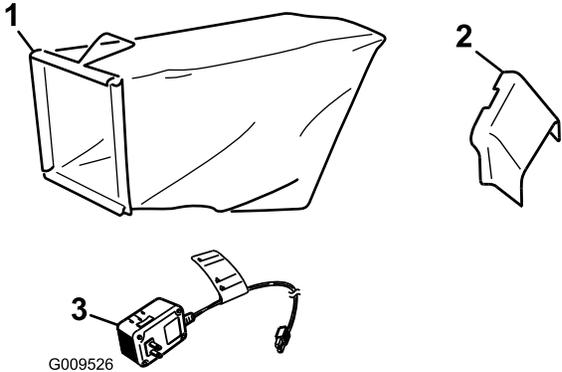
Product Overview



g269416

Figure 7

- 1. Handle
- 2. Blade-control bar
- 3. Adjustment for the self-propel drive
- 4. Electric-start button (electric-start model only)
- 5. Fuel-tank cap
- 6. Air filter
- 7. Cutting-height lever (4)
- 8. Spark plug
- 9. Side-discharge deflector
- 10. Oil fill/dipstick
- 11. Bag-on-demand lever
- 12. Handle knob (2)
- 13. Recoil-start handle



g009526

Figure 8

- 1. Grass bag
- 2. Side-discharge chute
- 3. Battery charger (electric-start model only)

Operation

Before Operation

Before Operation Safety

General Safety

- Always shut off the machine, remove the electric-start button (if equipped), wait for all moving parts to stop, and allow the machine to cool before adjusting, servicing, cleaning, or storing it.
- Become familiar with the safe operation of the equipment, operator controls, and safety signs.
- Check that all guards and safety devices, such as deflectors and/or grass catcher, are in place and functioning properly.
- Always inspect the machine to ensure that the blades and blade bolts are not worn or damaged.
- Inspect the area where you will use the machine, and remove all objects that could interfere with the operation of the machine or that the machine could throw.
- Contact with the moving blade will cause serious injury. Do not put your fingers under the housing when adjusting the cutting height.

Fuel Safety

- Fuel is extremely flammable and highly explosive. A fire or explosion from fuel can burn you and others and can damage property.
 - To prevent a static charge from igniting the fuel, place the container and/or machine directly on the ground before filling, not in a vehicle or on an object.
 - Fill the fuel tank outdoors, in an open area, when the engine is cold. Wipe up any fuel that spills.
 - Do not handle fuel when smoking or around an open flame or sparks.
 - Do not remove the fuel cap or add fuel to the tank while the engine is running or hot.
 - If you spill fuel, do not attempt to start the engine. Avoid creating a source of ignition until the fuel vapors have dissipated.
 - Store fuel in an approved container and keep it out of the reach of children.
- Fuel is harmful or fatal if swallowed. Long-term exposure to vapors can cause serious injury and illness.

- Avoid prolonged breathing of vapors.
- Keep your hands and face away from the nozzle and the fuel-tank opening.
- Keep fuel away from your eyes and skin.

Filling the Fuel Tank

- For best results, use only clean, fresh, unleaded gasoline with an octane rating of 87 or higher ((R+M)/2 rating method).
- Oxygenated fuel with up to 10% ethanol or 15% MTBE by volume is acceptable.
- **Do not** use ethanol blends of gasoline, such as E15 or E85, with more than 10% ethanol by volume. Performance problems and/or engine damage may result, which may not be covered under warranty.
- **Do not** use gasoline containing methanol.
- **Do not** store fuel either in the fuel tank or in fuel containers over the winter unless fuel stabilizer has been added to the fuel.
- **Do not** add oil to gasoline.

Fill the fuel tank with fresh unleaded regular gasoline from a major name-brand service station (Figure 9).

Important: To reduce starting problems, add fuel stabilizer/conditioner to fresh fuel as directed by the fuel-stabilizer manufacturer.

Refer to your engine owner's manual for additional information.

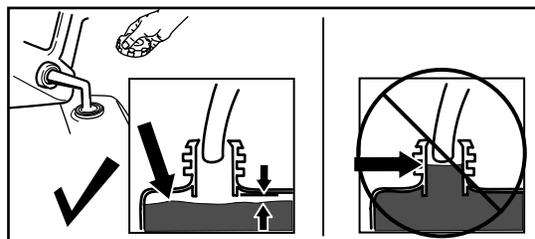


Figure 9

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Checking the Engine-Oil Level

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

Important: If the oil level in the crankcase is too low or too high and you run the engine, you may damage the engine.

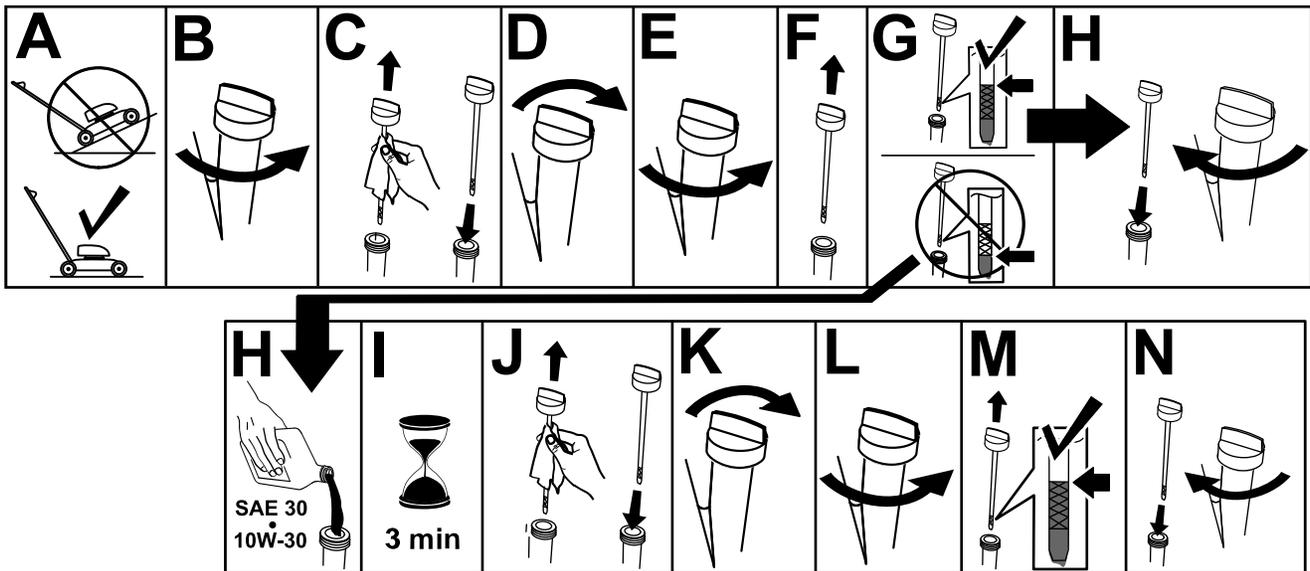


Figure 10

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Adjusting the Handle Height

You can raise or lower the handle in 1 of 2 positions that is more comfortable for you (Figure 11).

