



MODEL NO. 30821-200000701 & UP

OPERATOR'S MANUAL

GROUNDMASTER® 3500-D Traction Unit

To assure maximum safety, optimum performance, and to gain knowledge of the product, it is essential that you or any other operator of the mower read and understand the contents of this manual before the engine is ever started. Pay particular attention to the **SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS** highlighted by this symbol.



The safety alert symbol means **CAUTION, WARNING or DANGER** — personal safety instruction. Failure to comply with the instruction may result in personal injury.

The Groundsmaster 3500 Traction unit with 27" Rotary Cutting decks conforms to the B71.4-1999 specifications of the American National Standards Institute's safety standards for riding mowers when rear ballast is installed per instructions on page 12. thus, Toro proudly displays the ANSI safety seal.



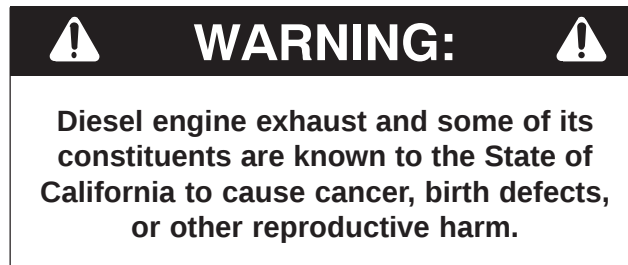
FOREWORD

The GROUNDMASTER 3500—D was developed to provide an efficient, reliable and time—saving method of mowing high quality turf. The latest concepts in engineering and design have been incorporated into this machine along with the highest quality parts and workmanship. Excellent service will be derived if proper operation and maintenance practices are followed.

We know, since you have purchased the industry leader in mowing excellence, that future performance and dependability are of prime importance. TORO also is concerned about future use of the machine and of the safety to the user. Therefore, this manual should be read by you and those involved with the GROUNDMASTER to ensure that safety, proper set—up, operation and maintenance procedures are followed at all times. The major sections of the manual are:

- | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. Safety Instructions | 4. Operating Instructions |
| 2. Set—up Instructions | 5. Maintenance |
| 3. Before Operating Instructions | |

Safety, mechanical and some general information in this manual is emphasized. DANGER, WARNING and CAUTION identify safety messages. Whenever the triangular safety alert symbol appears, it is followed by a safety message that must be read and understood. For more complete details concerning safety, read the safety instructions on pages 4 and 5. IMPORTANT identifies special mechanical information and NOTE identifies general information worthy of special attention.



Whenever you have questions or need service, contact your local authorized Toro Distributor. In addition to having a complete line of accessories and professional turf care service technicians, the distributor has a complete line of genuine TORO replacement parts to keep your machine operating properly. Keep your TORO all TORO. Buy genuine TORO parts and accessories.

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SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

The Groundsmaster 3500—D was tested and certified by TORO for compliance with the B71.4-1999 specifications of the American National Standards Institute. Although hazard control and accident prevention partially are dependent upon the design and configuration of the machine, these factors are also dependent upon the awareness, concern, and proper training of the personnel involved in the operation, transport, maintenance, and storage of the machine. Improper use or maintenance by the operator or owner of the machine can result in injury. To reduce the potential for any injury, comply with the following safety instructions.

SUPERVISOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

1. Make sure operators are thoroughly trained and familiar with the Operator's Manual and all the labels on the machine.
2. Be sure to establish your own special procedures and work rules for unusual operating conditions (e.g. slopes too steep for machine operation. **Survey complete mowing site to determine which hills can be safely operated on.** When performing this site survey always use common sense and take into consideration the turf condition and the rollover risk. To determine which hills or slopes may be safely operated on use the inclinometer provided with each machine. To perform a site survey, lay a 4' two by four on the slope surface and measure the angle of the slope. The 2 by 4 will average the slope but will not take into consideration dips or holes. **THE MAXIMUM SIDE HILL ANGLE SHOULD NOT BE GREATER THAN 25 DEGREES.**

BEFORE OPERATING

3. Operate the machine only after reading and understanding the contents of this manual and viewing the Operator's Training Video supplied with the machine. A free replacement manual is available by sending complete model and serial number to:

The Toro Company
8111 Lyndale Ave. S.
Bloomington, MN 55420—1196.

4. Only trained operators, skilled in slope operation and who have read this manual and viewed the Operator's Training Video should operate the machine. Never allow children to operate the machine or adults to operate it without proper instructions.
5. Become familiar with the controls and know how to stop the machine and engine quickly.
6. Do not carry passengers on the machine. Keep everyone, especially children and pets, away from the areas of operation.

