

MODEL NO. 03530—60001 & UP MODEL NO. 03531—60001 & UP OPERATOR'S MANUAL

REELMASTER® 5300-D

To understand this product, and for safety and optimum performance, read this manual before starting the engine. Pay special attention to SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS highlighted by this symbol.

It means CAUTION, WARNING or DAN-GER—personal safety instruction. Failure to comply with the instruction may result in personal injury.





This operator's manual has instructions on safety, operation, and maintenance.

This manual emphasizes safety, mechanical and general product information. DANGER, WARNING and CAUTION identify safety messages. Whenever the triangular safety alert symbol appears, understand the safety message that follows. "IMPORTANT" highlights special mechanical information and "NOTE" emphasizes general product information worthy of special attention.

IDENTIFICATION AND ORDERING

MODEL AND SERIAL NUMBER

The model and serial number for the traction unit is on a plate that is mounted on the left front frame member. The model and serial number for the cutting unit is on a plate that is mounted on the top front of the center cutting unit. Use model and serial number in all correspondence and when ordering parts.

To order replacement parts from an authorized TORO Distributor, supply the following information:

- **1.** Model and serial numbers of the machine.
- **2.** Part number, description and quantity of parts desired.

NOTE: Do not order by reference number if a parts catalog is being used; use the part number.

Table of Contents

	Page
Safety	3
Specifications	9
Before Operating	11
Controls	13
Operating	17
Maintenance	28

Safety

Training

- 1. Read the instructions carefully. Be familiar with the controls and the proper use of the equipment.
- 2. Never allow children or people unfamiliar with these instructions to use the lawn mower. Local regulations may restrict the age of the operator.
- **3.** Never mow while people, especially children, or pets are nearby.
- **4.** Keep in mind that the operator or user is responsible for accidents or hazards occurring to other people or their property.
- **5.** Do not carry passengers.
- **6.** All drivers should seek and obtain professional and practical instruction. Such instruction should emphasize:
 - the need for care and concentration when working with ride-on machines;
 - control of a ride-on machine sliding on a slope will not be regained by the application of the brake. The main reasons for loss of control are:
 - insufficient wheel grip;
 - being driven too fast;
 - inadequate braking;
 - the type of machine is unsuitable for its task:
 - lack of awareness of the effects of ground conditions, especially slopes;
 - incorrect hitching and load distribution.

Preparation

- 1. While mowing, always wear substantial footwear and long trousers. Do not operate the equipment when barefoot or wearing open sandals.
- 2. Thoroughly inspect the area where the equipment is to be used and remove all objects which may be thrown by the machine.
- 3. WARNING—Petrol is highly flammable.

- Store fuel in containers specifically designed for this purpose.
- Refuel outdoors only and do not smoke while refueling.
- Add fuel before starting the engine. Never remove the cap of the fuel tank or add petrol while the engine is running or when the engine is hot.
- If petrol is spilled, do not attempt to start the engine but move the machine away from the are of spillage and avoid creating any source of ignition until petrol vapors have dissipated.
- Replace all fuel tanks and container caps securely.
- **4.** Replace faulty silencers.

Operation

- 1. Do not operate the engine in a confined space where dangerous carbon monoxide fumes can collect.
- 2. Mow only in daylight or in good artificial light.
- **3.** Before attempting to start the engine, disengage all blade attachment clutches and shift into neutral.
- **4.** Do not use on slopes of more than:
 - Never mow side hills over 5°
 - Never mow uphill over 10°
 - Never mow downhill over 15°
- **5.** Remember there is no such thing as a "safe" slope. Travel on grass slopes requires particular care. To guard against overturning:
 - do not stop or start suddenly when going up or downhill;
 - engage the clutch slowly, and always keep the machine in gear, especially when travailing downhill;
 - machine speeds should be kept low on slopes and during tight turns;
 - stay alert for bumps and hollows and other hidden hazards;

- never mow across the face of the slope, unless the lawn mower is designed for this purpose.
- **6.** Use care when pulling loads or using heavy equipment.
 - Use only approved drawbar hitch points.
 - Limit loads to those you can safely control.
 - Do not turn sharply. Use care when reversing.
 - Use counterweight(s) or wheel weights when suggested in the instruction handbook.
- **7.** Watch out for traffic when crossing or near roadways.
- **8.** Stop the blades rotating before crossing surfaces other than grass.
- **9.** When using any attachments, never direct discharge of material toward bystanders nor allow anyone near the machine while in operation .
- **10.** Never operate the lawn mower with defective guards, shields or without safety protective devices in place.
- 11. Do not change the engine governor settings or overspeed the engine. Operating the engine at excessive speeds may increase the hazard of personal injury.
- **12.** Before leaving the operator's position:
 - disengage the power take-off and lower the attachments;
 - change into neutral and set the parking brake:
 - stop the engine and remove the key.
- **13.** Disengage the drive to attachments when transporting or not in use.
- **14.** Stop the engine and disengage the drive to the attachment
 - before refueling;
 - before removing the grass catcher;
 - before making height adjustments unless the adjustment can be made from the opera-

- tor's position.
- before clearing blockages;
- before checking, cleaning or working on the lawnmower;
- after striking a foreign object. Inspect the lawnmower for damage and make repairs before restarting and operating the equipment.
- **15.** Reduce the throttle setting during engine runout and, if the engine is provided with a shutoff valve, turn the fuel off at the conclusion of mowing.

Maintenance and Storage

- 1. Keep all nuts, bolts and screws tight to be sure the equipment is in safe working condition.
- 2. Never store the equipment with petrol in the tank inside a building where fumes may reach an open flame or spark.
- **3.** Allow the engine to cool before storing in any enclosure.
- **4.** To reduce the fire hazard, keep the engine, silencer, battery compartment and petrol storage area free of grass, leaves, or excessive grease.
- **5.** Check the grass catcher frequently for wear or deterioration.
- **6.** Replace worn or damaged parts for safety.
- **7.** If the fuel tank has to be drained, this should be done outdoors.
- **8.** Be careful during adjustment of the machine to prevent entrapment of the fingers between moving blades and fixed parts of the machine.
- **9.** On multi-bladed machines, take care as rotating one blade can cause other blades to rotate.
- **10.** When the machine is to be parked, stored or left unattended, lower the cutting means unless a positive mechanical lock is used.

Sound & Vibration Levels

Sound Levels

This unit has an equivalent continuous A-weighted sound pressure at the operator ear of: 89.5 dB(A), based on measurements of identical machines per 84/538/EEC.

This unit has a sound power level of 103.5 dB(A)/1pW, based on measurements of identical machines per procedures outlined in Directive 79/113/EEC and amendments.

Vibration Levels

This unit has a vibration level of 2.5 m/s² at the posterior, based on measurements of identical machines per ISO 2631 procedures.

This unit does not exceed a vibration level of 0.5 m/s² at the posterior based on measurements of identical machines per ISO 2631 procedures.

Symbol Glossary



Caustic liquids, chemical burns to fumes or toxic fingers or hand gases, asphyxi



Poisonous gases, asphyxiation



Electrical shock High pressure fluid, injection into body electrocution



High pressure spray, erosion of flesh



High pressure spray, erosion of flesh



Crushing of fingers or hand, force applied from above





Crushing of whole body, applied from



Crushing of torso, force or hand/, force applied from side applied from side from side





Crushing of whole body



Crushing of head, torso and arms



Cutting of fingers or hand



Cutting of foot



Cutting or entanglement of foot, rotating auger knives



Severing of foot, rotating



Severing of fingers or hand, impeller blade



Wait until all machine components have e completely stopped before touching them



Severing of thingers or hand, implement input drive line engine fan





hand entangle-ment, chain drive



Hand & arm entanglement, belt drive



Thrown or flying objects, whole flying objects, body exposure face exposure



Thrown or



Runover/backover, (relevant machine to appear in dashed box)



Machine tipping, riding mower



Machine rollover, Stored energy ROPS (relevant hazard, kickback machine to appear or upward motion or hands in dashed box)

Hot surfaces, burns to fingers or hands in dashed box





Explosion



Fire or open



Secure lifting cylinder with locking device before getting the machine in hazardous area





Stay clear of articulation area while engine is running



Do not open or remove safety shields while engine is running



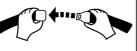
Do not step on Do not step loading platform if PTO is connected to tractor & engine is running





Shut off engine & Riding on this Consult & remove key before machine is allowed technical manual performing maintenance or repair work ance or repair work work and the procedures driver's view is not bindered.





