



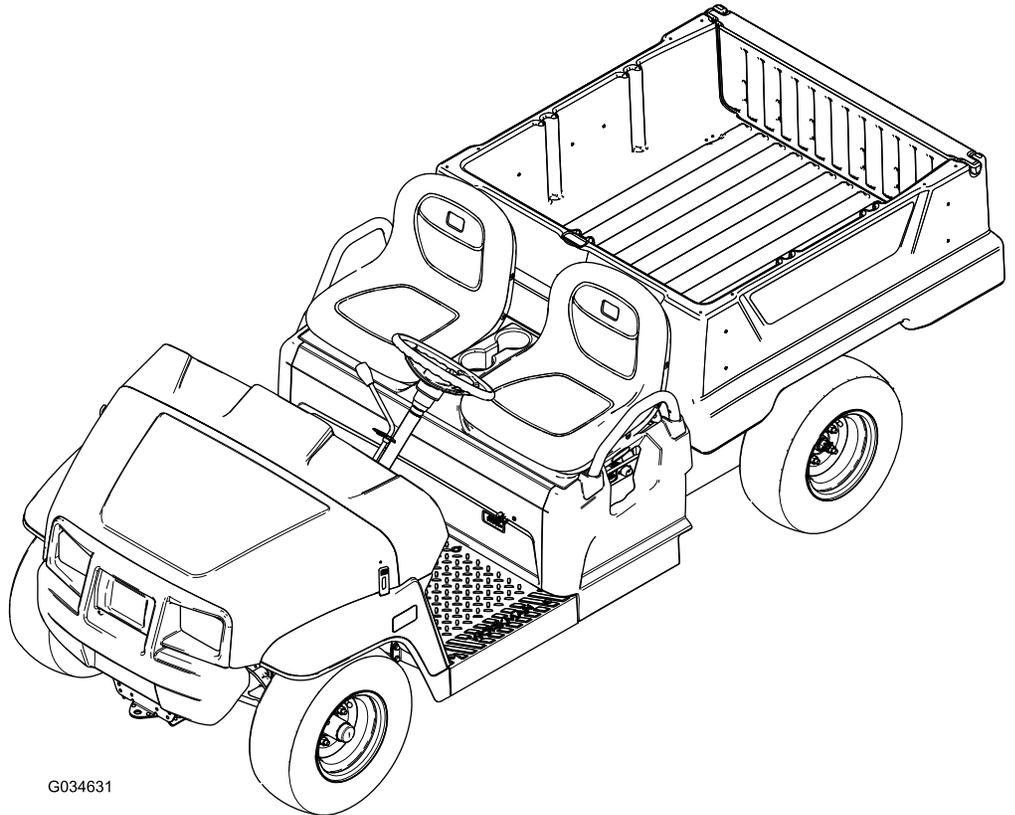
Count on it.

Operator's Manual

Workman® GTX Utility Vehicle

Model No. 07040—Serial No. 40000000 and Up

Model No. 07042—Serial No. 40000000 and Up



G034631



This product complies with all relevant European directives; for details, please see the separate product specific Declaration of Conformity (DOC) sheet.

It is a violation of California Public Resource Code Section 4442 or 4443 to use or operate the engine on any forest-covered, brush-covered, or grass-covered land unless the engine is equipped with a spark arrester, as defined in Section 4442, maintained in effective working order or the engine is constructed, equipped, and maintained for the prevention of fire.

The enclosed engine owner's manual is supplied for information regarding the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the California Emission Control Regulation of emission systems, maintenance, and warranty. Replacements may be ordered through the engine manufacturer.

⚠ WARNING

**CALIFORNIA
Proposition 65 Warning**

The engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

Battery posts, terminals, and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling.

Introduction

This utility vehicle is intended to be primarily used off-highway to transport people and material loads.

Read this information carefully to learn how to operate and maintain your product properly and to avoid injury and product damage. You are responsible for operating the product properly and safely.

You may contact Toro directly at www.Toro.com for product safety and operation training materials, accessory information, help finding a dealer, or to register your product.

Whenever you need service, genuine Toro parts, or additional information, contact an Authorized Service Distributor or Toro Customer Service and have the model and serial numbers of your product ready.

[Figure 1](#) identifies the location of the model and serial

numbers on the product. Write the numbers in the space provided.

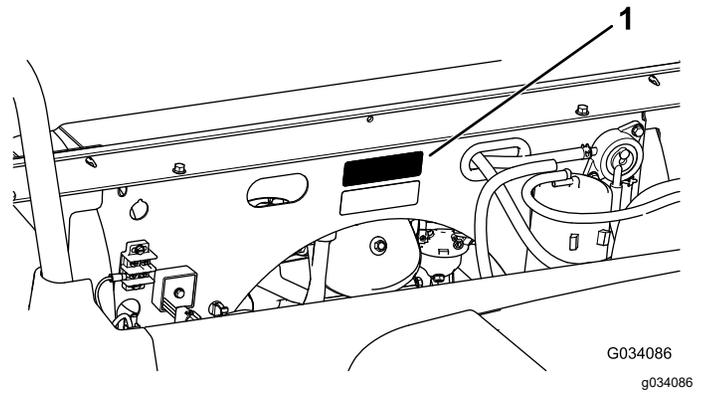


Figure 1
Bottom of Seat Assembly Shown

1. Model and serial-number location

Model No. _____
Serial No. _____

This manual identifies potential hazards and has safety messages identified by the safety-alert symbol ([Figure 2](#)), which signals a hazard that may cause serious injury or death if you do not follow the recommended precautions.



Figure 2
Safety-alert symbol

This manual uses 2 words to highlight information. **Important** calls attention to special mechanical information and **Note** emphasizes general information worthy of special attention.

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Safety

Improper use or maintenance by the operator or owner can result in injury. To reduce the potential for injury, comply with these safety instructions and always pay attention to the safety-alert symbol (Figure 2), which means **Caution, Warning, or Danger**—personal safety instruction. Failure to comply with the instruction may result in personal injury or death.

This machine has been designed in accordance with the requirements of SAE J2258.

General Safety

This product is capable of causing personal injury. Always follow all safety instructions to avoid serious personal injury.

Using this product for purposes other than its intended use could prove dangerous to you and bystanders.

- Read and understand the contents of this *Operator's Manual* before you start the engine. Ensure that everyone using this product knows how to use it and understands the warnings.

- Use your full attention while operating the machine. Do not engage in any activity that causes distractions; otherwise, injury or property damage may occur.
- Do not put your hands or feet near moving components of the machine.
- Do not operate the machine without all guards and other safety protective devices in place and working on the machine.
- Keep the machine a safe distance away from bystanders while it is moving.
- Keep children out of the operating area. Never allow children to operate the machine.
- Stop the machine, shut off the engine, and remove the key before servicing or fueling.

Improperly using or maintaining this machine can result in injury. To reduce the potential for injury, comply with these safety instructions and always pay attention to the safety-alert symbol, which means **Caution, Warning, or Danger**—personal safety instruction. Failure to comply with these instructions may result in personal injury or death.

You can find additional safety information where needed throughout this manual.

Safety and Instructional Decals



Safety decals and instructions are easily visible to the operator and are located near any area of potential danger. Replace any decal that is damaged or missing.



99-7345

decal99-7345

1. Warning—read the *Operator's Manual*.
2. Hot surface/burn hazard—stay a safe distance away from the hot surface.
3. Entanglement hazard, belt—stay away from moving parts; keep all guards in place.
4. Crushing hazard, cargo bed—use the prop rod to support the cargo bed.



115-2047

decal115-2047

1. Warning—do not touch the hot surface.



115-7739

decal115-7739

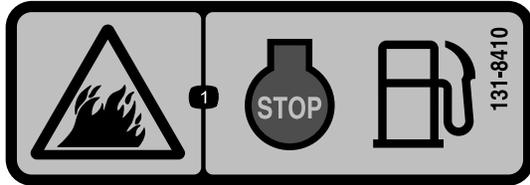
1. Falling, crushing hazard—do not carry passengers.



decal120-9570

120-9570

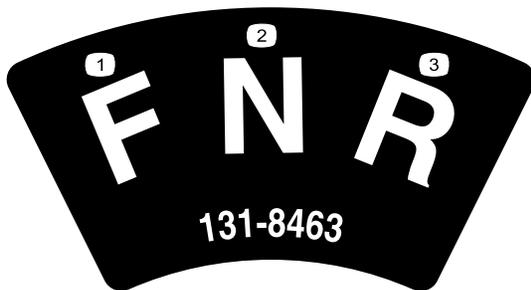
1. Warning—stay away from moving parts; keep all guards and shields in place.



decal131-8410

131-8410

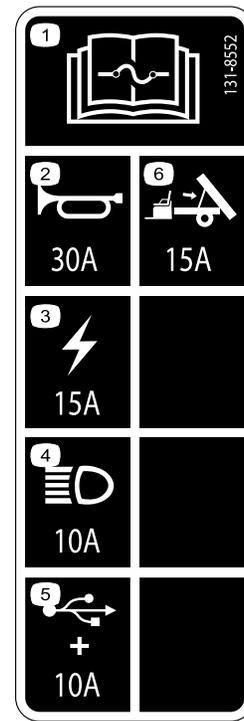
1. Fire hazard—shut off the engine before fueling.



decal131-8463

131-8463

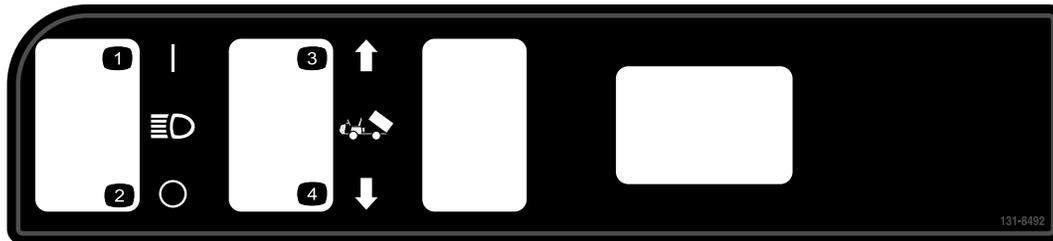
- | | |
|------------|------------|
| 1. Forward | 3. Reverse |
| 2. Neutral | |



decal131-8552

131-8552

- | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| 1. Read the <i>Operator's Manual</i> for fuse information. | 4. Headlights (10 A) |
| 2. Horn (30 A) | 5. USB power point/options (10 A) |
| 3. Main power (15 A) | 6. Optional lift kit (15 A) |



decal131-8492

131-8492

- | | |
|------------------|-------------------|
| 1. Headlight—on | 3. Raise the bed. |
| 2. Headlight—off | 4. Lower the bed. |



131-8414

decal131-8414

1. Warning—read the *Operator's Manual*.
2. Warning—receive proper training before operating the machine.
3. Tipping hazard—drive slowly across or up slopes; take turns slowly; do not exceed speeds of 25 kph (16 mph); drive slowly when hauling cargo; drive slowly on uneven terrain.
4. Falling hazard; severing hazard of limbs—do not carry passengers in the bed; do not carry extra passengers in between the seats; do not put your arms or legs outside of the machine while operating.



131-8413

decal131-8413

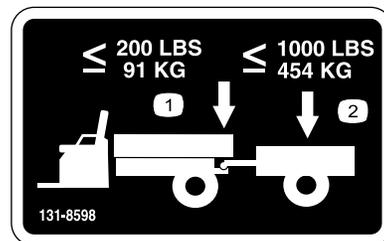
1. Horn
2. Off
3. On
4. Engine—start
5. To start the engine: 1) Sit in the operator's position; 2) Disengage the parking brake; 3) Turn the key to the engine START position; 4) Engage the choke; 5) Press down on the pedal.
6. To shut off the engine: 1) Release the pedal; 2) Engage the parking brake; 3) Turn the key to the OFF position; 4) Remove the key from the key switch.

GTX QUICK REFERENCE AID	
AIR FILTER	108-3811
FUEL FILTER	131-8588
SPARK PLUG	130-8380
SPARK PLUG GAP	0.030"
ENGINE OIL	1.1 qt 10W-30
TRANSAXLE OIL	1.6 qt 80W-90
BRAKE FLUID	DOT 3

133-7148

decal133-7148

1. Read the *Operator's Manual* for more information on servicing the machine.



131-8598

decal131-8598

1. Do not exceed a tongue weight 91 kg (200 lb)
2. Do not exceed a trailer weight 454 kg (1,000 lb)

Setup

Loose Parts

Use the chart below to verify that all parts have been shipped.

Procedure	Description	Qty.	Use
1	Steering wheel	1	Install the steering wheel (International models only).
	Steering wheel cover	1	
	Washer (1/2 inch)	1	
	Dust cover	1	
2	No parts required	–	Check the fluid levels and tire pressure.
3	No parts required	–	Burnish (break-in) the brakes.
4	Operator's Manual	1	Read the Operator's Manual and view the setup material before operating the machine.
	Engine owner's manual	1	
	Registration card	1	
	Predelivery Inspection Form	1	
	Certificate of Quality	1	
	Key	2	

1

Installing the Steering Wheel (International Models Only)

Parts needed for this procedure:

1	Steering wheel
1	Steering wheel cover
1	Washer (1/2 inch)
1	Dust cover

Procedure

1. If the cover is installed, remove it from the hub of the steering wheel ([Figure 3](#)).
2. Remove the locknut (1/2 inch) from the steering shaft ([Figure 3](#)).
3. Slide the steering wheel, dust cover, and washer (1/2 inch) onto the steering shaft ([Figure 3](#)).

Note: With the front wheels straight, orient the steering wheel so that the smaller spoke on the steering wheel is vertical.

4. Secure the steering wheel to the shaft with the locknut (1/2 inch) and tighten it to 18 to 30 N·m (13 to 22 ft-lb).
5. Install the cover on the steering wheel ([Figure 3](#)).

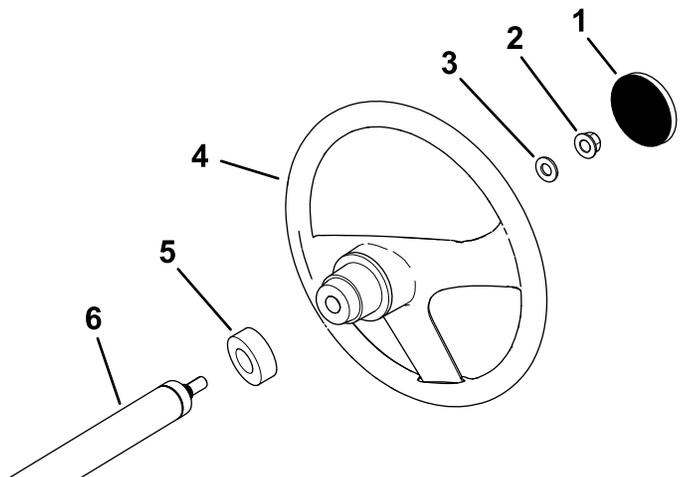


Figure 3

- | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------|
| 1. Steering wheel cover | 4. Steering wheel |
| 2. Locknut (1/2 inch) | 5. Dust cover |
| 3. Washer (1/2 inch) | 6. Steering shaft |

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2

Checking the Fluid Levels and Tire Pressure

No Parts Required

Procedure

1. Check the engine-oil level before and after you first start the engine; refer to [Checking the Engine-Oil Level \(page 35\)](#).
2. Check the brake-fluid level before you first start the engine; refer to [Checking the Brake-Fluid Level \(page 50\)](#).
3. Check the transaxle-fluid level before you first start the engine; refer to [Checking the Transaxle-Fluid Level \(page 45\)](#).
4. Check the air pressure in the tires; refer to [Checking the Tire Pressure \(page 14\)](#).

3

Burnishing the Brakes

No Parts Required

Procedure

To ensure optimum performance of the brake system, burnish (break-in) the brakes before use.

1. Bring the machine up to full speed, apply the brakes to rapidly stop the machine without locking up the tires.
2. Repeat this procedure 10 times, waiting 1 minute between stops, to avoid overheating the brakes.

Important: This procedure is most effective if the machine is loaded with 227 kg (500 lb).

4

Reading the Manual and Viewing the Setup Material

Parts needed for this procedure:

1	<i>Operator's Manual</i>
1	Engine owner's manual
1	Registration card
1	<i>Predelivery Inspection Form</i>
1	Certificate of Quality
2	Key

Procedure

- Read the *Operator's Manual* and the engine owners's manual.
- Fill out the registration card.
- Complete the *Predelivery Inspection Form*.
- Review the *Certificate of Quality*.

Product Overview

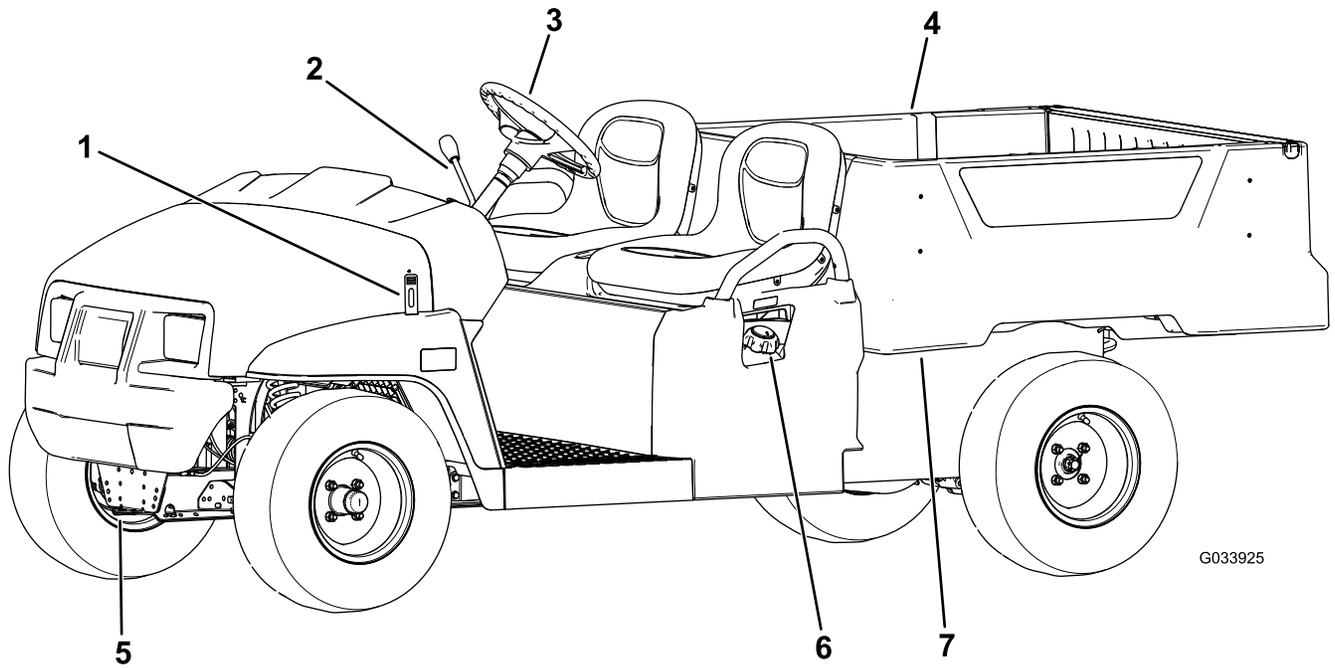


Figure 4

- | | | | |
|----------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| 1. Hood latch | 3. Steering wheel | 5. Towing tongue | 7. Cargo-bed lever |
| 2. Shift lever | 4. Cargo bed | 6. Fuel cap | |

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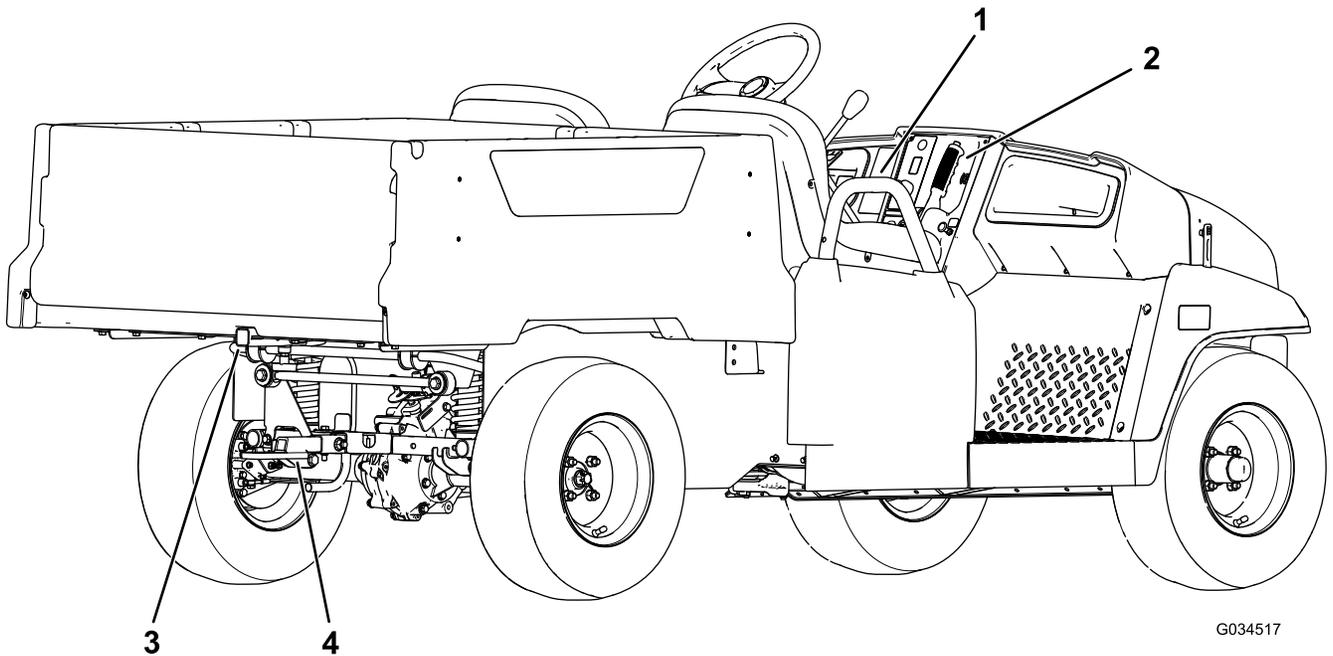