7. Keep all shields, safety devices and decals in place. If a shield, safety device or decal is damaged, malfunctioning or illegible, repair or replace it before operating the machine.
8. Always wear substantial shoes. Do not operate machine while wearing sandals, tennis shoes or sneakers. Do not wear loose fitting clothing because it could get caught in moving parts and possibly cause personal injury.
9. Wearing safety glasses, safety shoes, long pants and a helmet is advisable and required by some local ordinances and insurance regulations.
10. Make sure the work area is clear of objects which might be picked up and thrown by the blades.
11. Fill fuel tank with diesel fuel before starting engine. Avoid spilling any fuel. Since fuel is highly flammable, handle it carefully.

- A. Use an approved fuel container.
- B. Do not remove cap from fuel tank when engine is hot or running.
- C. Do not smoke while handling diesel fuel.
- D. Fill fuel tank outdoors and not over one inch from the top of the tank, (bottom of the filler neck). Do not overfill.

WHILE OPERATING

12. Always wear your seat belt.
13. Do not run the engine in a confined area without adequate ventilation. Exhaust fumes are hazardous and could be deadly.
14. Sit on the seat when starting and operating the machine.
15. Check interlock switches daily for proper operation (Refer To Checking Interlock Switches, Page 19). Do not rely entirely on safety switches -shut off engine before getting off seat. If a switch fails, replace it before operating the machine. The interlock system is for your protection, so do not bypass it. Replace all interlock switches every two years.
16. Operator must be skilled and trained in how to drive on hillsides. Failure to use caution on slopes or hills may cause vehicle to tip or roll, possibly resulting in personal injury or death.
17. This triplex mower has a unique drive system for superior traction on hills. The uphill wheel will not spin out and limit traction like conventional triplexes. If operated on a side hill that is too steep, rollover may occur before losing traction.
18. Before backing up, look to the rear and assure no one is behind the machine. Watch out for traffic when near or crossing roads. Always yield the right of way.
19. Keep hands, feet and clothing away from moving parts and the mower discharge area.



SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

20. The slope angle at which the machine will tip is dependent on many factors. Among these are mowing conditions such as wet or undulating turf, speed (especially in turns), position of the cutting units (with sidewinder), tire pressure and operator experience. At side hill slope angles of 20 degrees or less the risk of a rollover is low. As the slope angle increases to a Toro recommended maximum limit of 25 degrees the risk of a rollover increases to a moderate level. **DO NOT EXCEED A 25 DEGREE SIDE HILL ANGLE BECAUSE THE RISK OF A ROLLOVER AND SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH IS VERY HIGH.** The Groundsmaster 3500—D is equipped with an angle indicator, mounted on the steering tube, which indicates the side hill angle the machine is operating on and identifies the recommended maximum limit of 25 degrees.

Stay alert for holes in terrain and other hidden hazards which can cause a sudden change in side hill angle. Use extreme caution when operating close to sand traps, ditches, creeks, steep hillsides or other hazards. Reduce speed when making sharp turns. Do not turn on hills. Avoid sudden stops and starts. Use reverse pedal for braking. Cutting units must be lowered when going down slopes for steering control.

21. When starting the engine:

- A. Engage parking brake.
- B. Be sure traction pedal is in neutral and blade drive is in disengage position.
- C. After engine starts, release parking brake and keep foot off traction pedal. Machine must not move. If movement is evident, the neutral control linkage is incorrectly adjusted: therefore, shut engine off and adjust until machine does not move when traction pedal is released. Refer to Adjusting Transmission for Neutral.

22. This product may exceed noise levels of 85 dB(A) at the operator position. Ear protectors are recommended for prolonged exposure to reduce the potential of permanent hearing damage.

23. Raise the cutting units when driving from one work area to another.

24. Do not touch engine, muffler, exhaust pipe or hydraulic tank while engine is running or soon after it has stopped because these areas could be hot enough to cause burns.

25. If a cutting unit strikes a solid object or vibrates abnormally, stop immediately. Turn engine off, wait for all motion to stop and inspect for damage.

26. Before getting off the seat:

- A. Move traction pedal to neutral.
- B. Set the parking brake.

C. Disengage the cutting units and wait for the blades to stop spinning.

D. Stop the engine and remove key from the ignition switch.

27. Whenever machine is left unattended, make sure, key is removed from ignition switch and parking brake is set.

MAINTENANCE

28. Before servicing or making adjustments to the machine, stop the engine and remove key from switch to prevent accidental starting of the engine.

29. Check performance of all interlock switches daily. Do not defeat interlock system. It is for your protection.

30. To ensure entire machine is in good operating condition, frequently check and keep all nuts, bolts, screws and hydraulic fittings tight.

31. Make sure all hydraulic line connectors are tight, and all hydraulic hoses and lines are in good condition before applying pressure to the system.