Fasten seat belts



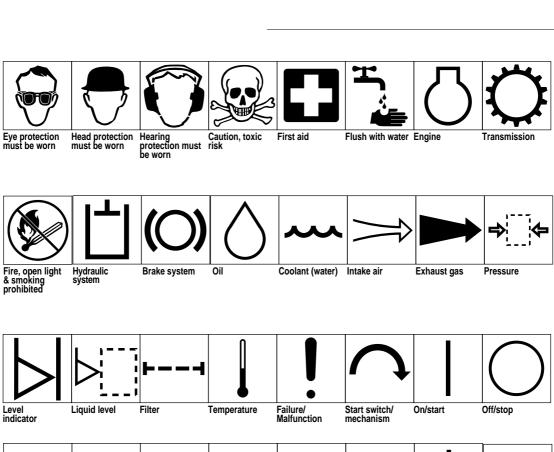
Safety alert triangle

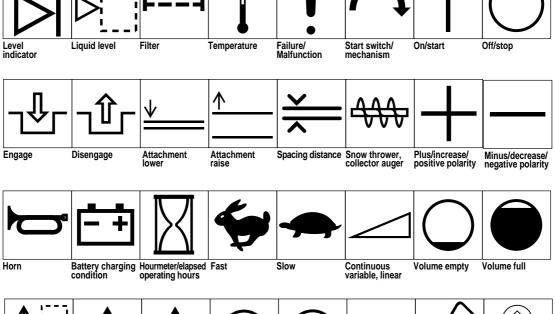


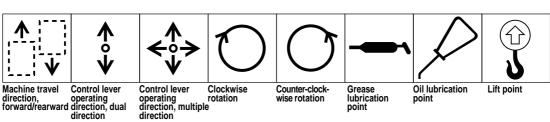
outline safety

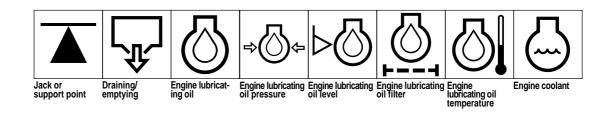


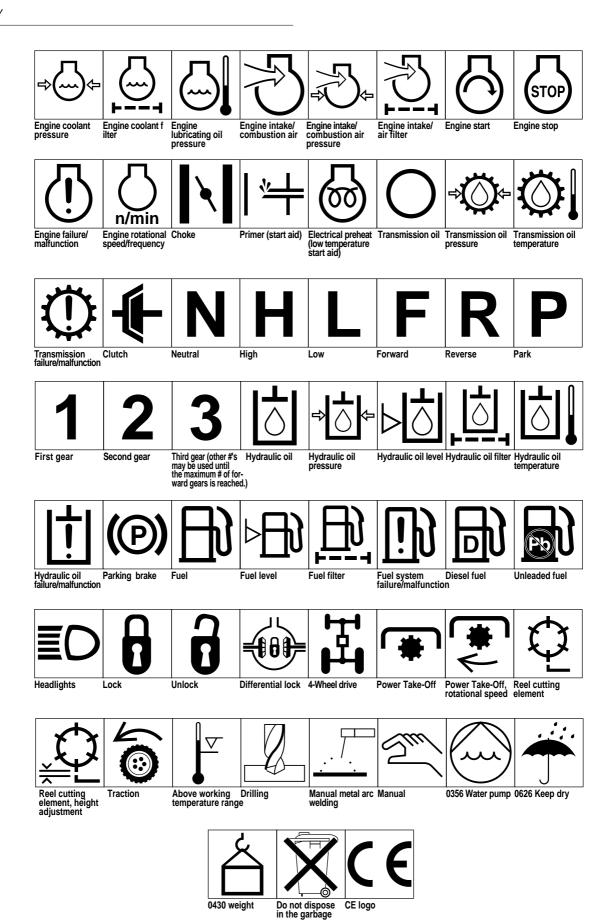
Read operator's











Specifications

Engine: Mitsubishi three-cylinder, liquid-cooled diesel. 20.9 kW (28 hp) @ governed maximum rpm of 3200; 1,318 cc (80.4 cu. in.) displacement

Heavy-duty, 3-stage, remote-mounted air cleaner. High water temperature shutdown switch.

Cooling System: Radiator capacity is 7.1 1 (7.5 qt.) of 50/50 mixture of ethylene glycol anti-freeze. Remote mounted .9 1 (1 qt.) expansion tank. A two-speed fan drive controls air flow.

Fuel System: Fuel tank capacity is 37.91 (10 gal.) of #2 diesel fuel. 12-volt, electric fuel pump with replaceable fuel filter. Equipped with a fuel filter/water separator to capture water in the fuel.

Traction System: Foot pedal controls forward/ reverse ground speed. Ground speed: 0–16.1 kmh (0–10 m.p.h.) forward and 0–6.4 kmh (0-4 mph) reverse. Hydrostatic transmission mounted directly on a 20.9:1 ratio front axle. Axle/reservoir capacity is 4.7 1 (5 qts). Replaceable filter mounted directly on transmission housing. Model 03531 only: Mechanical rear axle is coupled to the front axle by a drive shaft and overrunning clutch.

Cutting Unit Drive System: Hydraulic reel motors feature quick disconnects to ease removal/installation on cutting units. Hydraulic fluid reservoir capacity is 32.21 (8.5 gal.). System protected by a filter assembly with service indicator.

Seat: Deluxe high-back seat with adjustable fore and aft travel, weight and height. Tool box at the left side of the seat.

Steering System: Power steering with dedicated power source.

Tires: Two rear tires: 19 x 8.50-8, tubeless, 4-ply rating. Two front tires: 26 x 12.00-12 tubeless, 4-ply rating. Recommended tire pressure for the front and rear tires is 69–103 kPa (10–15 psi).

Brakes: Individual drum-type wheel brakes on the front traction wheels. Brakes controlled by individual pedals operated by the left foot. Hydrostatic braking through traction drive.

Electrical System: Automotive type electrical system. 12-volt, maintenance free battery with 530 cold cranking Amps @ -18°C (0° F) and 85 minute reserve capacity @ 29° C (85° F). 40-amp alternator with I.C. regulator/rectifier. Seat switch, reel and traction interlock switches. An electronic controller monitors and controls safety and operational functions.

Controls: Foot-operated traction and brake pedals. Hand-operated throttle, traction speed control lever, parking brake lock, ignition switch with automatic preheat cycle, single joy stick control for cutting unit on/off and lift/lower. Cutting unit backlap switch and reel speed controls located under the operator seat.

Gauges: Hour meter, speedometer, fuel gauge, temperature gauge. 4 warning lamps: oil pressure, water temperature, amps and glow plug.

General Specifications (approx.):

Width-of-Cut: 241	cm	(95 in.)
-------------------	----	---------	---

Overall Width:

Transport 220 cm (87 in.) Outside of tires 208 cm (82 in.)

Overall Length:

Without grass baskets: 263 cm (103.5 in.) With grass baskets: 294 cm (116 in.)

Height:

With Rollover protector: 214 cm (84.5 in.) Without 142 cm (56 in.)

Recommended Height-of-Cut:

5-Blade Cutting Unit: 1–1.9cm (1/2–3/4 in.) 8-Blade Cutting Unit: 0.4–1.6 cm (1/4–5/8 in.)

 Weight:
 Model 03502
 821 kg (2,200 lbs.)*

 Model 03504
 952 kg (2,550 lbs.)*

 Model 03530
 868 kg (2,325 lbs.)*

 Model 03531
 998 kg (2,675 lbs.)*

*With 8-Blade Cutting Units, baskets & full fluid levels

Optional Equipment

5-Blade Cutting Unit, Model No. 03505

8-Blade Cutting Unit, Model No. 03508

Grass Basket Kit, Model No. 03513

Rear Weight Kit, Part No. 75-6690

Rear Roller Scraper Kit, Model No. 03512

Front Roller Scraper Kit, Model No. 83-5400

High Height-of-Cut Kit, Model No. 83-5300

Scraper/Comb Kit, Model No. 03518

Armrest Kit, Model No. 30707

Front Scraper, HHOC Kit P/N 82-6920

Thatcher Unit, Model No. 03516

Precleaner Bowl Extension Tube, Part No. 43-3810 (Clamp, Part No. 20-4840 required to install extension tube)

4-Wheel Drive Kit, Model No. 03517 (For use with models 03502, 03530 only)

Before Operating

CHECK THE ENGINE OIL

- **1.** Park the machine on a level surface. Open the hood.
- 2. Remove the dipstick, wipe it clean, then reinstall it. Remove it again and check the oil level on the dipstick; The oil level should be up to the FULL mark.

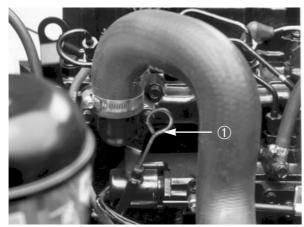
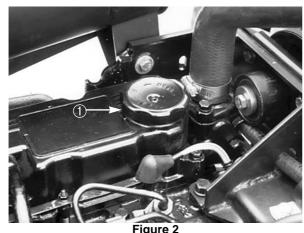


Figure 1

- 1. Dipstick
- 3. If the oil is below the FULL mark, remove the fill cap and add SAE 10W-30 CD classification oil until the level reaches the FULL mark on the dipstick. DO NOT OVERFILL. Crankcase capacity is 3.81 with filter.



1. Oil Fill Cap

4. Install the oil fill cap and close the hood.

CHECK THE COOLING SYSTEM

Clean debris from the screen, oil cooler and the front

of the radiator daily, more often if conditions are extremely dusty and dirty.

The cooling system is filled with a 50/50 solution of water and permanent ethylene glycol anti-freeze. Check the level of coolant in the expansion tank each day before starting the engine. Cooling system capacity is 9.61.

1. Check the level of coolant in the expansion tank. It should be between the marks on the side of the tank.

CAUTION

If the engine has been running, pressurized hot coolant can escape when the radiator cap is removed and cause burns.



Figure 3

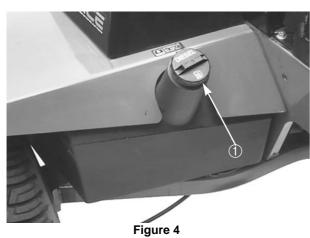
- Expansion Tank
- If coolant level is low, remove the expansion tank cap and replenish the system. DO NOT OVERFILL.
- **3.** Install the expansion tank cap.

FILL THE FUEL TANK

- **1.** Remove the fuel tank cap.
- 2. Fill the tank to about 2.5 cm (one inch) below the top of the tank, not the filler neck, with No. 2 diesel fuel. Then install the cap.

DANGER

Because diesel fuel is flammable, use caution when storing or handling it. Do not smoke while filling the fuel tank. Do not fill the fuel tank while the engine is running, hot, or when the machine is in an enclosed area. Always fill the fuel tank outside and wipe up any spilled diesel fuel before starting the engine. Store the fuel in a clean, safety-approved container and keep the cap in place. Use Diesel fuel for the engine only; not for any other purpose.



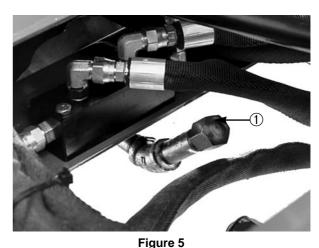
1. Fuel Tank Cap

CHECK THE TRANSMISSION FLUID

The front axle housing acts as the reservoir for the system. The transmission and axle housing are shipped from the factory with 4.7 l (5 quarts) of Mobil 424 engine oil. However, check the level of transmission oil before first starting the engine and daily thereafter.