Figure 5

- | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. Passenger handhold | 3. Rear cargo-bed-accessory mount |
| 2. Parking-brake lever | 4. Trailer hitch |

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Controls

Control Panel

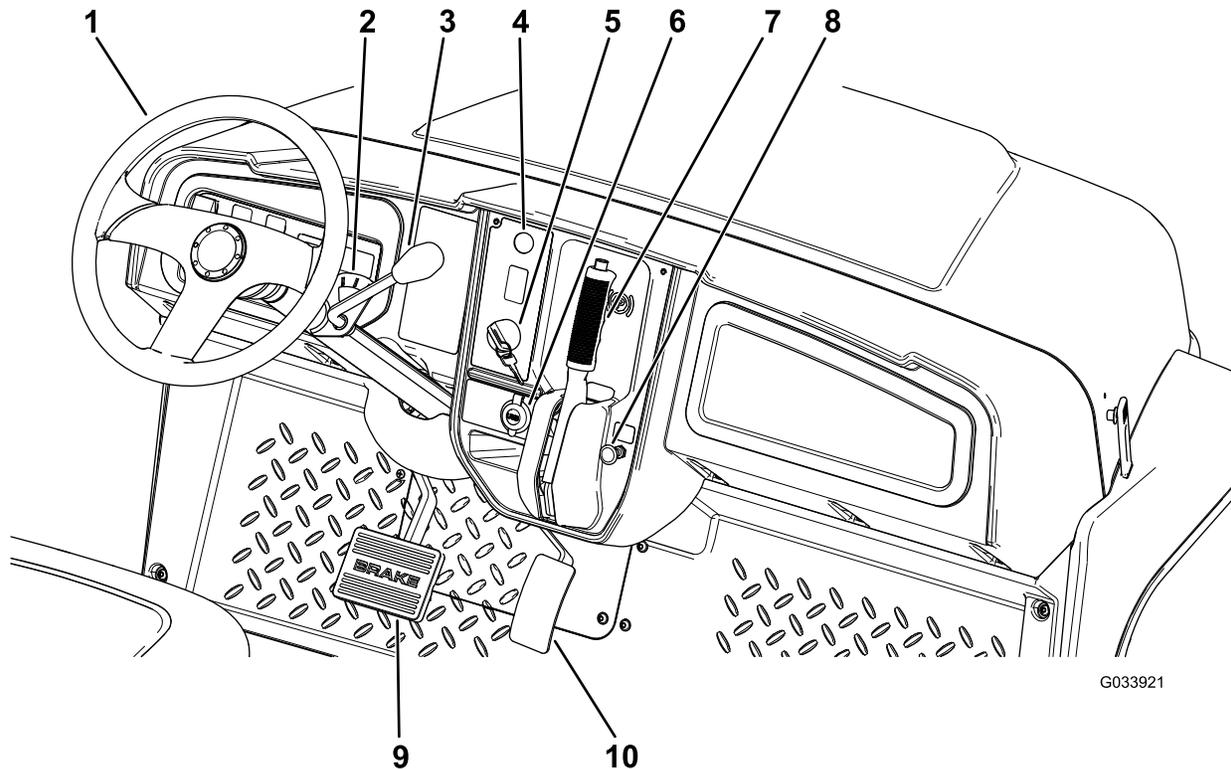


Figure 6

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- | | |
|--|------------------------|
| 1. Steering wheel | 6. USB power point |
| 2. Gear-shift indicator | 7. Parking-brake lever |
| 3. Gear-shift lever | 8. Choke control |
| 4. Horn button (International models only) | 9. Brake pedal |
| 5. Key switch | 10. Accelerator pedal |

Accelerator Pedal

Use the accelerator pedal (Figure 6) to vary the ground speed of the machine. Pressing down the accelerator pedal starts the engine. Pressing the pedal farther increases the ground speed. Releasing the pedal slows the machine, and the engine shuts off.

Note: The maximum forward speed is 26 km/h (16 mph).

Brake Pedal

Use the brake pedal to stop or slow the machine (Figure 6).

▲ CAUTION

Operating a machine with worn or incorrectly adjusted brakes can may result in personal injury.

If the brake pedal travels to within 25 mm (1 inch) of the machine floor board, adjust or repair the brakes.

Key Switch

The key switch is located at the lower, right corner of the dash panel (Figure 6).

The key switch has 3 positions: OFF, ON, and START.

There are 2 modes of starting the machine; refer to [Starting the Engine](#) (page 22).

Parking-Brake Lever

The parking-brake lever is located on the control panel (Figure 6).

Whenever you shut off the engine, engage the parking brake to prevent the machine from accidentally moving. If the machine is parked on a steep grade, ensure that you engage the parking brake.

To engage the parking brake, pull the parking-brake lever toward you (Figure 7).

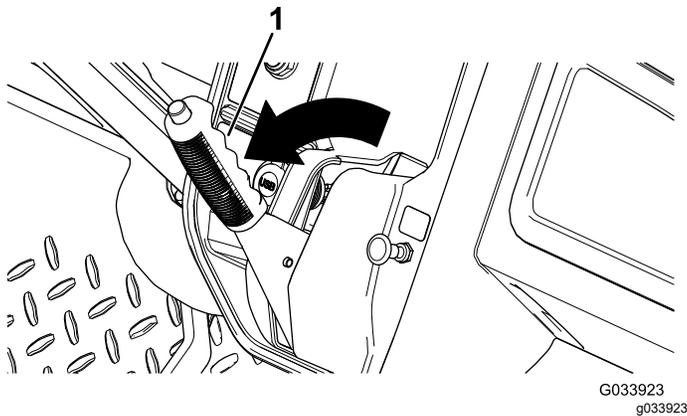


Figure 7

1. Parking-brake lever

To disengage the parking brake, push down the button on top of the parking-brake lever, pull the parking-brake lever toward you to release pressure, and then push the parking-brake lever forward (Figure 8).

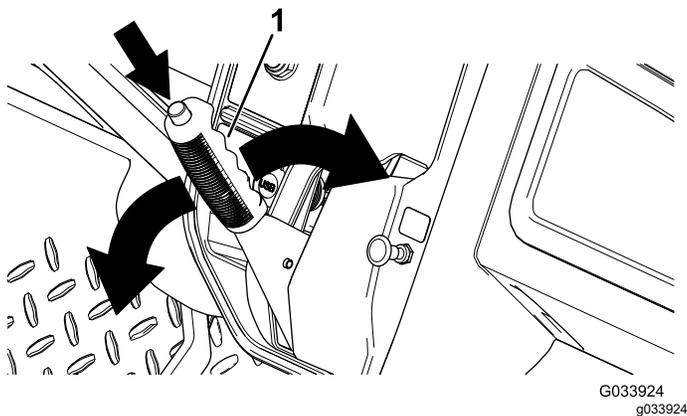


Figure 8

1. Parking-brake lever

Choke Control

The choke control is located on the control panel. Use the choke to help start a cold engine by pulling the choke control outward (Figure 6). After the engine starts, adjust the choke to keep the engine running smoothly. As the engine warms up, push in the choke control to the OFF position.

Gear-Shift Lever and Gear-Shift Indicator

The gear-shift lever can be set to 3 positions on the gear-shift indicator: FORWARD, REVERSE, and NEUTRAL (Figure 9).

Note: The engine starts and runs in any of the 3 positions.

From the NEUTRAL position, you can move the gear-shift lever left to the FORWARD position or right to the REVERSE position (Figure 9).

Important: Always stop the machine before changing gears.

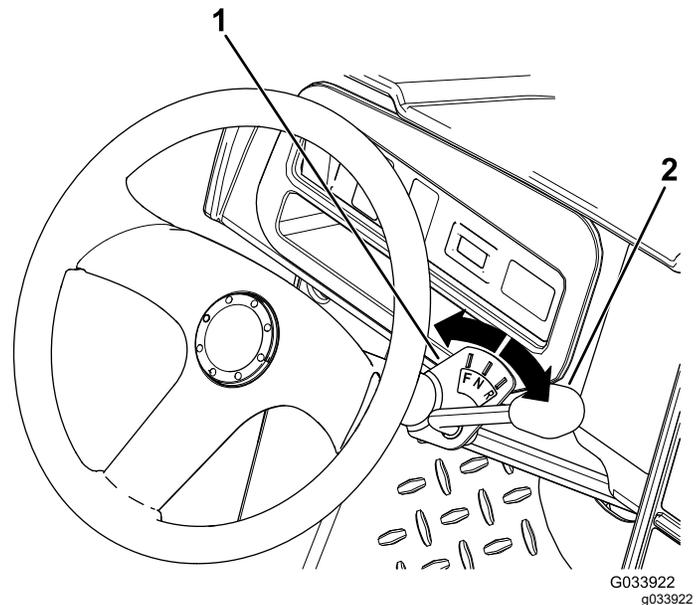


Figure 9

1. Gear-shift indicator
2. Gear-shift lever

Horn Button

International Models Only

The horn button is located on the control panel (Figure 6). Press the horn button to sound the horn.

Light Switch

The light switch is located to the left of the steering column (Figure 10). Use the light switch to illuminate the headlights. Push the light switch up to turn on the headlights. Push the light switch down to turn off the lights.

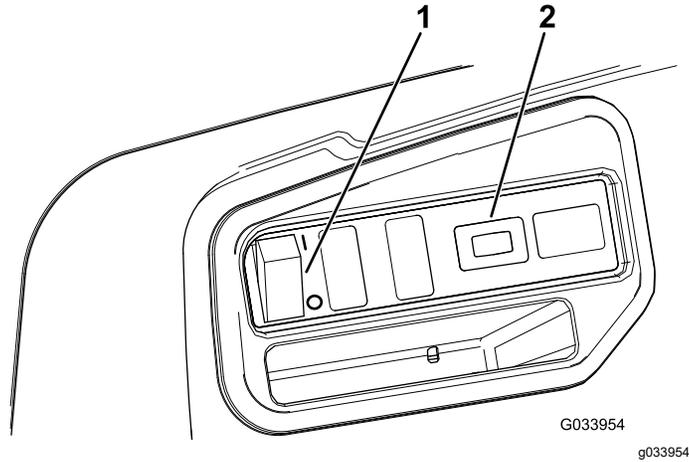


Figure 10

1. Light switch

2. Hour meter

Hour Meter

The hour meter is located to the right of the light switch (Figure 10). Use the hour meter to find out the total number of engine hours. The hour meter starts to function whenever you turn the key switch to the ON position, START position, or if the engine is running.

Note: When the machine is running, the hour meter blinks continuously, recording usage.

USB Power Point

The USB power point is located to the left of the parking-brake lever (Figure 6). Use the power point to power mobile devices.

Important: When you are not using the USB power point, insert the rubber plug to prevent damage to the power point.

Fuel Gauge

The fuel gauge (Figure 11) is located on the fuel tank in the filler cap, at the left side of the machine. The gauge displays the amount of fuel in the tank.

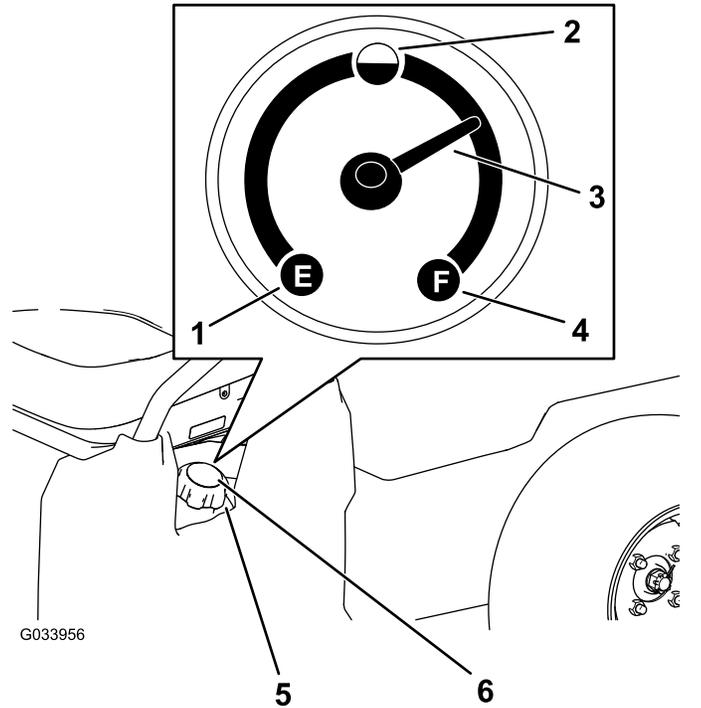


Figure 11

1. Empty

2. Half full

3. Needle

4. Full

5. Fuel-tank cap

6. Fuel gauge

Passenger Handholds

The passenger handholds are located on the outside of each seat (Figure 12).

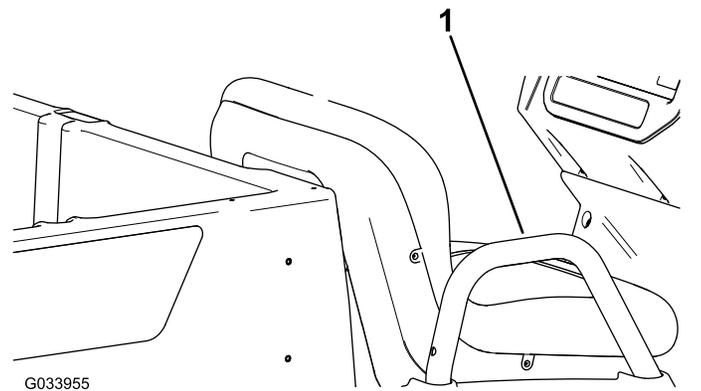


Figure 12

Passenger Side Shown

1. Passenger handhold

Specifications

Note: Specifications and design are subject to change without notice.

Base weight	397 kg (875 lb)
Rated capacity (on level ground)	544 kg (1,200 lb) total, including 90.7 kg (200 lb) operator and 91 kg (200 lb) passenger, load, accessories, and attachments
Maximum gross vehicle weight (GVW)—on level ground	941 kg (2,075 lb) total, including all of the weights listed above
Maximum cargo capacity (on level ground)	363 kg (800 lb) total, including rear-mounted accessories
Maximum rear cargo-bed-accessory mount capacity	45 kg (100 lb) total
Tow capacity	Tongue weight: 91 kg (200 lb) Maximum trailer weight: 454 kg (1,000 lb)
Overall width	119 cm (47 inches)
Overall length	302 cm (119 inches)
Overall height	127.5 cm (50.2 inches)
Ground clearance	21.6 cm (8.5 inches) at the front with no load or operator 14 cm (5.5 inches) at the rear with no load or operator
Wheel base	220 cm (86.6 inches)
Wheel tread (center line to center line)	Front: 119 cm (47 inches) Rear: 119 cm (47 inches)
Cargo bed length	Inside: 102 cm (40 inches) Outside: 114.3 cm (45 inches)
Cargo bed width	Inside: 98 cm (38.5 inches) Outside of the molded fenders: 107.3 cm (42.25 inches)
Cargo bed height	28 cm (11 inches) inside
Engine speed	Low idle: 1,250 to 1,350 rpm High idle: 3,650 to 3,750 rpm

Attachments/Accessories

A selection of Toro approved attachments and accessories is available for use with the machine to enhance and expand its capabilities. Contact your Authorized Service Dealer or Distributor or go to www.Toro.com for a list of all approved attachments and accessories.

Operation

Note: Determine the left and right sides of the machine from the normal operating position.

Before Operation

Before Operation Safety

General Safety

- Never allow children or untrained people to operate or service the machine. Local regulations may restrict the age of the operator. The owner is responsible for training all operators and mechanics.
- Become familiar with the safe operation of the equipment, operator controls, and safety signs.
- Ensure that passengers sit only where there are handholds.
- Know how to stop the machine and shut off the engine quickly.
- Ensure that you and your passengers do not exceed the number of handholds equipped on the machine.
- Check that all safety devices and decals are in place. Repair or replace all safety devices and replace all illegible or missing decals. Do not operate the machine unless they are present and functioning properly.

Fuel Safety

- Use extreme care in handling fuel. It is flammable and its vapors are explosive.
- Extinguish all cigarettes, cigars, pipes, and other sources of ignition.
- Use only an approved fuel container.
- Do not remove the fuel cap or fill the fuel tank while the engine is running or hot.
- Do not add or drain fuel in an enclosed space.
- Do not store the machine or fuel container where there is an open flame, spark, or pilot light, such as on a water heater or other appliance.
- If you spill fuel, do not attempt to start the engine; avoid creating any source of ignition until the fuel vapors have dissipated.

Performing Daily Maintenance

Before starting the machine each day, perform the Each Use/Daily procedures listed in [Maintenance \(page 24\)](#).

Checking the Tire Pressure

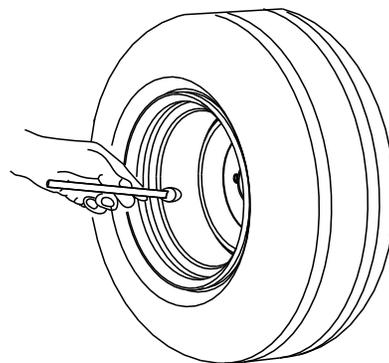
Service Interval: Before each use or daily

Front and rear tires air pressure specification: 165 to 207 kPa (24 to 30 psi)

Important: Do not exceed the maximum air pressure indicated on the sidewall of the tire.

Note: The air pressure needed in the tires is determined by the payload that you intend to carry.

1. Check the air pressure in the tires.
 - Use lower air pressure in the tires for lighter payloads, for less soil compaction, for a smoother ride, and to minimize tire marks on the ground.
 - Use higher air pressure in the tires for carrying heavier payloads at higher speeds.
2. If necessary, adjust the air pressure in the tires by adding or removing air in the tires.



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Figure 13

Adding Fuel

Recommended Fuel

- For best results, use only clean, fresh (less than 30 days old), unleaded gasoline with a cetane rating of 87 or higher ((R+M)/2 rating method).
- **Ethanol:** Gasoline with up to 10% ethanol (gasohol) or 15% MTBE (methyl tertiary butyl ether) by volume is acceptable. Ethanol and MTBE are not the same. Gasoline with 15% ethanol (E15) by volume is not approved for use. **Never use gasoline that contains more than 10% ethanol by volume**, such as E15 (contains 15% ethanol), E20 (contains 20% ethanol), or E85 (contains up to 85% ethanol). Using unapproved gasoline may cause performance problems and/or engine damage which may not be covered under warranty.
- **Do not** use gasoline containing methanol.
- **Do not** store fuel either in the fuel tank or fuel containers over the winter unless a fuel stabilizer is used.
- **Do not** add oil to gasoline.

Filling the Fuel Tank

The fuel-tank capacity is approximately 18.9 L (5 US gallons).

1. Park the machine on a level surface.
2. Engage the parking brake.
3. Shut off the engine and remove the key.
4. Clean the area around the fuel-tank cap ([Figure 14](#)).