32. Keep body and hands away from pin hole leaks or nozzles that eject hydraulic fluid under high pressure. Use paper or cardboard, not hands, to search for leaks. Hydraulic fluid escaping under pressure can have sufficient force to penetrate skin and do serious damage. If fluid is injected into the skin it must be surgically removed within a few hours by a doctor familiar with this form of injury or gangrene may result.

33. Before disconnecting or performing any work on the hydraulic system, all pressure in system must be relieved by stopping engine and lowering cutting units to the ground.

34. If major repairs are ever needed or if assistance is desired, contact an Authorized Toro Distributor.

35. To reduce potential fire hazard, keep the engine area free of excessive grease, grass, leaves and accumulation of dirt.

36. If the engine must be running to perform a maintenance adjustment, keep hands, feet, clothing, and any other parts of the body away from the cutting units and any moving parts. Keep everyone away.

37. Do not overspeed the engine by changing governor settings. To assure safety and accuracy, have an Authorized Toro Distributor check maximum engine speed with a tachometer.

38. Engine must be shut off before checking oil or adding oil to the crankcase.

39. To insure optimum performance and safety, use genuine TORO replacement parts and accessories. Replacement parts and accessories made by other manufacturers could be dangerous, and such use could void the product warranty of The Toro Company.

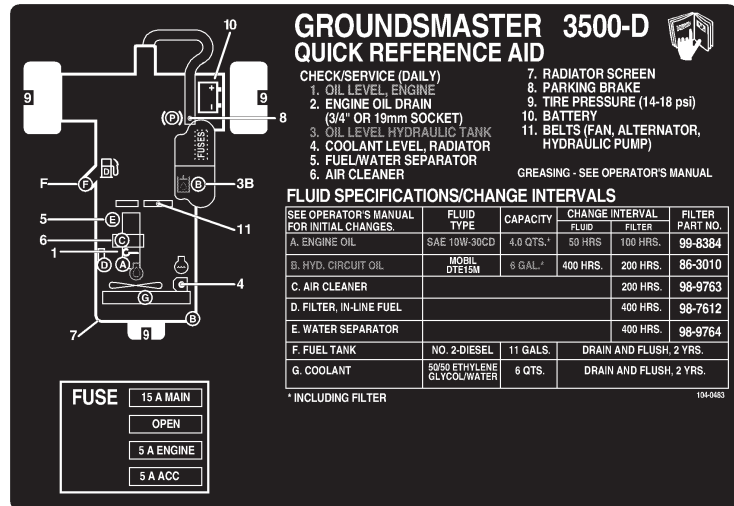


SAFETY AND INSTRUCTION DECALS

The following safety and instruction decals are affixed to the traction unit. If any decal becomes illegible or damaged, install a new decal. Part numbers are listed below and in your Parts Catalog. Order replacements from your Authorized Toro Distributor.



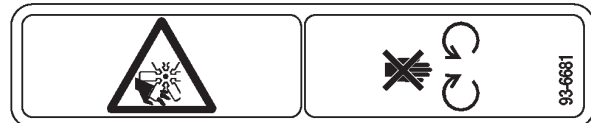
ON CONSOLE PANEL
(Part No. 100-4834)
(Add Part No. 99-3558 for CE)



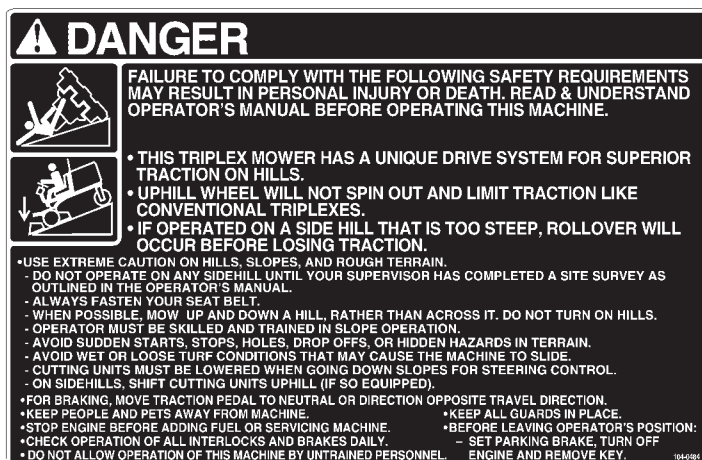
INSIDE HOOD
(Part No. 104-4864)



ON SCISSORS LINKAGE
(Part No. 94-3353)
Warning! Pinch Point



ON FAN SHROUD
(Part No. 93-6681)



UNDER FRONT OF SEAT
(Part No. 104-0484)
(Part No. 99-3560 for CE)



ON LEFT SIDE OF HOOD
(Part No. 100-6574)



ON ANGLE INDICATOR
(Part No. 100-4837)
(Part No. 100-4933 for CE)

SPECIFICATIONS

Engine: Kubota three cylinder, 4 cycle liquid cooled diesel engine. 32 hp @ 2800 rpm Governed to 3050 rpm. 68.5 cu. in. (1124 cc) displacement. Heavy duty, 2-stage, remote mounted air cleaner. High water temperature shutdown switch.