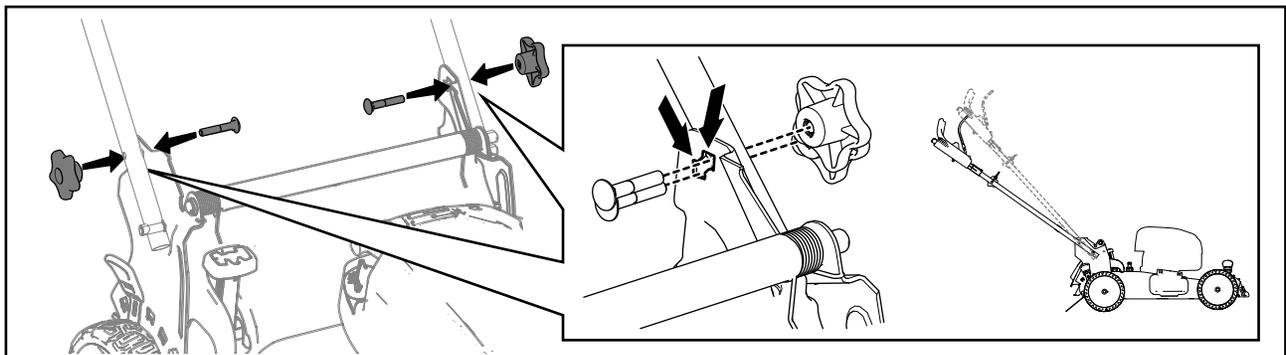


Figure 11

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1. Remove both handle knobs.
2. Move the handle to the desired height position.
3. Secure the handle with the previously removed handle knobs.

Adjusting the Cutting Height

⚠ CAUTION

If the engine has been running, the muffler will be hot and can severely burn you. Keep away from the hot muffler.

Adjust the cutting height as desired. Set all wheels to the same cutting height (Figure 12).

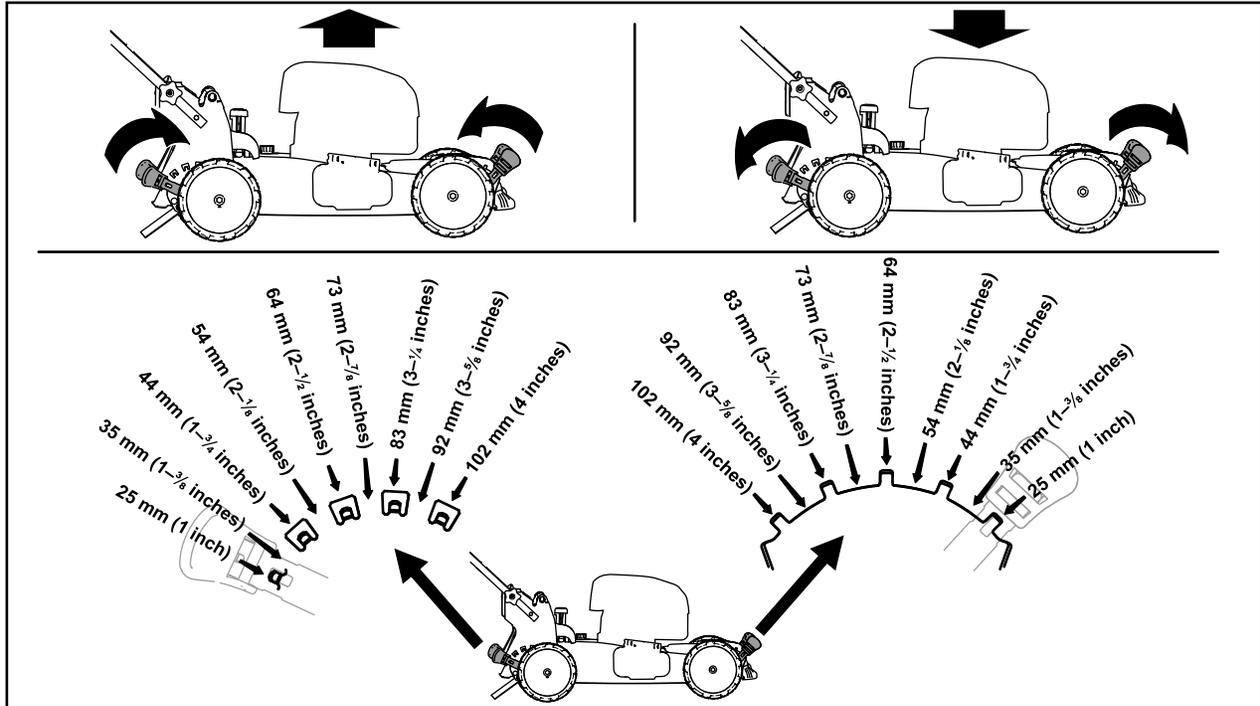


Figure 12

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During Operation

During Operation Safety

General Safety

- Wear appropriate clothing, including eye protection; long pants; substantial, slip-resistant footwear; and hearing protection. Tie back long hair and do not wear loose clothing or loose jewelry.
- Use your full attention while operating the machine. Do not engage in any activity that causes distractions; otherwise, injury or property damage may occur.
- Do not operate the machine while ill, tired, or under the influence of alcohol or drugs.
- The blade is sharp; contacting the blade can result in serious personal injury. Shut off the engine, remove the electric-start button (electric-start model only), and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- When you release the blade-control bar, the engine should shut off and the blade should stop within 3 seconds. If not, stop using your machine immediately and contact an Authorized Service Dealer.
- Keep bystanders out of the operating area. Keep small children out of the operating area and under the watchful care of a responsible adult who is not operating the machine. Stop the machine if anyone enters the area.
- Always look down and behind you before moving the machine in reverse.
- Operate the machine only in good visibility and appropriate weather conditions. Do not operate the machine when there is the risk of lightning.
- Wet grass or leaves can cause serious injury if you slip and contact the blade. Avoid mowing in wet conditions.
- Use extreme care when approaching blind corners, shrubs, trees, or other objects that may block your view.
- Do not direct the discharge material toward anyone. Avoid discharging material against a wall or obstruction; material may ricochet toward you. Stop the blade(s) when crossing gravel surfaces.
- Watch for holes, ruts, bumps, rocks, or other hidden objects. Uneven terrain could cause you to lose your balance or footing.
- If the machine strikes an object or starts to vibrate, immediately shut off the engine, remove

the electric-start button (if equipped), wait for all moving parts to stop, and disconnect the wire from the spark plug before examining the machine for damage. Make all necessary repairs before resuming operation.

- Before leaving the operating position, shut off the engine, remove the electric-start button (electric-start model only), and wait for all moving parts to stop.
- If the engine has been running, it will be hot and can severely burn you. Keep away from the hot engine.
- Operate the engine only in well-ventilated areas. Exhaust gases contain carbon monoxide, which is lethal if inhaled.
- Check the grass catcher components and the discharge chute frequently for any wear or deterioration and replace them with genuine Toro parts when necessary.

Slope Safety

- Mow across the face of slopes; never up and down. Use extreme caution when changing direction on slopes.
- Do not mow on excessively steep slopes. Poor footing could cause a slip-and-fall accident.
- Mow with caution near drop-offs, ditches, or embankments.

Starting the Engine

You can start the engine using either the electric-start button (if equipped) or the recoil-start handle.