- **1.** Position the machine on a level surface, lower the cutting units and stop the engine.
- **2.** Remove the access panel behind the foot rest.
- 3. Unscrew the dipstick cap from the transmission filler neck and wipe it with a clean cloth. Screw the dipstick into the filler neck. Remove the dipstick and check the oil level. If the level is not within 1.2 cm (1/2 inch) from the groove in the dipstick, add enough oil to raise it to the

groove mark. DO NOT OVERFILL by more than .6 cm (1/4 inch) above the groove.



Transmission Dipstick Cap

4. Screw the dipstick filler cap finger-tight onto the filler neck. It is not necessary to tighten the cap with a wrench.

CHECK THE HYDRAULIC FLUID

The hydraulic system driving the reels is designed to operate on anti-wear hydraulic fluid. The machine's reservoir is filled at the factory with 32.2 l (8.5 gallons) of Mobil 424 hydraulic fluid. Check the level of hydraulic fluid before the first starting the engine and daily thereafter.

Group 1 Hydraulic Oil (Recommended for ambient temperatures consistently below 38° C (100° F):

ISO type 46/68 anti-wear hydraulic fluid

Mobil	Mobil Fluid 424
Amoco	Amoco 1000
International Harvester	Hy-Tran
Texaco	TDH
Shell	Donax TD
Union Oil	Hydraulic/Tractor Fluid
Chevron	Tractor Hydraulic Fluid
BP Oil	BP HYD TF
Boron Oil	Eldoran UTH
Exxon	Torque Fluid
Conoco	Power-Tran 3
Kendall	Hyken 052

Phillips HG Fluid

Note: Oils within this group are interchange-

able.

Group 2 Hydraulic Oil—Recommended for ambient temperatures consistently above 21° C (70° F):

ISO type 68 anti-wear hydraulic fluid

Mobil	DTE 26 or DTE 16
Shell	Tellus 68
Amoco	Rykon Oil 68
Arco	Duro AW S-315
Boron	Industron 53
BP Oil	Energol HLP68
Castrol	Hyspin AWS68
Chevron	Chevron EP68
Citgo	Citgo A/W68
Conoco	Super Hydraulic Oil 31
Exxon	Nuto H68
Gulf	68AW
Pennzoil	AW Hyd Oil 68
Phillips	Magnus A315
Standard	Industron 53
Texaco	Rando HD68
Union	Unax AW 315

Note: Oils within this group are inter-

changeable.

IMPORTANT: Two groups of hydraulic oil are specified to allow optimal operation of the machine in a wide range of temperatures encountered. The group 1 oils are a multi-viscosity hydraulic oil that allow operation at lower temperatures without the increased viscosity associated with straight viscosity oils.

The Mobil DTE 26 type oils are straight viscosity oils which remain slightly more viscous at higher temperatures than the multi-viscosity oils.

Using the Mobil 424-type oils in the higher ambient temperatures may result in decreased efficiency in some hydraulic components compared to using the Mobil DTE 26 type oils.

Using the Mobil DTE 26 type oils in the lower ambient temperatures may result in harder starting,

increased engine laboring while cold, sluggish or non-operating valve spools while cold and increased filter back pressure due to the higher oil viscosity.

Select the set of conditions (either ambient temperatures above 21° C (70° F) or below 38° C (100° F), and use that type of oil throughout the year, rather than changing oil types several times per year.

Group 3 Hydraulic Fluid (Biodegradable):

ISO VG 32/46 anti-wear hydraulic fluidMobile EAL 224L

Note: This biodegradable hydraulic fluid in this group is not compatible with the fluids in group 1 or 2.

Note: When changing from one type of hydraulic oil to the other, remove all the old oil from the system, because some brands of one type are not completely compatible with some brands of the other type of hydraulic oil. If you always use Mobil products, the two types of oil are compatible and interchangeable.

IMPORTANT: Use only the types of hydraulic oils specified. Other fluids could cause system damage.

Note: A red dye additive for the hydraulic system oil is available in 20 ml bottles. One bottle is sufficient for 15–22 l of hydraulic oil. Order Part No. 44-2500 from your Authorized Toro Distributor

- 1. Position the machine on a level surface, lower the cutting units and stop the engine.
- **2.** Clean the area around the filler neck and cap of the hydraulic tank. Remove the cap from the filler neck.



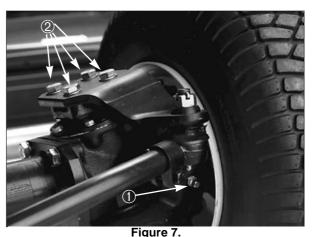
Hydraulic Tank Cap

- 3. Remove the dipstick from the filler neck and wipe it with a clean cloth. Insert it into the filler neck; then remove it and check the fluid level. It should be within 6 mm (1/4 inch) of the mark on the dipstick.
- **4.** If the level is low, add fluid to raise the level to the full mark
- **5.** Install the dipstick and cap onto the filler neck.

CHECK REAR AXLE LUBRI-CANT (Model 03531 only)

The rear axle has three separate reservoirs which use SAE 80W-90 weight gear lube. Although the axle is shipped with lubricant from the factory, check the level before operating the machine.

- 1. Position the machine on a level surface.
- 2. Remove a check plug from each end of axle and make sure the lubricant is up to bottom of the hole. If the level is low, remove a mounting bolt above each end plug and add enough lubricant to bring the level up to the bottom of the hole (Fig. 7).
- 3. Remove the plug in the center of the axle and check the level. If the level is low, add enough lubricant to bring it up to the bottom of the hole (Fig. 5).



1. Check Plugs (2)

2. Mounting Bolts



Figure 8.

1. Check/Fill Plug

CHECK REEL-TO-BEDKNIFE CONTACT

Each day before operating, check the reel-to-bedknife contact, regardless of whether the quality of cut has been acceptable. There must be light contact across the full length of the reel and bedknife.

CHECK WHEEL NUT TORQUE

WARNING

Tighten the wheel nuts to 45-55 lbs after 1–4 hours of operation and again after 10 hours of operation and every 250 hours thereafter. Failure to maintain correct torque could result in failure or loss of a wheel, which may result in personal injury.

Controls

Seat (Fig. 9)—The seat adjusting lever allows 10 cm (4 inches) fore and aft adjustment. The seat adjusting knob adjusts the seat for operators' weight. To adjust the seat fore and aft, pull lever on the left side of the seat assembly outward. After moving the seat to the desired location, release the lever to lock the seat into position. To adjust for the operator's weight, turn spring tension knob—clockwise to increase tension, counterclockwise to decrease spring tension.



Figure 9

- 1. Seat adjusting level
- 2. Seat adjusting knob

Traction Pedal (Fig. 10)—Controls forward and reverse operation. Depress the top of the pedal to move forward and bottom to move backward. Ground speed depends on how far the pedal is depressed. For no load, maximum ground speed, fully depress the pedal while throttle is in FAST. To stop, reduce foot pressure on traction pedal and allow it to return to center position.

Traction Speed Limiter (Fig.10)—Preset this lever to limit the amount the traction pedal can be depressed in the forward direction to maintain a constant mowing speed.

Lower Mow / Raise Control Lever (Fig. 11)—The lever raises and lowers the cutting units and also starts and stops the reels.

Speedometer (Fig. 11)—Indicates ground speed at which the machine is traveling.

Fuel Gauge (Fig. 11)—Shows the amount of fuel in the tank.

Engine Oil Pressure Warning Light (Fig. 11)—Indicates dangerously low engine oil pressure.

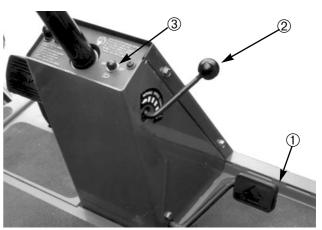


Figure 10

- 1. Traction pedal
- 2. Traction speed limiter
- 3. Reel control light

Engine Coolant Temperature Warning Light (Fig. 11)—The light illuminates and the engine shuts down if the coolant reaches a dangerously high temperature.

Glow Plug Indicator Light (Fig. 11)—When lit, indicates glow plugs are on.



Figure 11

- 1. Lower Mow/Raise Control Lever
- 2. Speedometer
- 3. Fuel Gauge
- 4. Engine Coolant Temperature Gauge
- 5. Engine Oil Pressure Warning Light
- 6. Engine Coolant Temperature Warning Light.
- 7. Glow Plug Indicator Light
- 8. Charge Indicator
- 9. Key Switch
- 10. Throttle Control
- 11. Enable/Disable Switch

Charge Indicator (Fig. 11)—Illuminates when system charging circuit malfunctions.

Key Switch (Fig. 11)—Three positions: OFF, ON/Preheat and START.

Throttle Control (Fig. 11)—Move the control forward to increase engine speed, rearward to decrease speed.

Enable/Disable Switch (Fig. 11)—Used in conjunction with lower mow / raise the control lever to operate reels.

Reel Control Light (Fig. 11)—When lit, indicates the machine is being operated in a way in which the automatic reel speed control cannot obtain the desired clip.

Backlap Switch (Fig. 12)—Used with lower mow /

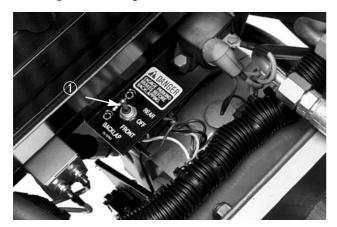


Figure 12

raise con-

trol

1. Backlap Switch

lever for backlapping operation.

Height-of-Cut Selector Knob (Fig. 13)—Turning the knob to the appropriate setting informs the electronic controller at what height of cut the machine is being operated so desired clip may be obtained.

Hour Meter (Fig. 13)—Shows the total hours the machine has been operated.