Cooling System: Radiator capacity is approximately 6 qts. of 50/50 mixture of ethylene glycol anti-freeze. Remote mounted 1 qt. expansion tank.

Electrical: 12 volt Group 55, 585 cold cranking amps at 0°F (−18°C), 95 minute reserve capacity at 80°F (27°C). 40 amp alternator with regulator/rectifier. Seat switch, PTO, parking brake and traction interlock switches.

Fuel Capacity: 11 gallons.

Traction Drive: High torque hydraulic wheel motors. 3-wheel drive. Oil cooler and shuttle valve provide positive closed-loop cooling.

Hydraulic Oil Capacity/Filter: Remote mounted, 3.5 gallon oil reservoir. 10 micron remote mounted spin on filter.

Ground Speed: Infinitely variable speed selection in forward and reverse

Mowing speed: 0–6 mph (adjustable)

Transport speed: 0–9 mph

Reverse speed: 0–3.5 mph

Tires/Wheels: Front tires are 20 x 12–10 and rear tires are 20 x 10 – 10 tubeless, 4-ply rating with demountable rims. Recommended tire pressure: 14–18 psi front and rear tires.

Frame: Tricycle vehicle with 3-wheel traction drive and rear wheel steering. Frame consists of formed steel, welded steel and steel tubing components.

Steering: Power steering.

Brakes: Service braking accomplished through dynamic characteristics of Hydrostat. Parking or emergency brake is actuated by over-center hand lever on the operator's right hand side.

Controls: Foot operated forward and reverse traction pedals and Mow/Transport slide. Hand operated throttle, ignition switch, blade engagement switch, cutting unit lift and shift lever, parking brake and seat adjustment.

Gauges and Protective Systems: Hour meter. 4 light warning cluster gauge: oil pressure, water temperature, amps, glow plug and side hill angle indicator.

Seat: Optional standard or deluxe seats.

Cutting Unit Lift: Hydraulic lift with automatic shut off.

Optional Equipment:

Standard Seat	Model 03224
Deluxe Suspension Seat	Model 03225

LOOSE PARTS CHART

Note: Use this chart as a checklist to assure all parts necessary for assembly have been received. Without these parts, total set-up cannot be completed. Some parts may have already been assembled at factory.

PART DESCRIPTION	QTY.	USE
Hood Lock Bracket	1	Mount to hood for European Compliance
Screw — 1/4—20 x 1—1/2" lg.	1	
Flat Washer — 1/4"	1	
Lock Nut — 1/4— 20	1	
Exhaust Guard	1	Mount to machine for European Compliance
Self Tapping Screw	4	
Key	2	
Inclinometer	1	Use for site survey before operating machine
EEC Decal	6	Affix to machine for European Compliance
EEC Certificate	2	
Operators Manual	2	Read before operating machine
Parts Catalog	1	View before operating machine
Operator Video	1	
Engine Manual	1	Fill out before delivery to customer
Pre—Delivery Check List	1	
Registration Card	1	Fill out and send to the Toro Co

Specifications and design subject to change without notice.

SET-UP INSTRUCTIONS

ACTIVATE, CHARGE AND CONNECT BATTERY (Fig. 1 & 2)

Note: If Battery is not filled with electrolyte or activated, bulk electrolyte with 1.260 specific gravity must be purchased from a local battery supply outlet and added to battery.

1. Open hood.
2. Remove battery cover.



Figure 1

1. Battery cover

3. Remove filler caps from battery and slowly fill each cell until electrolyte is just above the plates.
4. Replace filler caps and connect a 3 to 4 amp battery charger to the battery posts. Charge the battery at a rate of 3 to 4 amperes for 4 to 8 hours.



CAUTION

Wear safety goggles and rubber gloves when working with electrolyte. Charge the battery in a well ventilated place so gasses produced while charging can dissipate. Since the gases are explosive, keep open flames and electrical spark away from the battery; do not smoke. Nausea may result if the gases are inhaled. Unplug charger from electrical outlet before connecting to or disconnecting charger leads from battery posts.

5. When battery is charged, disconnect charger from electrical outlet and battery posts.

6. Remove filler caps. Slowly add electrolyte to each cell until level is up to fill ring. Install filler caps.

IMPORTANT: Do not overfill battery. Electrolyte will overflow onto other parts of the machine and severe corrosion and deterioration will result.