Starting the Engine Using the Electric-Start Button

For Electric-Start Models

1. Hold the blade-control bar against the handle (A of [Figure 13](#)).
2. If the electric-start button has been removed, insert it in the electric starter (B of [Figure 13](#)).
3. Push the electric-start button until the engine starts (C of [Figure 13](#)).

Note: If the machine does not start after several attempts, contact an Authorized Service Dealer.

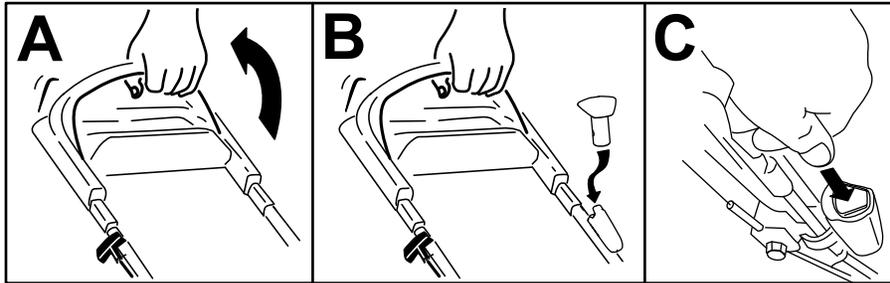


Figure 13

g233421

Starting the Engine Using the Recoil-Start Handle

1. Hold the blade-control bar against the handle (A of [Figure 14](#)).
2. Pull the recoil-start handle (B of [Figure 14](#)).

Note: When you pull the recoil-start handle, pull it lightly until you feel resistance, then pull it sharply. Allow the rope to return to the handle slowly.

Note: If the machine does not start after several attempts, contact an Authorized Service Dealer.

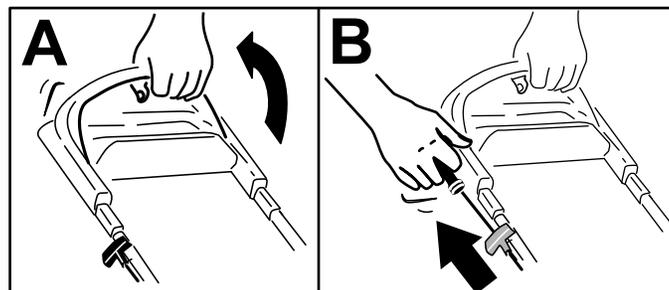


Figure 14

g233422

Using the Self-Propel Drive

To operate the self-propel drive, simply walk with your hands on the upper handle and your elbows at your sides, and the machine will automatically keep pace with you (Figure 15).

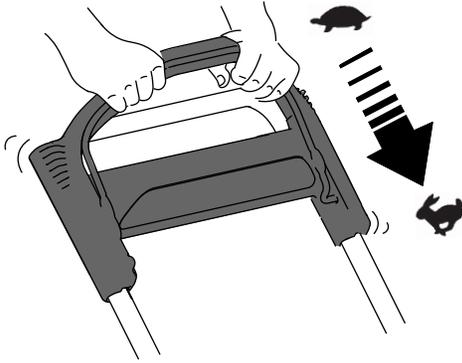


Figure 15

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Recycling the Clippings

Your machine comes from the factory ready to recycle the grass and leaf clippings back into the lawn.

If the grass bag is on the machine and the bag-on-demand lever is in the bagging position, move the lever to the recycling position; refer to [Operating the Bag-on-Demand Lever \(page 17\)](#). If the side-discharge chute is on the machine, remove it; refer to [Removing the Side-Discharge Chute \(page 18\)](#).

Note: If the machine does not freely roll backward after self-propelling, stop walking, hold your hands in place, and allow the machine to roll a couple of centimeters (inches) forward to disengage the wheel drive. You can also try reaching just under the upper handle to the metal handle and pushing the machine forward a couple of centimeters (inches). If the machine still does not roll backward easily, contact an Authorized Service Dealer.

Shutting Off the Engine

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

To shut off the engine, release the blade-control bar.

Note: Remove the electric-start button (if equipped) whenever you leave the machine.

Important: When you release the blade-control bar, the engine should shut off and the blade should stop within 3 seconds. If they do not, stop using your machine immediately and contact an Authorized Service Dealer.

Bagging the Clippings

Use the grass bag when you want to collect grass and leaf clippings from the lawn.

If the side-discharge chute is on the machine, remove it; refer to [Removing the Side-Discharge Chute \(page 18\)](#). If the bag-on-demand lever is in the recycling position, move it to the bagging position; refer to [Operating the Bag-on-Demand Lever \(page 17\)](#).

Installing the Grass Bag

1. Raise and hold up the rear deflector (A of [Figure 16](#)).
2. Install the grass bag, ensuring that the pins on the bag rest in the notches on the handle (B of [Figure 16](#)).
3. Lower the rear deflector.

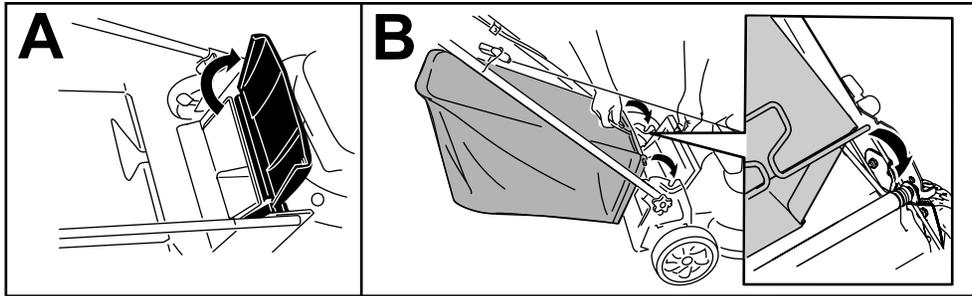


Figure 16

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Removing the Grass Bag

To remove the bag, reverse the steps in [Installing the Grass Bag \(page 16\)](#).

Operating the Bag-on-Demand Lever

The bag-on-demand feature allows you to either collect or recycle grass and leaf clippings while the grass bag is attached to the machine.

- **To bag the grass and leaf clippings**, press the button on the bag-on-demand lever and move the lever forward until the button on the lever pops up (Figure 17).

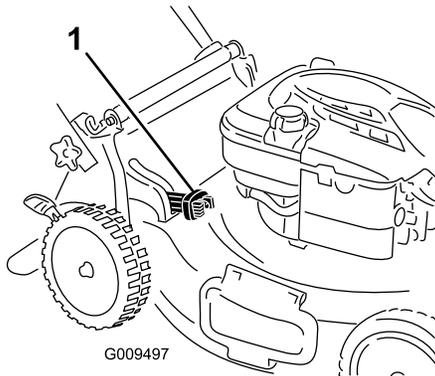


Figure 17

g009497

1. Bag-on-demand lever (in the bagging position)

- **To recycle or side-discharge the grass and leaf clippings**, press the button on the lever and move the lever rearward until the button on the lever pops up.

Important: For proper operation, shut off the engine, wait for all moving parts to stop, and then remove any grass clippings and debris from the bag-on-demand door and the surrounding opening (Figure 18) before you move the bag-on-demand lever from 1 position to another.