Brake Pedals (Fig. 14)—Two foot pedals operate individual wheel brakes for turning assistance, park-

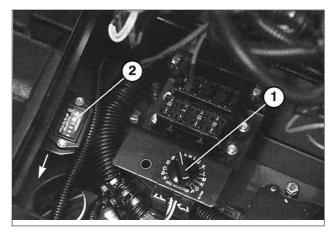


Figure 13

- 1. Height- of-Cut Selector Knob
- 2. Hour Meter

ing and to aid in sidehill traction. A Locking pin connects the pedals for parking brake operation and transport.

Parking Brake Latch (Fig. 14)—A knob on the left side of the console actuates the parking brake lock. To engage the parking brake, connect the pedals with the locking pin, push down on both pedals and pull the parking brake latch out. To release the parking brake, depress both pedals until the parking brake latch retracts.

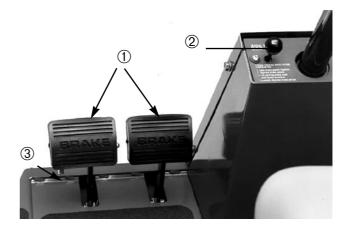


Figure 14

- 1. Brake Pedals
- 2. Parking Brake Latch
- 3. Locking Pin

Operation

! CAUTION

Before servicing or making adjustments to the machine, stop the engine and remove the key from the switch.

STARTING AND STOPPING

IMPORTANT: The fuel system must be bled if any of the following situations have occurred.

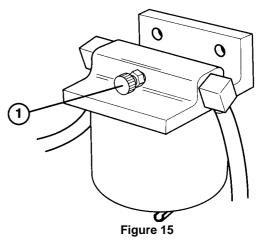
- **A.** Initial start up of a new machine.
- **B.** The engine has ceased running due to lack of fuel.
- **C.** Maintenance has been performed upon fuel system components; i.e., filter replaced, separator serviced, etc.

Refer to Bleeding The Fuel System

- 1. Sit on the seat, keeping your foot off the traction pedal. Assure the parking brake is engaged, the traction pedal is in NEUTRAL, the throttle is in the SLOW position and the ENABLE / DISABLE switch is in the DISABLE position.
- 2. Turn the ignition switch to the ON/Preheat position. An automatic timer will control preheat for 6 seconds. After preheat, turn the key to START. CRANK THE ENGINE FOR NO LONGER THAN 15 SECONDS. Release the key when the engine starts. If additional preheat is required, turn the key to OFF then to the ON/Preheat position. Repeat the process as needed.
- 3. Run the engine at idle speed or partial throttle until the engine warms up.
- 4. To stop, move all controls to NEUTRAL and set the parking brake. Return the throttle to the idle position, turn the key to OFF and remove it from switch.

BLEEDING THE FUEL SYSTEM

- **1.** Raise the hood over the engine.
- **2.** Loosen the air bleed screw on top of the fuel filter/water separator (Fig. 15)



1. Air Bleed Screw

- 3. Turn the key in the ignition switch to ON. The electric fuel pump will begin operation, forcing air out around the air bleed screw. Leave the key in the ON position until a solid stream of fuel flows out around the screw. Tighten the screw and turn the key to OFF.
- 4. Open the air bleed screw on the fuel injection pump with a 12 mm wrench.



Figure 16

1. Fuel injection Pump Bleed Screw

5. Turn the key in the ignition switch to ON. The electric fuel pump will begin operation, forcing air out around the air bleed screw on the fuel injection pump. Leave the key in the ON position until a solid stream of fuel flows out around the screw. Tighten the screw and turn the key to OFF.

Note: Normally the engine should start after the above bleeding procedures. However, if the engine does not start, air may be trapped between the injection pump and the injectors; refer to *Bleeding Air From The Injectors*.

AUTOMATIC CLIP CONTROL

The 5300-D is equipped with an electronic controller which is programmed for automatic clip control. The machine will automatically adjust the reel speed to attain the desired clip as the traction speed changes. For the controller to know what clip is desired, the operator must input the number of blades on the reels and the height of cut setting of the machine.

The range of possible reel speeds is a minimum of about 600 RPM and a maximum of about 1,800 RPM. As long as the desired clip requires a reel speed within this range, the machine will maintain the desired clip. If the traction speed is too slow or too fast to allow the desired clip, the Reel Control light (on the front control panel) will illuminate, indicating that the desired clip is not being maintained. For example, if the traction speed is zero, the reels will still run at the minimum speed of about 600 RPM, which will result in a clip smaller than desired and cause the Reel Control light to illuminate. The ranges of traction speed that will result in the desired clip are as follows for several of the possible heights of cut:

SELECTING CLIP RATE (REEL SPEED)

To achieve a consistent, high quality of cut, and a uniform after-cut appearance, it is important that the reel speed be matched to the height of cut. The machine controller is programmed to automatically control the reel speed to give the correct clip, even as the traction speed changes. To control the reel speed as desired, the controller must know the height of cut of the machine, and whether the machine is equipped with 5- or 8-blade reels.

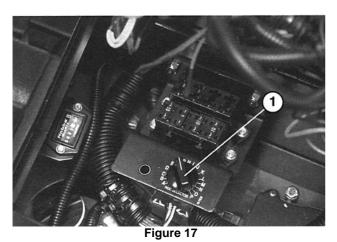
Adjust the height-of-cut selector knob as follows:

- 1. Set the 5 / 8 blade switch to the setting indicating the type of cutting units mounted on the machine.
- 2. Verify the height-of-cut settings on the cutting units. Using the column of the chart listing either 5- or 8-blade reels, look down the chart to find the height-of-cut listing nearest the actual height-of-cut setting. Look across the chart to find the letter corresponding to that height of cut.
- **3.** Turn the height-of-cut selector knob to the letter setting determined in step 2.
- 4. Operate the machine for several days until the grass being cut is "conditioned" to being mowed with this machine. Then examine the cut to ensure satisfaction with the quality of cut. The height-of-cut knob may be set one position on either side of the position shown on the chart to account for differences in grass condition, grass length removed, and the personal preference of the superintendent.

Full Speed—There may be times when it is desirable for the reels to run at full speed, regardless of the traction speed of the machine. Examples of this are vertical cutting or heavy scalping. In such cases,

No. of Blades per C.U.	Height of Cut	Minimum Traction Speed	Maximum Traction Speed
8	6 mm (0.25 in.)	1.9 kmh (1.2 mph)	6.4 kmh (4.0 mph)
8	12 mm (0.50 in.)	4.0 kmh (2.5 mph)	12.9 kmh (8.0 mph)
5	12 mm (0.50 in.)	2.7 kmh (1.7 mph)	8 kmh (5.0 mph)
5	2 cm (0.88 in.)	4.3 kmh (2.7 mph)	13.4 kmh (8.3 mph)

the height-of-cut selector knob may be set to position "A", which will direct the machine controller to run the reels at full speed at all times. Also, set the height-of-cut selector knob to position "A" when troubleshooting the electrical system.



1. Height -of- cut selector knob

REEL CONTROL LIGHT

The reel control light on the front control panel is used to tell the operator that the machine controller is able to achieve the desired clip. If the machine is operated at a traction speed which is too low or too high, the machine controller may not be able to set the reel speed at the required value to achieve the desired clip. If this occurs, the reel control light will illuminate.

If the reel control light illuminates, it means one of the following things:

- 1. The machine is being operated at a traction speed too slow to allow desired clip.
- 2. The machine is being operated at a traction speed too fast to allow desired clip. To correct the situation, change the traction speed until the light goes out.

CLIP RATE (REEL SPEED) SELECTIONS CHART

8-Blade Cutting Unit

5-Blade Cutting Unit

Height of Cut Knob Position	Height of Cut	Height of Cut Knob Position	Height of Cut
Α	Full Speed	Α	Full Speed
В	6.4 mm	В	12.7 mm
С	7.6 mm	С	14.0 mm
D	8.9 mm	D	15.2 mm
E	10.2 mm	E	16.5 mm
F	11.4 mm	F	17.8 mm
G	12.7 mm	G	19.0 mm
Н	14.0 mm	н	20.3 mm
1	15.2 mm	I	21.6 mm
J	16.5 mm	J	22.9 mm
K	17.8 mm	K	24.0 mm
L	19.0 mm	L	25.4 mm
M	20.3 mm	M	27.0 mm
N	21.6 mm	N	30.0 mm
0	22.9 mm	0	33.0 mm
Р	24.1 mm	Р	36.0 mm

FULL SPEED—Cutting units always set to full speed in this position.

3. A foreign object, such as a stick, piece of turf, etc., is stuck in the reel, restricting rotation.

If changing the traction speed does not cause the light to go out, and the reel control light remains illuminated regardless of traction speed, then a service issue is required. In this case contact your local authorized Toro Distributor

ADJUSTING LIFT ARM DOWN PRESSURE

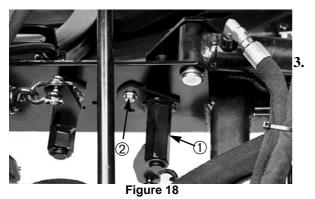
The down pressure spring on each cutting unit lift arm can be adjusted to compensate for different turf conditions. Increased down pressure will help keep the cutting units on the ground when mowing at higher speeds and helps maintain a uniform heightof-cut in rough conditions or in areas of thatch buildup.

Each down pressure spring may be adjusted to one of four settings. Each increment increases or decreases down pressure on cutting unit by 3 kg (8 lbs.).

- 1. Position the machine on a level surface, lower the cutting units, stop the engine, engage the parking brakes and remove the key from the ignition switch.
- **2.** Remove the floor plate in front of the seat and open the hood to gain access to all (5) springs.

CAUTION

Springs are under tension, use caution when adjusting.



- 1. Spring Bracket Hex Shaft
- 2. Retaining Bracket

- Place an open end wrench on the hex shaft of the spring bracket.
- **4.** Remove the capscrew and locknut securing retaining bracket while rotating hex shaft to relieve spring tension.
- 5. Move the spring bracket to the desired location and install the capscrew and locknut, while turning the hex shaft to relieve spring tension.