7. Install the positive cable (red) to the positive (+) terminal and the negative cable (black) to the negative (—) terminal of the battery and secure with capscrews and nuts. Make sure positive (+) terminal is all the way onto post and cable is positioned snug to battery. Cable must not contact battery cover. Slide the rubber boot over the positive terminal to prevent possible short-out from occurring.



WARNING

Connecting cables to the wrong post could result in personal injury and/or damage to the electrical system.

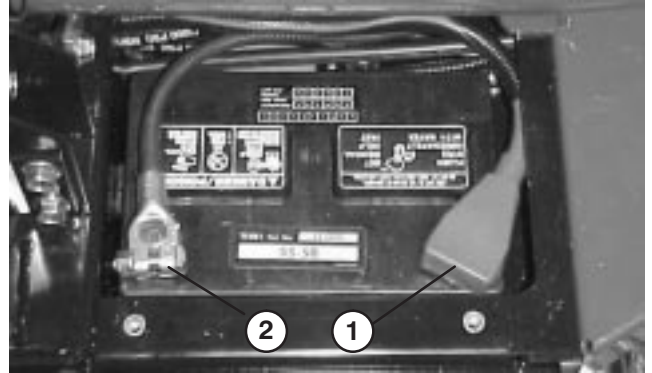


Figure 2

1. Positive (+) battery cable
2. Negative (—) battery cable

IMPORTANT: If battery is ever removed, make sure battery clamp bolts are reinstalled with bolt heads positioned on bottom side and nuts on top side. If clamp bolts are reversed, they may interfere with hard lines when shifting cutting units.

5. Coat both battery connections with Grafo 112X (skin over) grease, Toro Part No. 505—47, petroleum jelly or light grease to prevent corrosion and slide rubber boot over positive terminal.

6. Install battery cover.

INSTALL SEAT (Fig. 3 – 6)

The Groundsmaster 3500 is shipped without the seat assembly. Deluxe Seat Kit, Model 03225 or Standard Seat Kit, Model 03224, must be installed as follows:

1. Remove capscrews, washers and spacers securing seat mounting straps to traction unit frame (Fig. 3).

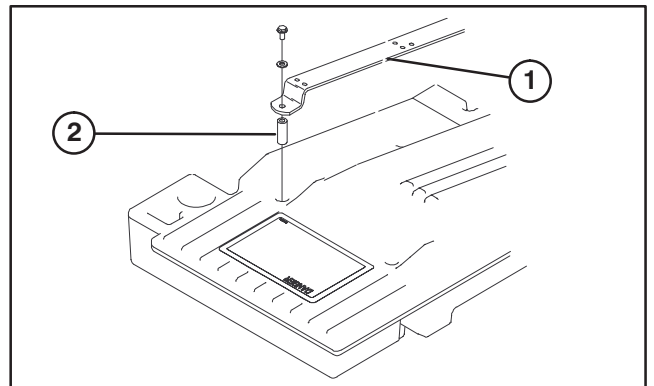


Figure 3

1. Seat mounting strap (2)
2. Spacer (2)

SET-UP INSTRUCTIONS

2. Secure seat mounting straps to seat adjusters with (4) flange nuts (standard seat) or (4) capscrews, flat washers and flange nuts (deluxe seat). Mounting fasteners supplied with seat kit loose parts.

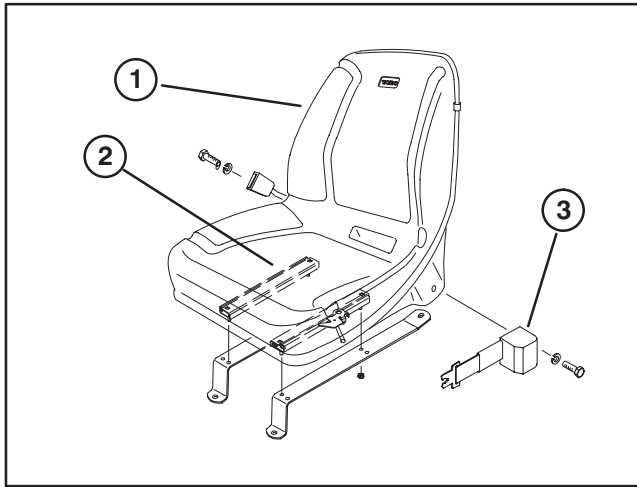


Figure 4

1. Standard seat 2. Seat adjusters 3. Seat belt

3. Install seat belt to holes on each side of seat with (2) bolts and lockwashers (standard seat) or (2) bolts and locknuts (deluxe seat). All mounting fasteners supplied with seat kit loose parts.

4. Position seat and seat straps on frame aligning mounting holes.

5. Route seat switch wire under right hand seat strap and connect to appropriate seat switch connector on harness.

6. On deluxe seat only, route unused seat switch connector back under seat strap and secure both wires to rear most hole in seat strap (Fig. 5) with a cable tie (cable tie supplied with seat kit).