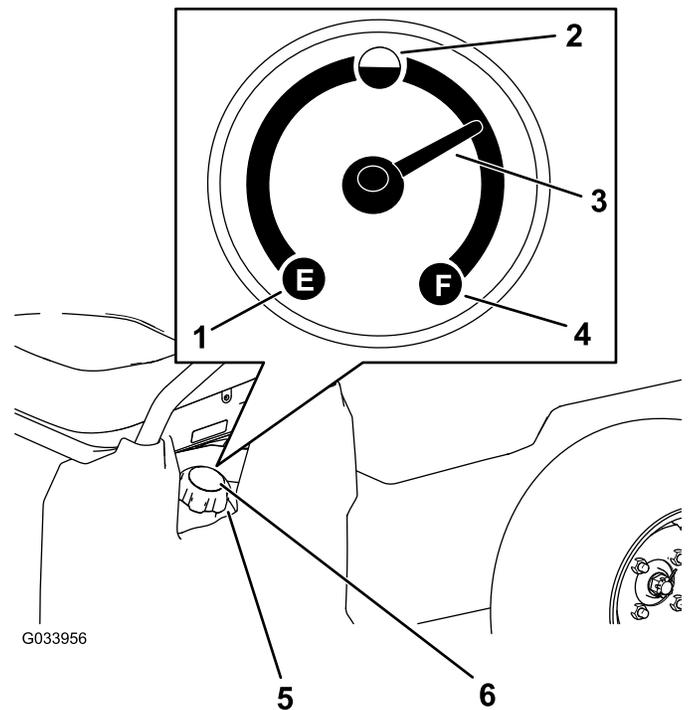


Figure 14

- | | |
|--------------|------------------|
| 1. Empty | 4. Full |
| 2. Half full | 5. Fuel-tank cap |
| 3. Needle | 6. Fuel gauge |

5. Remove the fuel-tank cap.
6. Fill the tank to about 25 mm (1 inch) below the top of tank (bottom of the filler neck).

Note: This space in the tank allows fuel to expand. **Do not overfill the fuel tank.**

7. Install the fuel-tank cap securely.
8. Wipe up any spilled fuel.

Breaking in a New Machine

Service Interval: After the first 100 hours—Perform the guidelines for breaking in a new machine.

Perform the following guidelines to provide proper performance for the machine.

- Ensure that the brakes are burnished; refer to [3 Burnishing the Brakes \(page 8\)](#).
- Check the fluid and engine-oil levels regularly. Remain alert for signs that the machine or its components are overheating.
- After starting a cold engine, let it warm up for about 15 seconds before using the machine.

Note: Allow more time for the engine to warm up when operating in cold temperatures.

- Vary the machine speed during operation. Avoid fast starts and quick stops.
- A break-in oil for the engine is not required. Original engine oil is the same type specified for regular oil changes.
- Refer to [Maintenance \(page 24\)](#) for any special, low-hour checks.
- Check the front suspension positioning and adjust it, if necessary; refer to [Adjusting the Front Wheel Alignment \(page 44\)](#).

During Operation

During Operation Safety

General Safety

- The owner/operator can prevent and is responsible for accidents that may cause personal injury or property damage.
- Passengers should sit in the designated seating positions only. Do not carry passengers in the cargo bed. Keep bystanders and pets away from the machine during operation.
- Wear appropriate clothing, including eye protection; long pants; substantial, slip-resistant footwear; and hearing protection. Tie back long hair and do not wear dangling jewelry.
- Do not operate the machine while ill, tired, or under the influence of alcohol or drugs.
- Operate the machine outdoors or in a well-ventilated area only.
- Do not exceed the maximum gross vehicle weight (GVW) of the machine.
- Use extra caution when operating the machine with a heavy load in the cargo bed. The heavier the load, the more difficult it is to turn or stop.
- Carrying oversized loads in the cargo bed reduces the stability of the machine.
- Carrying material that cannot be bound to the machine, such as a large tank of liquid, adversely affects the steering, braking, and stability of the machine.
- Before you start the engine, ensure that the transmission is in neutral, the parking brake is engaged, and you are in the operating position.
- You and your passengers should remain seated whenever the machine is moving. Keep your hands on the steering wheel; your passengers should use the handholds provided. Keep your arms and legs within the machine body at all times.
- Operate the machine only in good visibility. Watch for holes, ruts, bumps, rocks, or other hidden objects. Uneven terrain could overturn the machine. Tall grass can hide obstacles. Use care when approaching blind corners, shrubs, trees, or other objects that may obscure your vision.
- Always watch out for and avoid low overhangs such as tree limbs, door jambs, overhead walkways, etc.
- Look behind and down before reversing the machine to be sure of a clear path.
- Do not drive the machine near drop-offs, ditches, or embankments. The machine could suddenly

roll over if a wheel goes over the edge or if the edge gives way.

- When using the machine on public roads, follow all traffic regulations and use any additional accessories that may be required by law, such as lights, turn signals, slow-moving vehicle (SMV) signs, and others as required.
- If the machine ever vibrates abnormally, stop the machine immediately, shut off the engine, wait for all movement to stop, and inspect for damage. Repair all damage to the machine before resuming operation.
- Carry a reduced load and reduce the ground speed of the machine when operating on rough, uneven terrain, and near curbs, holes, and other sudden changes in terrain. Loads may shift, causing the machine to become unstable.
- It can take longer to stop the machine on wet surfaces than on dry surfaces. To dry out wet brakes, drive slowly on level ground while putting light pressure on the brake pedal.
- Sudden changes in terrain may move the steering wheel unexpectedly, which could result in hand and arm injuries. Reduce your speed and grip the steering wheel loosely around the perimeter, keeping your thumbs out of the way of the steering wheel spokes.
- Reduce the speed when you operate the machine with the cargo bed removed. Operating the machine at high speed and then quickly stopping may cause the rear wheels to lock up, which impairs your control of the machine.
- Do not touch the engine, transmission, muffler, or muffler manifold while the engine is running, or soon after you shut off the engine, because these areas may be hot enough to cause burns.
- Do not leave a running machine unattended.
- Before leaving the operating position, do the following:
 - Park the machine on level ground.
 - Engage the parking brake.
 - Lower the cargo bed.
 - Shut off the engine and remove the key.
- Do not operate the machine when there is the risk of lightning.
- Use accessories and attachments approved by The Toro® Company only.

Multi-Passenger Safety

- You must account for the extra passengers contributing to the overall gross vehicle weight (GVW) of the machine.

- If you have a load in the cargo bed, ensure that you do not exceed the capacity of the machine by having too many passengers.
- Passengers should sit in the designated seating positions only. Do not allow passengers to sit in the cargo bed.
- You and your passengers should remain seated whenever the machine is in motion.
- The additional machine length results in a larger turn radius, so allow more space to maneuver the machine.

Slope Safety

Note: A 2-post Rollover Protection System (ROPS) is available for this machine as an accessory. Use a ROPS if you will work next to drop-offs, near water, in rough terrain, or on a slope, which could result in a rollover. Contact an authorized Toro distributor for more information.

Slopes are a major factor related to loss-of-control and tip-over accidents, which can result in severe injury or death.

- Survey the site to determine which slopes are safe for operating the machine and establish your own procedures and rules for operating on those slopes. Always use common sense and good judgment when performing this survey.
- If you feel uneasy operating the machine on a slope, do not do it.
- Keep all movement on slopes slow and gradual. Do not suddenly change the speed or direction of the machine.
- Avoid operating the machine on wet terrain. Tires may lose traction. A rollover can occur before the tires lose traction.
- Travel straight up and down a slope.
- If you begin to lose momentum while climbing a slope, gradually engage the brakes and slowly reverse the machine straight down the slope.
- Turning while going up or down a slope can be dangerous. If you must turn on a slope, do it slowly and cautiously.
- Heavy loads affect stability on a slope. Carry a reduced load and reduce your ground speed when operating on a slope or if the load has a high center of gravity. Secure the load to the cargo bed of the machine to prevent the load from shifting. Take extra care when hauling loads that shift easily (e.g., liquids, rock, sand, etc.).
- Avoid starting, stopping, or turning the machine on a slope, especially with a load. Stopping while going down a slope takes longer than stopping

on level ground. If you must stop the machine, avoid sudden speed changes, which can cause the machine to tip or roll over. Do not engage the brakes suddenly when rolling rearward, as this may cause the machine to overturn.

Loading and Dumping Safety

- Do not exceed the gross vehicle weight (GVW) of the machine when operating it with a load in the cargo bed and/or towing a trailer; refer to [Specifications \(page 13\)](#).
- Distribute the load in the cargo bed evenly to improve the stability and control of the machine.
- Before dumping, ensure that there is no one behind the machine.
- Do not dump a loaded cargo bed while the machine is sideways on a slope. The change in weight distribution may cause the machine to overturn.

Operating the Cargo Bed

Raising the Cargo Bed to the Dump Position

⚠ WARNING

A raised bed could fall and injure persons that are working beneath it.

- Always use the prop rod to hold the bed up before working under the bed.
- Remove any load material from the bed before raising it.

⚠ WARNING

Driving the machine with the cargo bed raised could cause the machine to tip or roll easier. You could damage the structure of the cargo bed if you operate the machine with the bed raised.

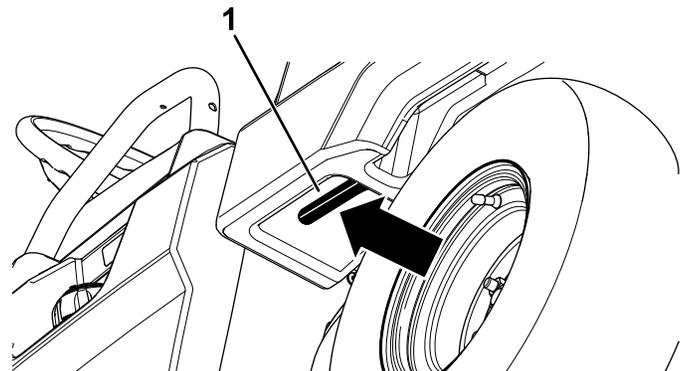
- Operate the machine when the cargo bed is down.
- After emptying the cargo bed, lower it.

⚠ CAUTION

If a load is concentrated near the back of the cargo bed when you release the latches, the bed may unexpectedly tip open, injuring you or bystanders.

- Center loads in the cargo bed, if possible.
- Hold the cargo bed down and ensure that no one is leaning over the bed or standing behind it when releasing the latches.
- Remove all cargo from the bed before lifting the bed up to service the machine.

1. Pull the lever on left, inside of the cargo bed toward you and lift the cargo bed up ([Figure 15](#)).

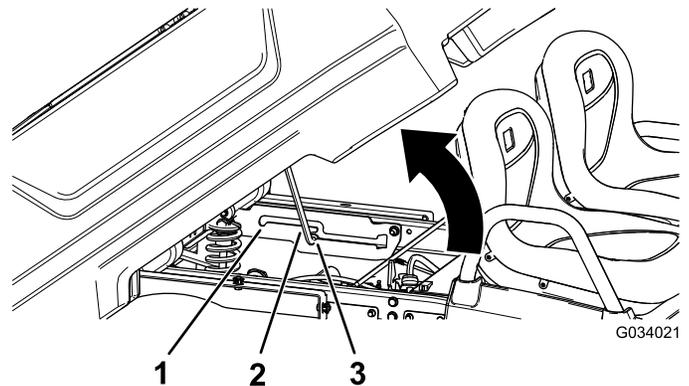


G034019
g034019

Figure 15

1. Cargo-bed lever

2. Pull the prop rod into the dump position detent slot to secure the bed for dumping ([Figure 16](#)).



G034021

g034021

Figure 16

1. Service position detent slot
2. Prop rod
3. Dump position detent slot

Raising the Cargo Bed to the Service Position

1. Pull the lever on left, inside of the cargo bed toward you and lift the cargo bed up (Figure 15).
2. Pull prop rod into the service position detent slot to secure the bed for maintenance (Figure 16).

Lowering the Cargo Bed

⚠ WARNING

The weight of the bed may be heavy. Hands or other body parts could be crushed.

Keep your hands and other body parts away when lowering the bed.

1. Raise the cargo bed slightly by lifting up on the latch lever (Figure 15).
2. Pull the prop rod out of the detent slot (Figure 16).
3. Lower the bed until it latches securely.

Opening the Tailgate

1. Ensure that the cargo bed is down and latched.
2. Using both hands, raise the tailgate using the ridge near the top of the tailgate (Figure 17).
3. Lower the tailgate until it is flush with the bottom of the cargo bed (Figure 17).

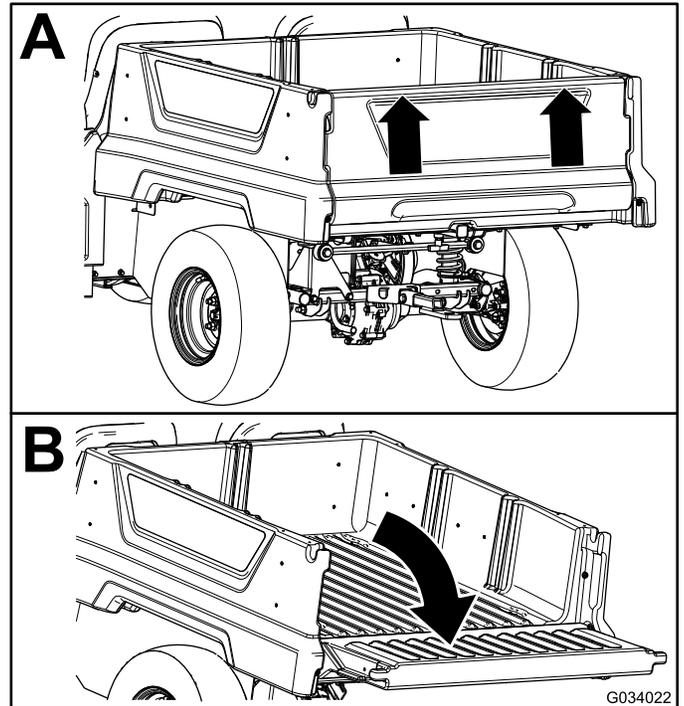


Figure 17

G034022
g034022

Closing the Tailgate

If you unloaded loose material such as sand, landscaping rock, or wood chips from the cargo bed of the machine, some of the material that you unloaded may have lodged in the hinge area of the tailgate. Perform the following steps before closing the tailgate.

1. Use your hands to remove as much of the material from the hinge area as possible.
2. Rotate the tailgate to approximately the 45° position (Figure 18).

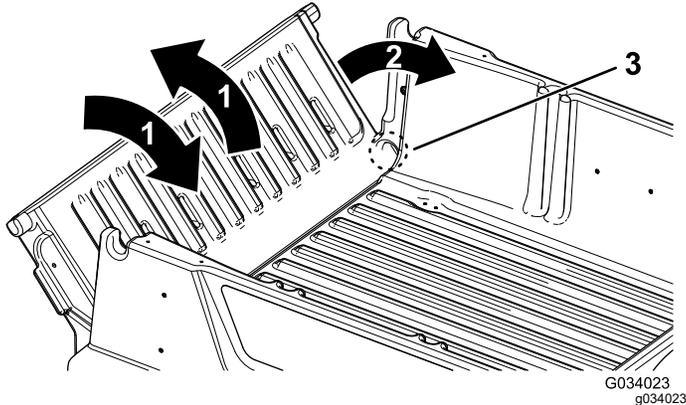


Figure 18

1. Rotate the tailgate back and forth several times.
 2. Rotate the tailgate to approximately the 45° position.
 3. Hinge area
 3. Use a short, shaking motion to rotate the tailgate back and forth several times (Figure 18).
- Note:** This action helps move material away from the hinge area.
4. Lower the tailgate and check for material remaining in the hinge area.
 5. Repeat steps 1 through 4 until the material is removed from the hinge area.
 6. Rotate the tailgate up and lift the tailgate into the notches in the cargo bed.

Using the Rear Cargo Bed Accessory Mount

Use the rear cargo bed accessory mount to attach accessories to the rear of the machine.

Capacity: 45 kg (100 lb)

1. Loosen the “T” handle by rotating it clockwise (Figure 19).

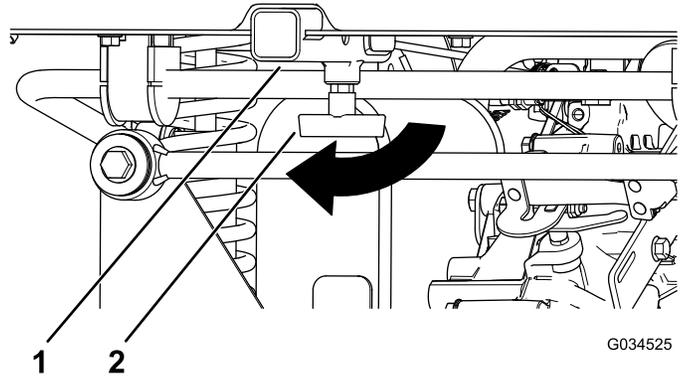


Figure 19

1. Receiver
2. “T” handle

2. Insert your accessory into the receiver until the holes align (Figure 19).
3. Secure the assembled accessory to the receiver tube using the clevis pin and hairpin cotter supplied with the accessory.
4. Tighten the “T” handle by rotating it counterclockwise (Figure 20).

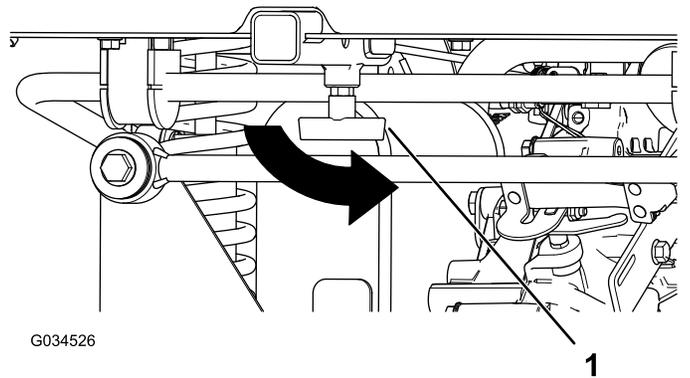


Figure 20

1. “T” handle

Loading the Cargo Bed

Use the following guidelines when loading the cargo bed and operating the machine:

- Observe the weight capacity of the machine and limit the weight of the load that you carry in the cargo bed as described in [Specifications \(page 13\)](#) and on the gross vehicle weight tag of the machine.
- **Note:** The load rating is specified for machine operation on a level surface only.
- Reduce the weight of the load that you carry in the cargo bed when operating the machine on hills and rough terrain.
- Reduce the weight of the load that you carry when the materials are tall (and have a high center of gravity), such as a stack of bricks, landscaping timbers, or fertilizer bags. Distribute the load as low as possible to ensure that the load does not reduce your ability to see behind the machine when operating it.
- Keep loads centered by loading the cargo bed as follows:

- Evenly position the weight in the cargo bed from side to side.

Important: Tipping over is more likely to occur if the cargo bed is loaded to 1 side.

- Evenly position the weight in the cargo bed from front to back.

Important: Loss of steering control or the machine may tip over if you position the load behind the rear axle and the traction on the front tires is reduced.

- Use extra caution when transporting oversized loads in the cargo bed, particularly when you cannot center the weight of the oversize load to the cargo bed.
- Whenever possible, secure the load by binding it to the cargo bed so that it does not shift.
- When transporting liquid in a large tank (such as a sprayer tank), use caution when driving the machine uphill or downhill, when suddenly changing speed or stopping, or when driving over tough surfaces.

The capacity of the cargo bed is 0.28 m³ (10 ft³). The amount (volume) of material that you can place in the bed without exceeding the load ratings of the machine can vary greatly depending on the density of the material.

Refer to the following table for load volume limits with various materials:

Material	Density	Maximum Cargo Bed Capacity (on level ground)
Gravel, dry	1522 kg/m ³ (95 lb/ft ³)	Full
Gravel, wet	1922 kg/m ³ (120 lb/ft ³)	3/4 Full
Sand, dry	1442 kg/m ³ (90 lb/ft ³)	Full
Sand, wet	1922 kg/m ³ (120 lb/ft ³)	3/4 full
Wood	721 kg/m ³ (45 lb/ft ³)	Full
Bark	<721 kg/m ³ (<45 lb/ft ³)	Full
Earth, packed	1602 kg/m ³ (100 lb/ft ³)	3/4 Full (approximately)

Starting the Engine

1. Sit in the operator seat, insert the key into the key switch, and rotate the key clockwise to the ON or START position.

There are 2 modes of starting the machine:

- **Pedal Start**—turn the key switch to the ON position, press down the accelerator pedal, then release your foot from the accelerator pedal.

Note: When you remove your foot from the accelerator pedal, the engine shuts off.

- **Key Start**—turn the key switch to the START position and the engine remains on until the is turned to the OFF position.

Note: When using key start mode, you can engage the parking brake and work away from the machine while the engine still runs and the battery holds a charge.

Note: If you turn the key to the START position, the engine cranks until it starts. If the engine cranks for more than 10 seconds, return to the OFF position, and determine the issue (e.g., the choke controls needs to be engaged, check the air cleaner for restrictions, ensure that the fuel tank is full, the spark is bad, etc.) before starting the machine again.

Note: When equipped with the optional backup alarm, if you move the gear-shift selector to the REVERSE position when the key switch is in the ON or START position, a buzzer sounds to warn the operator that the machine is in reverse gear.

2. Move the gear-shift selector to the desired direction of travel for the machine.
3. Disengage the parking brake.
4. Slowly step on the accelerator pedal.

Note: If the engine is cold, press and hold the accelerator pedal about half-way down, and pull the choke knob out to the ON position. Return the choke knob to the OFF position after the engine warms up.