TOWING THE TRACTION UNIT

If it becomes necessary to tow the machine, tow it forward only and at a speed no greater than 16 kmh (10 mph).

Note: If you exceed these towing limits, severe damage to the hydrostatic transmission may occur.

To tow a disabled machine:

1. Loosen and remove the capscrews securing the drive shaft to the engine. Loosen the capscrews clamping the drive shaft to transmission (Fig. 19). Remove the drive shaft.



Figure 19

1. Drive shaft

Important: If the drive shaft is not removed before towing, the transmission input shaft will not be able to rotate, not the allowing transmission to maintain its internal lubrication. Severe damage to the transmission may occur.

2. Attach a suitable chain, strap or cable to the

center of the front frame member (Fig. 20).

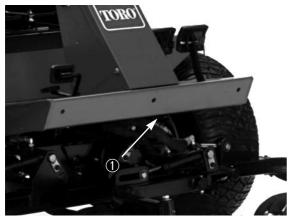


Figure 20

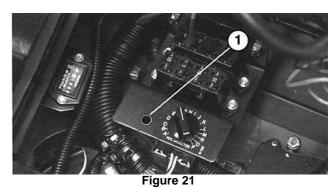
1. Center of Front Frame Member

Note: Lock both brake pedals together before towing.

- **3.** Attach the other end of the towing device to a vehicle that is capable of towing the machine safely at speeds below 16 kmh (10 mph).
- **4.** An operator must be on the machine to steer it and keep the traction pedal fully depressed in the forward position while towing.
- 5. When towing is completed, reinstall the drive shaft as shown in Figure 19. (The splines are designed to allow assembly only when the two halves of the shaft are properly oriented.)

DIAGNOSTIC LIGHT (Fig. 21)

The RM 5300-D is equipped with a diagnostic light which indicates if the electronic controller is functioning correctly. The green diagnostic light is located under the control panel, next to the fuse block. When the electronic controller is functioning correctly and the key switch is moved to the ON position, the controller diagnostic light will be illuminated. The light will blink if the controller detects a malfunction in the electrical system. The light will stop blinking and automatically reset when the key switch is turned to the OFF position.



1. Electron~ Controller Light

When the controller diagnostic light blinks, one of the following problems has been detected by the controller:

- 1. One of the outputs has been shorted.
- **2.** One of the outputs is open circuited.

Using the diagnostic display, determine which output is malfunctioning; refer to *Checking Interlock Switches*.

If the diagnostic light is not illuminated when the key switch is in the ON position, this indicates that the electronic controller is not operating. Possible causes are:

- 1. Loopback is not connected.
- **2.** The light is burned out.
- **3.** Fuses are blown.
- **4.** Not functioning correctly.

Check electrical connections, input fuses and the diagnostic light bulb to determine malfunction. Make sure the loopback connector is secured to the wire harness connector.

DIAGNOSTIC ACE DISPLAY

The RM 5300-D is equipped with an electronic controller that controls most machine functions. The controller determines what function is required for various input switches (i.e., seat switch, key switch, etc.) and turns on the outputs to actuate solenoids or relays for the requested machine function.

For the electronic controller to control the machine as desired, each of the input switches, output solenoids and relays must be connected and functioning properly.

The Diagnostic ACE display is a tool to help the user verify correct electrical functions of the machine.

CHECKING INTERLOCK SWITCHES

<u>[</u>

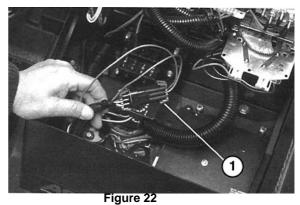
CAUTION

THE INTERLOCK SWITCHES ARE FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE OPERATOR AND BYSTANDERS, AND TO ENSURE CORRECT OPERATION OF THE MA-CHINE, SO DO NOT BYPASS OR DISCONNECT THEM. CHECK OPERATION OF THE SWITCHES DAILY TO ASSURE INTERLOCK SYSTEM IS OPERATING. IF A SWITCH IS DEFECTIVE, REPLACE IT BEFORE OPERATING. THE CONTROLLER HAS THE ABILITY TO DETECT BY-PASSED SWITCHES AND MAY PREVENT THE OPERATION OF THE MACHINE IF SWITCHES ARE BYPASSED. DO NOT RELY ENTIRELY ON SAFETY SWITCHES—USE COMMON SENSE!

The purpose of the interlock switches are to prevent the engine from cranking or starting unless the traction pedal is in NEUTRAL, the Enable / Disable switch is in DISABLE and the Lower Mow / Raise control is in the neutral position. In addition, the engine will stop when the traction pedal is depressed with operator off the seat.

To verify interlock switch function:

- 1. Park machine on a level surface, lower the cutting units, stop the engine and engage the parking brake.
- Open control panel cover. Locate wire harness and connectors near controller. Carefully unplug loop back connector from harness connector.



1. Wire Harness and Connectors

- **3.** Connect the Diagnostic ACE display connector to the harness connector. Make sure correct overlay decal is positioned on Diagnostic ACE display.
- **4.** Turn the key switch to the ON position, but do not start the machine.

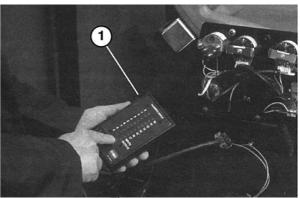


Figure 23

1. Diagnostic ACE

Note: The red text on the overlay decal refers to input switches and the green text refers to outputs.

- 5. The "inputs displayed" LED, on lower right column of the Diagnostic ACE, should be illuminated. If "outputs displayed" LED is illuminated, press the toggle button, on Diagnostic ACE, to change LED to "inputs displayed".
- **6.** The Diagnostic ACE will illuminate the LED associated with each of the inputs when that input switch is closed.

Individually, change each of the switches from open to closed (i.e., sit on the seat, engage the traction pedal, etc.), and note that the appropri-

ate LED on Diagnostic ACE will blink on and off when corresponding switch is closed. Repeat on each switch that it is possible to be changed by hand.

7. If the switch is closed and the appropriate LED does not turn on, check all wiring and connections to the switch and/or check the switches with an ohm meter. Replace any defective switches and repair any defective wiring.

The Diagnostic ACE also has the ability to detect which output solenoids or relays are on. This is a quick way to determine if a machine malfunction is electrical or hydraulic.

To verify output function:

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface, lower the cutting units, stop the engine and engage the parking brake.
- Open the control panel cover. Locate the wire harness and connectors near controller. Carefully unplug the loopback connector from the harness connector. Set the height-of-cut selector knob to position "A".
- **3.** Connect the Diagnostic ACE connector to the harness connector. Make sure the correct overlay decal is positioned on the Diagnostic ACE.
- **4.** Turn the key switch to the ON position, but do not start the machine.

Note: The red text on the overlay decal refers to input switches and the green text refers to outputs.

5. The "outputs displayed" LED, on the lowerright column of the Diagnostic ACE, should be
illuminated. If the "inputs displayed" LED is
illuminated, press the toggle button, on the
Diagnostic ACE to change the LED to "outputs
displayed".

Note: It may be necessary to toggle between "inputs displayed" and "outputs displayed" several times to do the following step. To toggle back and forth, press the toggle button once. This may be done as often as required. DO NOT HOLD THE BUTTON.

6. Sit on the seat and attempt to operate the desired function of the machine. The appropriate output LED's should illuminate to indicate that the ECU is turning on that function.

Note: If any output LED is blinking, this indicates an electrical problem with that OUTPUT. Repair / replace defective electrical parts immediately. To reset a blinking LED, turn the key switch "OFF", then back "ON".

If no output LED's are blinking, but the correct output LED's do not illuminate, verify that the required input switches are in the necessary positions to allow that function to occur. Verify correct switch function.

If the output LED's are on as specified, but the machine does not function properly, this indicates a non-electrical problem. Repair as necessary.

Note: Due to electrical system constraints, the output LED's for "START", "PREHEAT" and "ETR/ALT" may not blink even though an electrical problem may exist for those functions. If the machine problem appears to be with one of these functions, be certain to check the electrical circuit with a volt / ohm meter to verify that no electrical problem exists to these functions.

If each output switch is in the correct position and functioning correctly, but the output LED's are not correctly illuminated, this indicates an ECU problem. If this occurs, contact your Toro Distributor for assistance.

IMPORTANT: The Diagnostic ACE display must not be left connected to the machine. It is not designed to withstand the environment of the machine's every day use. When done using Diagnostic ACE, disconnect it from the machine and reconnect loopback connector to harness connector. Machine will not operate without loopback connector installed on harness. Store Diagnostic ACE in dry, secure location in shop, not on machine.

LEAK DETECTOR OPERATION

The TurfDefender is an electronic hydraulic fluid leak detection device that fits inside the hydraulic tank of your machine. It is a pressure-based system that requires a sealed hydraulic tank to function properly. Very small changes to the oil level in the sealed tank result in a large movement of the leak detector's internal float. The TurfDefender's internal microprocessor analyzes the float movement and determines if there is a leak in the system.

- Turn the ignition key to the "ON" position to start the system. (The system will reset itself whenever the ignition key is moved to the "OFF" position. Wait 5 seconds, then move the key to "ON" position to restart the system.)
- When the machine is started, the alarm will give one short beep to indicate that everything is operating properly. If the alarm makes no noise at all, it should be checked by a mechanic.
- If the alarm gives four short beeps it means a system problem has been detected and it should be checked by a mechanic. The 4-beep pattern will continue for approximately 1-1/2 minutes, then stop, unless the ignition key is moved to the "OFF" position.

Note: The low or high oil level 4-beep signal may occur if machine is started on a slope. Move the machine to a level surface, move the ignition key to the "OFF" position, wait 5 seconds, then move the key to the "ON" position to restart the system.

 If the alarm gives a loud continuous beep while mowing and shuts off the cutting units, it means that a leak has been detected. On the traction unit, the red light on the steering console will also blink, indicating the ECU has shut off the cutting units.