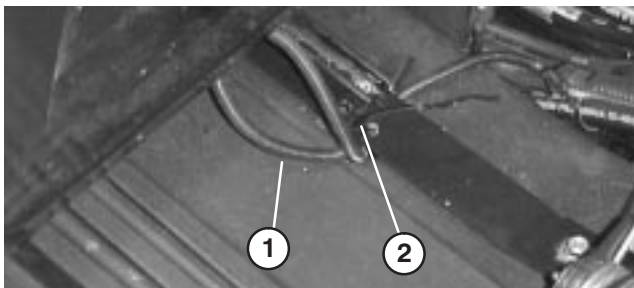


Figure 5

1. Seat switch wire
2. Cable tie

7. On standard seat only, slide seat all the way forward, pull wire to the right so unused connector is positioned as shown in figure 6 and secure seat switch wire to rear most hole in seat strap with a cable tie (cable tie supplied with seat kit).

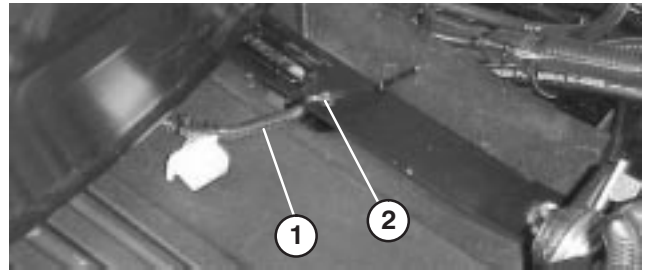


Figure 6

1. Seat switch wire
2. Cable tie

8. Mount seat straps to frame with fasteners and spacers previously removed.

9. Slide seat completely forward and backward to ensure proper operation and that seat switch wires and connectors are not pinched or do no contact any moving parts.

CHECK ANGLE INDICATOR (Fig. 7)



DANGER

To reduce risk of injury or death due to rollover do not operate on side hills steeper than 25°.

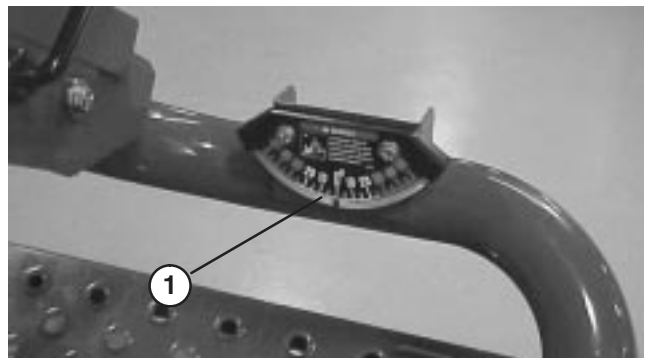


Figure 7

1. Angle indicator

1. Park machine on a flat, level surface.

2. Verify that the machine is level by placing a hand held inclinometer (supplied with machine) on the frame cross rail, by the fuel tank. The inclinometer should read zero degrees, when viewed from the operator's position.

3. If inclinometer does not read zero degrees, move the machine to a location where a zero degree reading is obtained. The angle indicator, mounted on machine, should now read zero degrees as well.

4. If angle indicator does not read zero degrees, loosen the two screws and nuts securing angle indicator to mounting bracket, adjust indicator to obtain a zero degree reading and tighten capscrews.

SET-UP INSTRUCTIONS

INSTALL HOOD LATCH (Fig. 8)

(European Compliance)

1. Unhook hood latch from bracket.
2. Slide hood lock bracket onto latch.

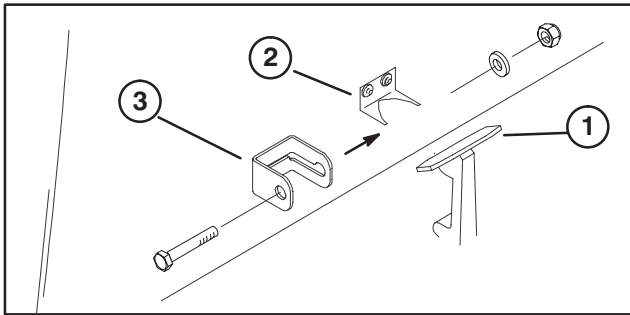


Figure 8

1. Hood latch
2. Hood latch bracket
3. Hood lock bracket

3. Re-hook latch onto bracket.
4. Insert 1/4-20 x 1-1/2" lg. capscrew thru hood lock bracket and secure with a capscrew, flat washer and locknut.

INSTALL EXHAUST GUARD (Fig. 9)

(European Compliance)

1. Position exhaust guard around muffler while aligning mounting holes with holes in frame.
2. Secure exhaust guard to frame with (4) self tapping screws.