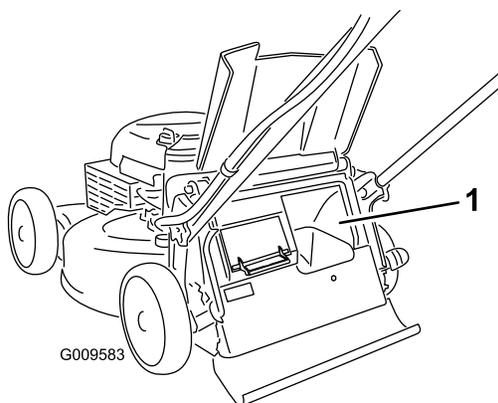


Figure 18

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1. Clean here

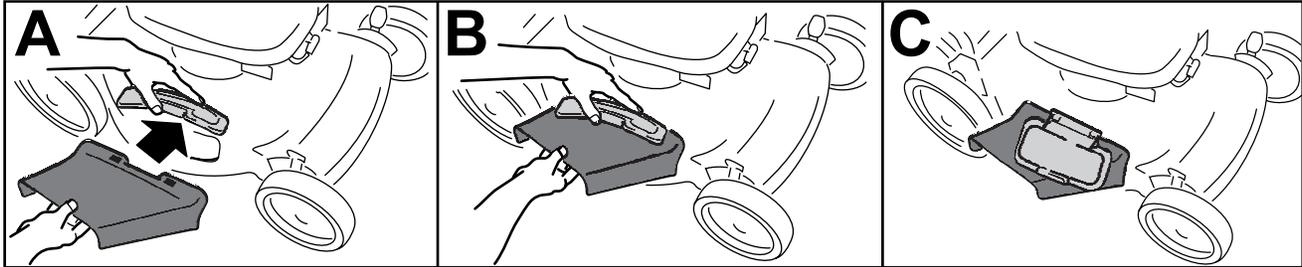
Side-Discharging the Clippings

Use the side discharge for cutting very tall grass.

If the grass bag is on the machine and the bag-on-demand lever is in the Bagging position, move the lever to the Recycling position; refer to [Operating the Bag-on-Demand Lever \(page 17\)](#).

Installing the Side-Discharge Chute

Lift up the side deflector and install the side-discharge chute (A and B of [Figure 19](#)).



g233435

Figure 19

Removing the Side-Discharge Chute

To remove the side-discharge chute, lift up the side deflector, remove the side-discharge chute, and lower the side-discharge deflector.

Operating Tips

General Mowing Tips

- Inspect the area where you will use the machine and remove all objects that the machine could throw.
- Avoid striking solid objects with the blade. Never deliberately mow over any object.
- If the machine strikes an object or starts to vibrate, immediately shut off the engine, disconnect the wire from the spark plug, remove the electric-start button (if equipped), and examine the machine for damage.
- For best performance, install a new blade before the cutting season begins.
- Replace the blade when necessary with a Toro replacement blade.

Cutting Grass

- Cut only about a third of the grass blade at a time. Do not cut below 51 mm (2 inches) unless the grass is sparse or it is late fall when grass growth begins to slow down.
- When cutting grass over 15 cm (6 inches) tall, mow at the highest cutting height setting and walk slower; then mow again at a lower setting for the best lawn appearance. If the grass is too long, the machine may plug and cause the engine to stall.
- Wet grass and leaves tend to clump on the yard and can cause the machine to plug or the engine to stall. Avoid mowing in wet conditions.
- Be aware of a potential fire hazard in very dry conditions, follow all local fire warnings, and keep the machine free of dry grass and leaf debris.
- Alternate the mowing direction. This helps disperse the clippings over the lawn for even fertilization.
- If the finished lawn appearance is unsatisfactory, try 1 or more of the following:
 - Replace the blade or have it sharpened.
 - Walk at a slower pace while mowing.
 - Raise the cutting height on your machine.
 - Cut the grass more frequently.
 - Overlap cutting swaths instead of cutting a full swath with each pass.

Cutting Leaves

- After cutting the lawn, ensure that half of the lawn shows through the cut leaf cover. You may need to make more than a single pass over the leaves.

- If there are more than 13 cm (5 inches) of leaves on the lawn, mow at a higher cutting height and then again at the desired cutting height.
- Slow down your mowing speed if the machine does not cut the leaves finely enough.

After Operation

After Operation Safety

General Safety

- Always shut off the machine, remove the electric-start button (if equipped), wait for all moving parts to stop, and allow the machine to cool before adjusting, servicing, cleaning, or storing it.
- Clean grass and debris from the machine to help prevent fires. Clean up oil or fuel spills.
- Never store the machine or fuel container where there is an open flame, spark, or pilot light, such as on a water heater or on other appliances.

Hauling Safety

- Remove the electric-start button (if equipped) before loading the machine for hauling.
- Use care when loading or unloading the machine.
- Secure the machine from rolling.

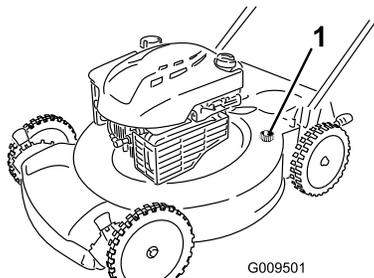
Cleaning under the Machine

Service Interval: After each use

For best results, clean the machine soon after you have completed mowing.

1. Move the machine onto a flat paved surface.
2. Shut off the engine and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
3. Lower the machine to its lowest cutting-height setting. Refer to [Adjusting the Cutting Height \(page 12\)](#).
4. Wash out the area under the rear door where the clippings go from the underside of the machine to the grass bag.

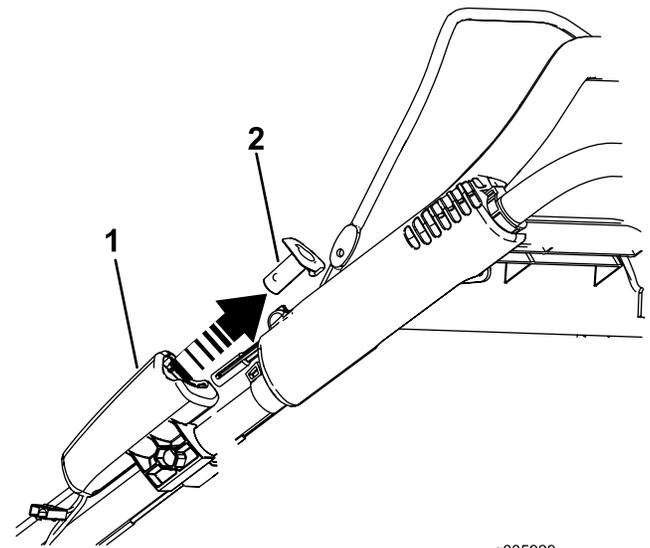
Note: Wash out the area with the bag-on-demand (if equipped) in both the fully forward and fully rearward positions.
5. Attach a garden hose that is connected to a water supply to the washout port ([Figure 20](#)).



G009501

Figure 20

1. Washout port



g035929

g035929

Figure 21

1. Electric starter
2. Electric-start button

6. Turn the water on.
7. Start the engine and run it until the clippings no longer come out from under the machine.
8. Shut off the engine.
9. Shut off the water and disconnect the garden hose from the machine.
10. Start the engine and run it for a few minutes to dry the underside of the machine to prevent it from rusting.
11. Shut off the engine and allow it to cool before storing the machine in an enclosed area.