CHECKING LEAK DETECTOR OPERATION

The operation of the TurfDefender should be checked if any of the following conditions occur:

- **a.** No beeps are heard when the ignition switch is turned "ON".
- **b.** Any time the machine gives a series of four short beeps.
- **c.** False alarms occur.
- 1. Park the machine on a level surface, stop the engine and engage the parking brake.
- 2. Open the control panel cover. Locate the leak detector harness loopback connector with the hydraulic symbol tag. Carefully unplug the loopback connector from the harness connector.
- Connect the Diagnostic ACE display connector to the correct harness loopback connector.
 Install the TurfDefender overlay decal (supplied with the leak detector kit) onto the Diagnostic ACE (Fig. 24).
- **4.** Turn the key switch to the ON position, but do not start the machine.

Note: The red text on the overlay decal refers to inputs and the green text refers to outputs.

5. The red "Inputs displayed" LED (Light Emitting Diode), on lower right column of the Diagnostic ACE, should be illuminated. If the green "Outputs displayed" LED is illuminated, press and release the toggle button on the Diagnostic ACE, to change LED to "Inputs displayed". Do not hold the button down (Fig. 24).

If the TurfDefender is functioning normally:

- 1. When the "Inputs displayed" LED is lit, the actual Float position (1 or 2 LED's on left row) and "Oil level OK" LED should be displayed (Fig. 25).
- 2. Press the toggle button until the green "Outputs displayed" LED is lit. "Valve ON", "data line" and "self diagnostic" LED's should be lit steadily. "Alarm ON" LED may be displayed temporarily (about 5 seconds) (Fig. 26).

Note: If "data line" or "self diagnostic" LED's are blinking, there is a problem in the system.

If No beeps are heard:

- Check the alarm wires to make sure they are not disconnected, broken or "+" and "-" are reversed.
- **2.** Toggle "outputs displayed" on Diagnostic ACE display (Fig. 26).
 - Alarm open circuit (LED blinking): Check / replace the TurfDefender alarm or wires.
 - Alarm short circuit (LED blinking): Check / replace the TurfDefender alarm or wires.

If four beeps are heard:

The most common cause for a 4-beep signal is from an improper oil level reading. Make sure the machine is on a level surface when checking the oil level. Since the oil level will vary with temperature, it is best to check when cool.

- 1. When toggling "input", a LED should display (Fig. 25) any of the following problems diagnosed by the TurfDefender:
 - Oil level low: Position machine on a level surface and fill to proper level.
 - Oil level high: Position machine on a level surface and remove excess oil until proper level is attained.
 - Oil too hot: Allow machine to cool and clean any debris from oil cooler.
 - Air leak in the system: Assure tank cap is tight or check for leak in tank.

Note: Only large air leaks can be detected by the hand-held Diagnostic ACE. A leak-down test is required to identify small air leaks. Consult your Authorized Toro Distributor for assistance.

- **2.** When toggling "output" a LED should display (Fig. 26) any of the following problems diagnosed by the TurfDefender:
 - Valve open circuit (LED blinking): Check / replace TurfDefender electric solenoid valve or wires.
 - Valve short circuit (LED blinking): Check / replace TurfDefender electric solenoid valve or wires.

- Self-diagnostic LED Blinking: Internal circuit failure in TurfDefender. Consult your Authorized Toro Distributor for assistance.
- Data Line LED Blinking: Problem with communications between the machine and the leak detector; or problem with wires.
 Consult your Authorized Toro Distributor for assistance.

Note: If the machine must be operable with leak detector disabled, unplug the leak detector 4-pin connector from the 4-pin connector of the main harness. Do not unplug the leak detector alarm.

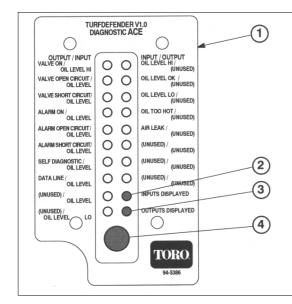
If false alarms occur:

- 1. The oil level may be low, causing air to be drawn out of the system. Check the oil level.
- 2. Extremely hard left turns can cause oil to slosh to the right, exposing the suction line and purging air out of system. Normal maneuvering should not cause this condition.
- 3. An air leak in the system. Check to make sure the cap is securely on the tank. Contact your local authorized Toro Distributor for further assistance with an air leak problem.
- 4. To check for a system problem, install the handheld Diagnostic ACE, toggle input/output and check for any problems previously discussed.

Note: The system will reset itself whenever the ignition key is turned to the "OFF" position. The hand-held Diagnostic ACE must be connected and observed during a false alarm. Once the ignition key is turned to the "OFF" position, the TurfDefender will reset itself.

5. Your Authorized Toro Distributor has equipment to analyze system problems.

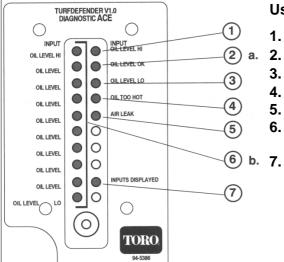
IMPORTANT: The Diagnostic ACE displays must not be left connected to the machine. It is not designed to withstand the environment of the machine's everyday use. When you are finished using the Diagnostic ACE, disconnect it from the machine and reconnect the loopback connectors to the harness connectors. The machine will not operate without the loopback connectors installed on the harness.



Diagnostic ACE Display Functions

- 1. Overlay decal (English shown)
- 2. "Inputs Displayed" LED (Red)
- 3. "Outputs Displayed" LED (Green)
- 4. Toggle button

Figure 24



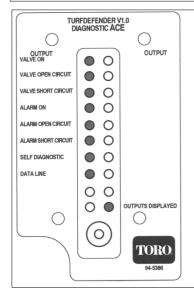
Using "Inputs Displayed" (Red Text)

- LED is lit if the oil level is too high
- 2. LED is lit if the oil level is too high
- LED is lit if the oil level is too high
- 4. LED is lit if the oil level is too high
- 5. LED is lit if a system air leak has been detected.
- 6. One or two LED's are lit displaying the relative position of the Turfdefender's internal float.
- 7. "Inputs Displayed" LED "ON" (Red)

Normal Operation:

- a. "Oil Level OK" LED lit
- b. 1 or 2 LEDs are lit on the left column

Figure 25



Using "Outputs Displayed" (Green Text)

Normal Operation:

- a. "Valve ON" LED lit steadily
- b. "Self-Diagnostic" LED lit steadily
- c. "DATA LINE" LED lit steadily
- d. "Alarm ON" LED lit temporarily

Problem Diagnosed:

The appropriate LED will blink to identify the problem.

Figure 26

Store the Diagnostic ACE in a dry, secure location in the shop, not on the machine.

HYDRAULIC VALVE SOLENOID FUNCTIONS

Use the list below to identify and describe the different functions of the solenoids in the hydraulic manifold. Each solenoid must be energized for the function to occur.

Solenoid	Function
VS1,S1	Front reel circuit
VS2,S2	Rear reel circuit
S3	Lift / lower front wing cutting units
S4	Lift / lower center cutting unit
S5	Lift / lower rear cutting unit
S 6	Lower any cutting units
S7	Lift any cutting units
S8,S9	Backlap any cutting units

HEIGHT-OF-CUT SELECTION POTENTIOMETER REPLACE-MENT

The height-of-cut selection potentiometer is factory calibrated. If the height-of-cut selection potentiometer should be replaced for any reason, the new potentiometer must be calibrated to assure correct clip . If the potentiometer is not calibrated correctly, the clip may be as much as 2 or 3 settings different from the desired setting. This calibration must be done by your Toro distributor.

OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

Familiarization—Before mowing grass, practice operating the machine in an open area. Start and stop the engine. Operate in forward and reverse. Lower and raise the cutting units and engage and disengage the reels. When you feel familiar with the machine, practice operating up and down slopes at different speeds.

The brakes can be used to assist in turning the machine. However, use them carefully, especially on soft or wet grass conditions because the turf may be torn accidentally. Individual turning brakes may also be used to help maintain traction. For example, in

some slope conditions, the uphill wheel slips and loses traction. If this situation occurs, depress the uphill turn pedal gradually and intermittently until the uphill wheel stops slipping, thus, increasing traction on the downhill wheel.

Warning: When operating the machine, always use the seat belt and roll-over protection system.

Warning System—If a warning light comes on during operation, stop the machine immediately and correct the problem before continuing operation. Serious damage could occur if the machine is operated with a malfunction.

Mowing—Start the engine and move the throttle to FAST so the engine is running at maximum speed. Move the ENABLE / DISABLE switch to ENABLE and use the LOWER MOW / RAISE lever to control the cutting units (front cutting units are timed to lower before the rear cutting units). To move forward and cut grass, press the traction pedal forward. Maintain a speed which does not result in the Reel Control Light illuminating. Gradually increase or decrease traction speed to ensure proper clip.

Transport—Move the ENABLE / DISABLE switch to DISABLE and raise the cutting units to the transport position. Be careful when driving between objects so you do not accidentally damage the machine or cutting units. Use extra care when operating the machine on slopes. Drive slowly and avoid sharp turns on slopes to prevent roll overs. The cutting units should be lowered when going downhill for steering control.

Selecting Clip Rate (**Reel Speed**)—The automatic clip control programmed into the machine controller requires that it be told at what height of cut the machine is being operated and whether the machine is equipped with 5- or 8-blade reels. Refer to *Selecting Clip Rate* (*Reel Speed*).

When the machine is being operated in such a way that it can control the reel speed to achieve the desired clip, the reel control light will not light. If the reel control light is illuminated, the traction speed is too low or too high to allow the machine to achieve the desired clip.

Maintenance

A CAUTION

Before servicing or making adjustments to the machine, stop the engine and remove the key from the switch.

GREASING BEARINGS AND BUSHINGS

The machine has grease fittings that must be lubricated regularly with No. 2 General Purpose Lithium Base Grease. If the machine is operated under normal conditions, lubricate all bearings and bushings after every 50 hours of operation.