Stopping the Machine

Important: When stopping the machine on an incline, use the service brakes to stop the machine and engage the parking brake to hold the machine in place. Using the accelerator to stall the machine on the hill can damage the machine.

1. Remove your foot from the accelerator pedal.
2. Slowly press the brake pedal to apply the service brakes until the machine comes to a complete stop.

Note: The stopping distance may vary depending on the machine load and speed.

After Operation

After Operation Safety

General Safety

- Allow the engine to cool before storing the machine in any enclosure.
- Do not store the machine or fuel container where there is an open flame, spark, or pilot light, such as on a water heater or other appliance.
- Keep all parts of the machine in good working condition and all hardware tightened.
- Replace all worn, damaged, or missing decals.

Transporting the Machine

- Use care when loading or unloading the machine into a trailer or a truck.
- Use full-width ramps for loading the machine into a trailer or a truck.
- Tie the machine down securely.

Refer to [Figure 21](#) and [Figure 22](#) for the tie-down locations on the machine.

Note: Load the machine on the trailer with the front of the machine facing forward. If that is not possible, secure the machine hood to the frame with a strap, or remove the hood and transport and secure it separately or the hood may blow off during transport.

▲ CAUTION

Loose seats may fall off the machine and trailer when transporting the machine, and the seats may land on another machine or obstruct the roadway.

Remove the seats or make sure that the seats are securely fastened to the coupling in the seat shroud.

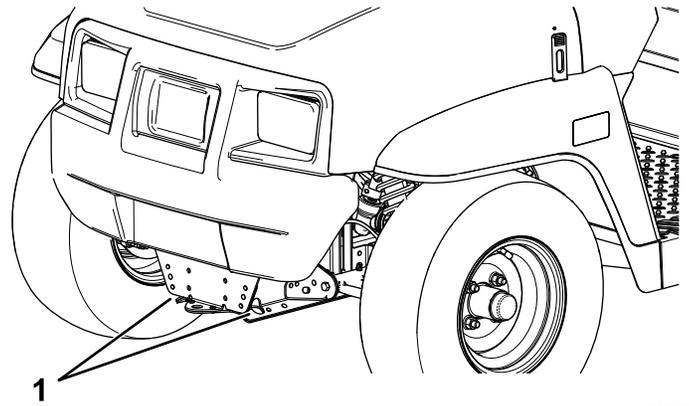


Figure 21

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1. Towing tongue and tie-down point (front of the machine)

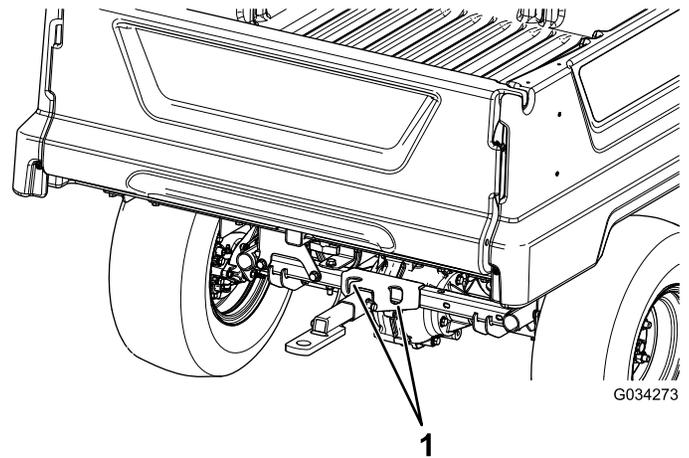


Figure 22

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1. Rear tie-down points

Maintenance

Note: Determine the left and right sides of the machine from the normal operating position.

Note: Download a copy of the electrical schematic by visiting www.Toro.com and searching for your machine from the Manuals link on the home page.

Important: Refer to your engine owner's manual for additional maintenance procedures.

⚠ WARNING

Failure to properly maintain the machine could result in premature failure of machine systems, causing possible harm to you or bystanders.

Keep the machine well maintained and in good working order as indicated in these instructions.

⚠ CAUTION

Only qualified and authorized personnel should maintain, repair, adjust, or inspect the machine.

- Avoid fire hazards and have fire-protection equipment present in the work area. Do not use an open flame to check fluid levels or leakage of fuel, battery electrolyte, or coolant.
- Do not use open pans of fuel or flammable cleaning fluids for cleaning parts.

⚠ CAUTION

If you leave the key in the key switch, someone could accidentally start the engine and seriously injure you or other bystanders.

Remove the key from the key switch and disconnect the wires from the spark plugs before you do any maintenance. Set the wires aside so that they do not accidentally contact the spark plugs.

Daily Maintenance Checklist

Duplicate this page for routine use.

Maintenance Check Item	For the week of:						
	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
Check the brake and parking brake operation.							
Check the gear shift/neutral operation.							
Check the fuel level.							
Check the engine-oil level.							
Check the transaxle-fluid level.							
Inspect the air filter.							
Inspect the engine-cooling fins.							
Check for unusual engine noises.							
Check for unusual operating noises.							
Check the tire pressure.							
Check for fluid leaks.							
Check the instrument operation.							
Check the accelerator operation.							
Lubricate all grease fittings.							
Touch up any damaged paint.							

Maintaining the Machine under Special Operating Conditions

Important: If the machine is subjected to any of the conditions listed below, perform maintenance twice as frequently:

- Desert operation
- Cold climate operation—below 10°C (50°F)
- Trailer towing
- Frequent operation in dusty conditions
- Construction work
- After extended operation in mud, sand, water, or similar dirty conditions, have your brakes inspected and cleaned as soon as possible. This prevents any abrasive material from causing excessive wear.

Recommended Maintenance Schedule(s)

Maintenance Service Interval	Maintenance Procedure
After the first 5 hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Change the engine oil.
After the first 8 hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check the condition of the drive belt. • Check the tension of the starter-generator belt.
After the first 50 hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check the air filter for the carbon canister.
After the first 100 hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Perform the guidelines for breaking in a new machine.
Before each use or daily	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check the tire pressure. • Check the engine-oil level. • Check gear-shift operation. • Check the brake-fluid level.
Every 50 hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Remove the air-cleaner cover and clean out the debris. Do not remove the filter. • Clean out the debris in the dust cap.
Every 100 hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Grease the bearings and bushings. • Replace the air filter. Replace the air-filter element sooner if dirty or damaged. • Service the air filter (more frequently in extreme dusty or dirty conditions). • Change the engine oil. • Check the spark plug. • Check the condition of the tires and rims. • Torque the wheel-lug nuts. • Inspect the steering and suspension for loose or damaged components. • Check the front wheel camber and toe-in. • Check the transaxle-fluid level. • Check the operation of the neutral gear-shift position. • Clean the engine-cooling areas. • Inspect the brakes.
Every 200 hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check the air filter for the carbon canister. • Check the condition and tension of the drive belt. • Check the tension of the starter-generator belt.
Every 300 hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Grease the front wheel bearings.
Every 400 hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inspect the fuel lines and connections. • Replace the fuel filter. • Clean the primary drive clutch. • Replace the service and parking-brake pads.
Every 800 hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Change the transaxle fluid.
Every 1,000 hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Change the brake fluid.
Yearly	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Complete all of the yearly maintenance procedures that are specified in the engine owner's manual.

Pre-Maintenance Procedures

could void the product warranty of The Toro® Company.

Maintenance Safety

- Do not allow untrained personnel to service the machine.
- Before servicing or making any adjustments to the machine, park the machine on a level surface, engage the parking brake, shut off the engine, and remove the key to prevent accidental starting of the machine.
- Use jack stands to support the machine or components when required.
- Carefully release pressure from components with stored energy.
- Do not charge the batteries while servicing the machine.
- To ensure that the entire machine is in good condition, keep all the nuts, bolts, and screws properly tightened.
- To reduce the potential fire hazard, keep the engine area free of excessive grease, grass, leaves, and accumulation of dirt.
- If possible, do not perform maintenance while the engine is running. Keep away from moving parts.
- If you must run the engine to perform a maintenance adjustment, keep your hands, feet, clothing, and any parts of the body away from the engine and any moving parts. Keep bystanders away from the machine.
- Clean up oil and fuel spills.
- Check the parking brake operation frequently. Adjust and service as required.
- Keep all parts in good working condition and all hardware tightened. Replace all worn or damaged decals.
- Never interfere with the intended function of a safety device or reduce the protection provided by a safety device. Check their proper operation regularly.
- Do not overspeed the engine by changing the governor settings. To ensure safety and accuracy, have an authorized Toro distributor to check the maximum engine speed with a tachometer.
- If major repairs are ever necessary or assistance is required, contact an authorized Toro distributor.
- Altering this machine in any manner may affect the operation of the machine, performance, durability, or its use may result in injury or death. Such use

Pre-Maintenance Safety

Before adjusting, cleaning, repairing, or leaving the machine, do the following:

1. Park the machine on a level surface.
2. Engage the parking brake.
3. Shut off the engine and remove the key.

Preparing the Machine for Maintenance

1. Park the machine on a level surface.
2. Engage the parking brake.
3. Shut off the engine and remove the key.
4. Empty and raise the cargo bed; refer to [Raising the Cargo Bed to the Service Position \(page 19\)](#).

Lifting the Machine

▲ DANGER

The machine may be unstable when using a jack. The machine could slip off the jack, injuring anyone beneath it.

- Do not start the machine while the machine is on a jack.
- Always remove the key from the key switch before getting off the machine.
- Block the tires when the machine is supported by lifting equipment.
- Use jack stands to support the machine once you have lifted it.

Important: Whenever you run the machine for routine maintenance and/or diagnostics, ensure that the rear wheels of the machine are 25 mm (1 inch) off the ground, with the rear axle supported on jack stands.

- The lifting point at the front of the machine is located at the front of the frame, behind the towing tongue (Figure 23).

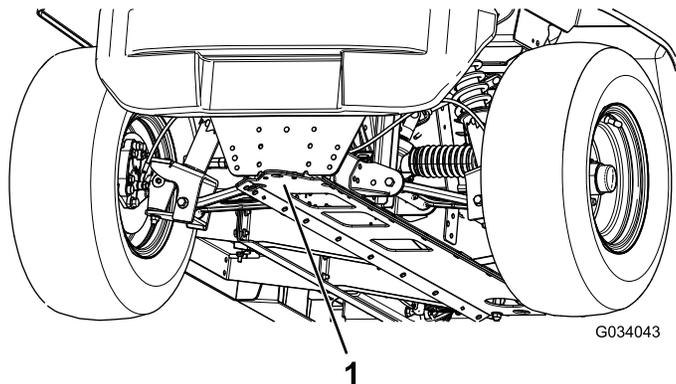


Figure 23

1. Front lifting point

- The lifting point at the rear of the machine is located under the axle tubes (Figure 24).

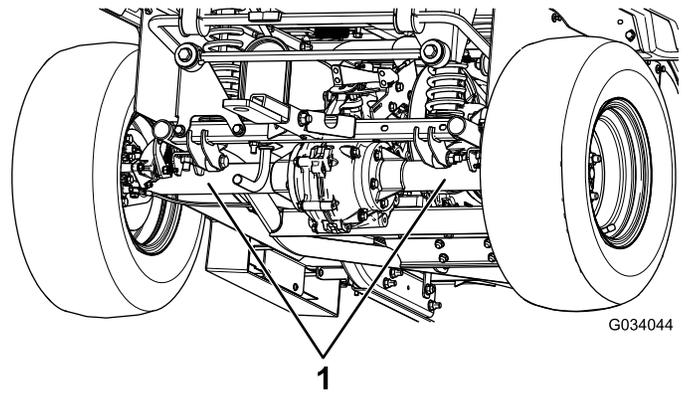


Figure 24

1. Rear lifting points

Accessing the Hood

Raising the Hood

1. Lift up the handle of the rubber latches on each side of the hood (Figure 25).

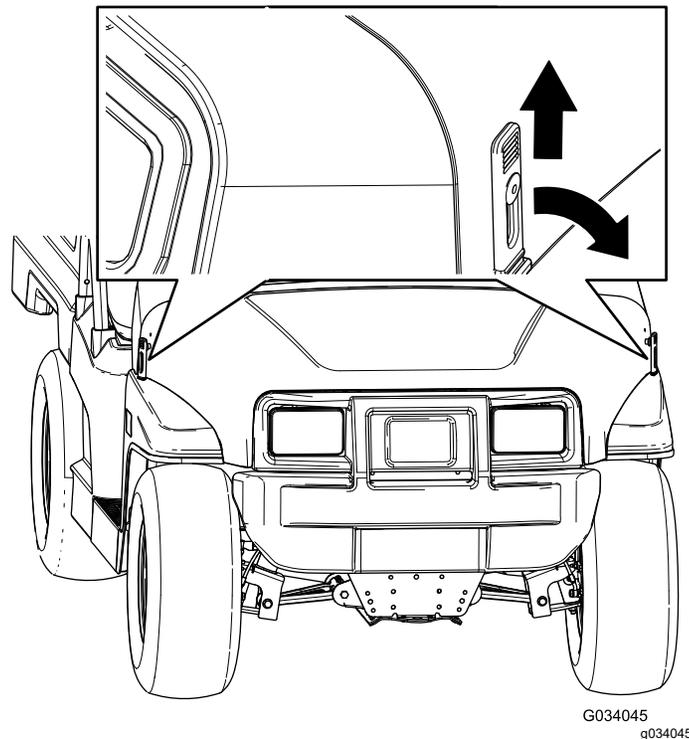


Figure 25

2. Raise the hood.

Closing the Hood

1. Gently lower the hood.
2. Secure the hood by aligning the rubber latches onto the latch anchors on each side of the hood (Figure 25).

Raising and Lowering the Seat Assembly

To raise the seat assembly, push the seat assembly forward until it rests on the steering wheel (Figure 26).

To lower the seat assembly, push the seat assembly rearward until it seats back into the original position (Figure 26).

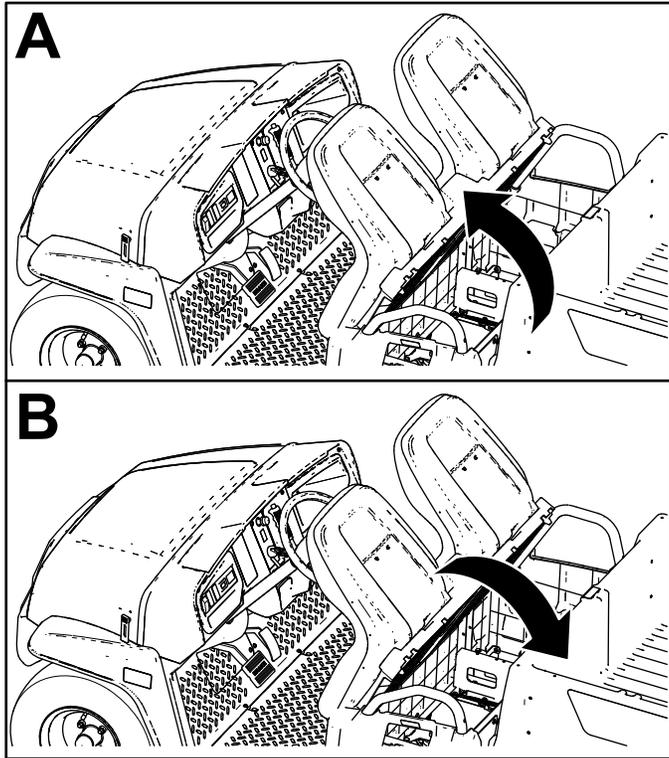


Figure 26

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Removing the Seat Assembly

1. Push the seat assembly forward to the raised position (Figure 26).
2. Slide the seat assembly to the side out of the pins, and lift the seat assembly upward (Figure 27).

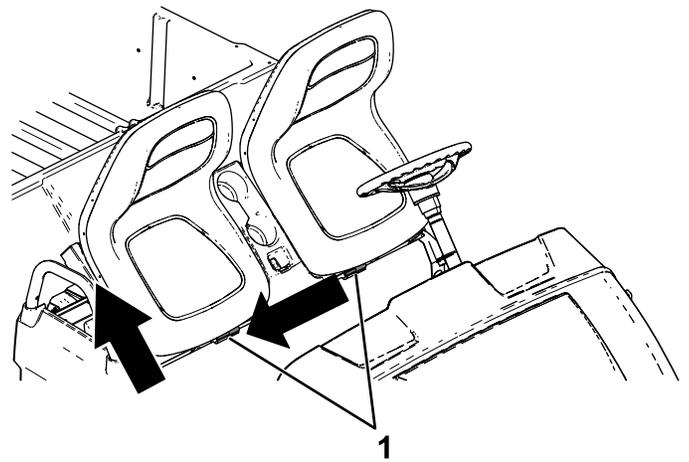


Figure 27

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1. Pins

Installing the Seat Assembly

Slide the seat assembly onto the pins and lower the seat assembly (Figure 28).

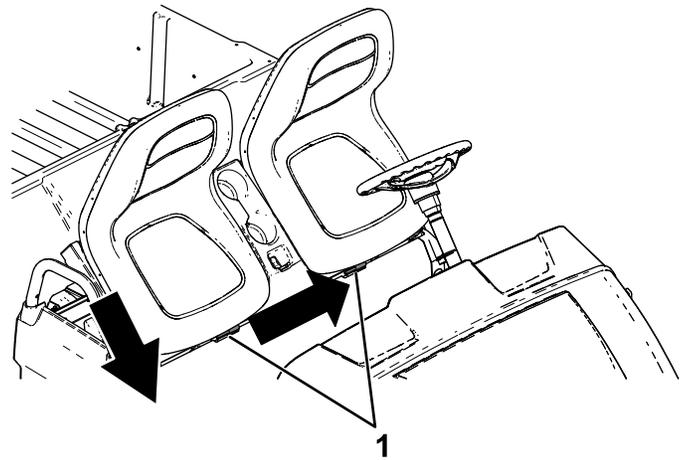


Figure 28

g190186

1. Pins

Lubrication

Greasing the Machine

Service Interval: Every 100 hours/Yearly (whichever comes first)—Grease the bearings and bushings. Grease the machine more frequently when using it for heavy-duty operations.

Grease Type: No. 2 lithium grease

1. Use a rag to wipe the grease fitting clean so that foreign matter cannot be forced into the bearing or bushing.
2. With a grease gun, apply 1 or 2 pumps of grease into the grease fittings on the machine.
3. Wipe the excess grease off the machine.

The grease fittings are located at the inner end of the control arms, the tie-rod ball joint, and the outer end of the control arms (Figure 29 and Figure 30).

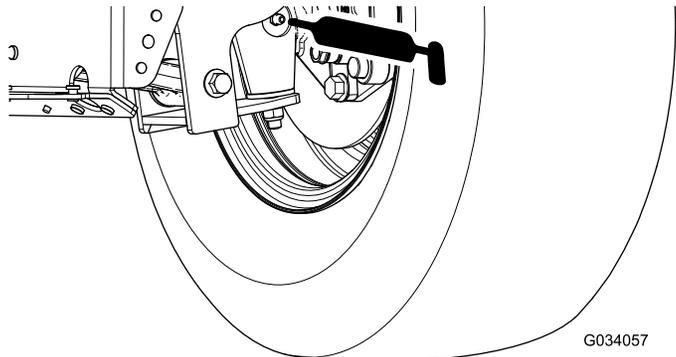


Figure 29

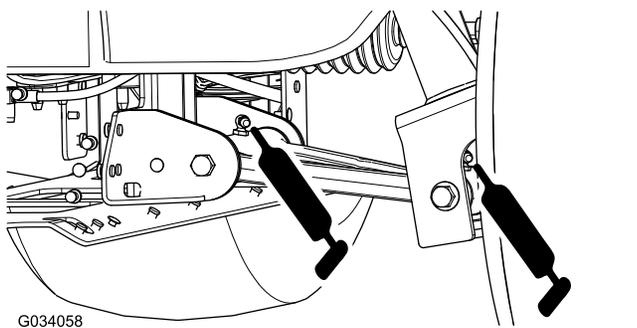


Figure 30

Greasing the Front Wheel Bearings

Service Interval: Every 300 hours

Grease specification: Mobilgrease XHP™-222

Removing the Hub and Rotor

1. Lift the front of the machine and support it with jack stands.
2. Remove the 4 lug nuts that secure the wheel to the hub (Figure 31).