2. Remove and save the 2 handle knobs and 2 carriage bolts from the handle brackets (Figure 22).

Important: Route the cables to the outside of the handle knobs as you fold the handle.

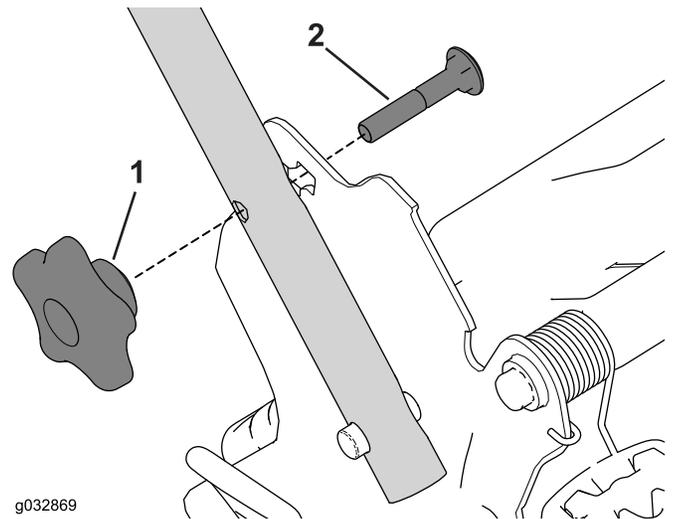
Folding the Handle

⚠ WARNING

Folding or unfolding the handle improperly can damage the cables, causing an unsafe operating condition.

- Do not damage the cables when folding or unfolding the handle.
- If a cable is damaged, contact an Authorized Service Dealer.

1. Remove the electric-start button (Figure 21).



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Figure 22

1. Handle knob
2. Carriage bolt

3. Fold the handle by rotating it forward (Figure 23).

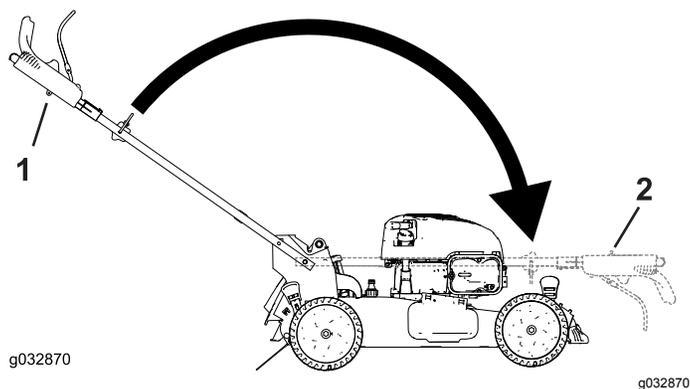


Figure 23

1. Operating position
2. Folded position

-
4. Insert the carriage bolt (with the bolt head toward the inside) through the handle bracket and the upper hole in the handle end. Ensure that the square edges of each carriage bolt fits into the upper or lower square hole in its related handle bracket ([Figure 24](#)).

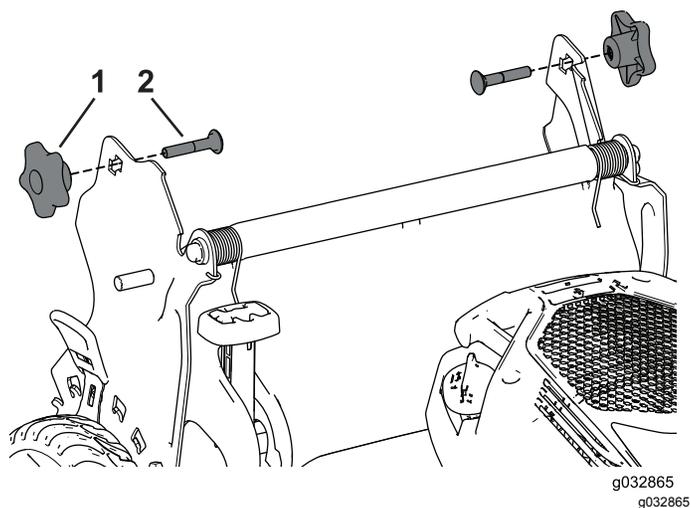


Figure 24

1. Handle knob
2. Carriage bolt

-
5. Loosely install the handle knobs and carriage bolts on the handle brackets.
 6. To unfold the handle, refer to [1 Assembling and Unfolding the Handle](#) (page 6).

Maintenance

Recommended Maintenance Schedule(s)

Maintenance Service Interval	Maintenance Procedure
Before each use or daily	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check the engine-oil level and add oil as needed. • Ensure that the engine shuts off within 3 seconds after releasing the blade-control bar.
After each use	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clean grass clippings and dirt from under the machine.
Every 25 hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Service the air filter; service it more frequently in dusty operating conditions. • Charge the battery (if equipped) for 24 hours.
Yearly	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Replace the air filter; replace it more frequently in dusty operating conditions. • Change the engine oil (if desired). • Replace the blade or have it sharpened (more frequently if the edge dulls quickly). • Clean the engine by removing dirt and debris from its top and sides; clean it more frequently in dusty operating conditions.
Yearly or before storage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Empty the fuel tank before repairs as directed and before yearly storage.

Important: Refer to your engine owner’s manual for additional maintenance procedures.

Maintenance Safety

- Disconnect the spark-plug wire from the spark plug and remove the electric-start button before performing any maintenance procedure.
- Wear gloves and eye protection when servicing the machine.
- The blade is sharp; contacting the blade can result in serious personal injury. Wear gloves when servicing the blade. Do not repair or alter the blade(s).
- Never tamper with safety devices. Check their proper operation regularly.
- Tipping the machine may cause the fuel to leak. Fuel is flammable and explosive, and can cause personal injury. Run the engine dry or remove the fuel with a hand pump; never siphon the fuel.
- To ensure optimum performance of the machine, use only genuine Toro replacement parts and accessories. Replacement parts and accessories made by other manufacturers could be dangerous, and such use could void the product warranty.

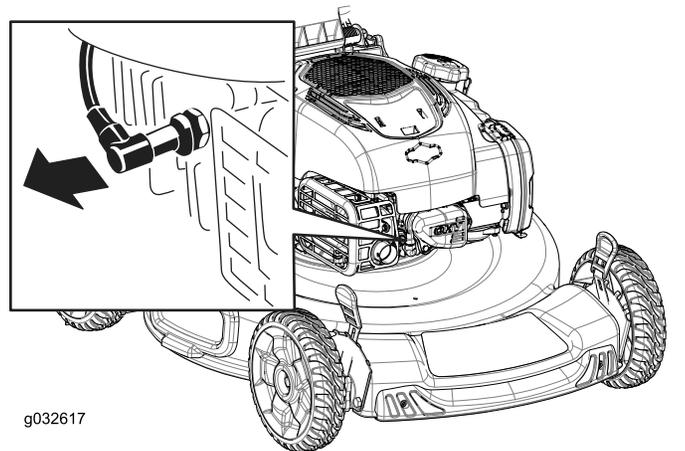


Figure 25

1. Spark-plug wire
3. After performing the maintenance procedure(s), connect the spark-plug wire to the spark plug.

Important: Before tipping the machine to change the oil or replace the blade, allow the fuel tank to run dry through normal usage. If you must tip the machine prior to running out of fuel, use a hand fuel pump to remove the fuel. Always tip the machine onto its side, with the dipstick down.