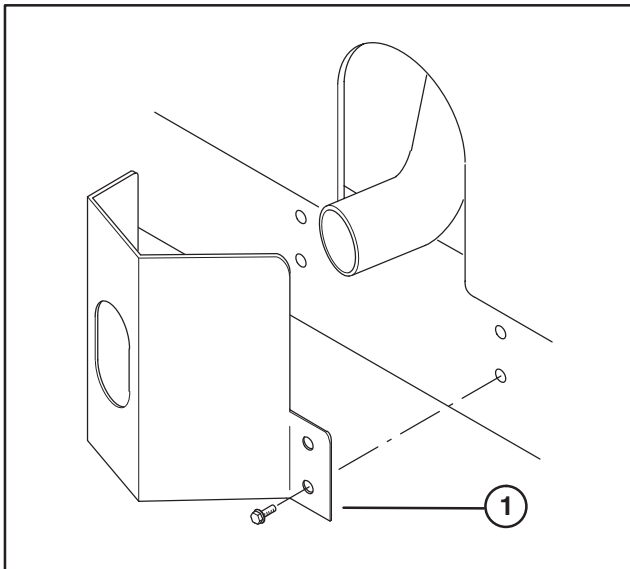


Figure 9

1. Exhaust guard

ADJUST LIFT ARMS (Fig. 10 – 14)

1. Start engine, raise decks and check to make sure clearance between each lift arm and floor plate bracket is .18" – .32" (Fig. 10). If clearance is not in this range, back off stop bolts (Fig. 12) and adjust cylinder to attain clearance. To adjust cylinder, back off the jam nut on the cylinder (Fig. 11), remove pin from rod end and rotate clevis. Install pin and check clearance. Repeat procedure if required. Tighten clevis jam nut.

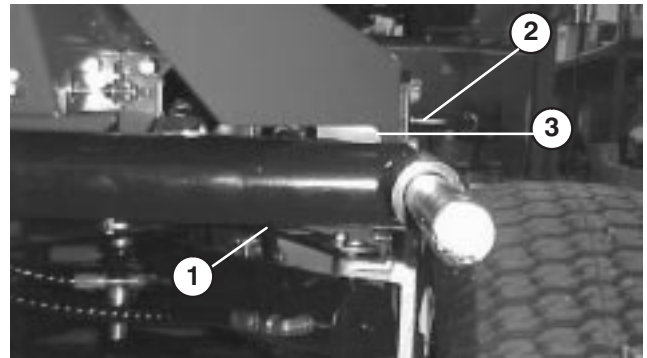


Figure 10

1. Lift arm 2. Floor plate bracket 3. Clearance
(Decks removed for clarity)

2. Check to make sure clearance between each lift arm and stop bolt is .005" – .040" (Fig. 12). If clearance is not in this range, adjust stop bolts to attain clearance.
3. Start engine, raise decks and check to make sure clearance between wear strap on top of rear cutting unit wear bar and bumper strap is .020" – .100" (Fig. 13). If clearance is not in this range, adjust rear cylinder to attain clearance. To adjust cylinder, lower the cutting units and back off the jam nut on the cylinder (Fig. 14). Grasp cylinder rod close to the nut with a pliers and rag and rotate the rod. Raise the cutting units and check clearance. Repeat procedure if required. Tighten clevis jam nut.

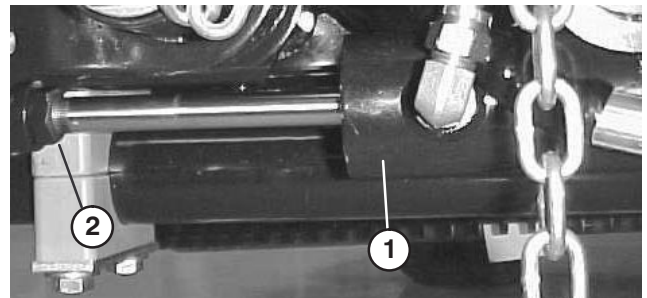


Figure 11

1. Front cylinder
2. Jam nut

SET-UP INSTRUCTIONS

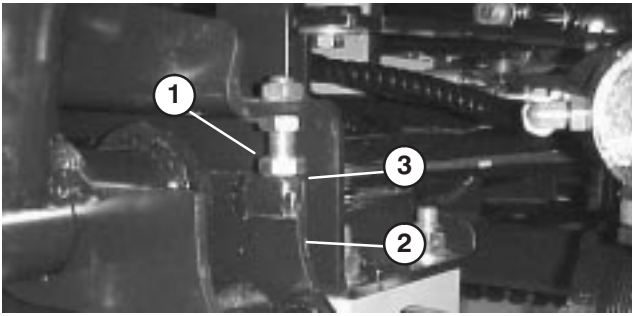


Figure 12

- 1. Stop bolt
- 2. Lift arm
- 3. Clearance

Note: If rear lift arm “clunks” during transport, clearance can be reduced.