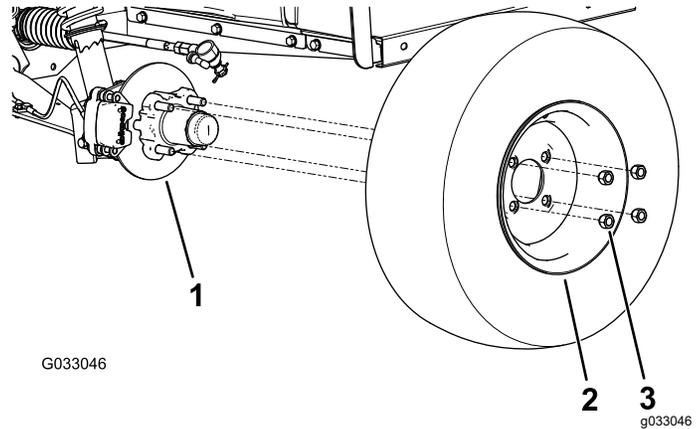
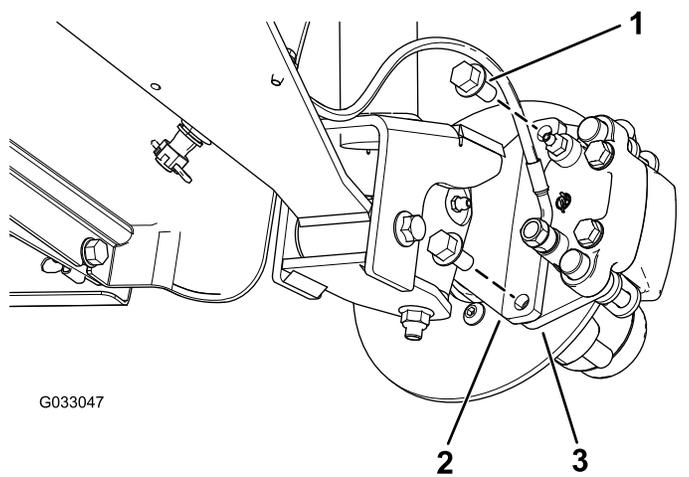


Figure 31

1. Hub
2. Wheel
3. Lug nut

3. Remove the flange-head bolts (3/8 x 3/4 inch) that secure the bracket for the brake assembly to the spindle and separate the brake from the spindle (Figure 32).

Note: Support the brake assembly before proceeding to the next step.

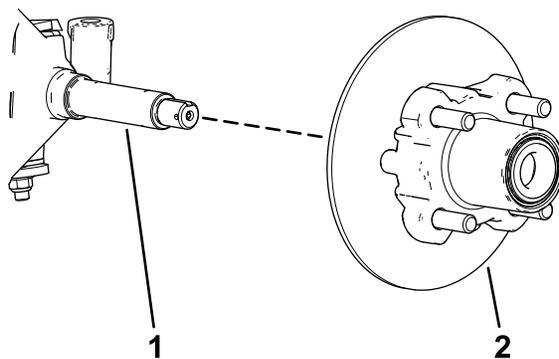


G033047

g033047

Figure 32

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. Flange-head bolts (3/8 x 3/4 inch) | 3. Caliper bracket (brake assembly) |
| 2. Spindle | |

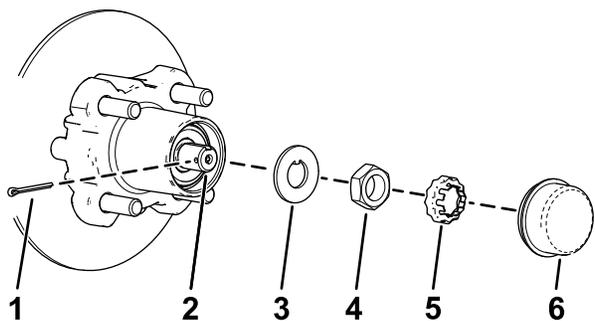


g192347

Figure 34

- | | |
|------------|---------------------------|
| 1. Spindle | 2. Hub and rotor assembly |
|------------|---------------------------|

4. Remove the dust cap from the hub ([Figure 33](#)).



g192346

Figure 33

- | | |
|---------------|-----------------|
| 1. Cotter pin | 4. Spindle nut |
| 2. Spindle | 5. Nut retainer |
| 3. Tab washer | 6. Dust cap |

5. Remove the cotter pin and nut retainer from the spindle and spindle nut ([Figure 33](#)).
6. Remove the spindle nut from the spindle, and separate the hub and rotor assembly from the spindle ([Figure 33](#) and [Figure 34](#)).

7. Wipe clean the spindle with a rag.
8. Repeat steps 1 through 7 to the hub and rotor at the other side of the machine.

Greasing the Wheel Bearings

1. Remove the outboard bearing and bearing race from the hub (Figure 35).

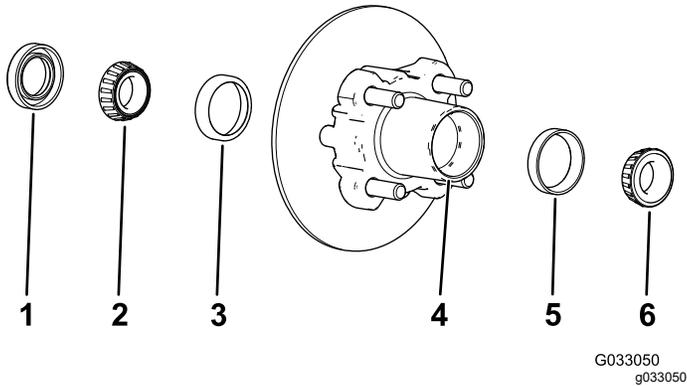


Figure 35

- | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. Seal | 4. Bearing cavity (hub) |
| 2. Inboard bearing | 5. Outboard-bearing race |
| 3. Inboard-bearing race | 6. Outboard bearing |

2. Remove the seal, inboard bearing from the hub (Figure 35).
3. Wipe clean the seal and check for wear and damage.

Note: Do not use cleaning solvent to clean the seal. Replace the seal if it is worn or damaged.
4. Clean the bearings and races, and check these parts for wear and damage.

Note: Replace all worn or damaged parts. Ensure that the bearings and races are clean and dry.
5. Clean the cavity of the hub of all grease, dirt, and debris (Figure 35).
6. Pack the bearings with the specified grease.
7. Fill the cavity of hub 50 to 80% full of the specified grease (Figure 35).
8. Assemble the inboard bearing onto the race at the inboard side of the hub and install the seal (Figure 35).
9. Repeat steps 1 through 8 to the bearings for the other hub.

Installing the Hub and Rotor

1. Apply a light coat of the specified grease to the spindle (Figure 36).

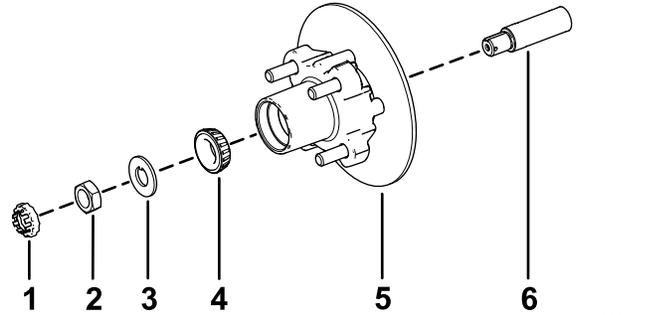


Figure 36

- | | |
|-----------------|--|
| 1. Nut retainer | 4. Outer bearing |
| 2. Spindle nut | 5. Hub, rotor, inner bearing, race, and seal |
| 3. Tab washer | 6. Spindle |

2. Assemble the hub and rotor onto the spindle with the rotor inboard (Figure 36).
3. Assemble the outboard bearing onto the spindle and seat the bearing to the outboard race (Figure 36).
4. Assemble the tab washer onto the spindle (Figure 36).
5. Thread the spindle nut onto the spindle and tighten the nut to 15 N·m (11 ft-lb), while rotating the hub to seat the bearing (Figure 36).
6. Loosen the spindle nut until the hub rotates freely.
7. Torque the spindle nut to 170 to 225 N·cm (15 to 20 in-lb).
8. Install the retainer over the nut and check the alignment of the slot in the retainer and the hole in the spindle for the cotter pin (Figure 37).

Note: If the slot in the retainer and the hole in the spindle are not aligned, tighten the spindle nut to align the slot and hole to a maximum torque of 226 N·cm (20 in-lb) on the nut.

Engine Maintenance

Engine Safety

- Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before checking the oil or adding oil to the crankcase.
- Keep your hands, feet, face, clothing, and other body parts away from the muffler and other hot surfaces.

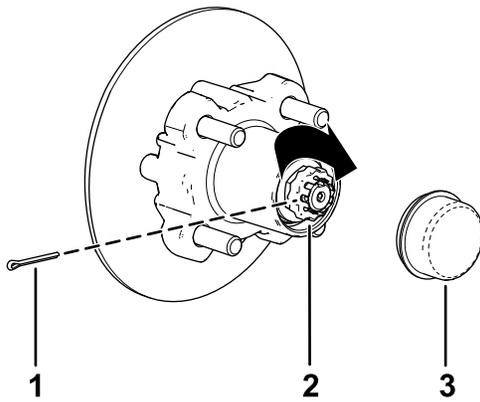


Figure 37

g192345

1. Cotter pin
2. Nut retainer
3. Dust cap

9. Install the cotter pin and bend each leg around the retainer (Figure 37).
10. Install the dust cap onto the hub (Figure 37).
11. Repeat steps 1 through 10 for the hub and rotor at the other side of the machine.

Installing the Brakes and Wheels

1. Clean the 2 flange-head bolts (3/8 x 3/4 inch) and apply a coat of medium-strength thread-locking compound to the threads of the bolts.
2. Align the brake pads to either side of the rotor (Figure 32) and the holes in the caliper bracket with the holes in the brake mount of the spindle frame (Figure 36).
3. Secure the caliper bracket to the spindle frame (Figure 32) using the 2 flange-head bolts (3/8 x 3/4 inch).

Torque the 2 flange-head bolts to 47 to 54 N·m (35 to 40 ft-lb).

4. Align the holes in the wheel to the studs of the hub and assemble the wheel to the hub with the valve stem outward (Figure 31).

Note: Ensure that the mounting surface of the wheel is flush with the hub.

5. Secure the wheel to the hub using the lug nuts (Figure 31).

Torque the lug nuts to 108 to 122 N·m (80 to 90 ft-lb).

6. Repeat steps 1 through 5 for the brake and wheel on the other side of the machine.

Servicing the Air Cleaner

Service Interval: Every 100 hours Replace the air-filter element sooner if dirty or damaged.

Note: Service the air cleaner more frequently (every few hours) if operating conditions are extremely dusty or sandy.

Servicing the Air-Cleaner Cover

Service Interval: Every 50 hours—Remove the air-cleaner cover and clean out the debris. Do not remove the filter.

Every 50 hours

Check the air-cleaner body for damage which could cause an air leak. Replace a damaged air-cleaner body.

Clean the air-cleaner cover and remove the debris from the dust cap as shown in Figure 38.

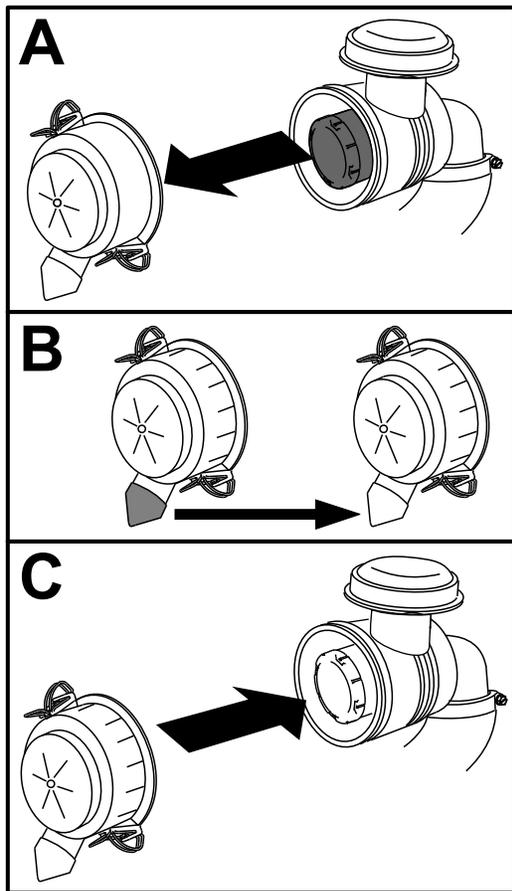


Figure 38

g236567

4. Install the air-cleaner cover with the side indicated as “UP” facing upward and secure the latches (Figure 39).

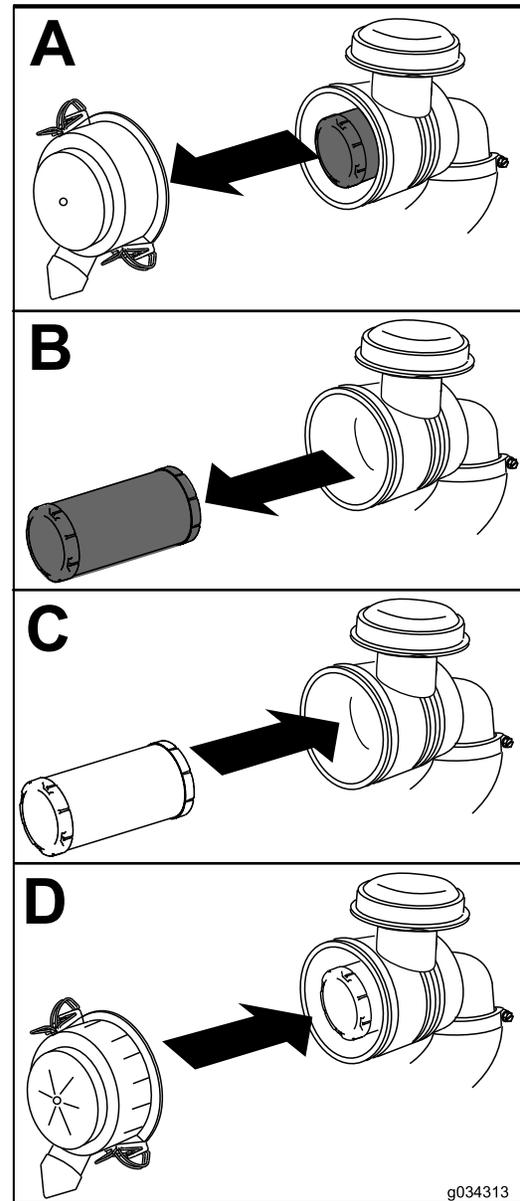


Figure 39

g034313

Servicing the Air Filter

Service Interval: Every 100 hours (more frequently in extreme dusty or dirty conditions).

1. Gently slide the air filter out of the air-cleaner body (Figure 39).

Note: Avoid knocking the air filter into the side of the body.

Important: Do not attempt to clean the air filter.

2. Inspect the new filter for damage by looking into the filter while shining a bright light on the outside of the filter.

Note: Holes in the filter appear as bright spots. Inspect the element for tears, an oily film, or damage to the rubber seal. If the filter is damaged, do not use it.

3. Carefully slide the air filter into the air filter housing.

Important: Do not press on the soft inside area of the filter.

Servicing the Engine Oil

Service Interval: After the first 5 hours

Every 100 hours (Change the oil twice as often during special operating conditions; refer to [Maintaining the Machine under Special Operating Conditions \(page 25\)](#)).

Note: Change the oil more frequently when operating conditions are extremely dusty or sandy.

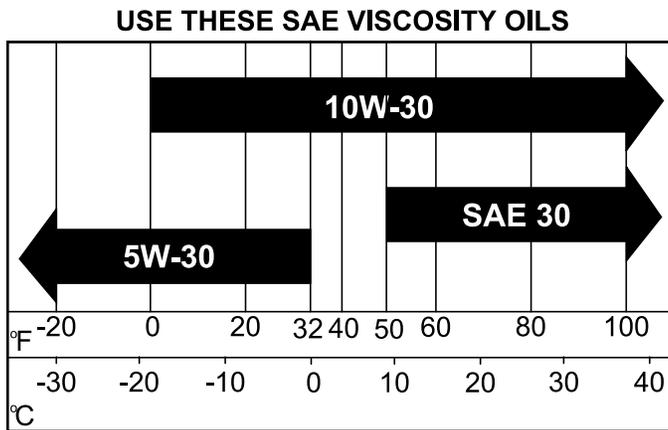
Note: Dispose of the used engine oil and oil filter at a certified recycling center.

Engine-Oil Specifications

Crankcase Capacity: 1.0 L (1.1 US qt)

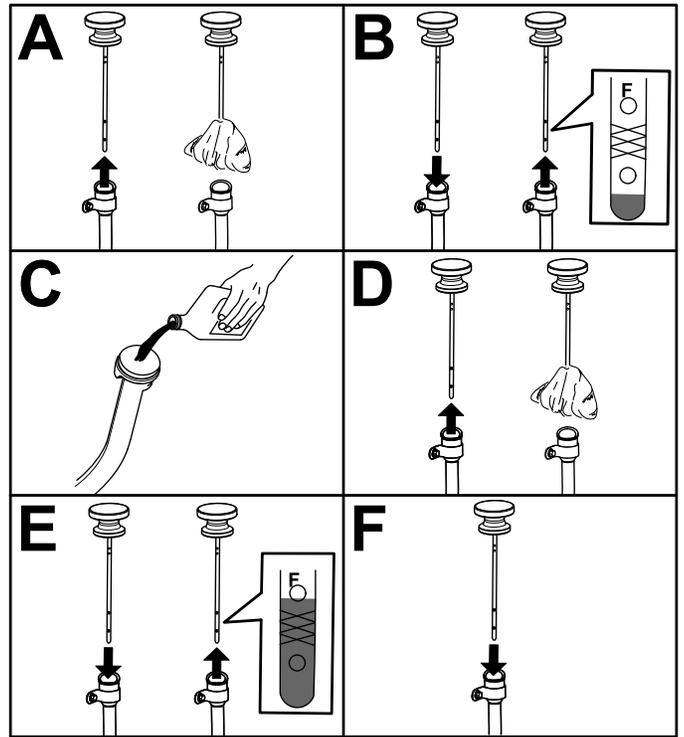
Oil Type: API service class SJ or higher detergent oil

Viscosity: See the table below.



G034082
g034082

Figure 40



g192771

Figure 41

Checking the Engine-Oil Level

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

Note: The machine is shipped with oil in the crankcase; however, check the oil before and after you start the engine.

Note: The best time to check the engine oil is when the engine is cool before it has been started for the day. If you have already run the engine, allow the oil to drain back down to the sump for at least 10 minutes before checking. If the oil level is low, add oil to bring the oil level to the Full mark. Do not overfill.

Check the engine-oil level as shown in [Figure 41](#).

Changing the Engine Oil

1. Start the machine and let the engine run for a few minutes.
2. Park the machine on a level surface.
3. Engage the parking brake.
4. Shut off the engine and remove the key.
5. Raise the cargo bed and secure it with the prop rod; refer to [Raising the Cargo Bed to the Service Position \(page 19\)](#).
6. Change the engine oil as shown in [Figure 42](#).

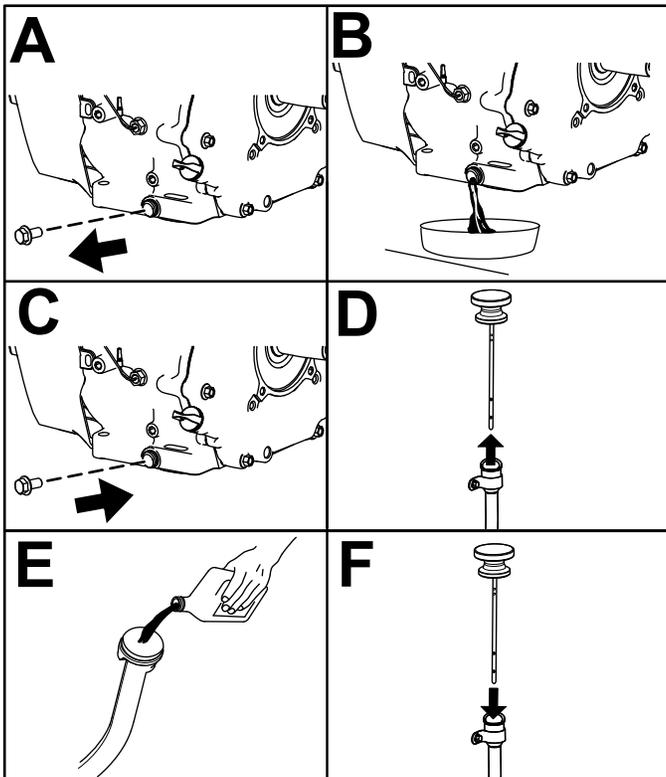


Figure 42

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Servicing the Spark Plug

Checking and Replacing the Spark Plug

Service Interval: Every 100 hours/Yearly (whichever comes first) Replace the spark plug if necessary.

Type: Champion XC12YC

Air Gap: 0.76 mm (0.03 inch)

Important: A cracked, fouled, dirty, or malfunctioning spark plug must be replaced. Do not sand-blast, scrape, or clean electrodes by using a wire brush because grit may eventually release from the plug and fall into the cylinder. The result is usually a damaged engine.

Note: The spark plug usually lasts a long time; however, the plug should be removed and checked whenever the engine malfunctions.