Preparing for Maintenance

1. Shut off the engine, remove the electric-start button (if equipped), and wait for all moving parts to stop.
2. Disconnect the spark-plug wire from the spark plug (Figure 25).

Servicing the Air Filter

Service Interval: Every 25 hours
Yearly

1. Unclip the top of the air-filter cover (Figure 26).

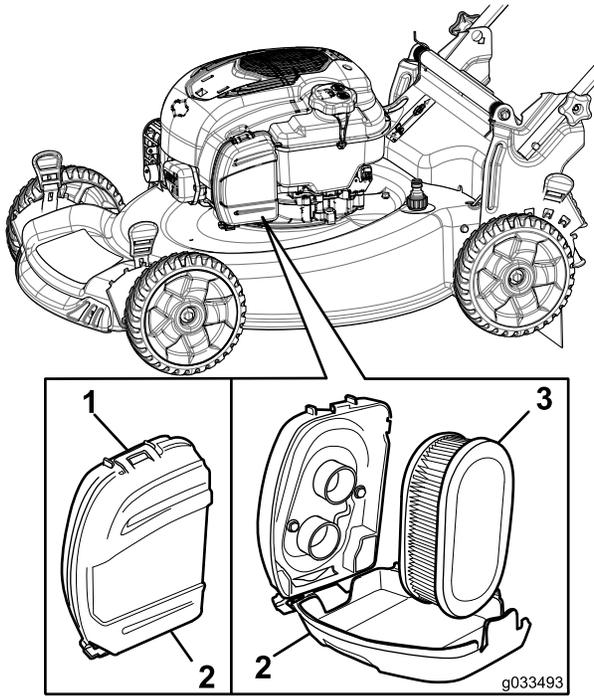


Figure 26

1. Clip
2. Air-filter cover
3. Air filter

2. Remove the air filter (Figure 26).
3. Inspect the air filter.

Note: If the air filter is excessively dirty, replace it with a new filter. Otherwise, gently tap the air filter on a hard surface to loosen debris.

4. Install the air filter.
5. Use the clip to install the air-filter cover.

Changing the Engine Oil

Service Interval: Yearly

Changing the engine oil is not required, but if you want to change the oil, use the following procedure.

Note: Run the engine a few minutes before changing the oil to warm it. Warm oil flows better and carries more contaminants.

Engine Oil Specifications

Engine oil capacity	0.44 L (15 fl oz)
Oil viscosity	SAE 30 or SAE 10W-30 detergent oil
API service classification	SJ or higher

1. Move the machine to a level surface.
2. Refer to [Preparing for Maintenance \(page 22\)](#).

3. Remove the dipstick by rotating the cap counterclockwise and pulling it out (Figure 27).

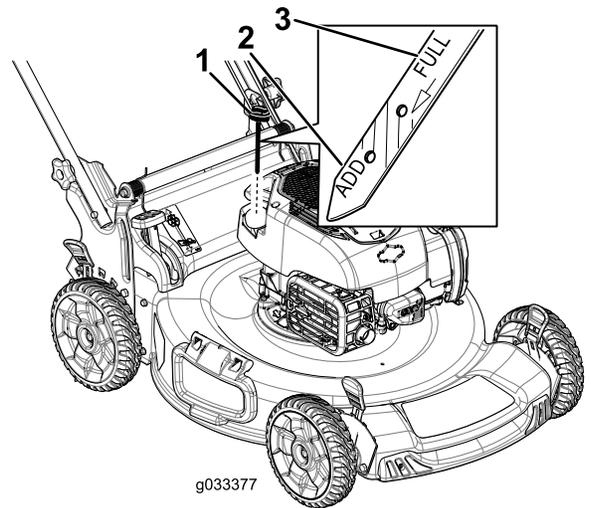


Figure 27

1. Dipstick
2. Add
3. Full

4. Tip the machine onto its side (so that the air filter is up) to drain the used oil from the oil-fill tube (Figure 28).

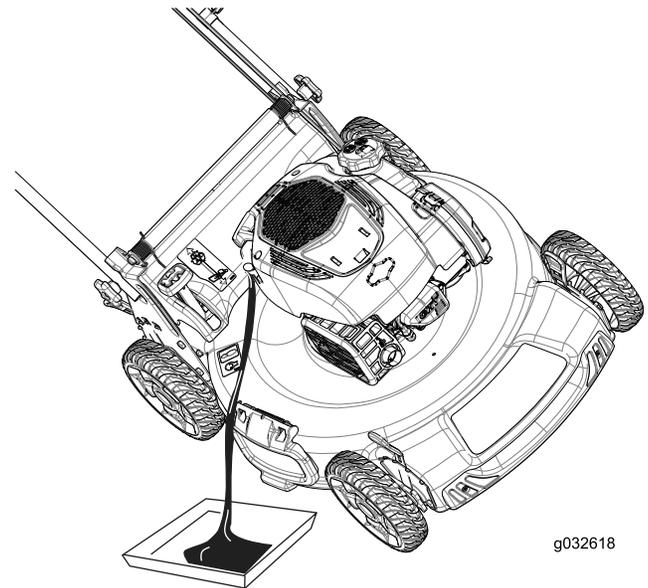


Figure 28

5. After draining the used oil, return the machine to the operating position.
6. Carefully pour about 3/4 of the engine capacity of oil into the oil-fill tube.
7. Wait 3 minutes for the oil to settle in the engine.
8. Wipe the dipstick clean with a clean cloth.
9. Insert the dipstick into the oil-fill tube, then remove the dipstick.

10. Read the oil level on the dipstick (Figure 27).
 - If the oil level on the dipstick is too low, carefully pour a small amount of oil into the oil-fill tube, wait 3 minutes, and repeat steps 8 through 10 until the oil level on the dipstick is correct.
 - If the oil level on the dipstick is too high, drain the excess oil until the oil level on the dipstick is correct.

Important: If the oil level in the engine is too low or too high and you run the engine, you may damage the engine.

11. Install the dipstick into the oil-fill tube securely.
12. Recycle the used oil properly.

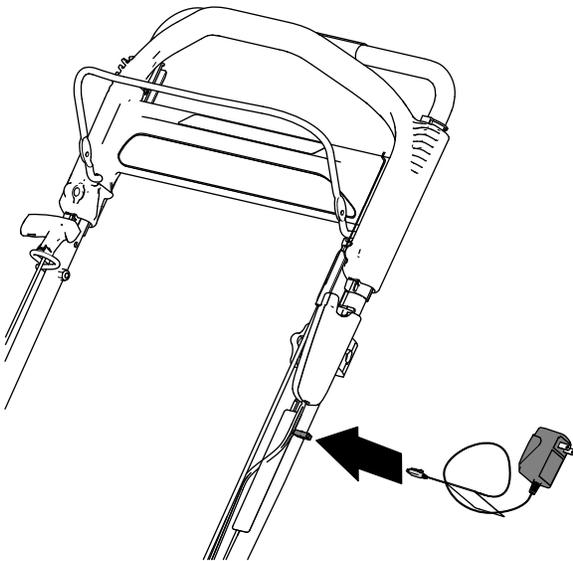
- A red light indicates that the charger is charging the battery.
- A green light indicates that the charger is fully charged or the charger is disconnected from the battery.
- A flashing light that alternates between red and green indicates that the battery is nearly fully charged. This state lasts only a few minutes until the battery is fully charged.