Figure 27



Figure 28

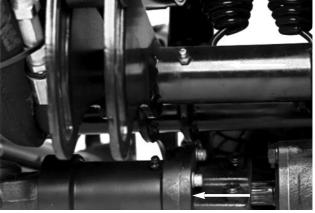


Figure 29



Figure 30

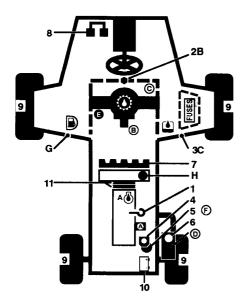


Figure 31





Figure 33



CHECK/SERVICE (DAILY)

- 1. Oil level, engine
- 2. Oil level, transmission
- 3. Oil level, hydraulic tank
- 4. Coolant level, radiator
- 5. Fuel/Water separator
- 6. Precleaner—air cleaner
- 7. Radiator screen
- 8. Brake function
- 9. Tire pressure
- 10. Battery
- 11. Belts (Fan, alt)

FLUID SPECIFICATIONS/ CHANGE INTERVALS

	FLUID TYPE	CAPACITY	CHANGE FLUID	CHANGE FILTER	FILTER PART NO.
CAPACITY	SAE 10W-30	3.7	50 hours	100 hours	67-4330
TRANSMISSION OIL	Mobil 424	4.7 l*	800 hours	800 hours	75-1330
HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT OIL	Mobil 424	32.2 .	800 hours	Where indicator is in red zone	75-1310
AIR CLEANER			ı	400 hours	27-7110
FUEL PUMP				400 hours	43-2550
WATER SEPARATOR				400 hours	63-8300
FUEL TANK	No. 2 Diesel	37.91			
COOLANT	50/50 Ethylene glycol/water	9.1 l			

^{*}INCLUDING FILTER

Minimum Recommended Maintenance Intervals

Maintenance Procedure Maintenance Interval & Service Check battery fluid level Every 50 Every 100 Every Every Every Check battery cable connectors 400 hours 200 hours 800 hours hours hours Lubricate all grease fittings Change engine oil †Check Instpect air filter, dust cup and baffle fan and alternator belt tension ‡Replace engine oil filter Inspect cooling system hoses Drain moisture—hydraulic tank Drain moisture—Fuel tank Check the reel bearing preload †Torque wheel lug nuts Service the air filter Replace the fuel pump filter Replace the fuel/water separator filter Inspect traction linkage movement ‡Torque head and adjust valves ‡Check engine rpm (idle and full throttle) Change hydraulic fluid †Change transmission fluid †Replace transmission filter Check rear wheel toe-in Rear axle service -Pack rear axle bearings (2-wheel drive) -Change rear axle lubricant (4-wheel drive) †Initial break in at 10 hours ‡Initial break in at 50 hours Replace moving hoses Replace safety switches **Annual Recommendations:** Flush the cooling system and replace fluid Items are recommended every 1600 hours or Drain and flush the fuel tank two years, whichever occurs first. Drain and flush the hydraulic tank

Daily Maintenance Checklist

- 1. Safety interlock operation
- 2. Brake operation
- 3. Engine oil & fuel filter
- 4. Cooling system fluid level
- 5. Drain water/fuel separator
- 6. Air filter/precleaner condition
- 7. Radiator& screen for debris
- 8. Unusua lengine noises¹
- 9. Unusual operating noises
- 10. Transmission oil level
- 11. Transmission filter indicator²
- 12. Hydraulic hoses for drainage
- 13. Fluid leaks
- 14. Tire pressure
- 15. Instrument operation
- 16 Reel-to-bedknife adjustment
- 17. Height-of-cut adjustment
- 18. Cutting units shear pin
- 18. Lubricate all grease fillings³
- 19. Touch-up damaged paint
- 1= Check glow plug and injector nozzles, if hard starting, excess smoke or rough running is noted.
- 2= Check with the engine running and the oil at operating temperature.
- 3= Immediately after every washing, regardless of the interval listed.



Figure 34

1. Pre Cleaner Bowl

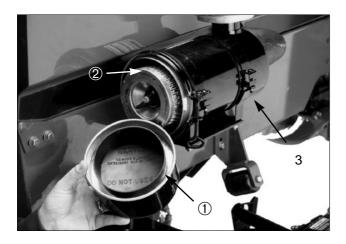


Figure 35

- 1. Dust Cup & Baffle
- 2. Filter Element
- 3. Air Cleaner Body

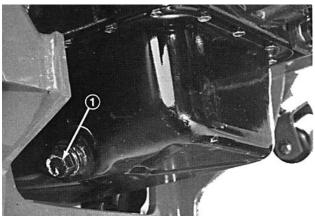


Figure 36

1. Engine Oil Drain Plug



Figure 37

1. Engine Oil Filter

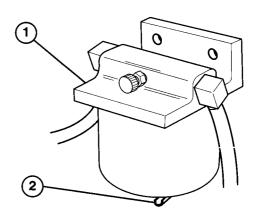


Figure 38

- Fuel Filter/Water Separator Drain plug
- 1. 2.

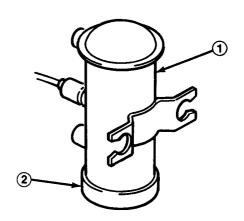
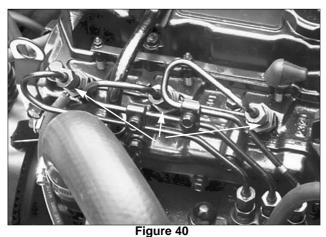


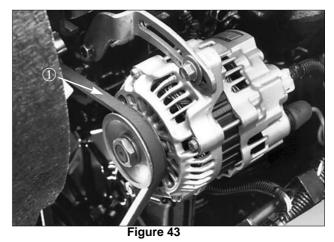
Figure 39

1. Fuel pump

2. Cover



1. Fuel Injectors (3)



1. Alternator Belt

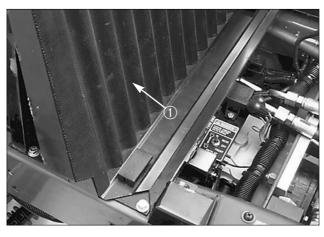


Figure 41

1. Pull up screen and slide it out of the mounting tracts. Clean it thoroughly with water or compressed air.

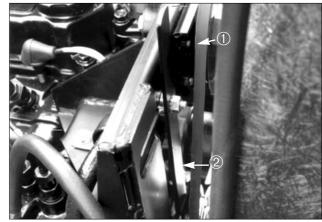


Figure 44

1. Cooling Fan Belt

2. Tensioner Lever

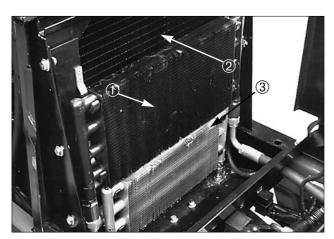


Figure 42

- Oil Cooler
- 2. Radiator

3. Transmission Oil Cooler

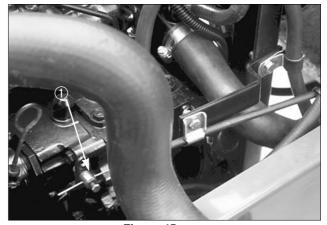


Figure 45

1. Injection Pump Lever Arm

IMPORTANT: Use only hydraulic oils specified. Other fluids could cause system damage.

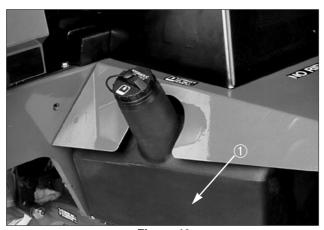


Figure 46

1. Hydraulic Reservoir

REPLACING THE HYDRAULIC FILTER

The hydraulic system filter head is equipped with a service interval indicator. With the engine running, view the indicator; it should be in the GREEN zone. When the indicator is in the RED zone, the filter element should be changed. Use the Toro replacement filter (Part No. 75-1310).

IMPORTANT: Use of any other filter may void the warranty on some components.

CHECKING HYDRAULIC LINES AND HOSES

Daily, check hydraulic lines and hoses for leaks, kinked lines, loose mounting supports, wear, loose fittings, weather deterioration and chemical deterioration. Make all necessary repairs before operating.

WARNING

Keep your body and hands away from pin-hole leaks or nozzles that eject high-pressure hydraulic fluid. Use cardboard or paper to find hydraulic leaks. Hydraulic fluid escaping under pressure can penetrate skin and cause injury. Fluid accidentally injected into the skin must be surgically removed within a few hours by a doctor familiar with this form of injury or gangrene may result.

ADJUSTING THE TRACTION DRIVE FOR NEUTRAL

The machine must not creep when traction pedal is released. If it does creep, an adjustment is required.

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface, shut the engine off and lower the cutting units to the floor. Depress only the right brake pedal and engage the parking brake.
- Jack up the left side of the machine until the front tire is off the shop floor. Support the machine with jack stands to prevent it from falling accidentally.
- **3.** Under the right side of the machine, loosen the locknut on the traction adjustment cam.



Figure 47

1. Traction Adjustment Cam

! WARNING

The engine must be running for the final adjustment of the traction cam. To guard against possible personal injury, keep hands, feet, face and other parts of the body away from the muffler, other hot parts or the engine, and other rotating parts.

- **4.** Start the engine and rotate the cam hex in either direction until the wheel ceases rotation.
- **5.** Tighten the locknut securing adjustment.
- 6. Stop the engine and release the right brake. Remove the jack stands and lower the machine to the shop floor. Test drive the machine to make sure it does not creep.

ADJUSTING THE CUTTING UNIT LIFT RATE

The cutting unit lift circuit is equipped with (2) adjustable valves used to ensure the center and rear cuttings units do not raise too quickly and bang against lift stops. Adjust the cutting units as follows:

Center Cutting Unit

1. Locate the valve behind the access panel above the operator's platform.



Figure 48

- 1. Center cutting unit adjustment valve.
- **2.** Loosen the setscrew on the valve and rotate the valve approximately one turn clockwise.
- 3. Verify lift rate adjustment by raising and lowering the cutting unit several times. Readjust as required.