1. Clean the area around the spark plug so that foreign matter cannot fall into the cylinder when you remove the spark plug.
2. Pull the wire off the terminal of the spark plug.
3. Remove the plug from the cylinder head.
4. Check the condition of the side electrode, center electrode, and center electrode insulator to ensure that there is no damage ([Figure 43](#)).

Note: Do not use a damaged or worn spark plug. Replace it with a new spark plug of the specified type.

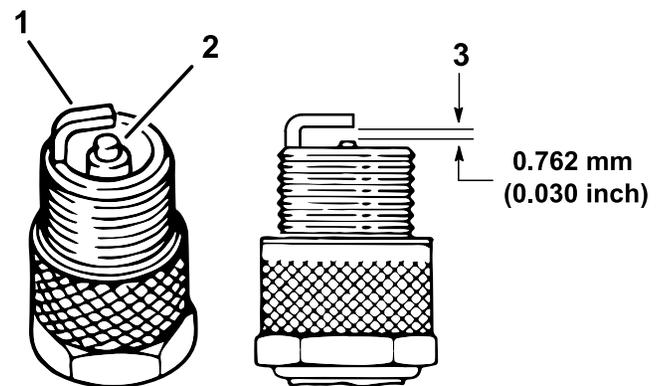


Figure 43

g238425

1. Center electrode insulator
2. Side electrode
3. Air gap (not to scale)

5. Set the air gap between the center and side of the electrodes at 0.76 mm (0.03 inch) as shown in [Figure 43](#).
6. Install the spark plug into the cylinder head, and torque the plug to 27 N·m (20 ft-lb).

7. Install the spark-plug wire.
8. Repeat steps 1 through 7 for the other spark plug.

Adjusting the High Idle

1. Lift the cargo bed and secure it with the prop rod.
2. At the throttle cable housing, loosen the forward jam nut and tighten the rear jam nut to increase the idle speed (Figure 44).

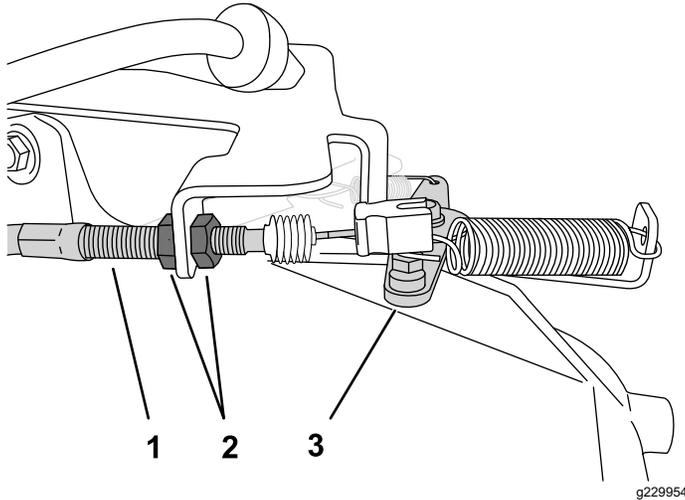


Figure 44

1. Throttle cable housing
2. Jam nuts
3. Throttle lever

3. Test the high idle with a tachometer:
 - A. Ensure that the shift lever is in the NEUTRAL position.
 - B. Start the engine.
 - C. Fully depress the accelerator pedal and measure the engine speed with a tachometer; the engine speed should be between 3650 to 3750 rpm. If it is not, shut off the engine and adjust the cable jam nuts.

Important: Do not lower the high idle. Test with a tachometer to ensure that the high idle is between 3650 to 3750 rpm.

4. Lower and secure the cargo bed.

Fuel System Maintenance

Inspecting Fuel Lines and Connections

Service Interval: Every 400 hours/Yearly (whichever comes first)

Inspect the fuel lines, fittings, and clamps for signs of leaking, deterioration, damage, or loose connections.

Note: Repair any damaged or leaking fuel system component before using the machine.

Replacing the Fuel Filter

Service Interval: Every 400 hours/Yearly (whichever comes first)

1. Park the machine on a level surface.
2. Engage the parking brake.
3. Shut off the engine and remove the key.
4. Raise the bed and support it with the prop rod.
5. Disconnect the battery; refer to [Disconnecting the Battery \(page 39\)](#).
6. Place a clean container under the fuel filter and replace the fuel filter as shown in [Figure 45](#).

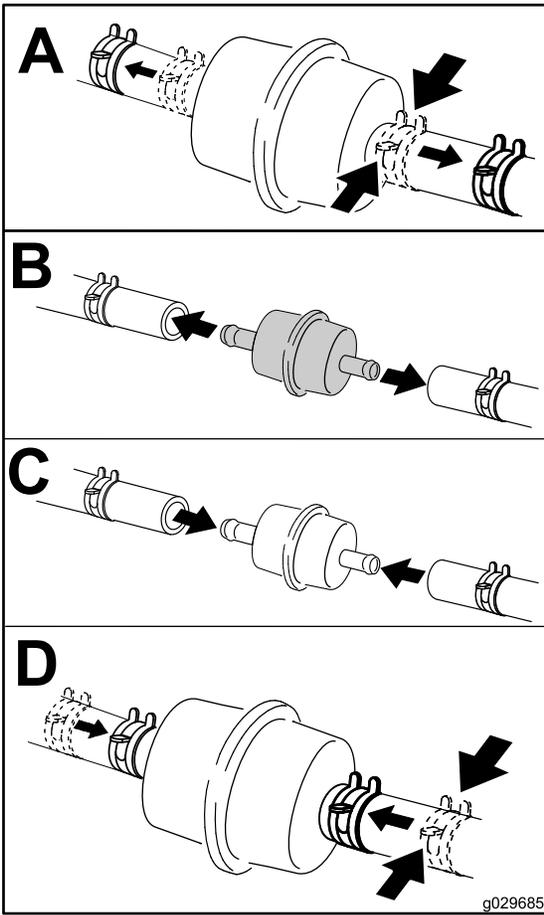


Figure 45

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Servicing the Carbon Canister

Checking the Air Filter for the Carbon Canister

Service Interval: After the first 50 hours

Every 200 hours

Check the opening at the bottom of the air filter for the carbon canister to ensure that it is clean and free of debris and obstructions ([Figure 46](#)).

Clean the air filter for the carbon canister with clean, compressed air.

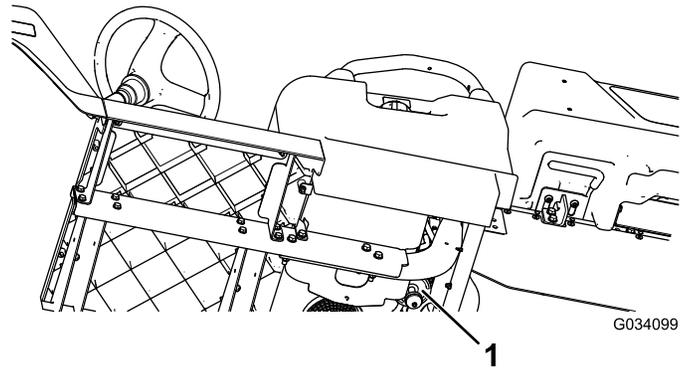


Figure 46

Located Beneath the Driver's Seat

g034099

7. Connect the battery and lower the cargo bed; refer to [Connecting the Battery \(page 41\)](#).

1. Air-filter opening

Electrical System Maintenance

Electrical System Safety

WARNING

CALIFORNIA Proposition 65 Warning

Battery posts, terminals, and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling.

- Disconnect the battery before repairing the machine. Disconnect the negative terminal first and the positive last. Connect the positive terminal first and the negative last.
- Charge the battery in an open, well-ventilated area, away from sparks and flames. Unplug the charger before connecting or disconnecting the battery. Wear protective clothing and use insulated tools.

Servicing the Battery

Battery voltage: 12 V with 300 A (cold-cranking) at -18°C (0°F).

- Always keep the battery clean and fully charged.
- If the battery terminals are corroded, clean them with a solution of 4 parts water and 1 part baking soda.
- Apply a light coating of grease to the battery terminals to prevent corrosion.

Disconnecting the Battery

⚠ WARNING

Incorrect battery cable routing could damage the machine and cables, causing sparks. Sparks can cause the battery gasses to explode, resulting in personal injury.

- Always disconnect the negative (black) battery cable before disconnecting the positive (red) cable.
- Always reconnect the positive (red) battery cable before reconnecting the negative (black) cable.
- Always keep the battery strap in place to protect and secure the battery.

⚠ WARNING

Battery terminals or metal tools could short against metal machine components, causing sparks. Sparks can cause the battery gasses to explode, resulting in personal injury.

- When removing or installing the battery, do not allow the battery terminals to touch any metal parts of the machine.
- Do not allow metal tools to short between the battery terminals and metal parts of the machine.

Disconnect the battery as shown in [Figure 47](#).

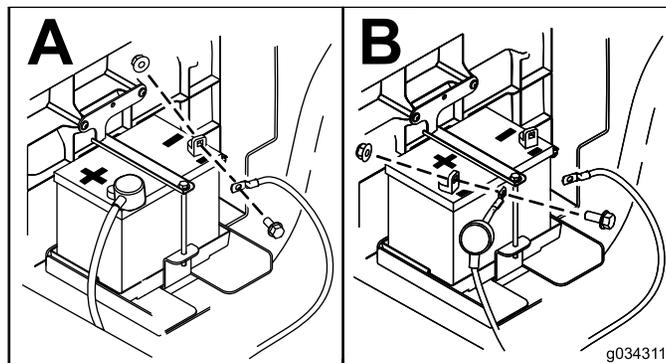


Figure 47

Removing the Battery

1. Disconnect the battery cables; refer to [Disconnecting the Battery \(page 39\)](#).
2. Remove the battery as shown in [Figure 48](#).

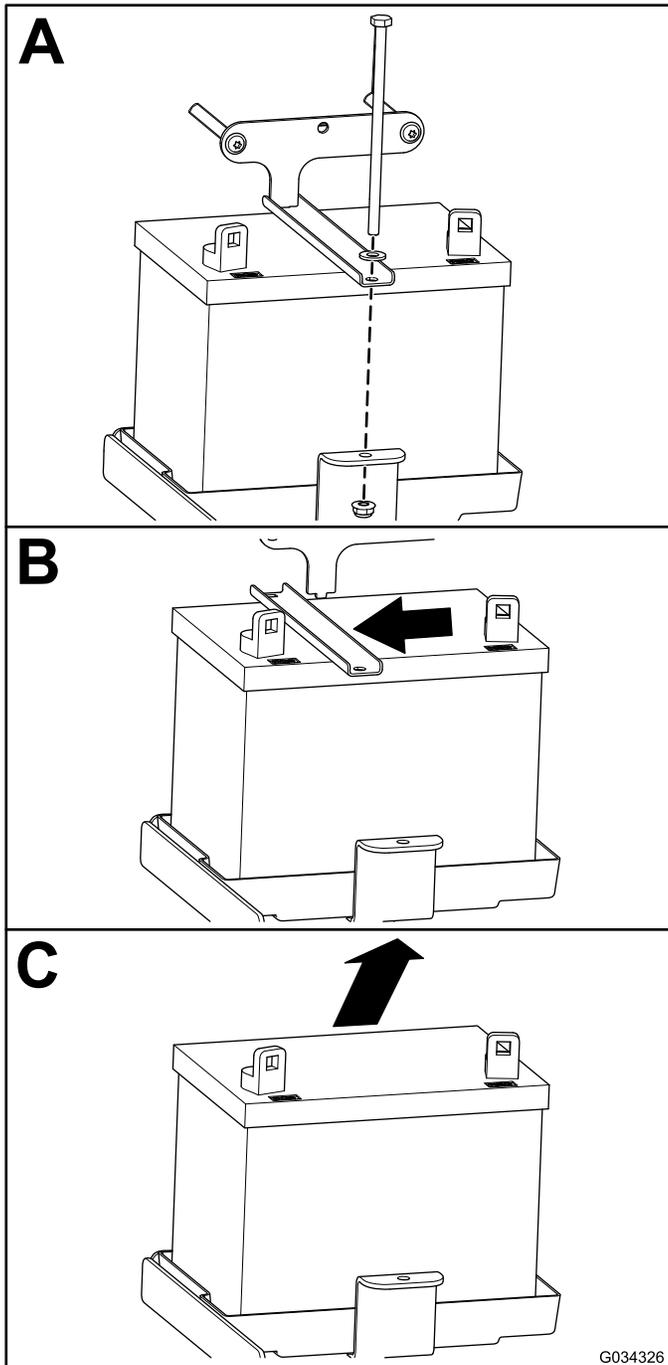


Figure 48

Installing the Battery

1. Install the battery as shown in [Figure 49](#).

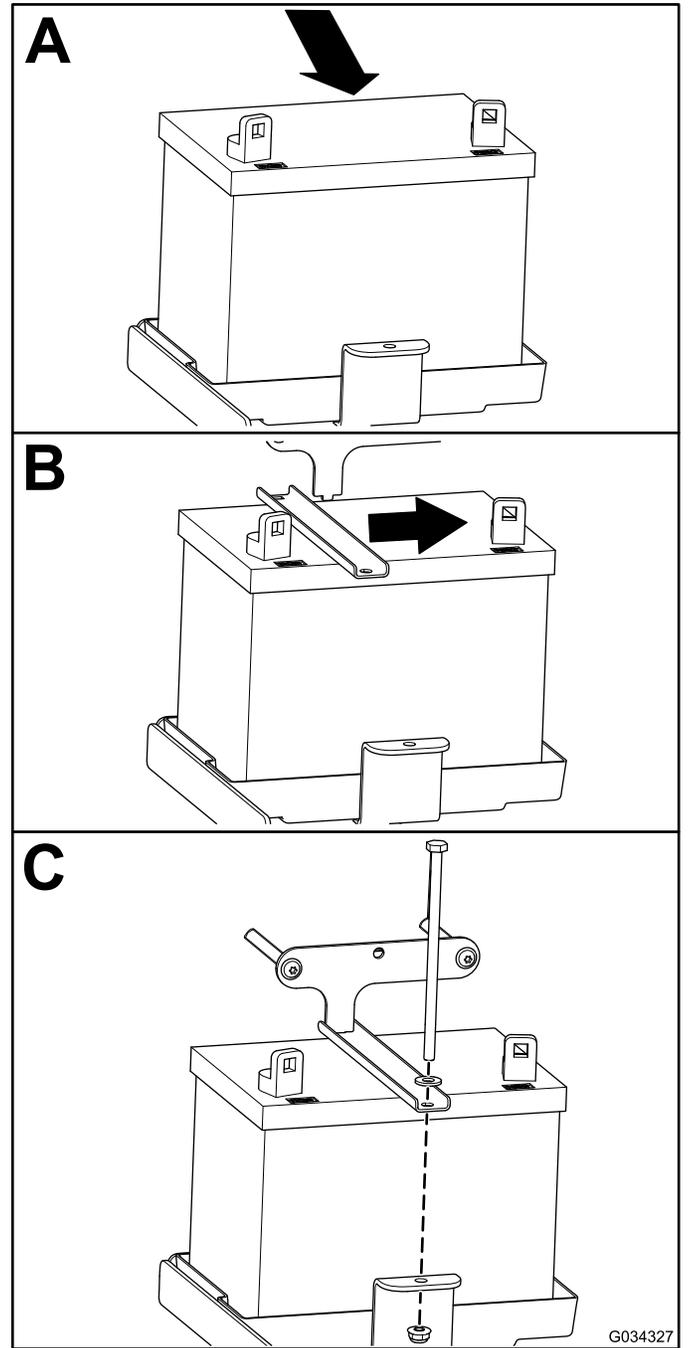


Figure 49

2. Connect the battery cables; refer to [Connecting the Battery \(page 41\)](#).

Connecting the Battery

Connect the battery as shown in [Figure 50](#).

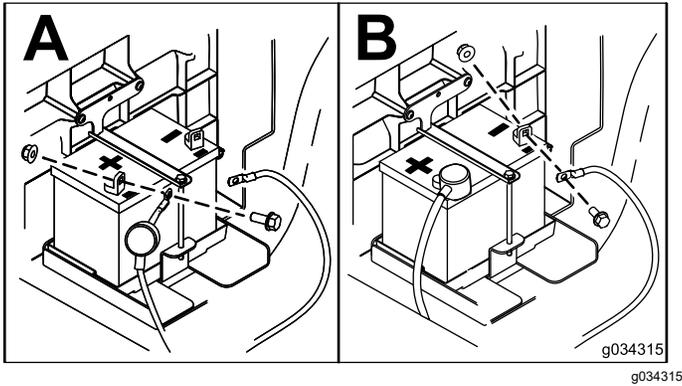


Figure 50

Charging the Battery

⚠ WARNING

Charging the battery produces gasses that can explode.

Never smoke near the battery and keep sparks and flames away from battery.

Important: Always keep the battery fully charged (1.260 specific gravity). This is especially important to prevent battery damage when the temperature is below 0°C (32°F).

1. Remove the battery from the machine; refer to [Removing the Battery](#) (page 40).
2. Connect a 3 to 4 A battery charger to the battery posts. Charge the battery at a rate of 3 to 4 A for 4 to 8 hours (12 V).

Note: Do not overcharge the battery.

3. Install the battery in the chassis; refer to [Installing the Battery](#) (page 40).

Storing the Battery

If you store the machine for more than 30 days, remove the battery and charge it fully. Either store it on the shelf or on the machine. Leave the cables disconnected if it is stored on the machine. Store the battery in a cool atmosphere to avoid quick deterioration of the charge in the battery. To prevent the battery from freezing, make sure it is fully charged.

Replacing the Fuses

There are 4 fuses in the electrical system. They are located beneath the seat assembly ([Figure 51](#)).

Note: If you install the optional lift kit, you will receive another fuse block to install next to the fuse block installed currently.

Horn	30 A
Main power	15 A
Headlights	10 A
USB power point/options	10 A
Optional lift kit (open—extra fuse block comes with kit)	15 A

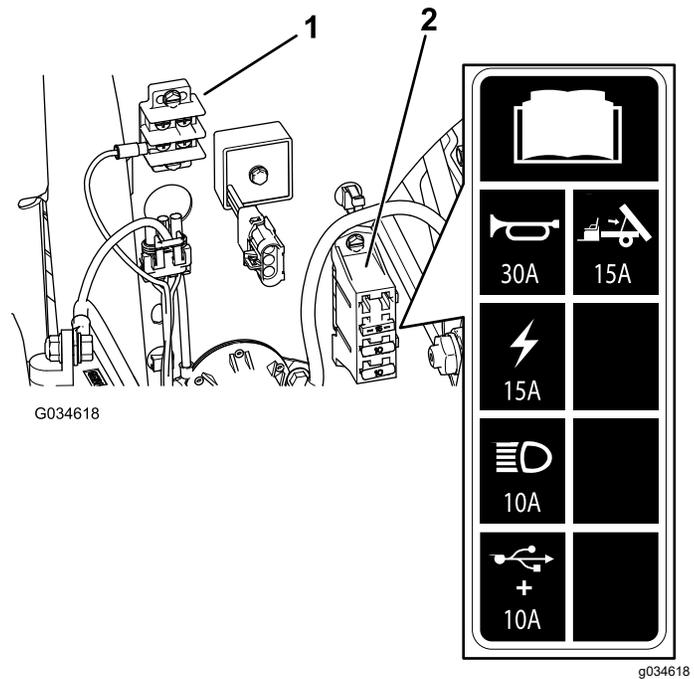


Figure 51

1. Ground block

2. Fuse block

Maintaining the Headlights

Replacing the Bulbs

⚠ CAUTION

If you install a higher wattage bulb than the system is designed for, you may damage the 12 V power supply, or at a minimum, blow the fuse.

Always use the specified Toro LED bulb to prevent this issue.

⚠ CAUTION

The bulbs become extremely hot when in operation. Handling a hot bulb can cause severe burns and personal injury.

Always allow enough time for the bulbs to cool before replacing them. Use care whenever handling the bulb.

Specification: See your *Parts Catalog*.

1. Disconnect the batteries; refer to [Disconnecting the Battery \(page 39\)](#).
2. Open the hood; refer to [Raising the Hood \(page 28\)](#).
3. Disconnect the electrical connector for the harness from the connector of the lamp assembly at the back of the headlight housing ([Figure 52](#)).

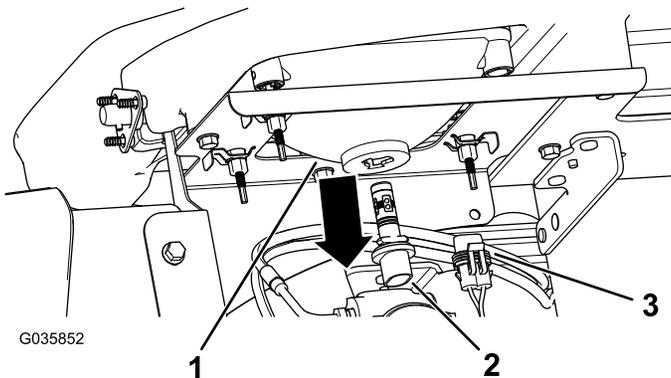


Figure 52

- | | |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. Headlight housing | 3. Harness-electrical connector |
| 2. Lamp assembly | |

4. Rotate the lamp assembly 1/4 turn counterclockwise and moving it rearward, out of the headlight housing ([Figure 52](#)).
5. Insert the new lamp assembly and headlight housing and align the tabs in the lamp assembly

with the slots in the headlight housing ([Figure 52](#)).