Charging the Battery For Electric-Start Models

Service Interval: Every 25 hours

Charge the battery for 24 hours initially, then monthly (every 25 starts) or as needed. Always use the charger in a sheltered area and charge the battery at room temperature (22°C or 70°F) whenever possible.

1. Connect the charger to the wire harness located below the electric-start button (Figure 29).



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Figure 29

2. Plug the charger into a wall outlet.

Note: When the battery no longer holds a charge, recycle or dispose of the lead-acid battery according to local codes.

Note: Your battery charger may have a 2-color LED display that indicates the following states of charging:

Replacing the Fuse For Electric-Start Models

If the battery does not charge or the engine does not run with the electric starter, the fuse may be blown. Replace it with a 40 A plug-in type fuse.

1. Raise the rear deflector and locate the battery compartment (Figure 30).

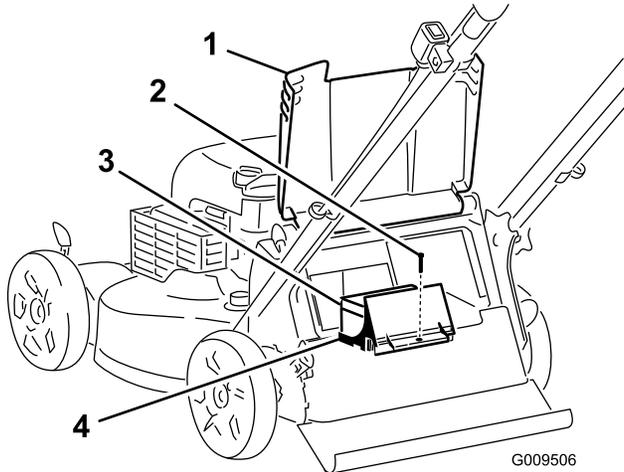


Figure 30

1. Rear deflector
2. Screw
3. Battery
4. Battery compartment

2. Wipe away any debris from the battery compartment area.
3. Remove the screw that secures the battery compartment, pull out the battery, and locate the fuse (Figure 31).

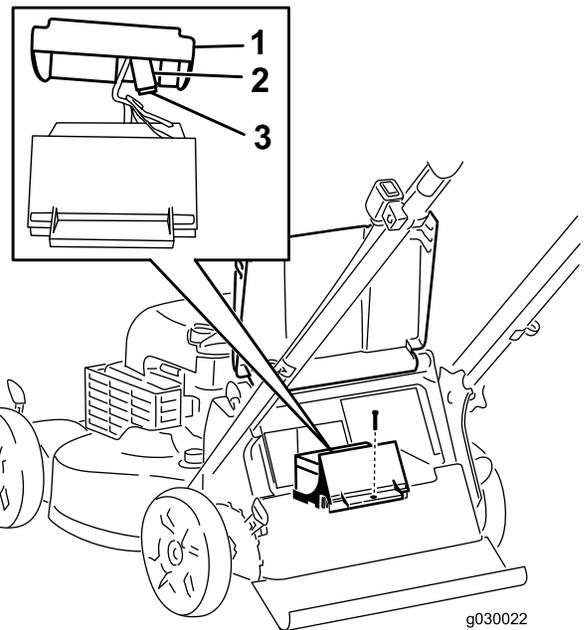


Figure 31

1. Cover
2. Fuse holder
3. Fuse

4. Replace the fuse in the fuse holder (Figure 31).

Note: Your machine comes with a spare fuse in the battery compartment.

5. Install the battery compartment with the screw that you removed in step 3.
6. Install the cover over the battery compartment.
7. Lower the rear deflector.

Replacing the Blade

Service Interval: Yearly

Important: You will need a torque wrench to install the blade properly. If you do not have a torque wrench or are uncomfortable performing this procedure, contact an Authorized Service Dealer.

Examine the blade whenever you run out of fuel. If the blade is damaged or cracked, replace it immediately. If the blade edge is dull or nicked, have it sharpened and balanced, or replace it.

⚠ WARNING

The blade is sharp; contacting the blade can result in serious personal injury.

Wear gloves when servicing the blade.

1. Refer to [Preparing for Maintenance \(page 22\)](#).
2. Tip the machine onto its side with the air filter up.
3. Use a block of wood to hold the blade steady ([Figure 32](#)).

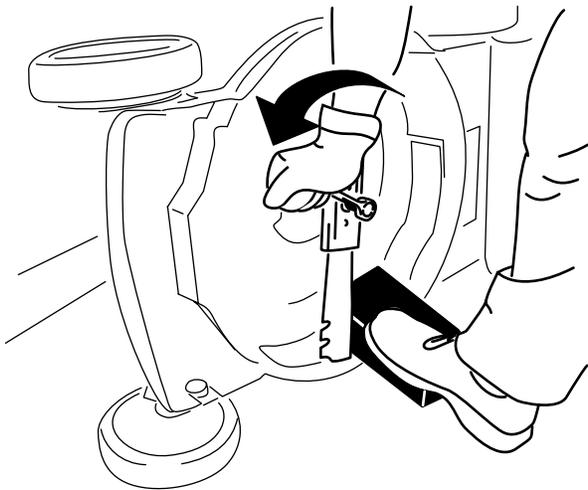


Figure 32

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4. Remove the blade, saving all mounting hardware ([Figure 32](#)).
5. Install the new blade and all mounting hardware ([Figure 33](#)).

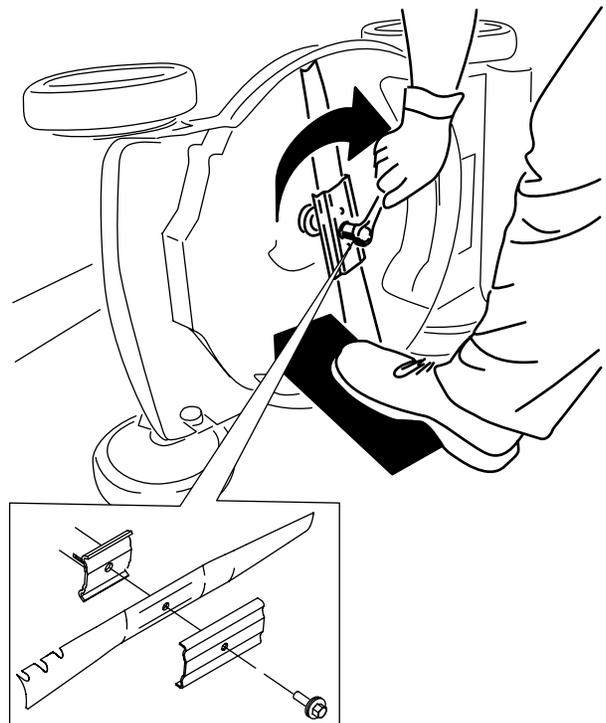


Figure 33

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Important: Position the curved ends of the blade to point toward the machine housing.