4. After the desired lift rate is attained, tighten the setscrew to lock adjustment.

Outside Front Cutting Units

- 1. Locate the valve on the left front lift cylinder (under the foot rest).
- 2. Loosen the setscrew on the valve and rotate it $\frac{1}{2}$ turn clockwise.
- **3.** Verify the lift rate adjustment by raising and lowering the cutting unit several times. Readjust as required.
- **4.** After the desired lift rate is attained, tighten the setscrew to lock adjustment.

Rear Cutting Units

1. Raise the hood and locate the valve on the left rear side of the machine.



Figure 49

- Rear cutting units adjustment valve.
- 2. Loosen the setscrew on the valve and rotate the valve approximately one turn clockwise.
- **3.** Verify the lift rate adjustment by raising and lowering the cutting units several times. Readjust as required.
- **4.** After the desired lift rate is attained, tighten the setscrew to lock adjustment.

CHECKING AND ADJUSTING TRACTION LINKAGE

Due to normal wear in the control linkage and hydrostatic transmission, an increased amount of force

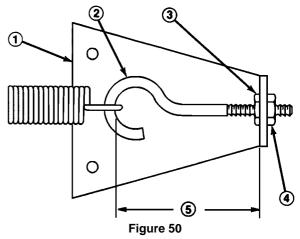
may be required to return the transmissions to neutral. Periodically check the machine.

To Check Traction Linkage

- 1. On a large, flat open area, drive the machine at full throttle and full traction speed.
- **2.** Remove your foot from the traction pedal and measure the distance required for the machine to come to a stop.
- 3. If the distance required to stop is greater than 5.5 meters, (18 feet) an adjustment to the traction linkage is required. Go to the next step.

To Adjust Traction Linkage

- **1.** Park the machine on a level surface, lower the cutting units to the floor and shut the engine off.
- 2. Connect the brake pedals together with the locking pin, push both pedals down and pull the parking brake latch out.
- 3. Loosen the outer hex nut securing the eye bolt to the spring anchor plate.
- **4.** Shorten the distance to decrease the time required to stop the machine.
- 5. Rotate clockwise, until the distance between inside of the eye bolt loop and inside of spring anchor plate is shortened 3 mm (1/8"). Tighten the hex nut.
- **6.** Operate the machine and check stopping distance. Repeat procedure if required.



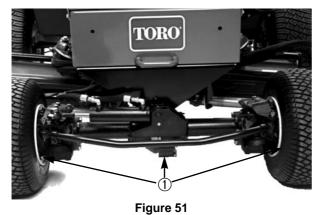
- 1. Spring Anchor Plate
- 2. Eye bolt
- 3. Inner locknut
- 4. Outer Locknut

Note: Shortening the distance between the inside of the eye bolt loop and the inside of the spring anchor plate increases the force on the traction pedal. Do not over adjust.

CHANGING TRANSMISSION FLUID

Change the transmission oil after every 800 hours of operation, in normal conditions.

- 1. Position the machine on a level surface, lower the cutting units, stop the engine, engage the parking brakes and remove the key from the ignition switch.
- 2. Clean the area around the suction line on the bottom of the transmission. Place the drain pan under the line.
- **3.** Remove the line from the transmission, allowing the oil to drain into the drain pan.
- **4.** Reinstall the suction line to the transmission.
- **5.** Fill with oil.
- 6. Before starting the engine after changing transmission oil, disconnect the run (ETR) solenoid on the engine, and crank the engine several times for 15 seconds. This allows the charge pump to fill the transmission with oil before the engine is started.



Drain Plugs (3)

CHANGING REAR AXLE LUBRICANT (Model 03531 only)

After every 800 hours of operation the oil in the rear axle must be changed.

- 1. Position the machine on a level surface.
- 2. Clean area around the (3) drain plugs, (1) on each end and (1) in the center.

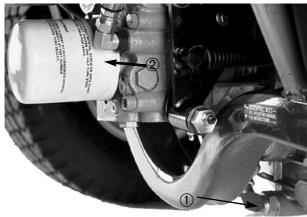


Figure 52

- Transmission Suction Line
- Transmission Oil Filter
- **3.** Remove plugs allowing the oil to drain into drain pans.
- After the oil is drained, apply thread locking compound on drain plug threads and reinstall in the axle.
- 5. Fill the axle with lubricant.

REAR WHEEL TOE-IN

After every 800 operating hours or annually, check the rear wheel toe-in.

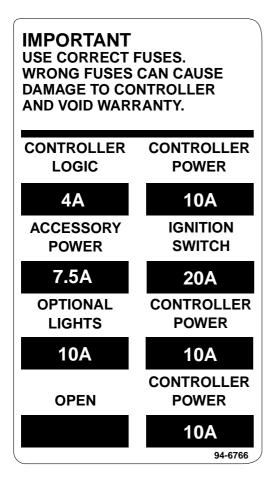
Measure center-to-center distance (at axle height) at the front and rear of the steering tires. The front measurement must be 3 mm less than the rear measurement.



Figure 53

- 1. Tie Rod(s)
- 2. To adjust, loosen the clamps at both ends of the tie rod.
- Rotate the tie rod(s) to more the front of the tire inward or outward.
- Tighten the tie rod clamps when the adjustment is correct.

FUSES



BACKLAPPING

DANGER

Reels may stall while backlapping. Do not attempt to restart reels by hand or while backlapping. Stop the engine and turn the height of cut knob one position toward "A".

Note: When backlapping, the front units all operate together, and the rear units operate together.

- 1. Position the machine on a level surface, lower the cutting units, stop the engine, engage the parking brake, and move the Enable/Disable switch to the Disable position.
- **2.** Unlock and raise the seat to expose controls.
- **3.** Open the control cover and turn the height-of-cut selection knob to position "P".

- **4.** Make initial reel-to-bedknife adjustments appropriate for backlapping on all cutting units that are to be backlapped.
- **5.** Start the engine and run at idle speed.

DANGER

To avoid personal injury, never place hands or feet in the reel area while the engine is running. Changing engine speed while backlapping may cause reels to stall. Never change engine speed while backlapping. Only backlap at idle engine speed. Never attempt to turn reels by hand or foot while the engine is running.

- **6.** Select either the front or rear on the backlap switch to determine whether the front or rear reels will be backlapped.
- 7. Move Enable/Disable switch to the Enable position. Move the Lower Mow / Lift control forward to start back-lapping operation on designated reels.

DANGER

To avoid personal injury, be certain that you are clear of the cutting units before proceeding.

- **8.** Apply lapping compound with the long handle brush supplied with the machine. Never use a short-handled brush.
- 9. If the reel to be backlapped turns too slowly, or erratically, stop the engine and turn height-of-cut knob one position toward "A". Repeat steps 5–9. (Position "P" will provide the slowest speed for backlapping. Position "A" will provide the fastest speed for backlapping. New motors will generally backlap at position "P", but with time, the set point may need to be moved closer to "A" to account for motor wear.)
- 10. To make an adjustment to the cutting units while backlapping, turn the reels OFF by moving the Lower Mow/Raise lever rearward; move the Enable/Disable switch to Disable and turn the engine OFF. After adjustments have been completed, repeat steps 5–9.

- **11.** Repeat this procedure for all cutting units to be backlapped.
- 12. When backlap operation has been completed, return the backlap switch to OFF, lower the seat and tighten both locking bolts securely, and wash all lapping compound off the cutting units. Adjust cutting unit reel-to-bedknife as needed.

IMPORTANT: If the backlap switch is not returned to OFF position after backlapping, the cutting units will not raise or function properly.

IMPORTANT: If the cutting units are removed for backlapping (such as when bedknives are changed) the reel speed sensors must be removed from the left front and the left rear cutting units. Before backlapping, install and torque a 9.5 mm (3/8") capscrew in the left end of the reel shaft with which to drive the reel when backlapping. DO NOT attempt to use the capscrew which attaches the magnet to drive the reel for backlapping, this capscrew must be torqued to a maximum of 5 ft-lbs. to avoid damage to the magnet.

PREPARATION FOR SEASON-AL STORAGE

Traction Unit

- 1. Thoroughly clean the traction unit, cutting units and the engine.
- 2. Check the tire pressure. Inflate all traction unit tires to 103–138 kPA (15–20 psi).
- **3.** Check all fasteners for looseness; tighten as necessary.
- **4.** Grease or oil all grease fittings and pivot points. Wipe up any excess lubricant.
- 5. Lightly sand and use touch-up paint on painted areas that are scratched, chipped, or rusted. Repair any dents in the metal body.
- **6.** Service the battery and cables as follows:
 - **a.** Remove the battery terminals from the battery posts.
 - **b.** Clean the battery, terminals, and posts with a wire brush and baking soda solution.
 - **c.** Coat the cable terminals and battery posts

- with Grafo 112X skin-over grease (Toro Part No. 50547) or petroleum jelly to prevent corrosion
- **d.** Slowly recharge the battery every 60 days for 24 hours to prevent lead sulfation of the battery.

Engine

- **1.** Drain the engine oil from the oil pan and replace the drain plug.
- Remove and discard the oil filter. Install a new oil filter.
- **3.** Refill the oil pan with 3.7 l (3.9 quarts) of SAE10W30 motor oil.
- **4.** Start the engine and run at idle speed for approximately two minutes.
- 5. Stop the engine.
- **6.** Thoroughly drain all fuel from the fuel tank, lines and the fuel filter/water separator assembly.
- 7. Flush the fuel tank with fresh, clean diesel fuel.
- **8.** Resecure all fuel system fittings.
- **9.** Thoroughly clean and service the air cleaner assembly.
- **10.** Seal the air cleaner inlet and the exhaust outlet with weatherproof tape.
- **11.** Check anti-freeze protection and add as needed for expected minimum temperature in your area.