6. Secure lamp assembly by turning it 1/4 turn clockwise ([Figure 52](#)).
7. Connect the electrical connector for the harness to the connector of the new lamp assembly ([Figure 52](#)).
8. Connect the batteries and close the hood; refer to [Closing the Hood \(page 28\)](#).

Replacing the Headlight

1. Disconnect the batteries; refer to [Disconnecting the Battery \(page 39\)](#).
2. Open the hood; refer to [Raising the Hood \(page 28\)](#).
3. Disconnect the electrical connector for the harness from the connector of the lamp assembly ([Figure 53](#)).

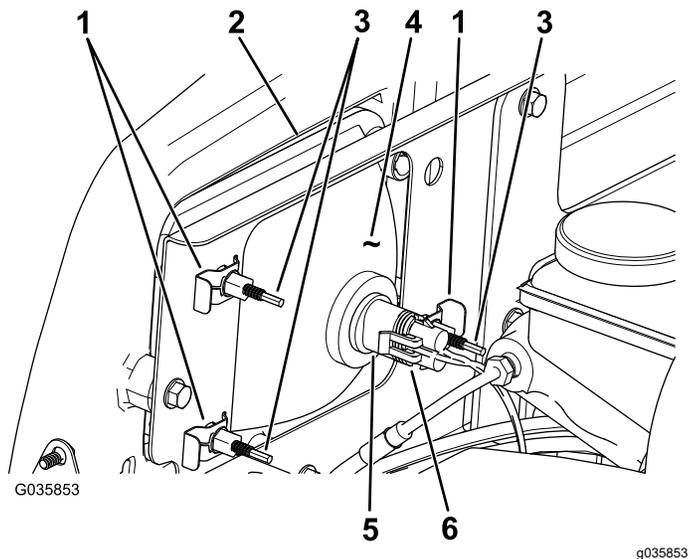


Figure 53

- | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. Speed clip | 4. Headlight |
| 2. Opening in the bumper | 5. Lamp assembly |
| 3. Adjustment screw | 6. Harness-electrical connector |

4. Remove the speed clips that secure the headlight to the headlight bracket ([Figure 53](#)).

Note: Retain all parts for installation of the new headlight.

5. Remove the headlight assembly by moving it forward through the opening in the front bumper ([Figure 53](#)).
6. Install the new headlight through the opening in the bumper ([Figure 53](#)).

Note: Ensure the adjustment posts are lined up with the holes in the mounting bracket behind the bumper.

7. Secure the headlight assembly with the speed clips that you removed in step 4.
8. Connect the electrical connector for the harness to the connector of the lamp assembly ([Figure 53](#)).
9. Adjust the headlights to direct the beams to the desired position, refer to [Adjusting the Headlights \(page 43\)](#).

Adjusting the Headlights

Use the following procedure to adjust the headlight beam position whenever a headlight assembly is replaced or removed.

1. Turn the key switch to the ON position, and turn on the headlights.
2. At the back of the headlight assembly, rotate adjustment screws ([Figure 53](#)) to pivot the headlight assembly and align the position of the cast beam.
3. Connect the battery and close the hood; refer to [Connecting the Battery \(page 41\)](#).

Drive System Maintenance

Maintaining the Tires

Service Interval: Every 100 hours—Check the condition of the tires and rims.

Every 100 hours—Torque the wheel-lug nuts.

1. Inspect the tires and rims for signs of wear and damage.

Note: Operating accidents, such as hitting curbs, can damage a tire or rim and also disrupt wheel alignment, so inspect tire condition after an accident.

2. Torque the wheel lug nuts to 108 to 122 N·m (80 to 90 ft-lb).

Inspecting the Steering and Suspension Components

Service Interval: Every 100 hours—Inspect the steering and suspension for loose or damaged components.

With the steering wheel at the centered position (Figure 54), turn the steering wheel to the left or right. If you turn the steering wheel more than 13 mm (1/2 inch) to the left or right, and the tires do not turn, check the following steering and suspension components to ensure that they are not loose or damaged:

- Steering shaft to the steering-rack assembly joint
- Important:** Inspect the condition and security of the pinion-shaft seal (Figure 55).
- Steering-rack assembly tie rods

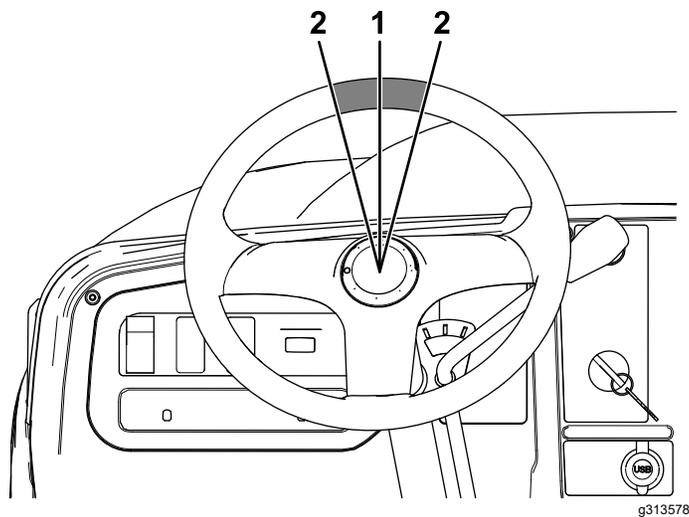


Figure 54

- Steering wheel at the centered position
- 13 mm (1/2 inch) from the center of the steering wheel

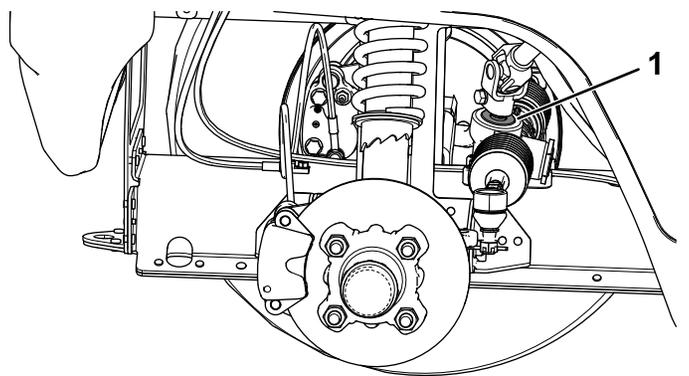


Figure 55

- Pinion-shaft seal

Adjusting the Front Wheel Alignment

Service Interval: Every 100 hours/Yearly (whichever comes first)—Check the front wheel camber and toe-in.

Preparing to Adjust Camber or Toe-in

- Check the tire pressure to ensure that the front tires are inflated to 82 kPa (12 psi).
- Either add weight to the driver's seat equal to the average operator who will run the machine, or have an operator sit on the seat. The weight or operator must remain on the seat for the duration of the adjustment procedure.
- On a level surface, roll the machine straight back 2 to 3 m (6 to 10 ft) and then straight forward to the original starting position. This allows the suspension to settle into the operating position.

Adjusting the Camber

Owner provided tools: spanner wrench, Toro Part No. 132-5069; refer to your authorized Toro distributor.

Important: Make the camber adjustments only if you are using a front attachment or if there is uneven tire wear.

- Check the camber alignment at each wheel; the alignment should be as close to neutral (zero) as possible.
- If the wheel camber is out of alignment, use the spanner wrench to rotate the collar on the shock absorber to align the wheel (Figure 56).

Note: The tires should be aligned with the tread evenly on the ground to reduce uneven wear.

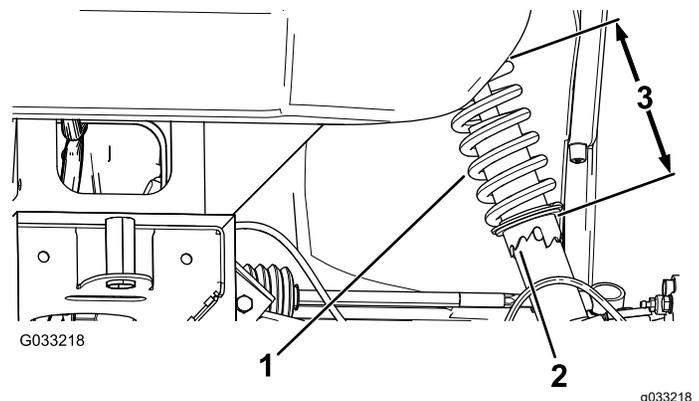


Figure 56

- Shock-absorber spring
- Collar
- Spring length

Adjusting the Front Wheel Toe-in

Important: Before adjusting toe-in, ensure that the camber adjustment is as close to neutral as possible; refer to [Adjusting the Camber \(page 44\)](#).

1. Measure the distance between both of the front tires at the axle height at both the front and rear of the front tires ([Figure 57](#)).

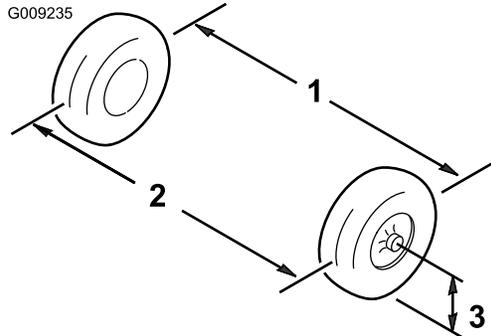


Figure 57

1. Tire center line—back
2. Tire center line—front
3. Axle center line

2. If the measurement does not fall within 0 to 6 mm (0 to 1/4 inch), loosen the jam nuts at the outer end of the tie rods ([Figure 58](#)).

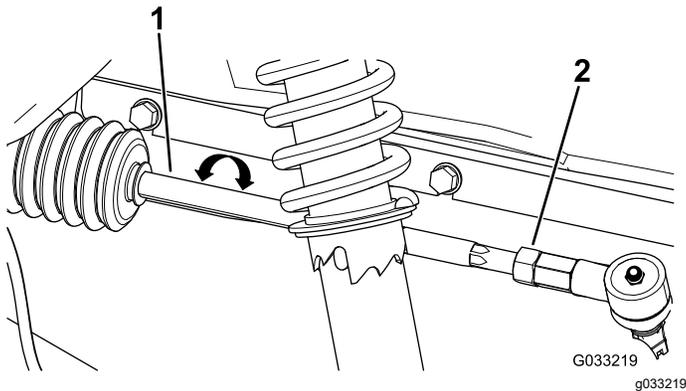


Figure 58

1. Tie rod
2. Jam nut

3. Rotate both tie rods to move the front of the tire inward or outward.
4. Tighten the tie rod jam nuts when the adjustment is correct.
5. Ensure that there is full travel of the steering wheel in both directions.

Checking the Transaxle-Fluid Level

Service Interval: Every 100 hours

Fluid Type: SAE 80W-90 (API MT-1) or SAE 80W-90 (API GL-5)

1. Park the machine on a level surface.
2. Engage the parking brake.
3. Shut off the engine and remove the key.
4. Remove the fill plug on the transaxle ([Figure 59](#)).

Note: The fluid level should be even with the bottom of the fill plug.

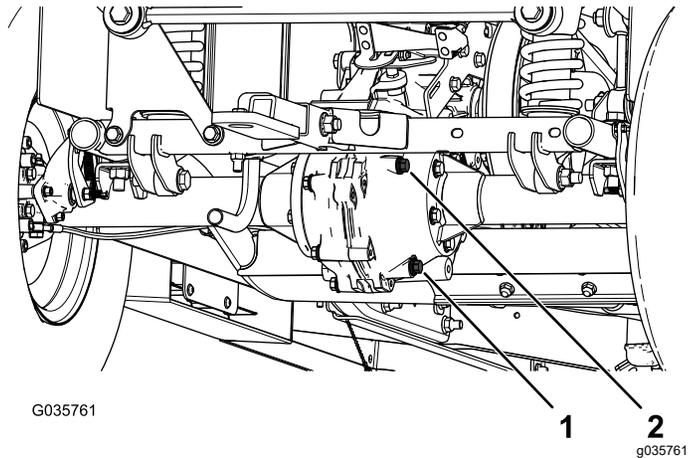


Figure 59

1. Drain plug
2. Fill plug

5. If the fluid level is low, remove the fill plug and add the specified fluid until it runs out of the hole ([Figure 59](#)).
6. Replace the fill plug and torque it to 20 to 27 N·m (15 to 20 ft·lb).

Changing the Transaxle Fluid

Service Interval: Every 800 hours/Yearly (whichever comes first)

Fluid Type: SAE 80W-90 (API MT-1) or SAE 80W-90 (API GL-5)

Fluid Capacity: 1.6 L (1.7 US qt)

1. Align a drain pan under the drain plug ([Figure 59](#)).
2. Remove the fill plug and the seal ([Figure 59](#)).
Note: Retain the fill plug and seal for installation in step 6.
3. Remove the drain plug and the seal, and allow the fluid to drain completely ([Figure 59](#)).
Note: Retain the drain plug and seal for installation in step 4.
4. Install the drain plug and seal, and torque it to 20 to 27 N·m (15 to 20 ft-lb).
5. Fill the transaxle with the specified fluid until it runs out of the fill hole.
6. Install the fill plug and seal, and torque it to 20 to 27 N·m (15 to 20 ft-lb).

Checking the Neutral Gear-Shift Position

Service Interval: Every 100 hours

When performing routine maintenance and/or engine diagnostics, the transaxle must be shifted into NEUTRAL. The machine has a NEUTRAL position on the gear-shift selector, which controls the neutral in the transaxle. The following steps should be taken to make sure that the neutral shift lever operates the transaxle neutral correctly:

1. Set the gear-shift selector to the NEUTRAL position.
2. Rotate the secondary clutch ([Figure 66](#)) to see if it spins freely in the NEUTRAL position.
3. Set the gear-shift selector to the FORWARD position.
4. Rotate the secondary clutch ([Figure 66](#)) to see if it rotates the rear wheels.
5. Set the gear-shift selector to the REVERSE position.
6. Rotate the secondary clutch ([Figure 66](#)) to see if it rotates the rear wheels.
7. If any of these tests fail, proceed to [Adjusting the Neutral Gear-Shift Position \(page 47\)](#).

Adjusting the Neutral Gear-Shift Position

1. Loosen the jam nuts on the gear-shift cable and adjust them as necessary (Figure 60).

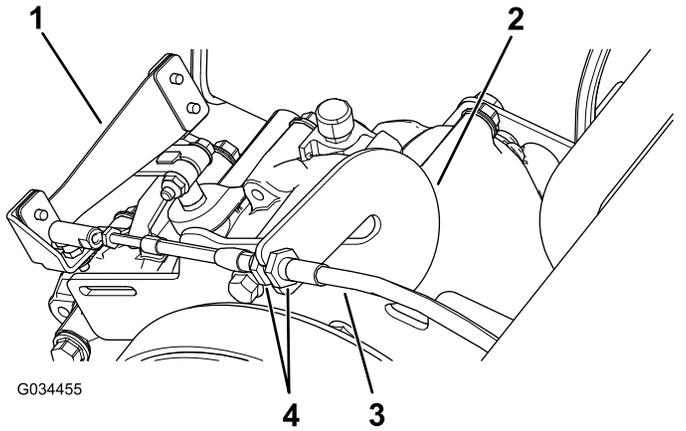


Figure 60

- | | |
|----------------|---------------------|
| 1. Shift lever | 3. Gear-shift cable |
| 2. Spanner bar | 4. Jam nuts |

2. Test the gear-shift position by rotating the gear-shift selector to the 3 different positions and check to see if the shift lever (Figure 60) shifts properly when shifting the gears; refer to [Gear-Shift Lever and Gear-Shift Indicator](#) (page 11).
3. Verify that all of the positions are working correctly by repeating the steps in [Checking the Neutral Gear-Shift Position](#) (page 46).

Maintaining the Primary Drive Clutch

Service Interval: Every 400 hours/Yearly (whichever comes first)

⚠ CAUTION

The dust in the clutch will become airborne and could damage your eyes or you could inhale it, causing breathing difficulties.

Wear safety goggles and a dust mask or other eye and respiratory protection when performing this procedure.

1. Raise and latch the cargo bed.
2. Remove the 3 bolts securing the cover to the clutch, and remove the cover (Figure 61).

Note: Retain the cover and bolts for installation.

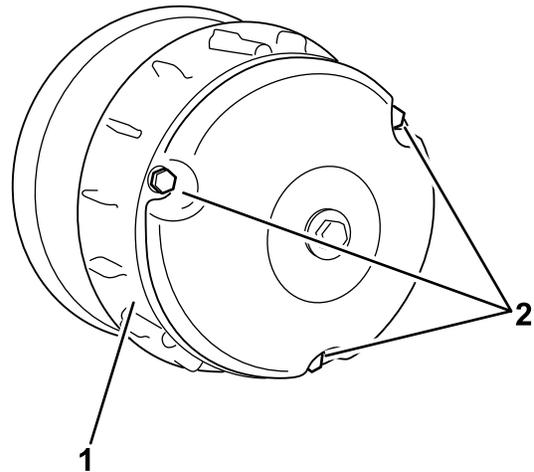


Figure 61

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| 1. Cover | 2. Bolts |
|----------|----------|

3. Thoroughly clean the inside of the cover and the inner components of the clutch using compressed air.
4. Install the clutch cover and secure it with the 3 bolts (Figure 61) that you removed in 2.
5. Lower the cargo bed.

Reducing the Top Speed

⚠ CAUTION

The dust in the clutch will become airborne and could damage your eyes or you could inhale it, causing breathing difficulties.

Wear safety goggles and a dust mask or other eye and respiratory protection when performing this procedure.

1. Raise and latch the cargo bed; refer to [Raising the Cargo Bed to the Service Position \(page 19\)](#).
2. Remove the bolts securing the primary clutch cover as shown in [Figure 62](#).

Important: Use caution when removing the clutch cover; the spring is under compression.

Important: Take note of the X orientation on the clutch covers and clutch assemblies for later installation.

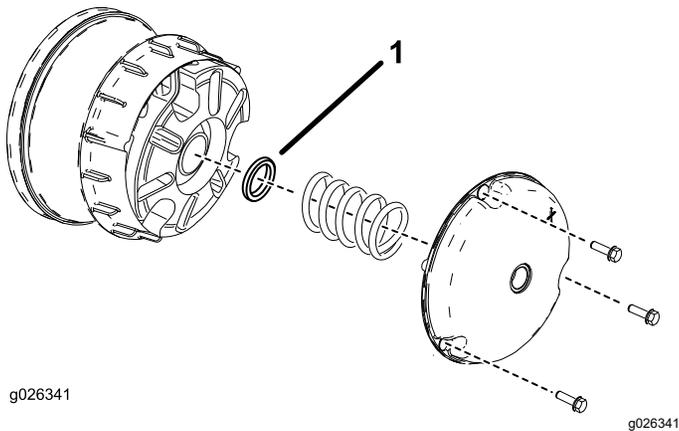


Figure 62

1. Clutch spacer

3. Remove the spring.
4. Add or remove spacers to adjust the top speed. Use the following table to determine the amount of spacers needed.

Spacers	Top Speed
2 (standard)	16 mph (standard)
3	12 mph
4	9 mph
5	6 mph
6	4 mph

Important: Do not operate the machine without at least 2 clutch spacers in place.

5. Install the spring and clutch cover.

Important: Ensure that the X is placed back in the original location.

6. Torque the bolts to 179 to 228 N·m (132 to 168 in-lb).

Cooling System Maintenance

Cooling System Safety

- Swallowing engine coolant can cause poisoning; keep out of reach from children and pets.
- Discharge of hot, pressurized coolant or touching a hot radiator and surrounding parts can cause severe burns.
 - Always allow the engine to cool at least 15 minutes before removing the radiator cap.
 - Use a rag when opening the radiator cap, and open the cap slowly to allow steam to escape.
- Do not operate the machine without the covers in place.
- Keep your fingers, hands and clothing clear of rotating fan and drive belt.
- Shut off the engine and remove the key before performing maintenance.

Cleaning the Engine-Cooling Areas

Service Interval: Every 100 hours Clean the cooling system twice as often during special operating conditions; refer to Maintaining the Machine under Special Operating Conditions.

Important: Operating the engine with a blocked rotating screen, dirty or plugged cooling fins, or cooling shrouds removed causes engine damage due to overheating.

Important: Never clean the engine with a pressure washer because water could contaminate the fuel system.

Clean the inlet, cooling fins, and external surfaces of the engine.

Note: Clean the engine cooling components more often under extremely dusty and dirty conditions.