6. Use a torque wrench to tighten the blade bolt to 82 N·m (60 ft-lb).

Important: A bolt torqued to 82 N·m (60 ft-lb) is very tight. While holding the blade with a block of wood, put your weight behind the ratchet or wrench and tighten the bolt securely. This bolt is very difficult to overtighten.

Adjusting the Self-Propel Drive

For Self-Propel-Drive Models Only

Whenever you install a new self-propel cable or if the self-propel drive is out of adjustment, adjust the self-propel drive.

1. Turn the adjustment nut counterclockwise to loosen the cable adjustment (Figure 34).

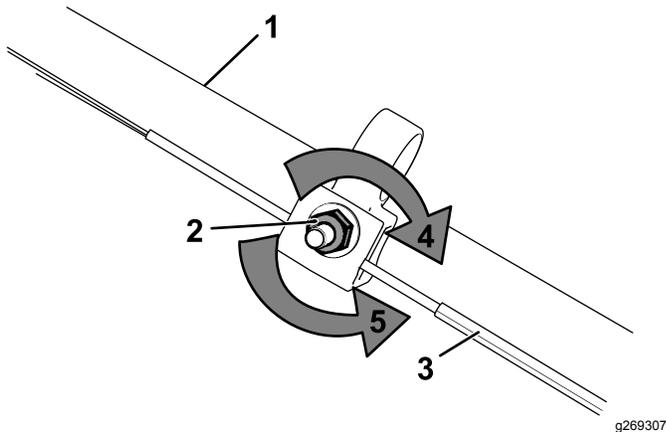


Figure 34

1. Handle (left side)
2. Adjustment nut
3. Self-propel-drive cable
4. Turn the nut clockwise to tighten the adjustment.
5. Turn the nut counterclockwise to loosen the adjustment.

2. Adjust the tension on the cable (Figure 34) by pulling it back or pushing it forward and holding that position.

Note: Push the cable toward the engine to increase the traction; pull the cable away from the engine to decrease the traction.

3. Turn the adjustment nut clockwise to tighten the cable adjustment.

Note: Tighten the nut firmly with a socket or wrench.

Storage

Store the machine in a cool, clean, dry place.

Storage Safety

Always shut off the machine, remove the electric-start button (if equipped), wait for all moving parts to stop, and allow the machine to cool before adjusting, servicing, cleaning, or storing it.

Preparing the Machine for Storage

1. On the last refueling of the year, add fuel stabilizer (such as Toro Premium Fuel Treatment) to the fuel as directed on the label.
2. Dispose of any unused fuel properly. Recycle it according to local codes or use it in your automobile.

Important: Old fuel in the fuel tank is the leading cause of hard starting. Do not store the fuel without fuel stabilizer more than 30 days, and do not store stabilized fuel beyond the duration recommended by the fuel-stabilizer manufacturer.

3. Run the machine until the engine shuts off from running out of fuel.
4. Start the engine again and allow it to run until it shuts off. When you can no longer start the engine, it is sufficiently dry.
5. Disconnect the wire from the spark plug and connect the wire to the retaining post (if equipped) and remove the electric-start button (if equipped).
6. Remove the spark plug, add 30 ml (1 fl oz) of engine oil through the spark-plug hole, and pull the recoil-starter rope slowly several times to distribute oil throughout the cylinder to prevent cylinder corrosion during the off-season.
7. Loosely install the spark plug.
8. Tighten all nuts, bolts, and screws.
9. **Electric-start models only:** Charge the battery for 24 hours, then unplug the battery charger and store the machine in an unheated area. If you must store the machine in a heated area, you must charge the battery every 90 days. Refer to [5 Charging the Battery \(page 9\)](#).

Removing the Machine from Storage

1. **Electric-start models only:** Charge the battery for 24 hours; refer to [5 Charging the Battery \(page 9\)](#).
2. Check and tighten all fasteners.
3. Remove the spark plug and spin the engine rapidly by pulling the recoil-start handle to blow the excess oil from the cylinder.
4. Install the spark plug and tighten it with a torque wrench to 20 N·m (15 ft-lb).
5. Perform any maintenance procedures; refer to [Maintenance \(page 22\)](#).
6. Check the engine-oil level; refer to [Checking the Engine-Oil Level \(page 11\)](#).
7. Fill the fuel tank with fresh fuel; refer to [Filling the Fuel Tank \(page 10\)](#).
8. Connect the wire to the spark plug.

Notes:

Notes:

California Proposition 65 Warning Information

What is this warning?

You may see a product for sale that has a warning label like the following:



WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm—www.p65Warnings.ca.gov.

What is Prop 65?

Prop 65 applies to any company operating in California, selling products in California, or manufacturing products that may be sold in or brought into California. It mandates that the Governor of California maintain and publish a list of chemicals known to cause cancer, birth defects, and/or other reproductive harm. The list, which is updated annually, includes hundreds of chemicals found in many everyday items. The purpose of Prop 65 is to inform the public about exposure to these chemicals.

Prop 65 does not ban the sale of products containing these chemicals but instead requires warnings on any product, product packaging, or literature with the product. Moreover, a Prop 65 warning does not mean that a product is in violation of any product safety standards or requirements. In fact, the California government has clarified that a Prop 65 warning "is not the same as a regulatory decision that a product is 'safe' or 'unsafe.'" Many of these chemicals have been used in everyday products for years without documented harm. For more information, go to <https://oag.ca.gov/prop65/faqs-view-all>.

A Prop 65 warning means that a company has either (1) evaluated the exposure and has concluded that it exceeds the "no significant risk level"; or (2) has chosen to provide a warning based on its understanding about the presence of a listed chemical without attempting to evaluate the exposure.

Does this law apply everywhere?

Prop 65 warnings are required under California law only. These warnings are seen throughout California in a wide range of settings, including but not limited to restaurants, grocery stores, hotels, schools, and hospitals, and on a wide variety of products. Additionally, some online and mail order retailers provide Prop 65 warnings on their websites or in catalogs.

How do the California warnings compare to federal limits?

Prop 65 standards are often more stringent than federal and international standards. There are various substances that require a Prop 65 warning at levels that are far lower than federal action limits. For example, the Prop 65 standard for warnings for lead is 0.5 µg/day, which is well below the federal and international standards.

Why don't all similar products carry the warning?

- Products sold in California require Prop 65 labelling while similar products sold elsewhere do not.
- A company involved in a Prop 65 lawsuit reaching a settlement may be required to use Prop 65 warnings for its products, but other companies making similar products may have no such requirement.
- The enforcement of Prop 65 is inconsistent.
- Companies may elect not to provide warnings because they conclude that they are not required to do so under Prop 65; a lack of warnings for a product does not mean that the product is free of listed chemicals at similar levels.

Why does Toro include this warning?

Toro has chosen to provide consumers with as much information as possible so that they can make informed decisions about the products they buy and use. Toro provides warnings in certain cases based on its knowledge of the presence of one or more listed chemicals without evaluating the level of exposure, as not all the listed chemicals provide exposure limit requirements. While the exposure from Toro products may be negligible or well within the "no significant risk" range, out of an abundance of caution, Toro has elected to provide the Prop 65 warnings. Moreover, if Toro does not provide these warnings, it could be sued by the State of California or by private parties seeking to enforce Prop 65 and subject to substantial penalties.



Count on it.