Brake Maintenance

Checking the Parking Brake

1. Engage the parking brake by pulling the parking-brake lever toward you, until you feel tension.
2. If you do not feel tension when pulling the parking-brake toward you within 11.4 to 16.5 cm (4-1/2 to 6-1/2 inches) from the “P” symbol on the dash, then you need to adjust the parking brake; refer to [Adjusting the Parking Brake](#) (page 49).

Adjusting the Parking Brake

1. Ensure that the parking brake is disengaged.
2. Using jack stands, lift the rear of the machine; refer to [Lifting the Machine](#) (page 28).
3. Using 2 wrenches, hold the adjusting post on the caliper in place with 1 wrench, and loosen the jam nut 1/4 turn with the other wrench ([Figure 63](#)).

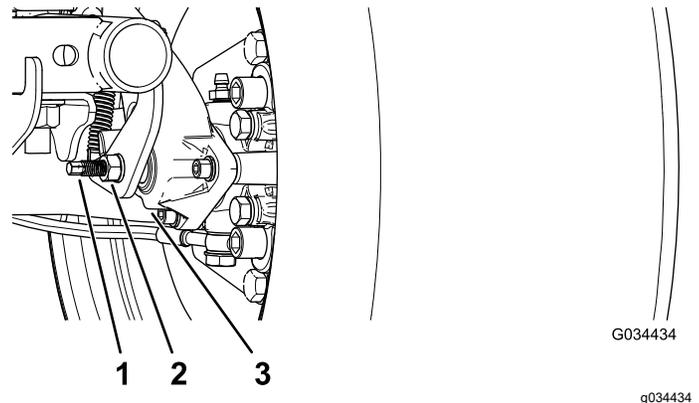


Figure 63

1. Adjusting post
2. Jam nut
3. Caliper

4. While holding the adjusting post and the jam nut in place, turn the adjusting post in to tighten ([Figure 63](#)).

Note: Perform this step until you feel drag on the wheel.

5. While holding the adjusting post and the jam nut in place, back off 1/4 turn ([Figure 63](#)).
6. While holding the adjusting post and the jam nut in place, tighten the jam nut ([Figure 63](#)).
7. Perform steps 1 through 6 to the other side.

8. Verify that the parking brake is adjusted to the proper tension; refer to [Checking the Parking Brake \(page 49\)](#).

Note: If you cannot adjust the parking brake to the required tension, the brake pads may be worn and need to be replaced. Contact your Authorized Service Dealer for assistance.

Checking the Brake-Fluid Level

Service Interval: Before each use or daily Check the brake-fluid level before the motor is first used.

Brake Fluid Type: DOT 3

1. Park the machine on a level surface.
2. Engage the parking brake.
3. Shut off the engine and remove the key.
4. Raise the hood to gain access to the master-brake cylinder and reservoir ([Figure 64](#)).

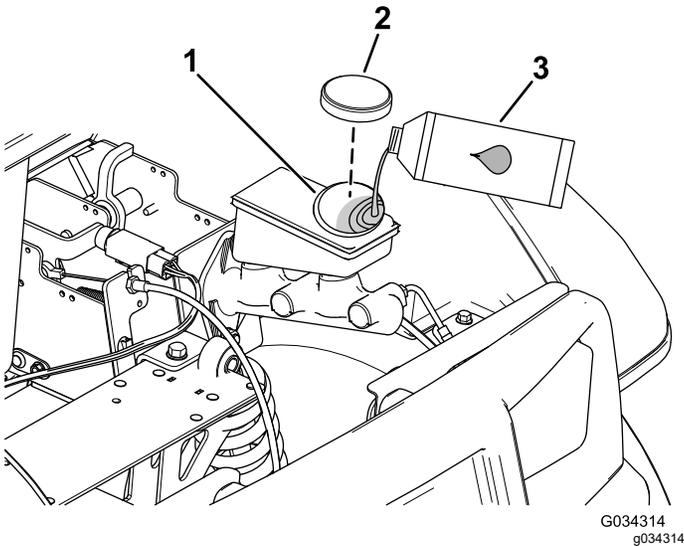


Figure 64

1. Filler neck (reservoir)
2. Reservoir cap
3. DOT 3 brake fluid

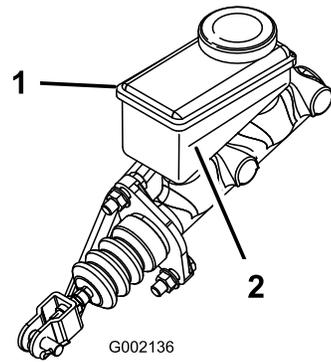


Figure 65

1. Brake-fluid reservoir
2. Minimum line

6. If the fluid level is low, perform the following:
 - A. Clean the area around the reservoir cap and remove the cap ([Figure 64](#)).
 - B. Add DOT 3 brake fluid to the reservoir until the fluid level is above the Minimum line ([Figure 65](#)).

Note: Do not overfill the reservoir with brake fluid.
 - C. Install the reservoir cap ([Figure 64](#)).
7. Close the hood of the machine.

5. Look at the outline of the fluid level at the side of the reservoir ([Figure 65](#)).

Note: The level should be above the Minimum line.

Inspecting the Brakes

Service Interval: Every 100 hours

Brakes are a critical safety component of the machine. As with all safety components, they should be closely inspected at regular intervals to ensure optimum performance and safety. The following inspections should be done every 100 hours:

- Inspect the brake lining for wear or damage. If the lining (brake pad) thickness is less than 1.6 mm (1/16 inch), you should replace the brake lining.
- Inspect the backing plate and other components for signs of excessive wear or deformation. If any deformation is found, replace the appropriate components.
- Check the brake-fluid level; refer to [Checking the Brake-Fluid Level \(page 50\)](#).

Replacing the Service and Parking-Brake Pads

Service Interval: Every 400 hours

Contact your authorized Authorized Toro Service Dealer to inspect and possibly replace the service and parking-brake pads.

Changing the Brake Fluid

Service Interval: Every 1,000 hours

Contact your authorized Toro distributor.

Belt Maintenance

Servicing the Drive Belt

Checking the Drive Belt

Service Interval: After the first 8 hours

Every 200 hours

1. Park the machine on a level surface.
2. Engage the parking brake.
3. Shut off the engine and remove the key.
4. Raise the cargo bed and secure it with the prop rod; refer to [Raising the Cargo Bed to the Dump Position \(page 18\)](#).
5. Shift the transmission into NEUTRAL.
6. Rotate and inspect the belt ([Figure 66](#)) for signs of excessive wear or damage.

Note: Replace the belt if it is excessively worn or damaged; refer to [Replacing the Drive Belt \(page 52\)](#).

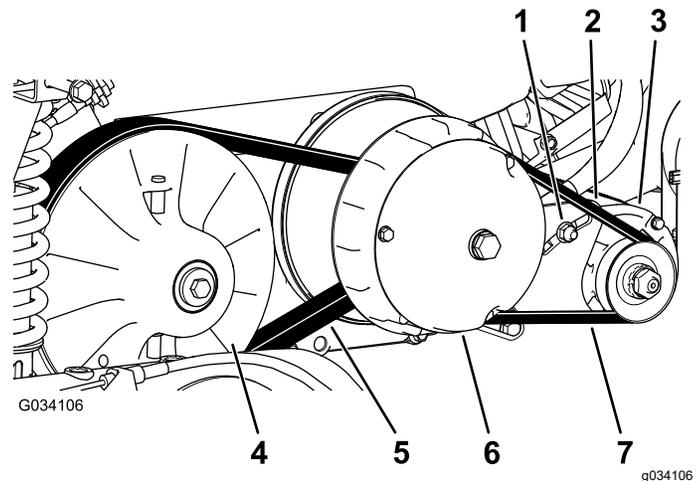


Figure 66

- | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. Generator-pivot nut | 5. Drive belt |
| 2. Generator-pivot bracket | 6. Primary clutch |
| 3. Starter generator | 7. Starter-generator belt |
| 4. Secondary clutch | |

-
7. Lower the cargo bed.

Replacing the Drive Belt

1. Raise the cargo bed; refer to [Raising the Cargo Bed to the Dump Position \(page 18\)](#).
2. Shift the transmission into the NEUTRAL position, engage the parking brake, rotate the key switch to the OFF position, and remove the key.
3. Rotate and route the belt over the secondary clutch ([Figure 66](#)).
4. Remove the belt from the primary clutch ([Figure 66](#)).

Note: Discard the old belt.

5. Align the new belt over the primary clutch ([Figure 66](#)).
6. Rotate and route the belt over the secondary clutch ([Figure 66](#)).
7. Lower the cargo bed.

Adjusting the Starter-Generator Belt

Service Interval: After the first 8 hours

Every 200 hours

1. Raise the cargo bed; refer to [Raising the Cargo Bed to the Dump Position \(page 18\)](#).
2. Loosen the pivot nut for the starter generator ([Figure 66](#)).
3. Align a pry bar between the engine mount and starter.
4. Apply downward pressure to the pry bar to rotate the starter down in the slot until the belt tension only allows 6 mm (1/4 inch) belt deflection with 44 N·m (10 ft-lb) of force ([Figure 66](#)).
5. Tighten the pivot nut hand tight, and remove the pry bar ([Figure 66](#)).
6. Torque the pivot nut to 88 to 115 N·m (65 to 85 ft-lb).
7. Lower the cargo bed.

Chassis Maintenance

Adjusting the Cargo-Bed Latches

If the cargo-bed latch is out of adjustment, the cargo bed vibrates up and down as you drive the machine. You can adjust the latch posts to make the latches hold the cargo bed snugly to the chassis.

1. Verify that the cargo bed is latching.

Note: If the cargo bed does not latch, the bed-latch striker is likely too low. If the cargo bed latches, but vibrates up and down as you drive, the bed-latch striker is likely too high.

2. Raise the cargo bed; [Raising the Cargo Bed to the Dump Position \(page 18\)](#).
3. Loosen the 2 bolts on the bed-latch striker and move the striker up or down, depending on if the striker is too high or too low ([Figure 67](#)).

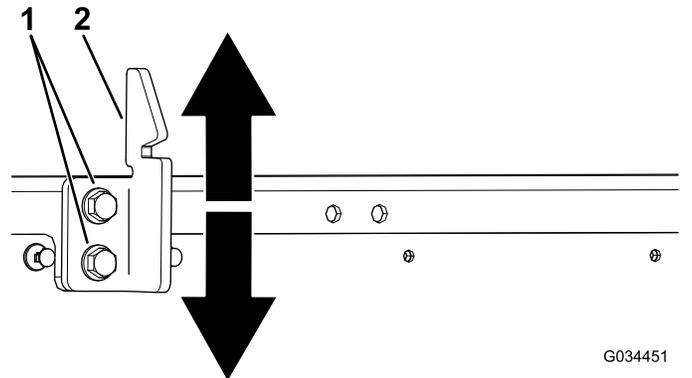


Figure 67

1. Bolts
2. Bed-latch striker

4. Tighten the 2 bolts on the bed-latch striker ([Figure 67](#)).
5. Verify that the adjustment is correct by latching the cargo bed several times.

Cleaning

Washing the Machine

The machine should be washed as needed. Use water alone or with a mild detergent. A rag may be used when washing the machine.

Important: Do not use power washing equipment to wash the machine. Power washing equipment may damage the electrical system, loosen important decals, or wash away necessary grease at friction points. Avoid excessive use of water near the control panel, engine, and battery.

Important: Do not wash the machine with the engine running. Washing the machine with the engine running may result in internal engine damage.

Storage

Storage Safety

- Let the engine cool before storing the machine.
- Do not store the machine or fuel near flames or drain the fuel indoors.

Storing the Machine

1. Park the machine on a level surface.
2. Engage the parking brake.
3. Shut off the engine and remove the key.
4. Clean the dirt and grime from the entire machine, including the outside of the cylinder-head fins of the engine and blower housing.

Important: You can wash the machine with mild detergent and water. Do not use power-washing equipment to wash the machine. Pressure washing the machine may damage the electrical system or wash away necessary grease at friction points. Avoid excessive use of water near the control panel, lights, engine, and the battery.

5. Inspect the brakes; refer to [Inspecting the Brakes \(page 51\)](#).
6. Service the air cleaner; refer to [Servicing the Air Cleaner \(page 33\)](#).
7. Grease the machine; refer to [Greasing the Machine \(page 30\)](#).
8. Change the engine oil; refer to [Changing the Engine Oil \(page 36\)](#).
9. Check the tire pressure; refer to [Checking the Tire Pressure \(page 14\)](#).
10. For storage over 30 days, prepare the fuel system as follows:
 - A. Add a petroleum based fuel stabilizer/conditioner to fuel in the tank.

Important: Do not store stabilizer/conditioned fuel over 90 days.

Follow mixing instructions from fuel stabilizer manufacturer—29.5 ml (1 fl oz per gallon).

Important: Do not use an alcohol-based fuel stabilizer (ethanol or methanol).

Note: The use of fuel stabilizer/conditioner is most effective when mixed with fresh gasoline and used at all times.

- B. Run the engine to distribute conditioned fuel through the fuel system (5 minutes).
- C. Shut off the engine, allow the engine to cool, and drain the fuel tank.

Note: Dispose of fuel properly. Recycle as according to local codes.
- D. Start the engine again and run it until it stops.
- E. Choke the engine.
- F. Start and run the engine until it does not start again.

11. Remove the spark plug and check their condition; refer to [Checking and Replacing the Spark Plug \(page 36\)](#).
12. With the spark plugs removed from the engine, pour 2 tablespoons of engine oil into the spark plug hole.
13. Use the electric starter to crank the engine and distribute the oil inside the cylinder.
14. Install the spark plug(s) and tighten it to recommended torque; refer to [Checking and Replacing the Spark Plug \(page 36\)](#).

Note: Do not install the wire on the spark plug(s).

15. Remove the battery from the chassis, and charge it fully; refer to [Removing the Battery \(page 40\)](#).

Note: Do not connect the battery cables to the battery posts during storage.

Important: The battery must be fully charged to prevent it from freezing and being damaged at temperatures below 0°C (32°F). A fully charged battery maintains its charge for about 50 days at temperatures lower than 4°C (40°F).

16. Check and tighten all bolts, nuts, and screws. Repair or replace any part that is damaged.
17. Paint all scratched or bare metal surfaces.

Note: Paint is available from your Authorized Service Dealer.
18. Store the machine in a clean, dry garage or storage area.
19. Remove the key from the key switch and put it in a safe place out of the reach of children.
20. Cover the machine to protect it and keep it clean.

European Privacy Notice

The Information Toro Collects

Toro Warranty Company (Toro) respects your privacy. In order to process your warranty claim and contact you in the event of a product recall, we ask you to share certain personal information with us, either directly or through your local Toro company or dealer.

The Toro warranty system is hosted on servers located within the United States where privacy law may not provide the same protection as applies in your country.

BY SHARING YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION WITH US, YOU ARE CONSENTING TO THE PROCESSING OF YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION AS DESCRIBED IN THIS PRIVACY NOTICE.

The Way Toro Uses Information

Toro may use your personal information to process warranty claims, to contact you in the event of a product recall and for any other purpose which we tell you about. Toro may share your information with Toro's affiliates, dealers or other business partners in connection with any of these activities. We will not sell your personal information to any other company. We reserve the right to disclose personal information in order to comply with applicable laws and with requests by the appropriate authorities, to operate our systems properly or for our own protection or that of other users.

Retention of your Personal Information

We will keep your personal information as long as we need it for the purposes for which it was originally collected or for other legitimate purposes (such as regulatory compliance), or as required by applicable law.

Toro's Commitment to Security of Your Personal Information

We take reasonable precautions in order to protect the security of your personal information. We also take steps to maintain the accuracy and current status of personal information.

Access and Correction of your Personal Information

If you would like to review or correct your personal information, please contact us by email at legal@toro.com.

Australian Consumer Law

Australian customers will find details relating to the Australian Consumer Law either inside the box or at your local Toro Dealer.



The Toro Warranty

A Two-Year Limited Warranty

Conditions and Products Covered

The Toro Company and its affiliate, Toro Warranty Company, pursuant to an agreement between them, jointly warrant your Toro Commercial product ("Product") to be free from defects in materials or workmanship for two years or 1500 operational hours*, whichever occurs first. This warranty is applicable to all products with the exception of Aerators (refer to separate warranty statements for these products). Where a warrantable condition exists, we will repair the Product at no cost to you including diagnostics, labor, parts, and transportation. This warranty begins on the date the Product is delivered to the original retail purchaser.

* Product equipped with an hour meter.

Instructions for Obtaining Warranty Service

You are responsible for notifying the Commercial Products Distributor or Authorized Commercial Products Dealer from whom you purchased the Product as soon as you believe a warrantable condition exists. If you need help locating a Commercial Products Distributor or Authorized Dealer, or if you have questions regarding your warranty rights or responsibilities, you may contact us at:

Toro Commercial Products Service Department
Toro Warranty Company
8111 Lyndale Avenue South
Bloomington, MN 55420-1196
952-888-8801 or 800-952-2740
E-mail: commercial.warranty@toro.com

Owner Responsibilities

As the Product owner, you are responsible for required maintenance and adjustments stated in your *Operator's Manual*. Failure to perform required maintenance and adjustments can be grounds for disallowing a warranty claim.

Items and Conditions Not Covered

Not all product failures or malfunctions that occur during the warranty period are defects in materials or workmanship. This warranty does not cover the following:

- Product failures which result from the use of non-Toro replacement parts, or from installation and use of add-on, or modified non-Toro branded accessories and products. A separate warranty may be provided by the manufacturer of these items.
- Product failures which result from failure to perform recommended maintenance and/or adjustments. Failure to properly maintain your Toro product per the Recommended Maintenance listed in the *Operator's Manual* can result in claims for warranty being denied.
- Product failures which result from operating the Product in an abusive, negligent, or reckless manner.
- Parts subject to consumption through use unless found to be defective. Examples of parts which are consumed, or used up, during normal Product operation include, but are not limited to, brake pads and linings, clutch linings, blades, reels, rollers and bearings (sealed or greasable), bed knives, spark plugs, castor wheels and bearings, tires, filters, belts, and certain sprayer components such as diaphragms, nozzles, and check valves, etc.
- Failures caused by outside influence. Conditions considered to be outside influence include, but are not limited to, weather, storage practices, contamination, use of unapproved fuels, coolants, lubricants, additives, fertilizers, water, or chemicals, etc.
- Failure or performance issues due to the use of fuels (e.g. gasoline, diesel, or biodiesel) that do not conform to their respective industry standards.

Countries Other than the United States or Canada

Customers who have purchased Toro products exported from the United States or Canada should contact their Toro Distributor (Dealer) to obtain guarantee policies for your country, province, or state. If for any reason you are dissatisfied with your Distributor's service or have difficulty obtaining guarantee information, contact the Toro importer.

- Normal noise, vibration, wear and tear, and deterioration.
- Normal "wear and tear" includes, but is not limited to, damage to seats due to wear or abrasion, worn painted surfaces, scratched decals or windows, etc.

Parts

Parts scheduled for replacement as required maintenance are warranted for the period of time up to the scheduled replacement time for that part. Parts replaced under this warranty are covered for the duration of the original product warranty and become the property of Toro. Toro will make the final decision whether to repair any existing part or assembly or replace it. Toro may use remanufactured parts for warranty repairs.

Deep Cycle and Lithium-Ion Battery Warranty:

Deep cycle and Lithium-Ion batteries have a specified total number of kilowatt-hours they can deliver during their lifetime. Operating, recharging, and maintenance techniques can extend or reduce total battery life. As the batteries in this product are consumed, the amount of useful work between charging intervals will slowly decrease until the battery is completely worn out. Replacement of worn out batteries, due to normal consumption, is the responsibility of the product owner. Battery replacement may be required during the normal product warranty period at owner's expense. Note: (Lithium-Ion battery only): A Lithium-Ion battery has a part only prorated warranty beginning year 3 through year 5 based on the time in service and kilowatt hours used. Refer to the *Operator's Manual* for additional information.

Maintenance is at Owner's Expense

Engine tune-up, lubrication, cleaning and polishing, replacement of filters, coolant, and completing recommended maintenance are some of the normal services Toro products require that are at the owner's expense.

General Conditions

Repair by an Authorized Toro Distributor or Dealer is your sole remedy under this warranty.

Neither The Toro Company nor Toro Warranty Company is liable for indirect, incidental or consequential damages in connection with the use of the Toro Products covered by this warranty, including any cost or expense of providing substitute equipment or service during reasonable periods of malfunction or non-use pending completion of repairs under this warranty. Except for the Emissions warranty referenced below, if applicable, there is no other express warranty. All implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for use are limited to the duration of this express warranty.

Some states do not allow exclusions of incidental or consequential damages, or limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above exclusions and limitations may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

Note regarding engine warranty:

The Emissions Control System on your Product may be covered by a separate warranty meeting requirements established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and/or the California Air Resources Board (CARB). The hour limitations set forth above do not apply to the Emissions Control System Warranty. Refer to the Engine Emission Control Warranty Statement supplied with your product or contained in the engine manufacturer's documentation for details