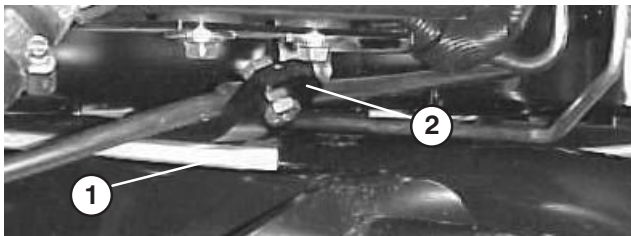


Figure 13

- 1. Wear bar
- 2. Bumper strap

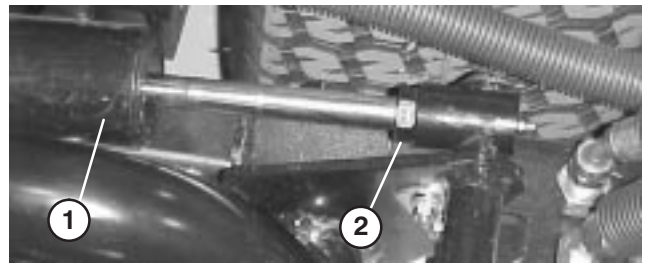


Figure 14

- 1. Rear cylinder
- 2. Adjusting nut

IMPORTANT: Lack of clearance at front stops or rear wear bar could damage lift arms.

REAR BALLAST

The Groundsmaster 3500 Traction unit with 27” Rotary Cutting decks conforms to the B71.4–1999 standard when 50 lbs. of calcium chloride ballast is added to rear wheels.

IMPORTANT: If a puncture occurs in a tire with calcium chloride, remove unit from turf as quickly as possible. To prevent possible damage to turf, immediately soak affected area with water.

BEFORE OPERATING



CAUTION

Before servicing or making adjustments to the machine, stop engine and remove key from the switch.

CHECK CRANKCASE OIL (Fig. 15–16)

The engine is shipped with oil in the crankcase; however, level of oil must be checked before and after the engine is first started.

Crankcase capacity is approximately 4 qts. (2.8 l) with filter.

1. Position machine on a level surface.
2. Remove dipstick and wipe it with a clean rag. Push dipstick down into dipstick tube and make sure it is seated fully. Pull dipstick out and check level of oil. If oil level is low, add enough oil to raise level to FULL mark on dipstick.

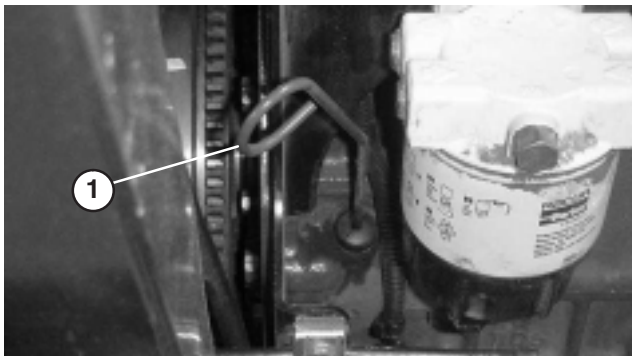


Figure 15
1. Dipstick

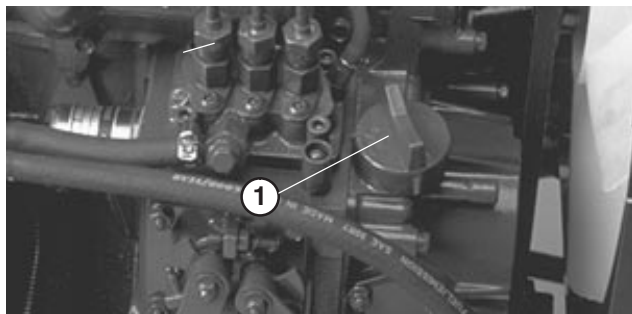


Figure 16
1. Oil fill cap

3. If oil level is low, remove oil fill cap and gradually add small quantities of oil, checking level frequently, until level reaches FULL mark on dipstick.
4. The engine uses any high-quality 10W30 detergent oil having the American Petroleum Institute – API – “service classification” CD, CE, CF CF-4 or CG-4.
5. Install oil fill cap and close hood.

IMPORTANT: Check level of oil every 5 operating hours or daily. Change oil after every 50 hours of operation.

FILL FUEL TANK (Fig. 17)

The engine runs on No. 2 diesel fuel.

Fuel tank capacity is approximately 11 gallons.

1. Clean area around fuel tank cap.

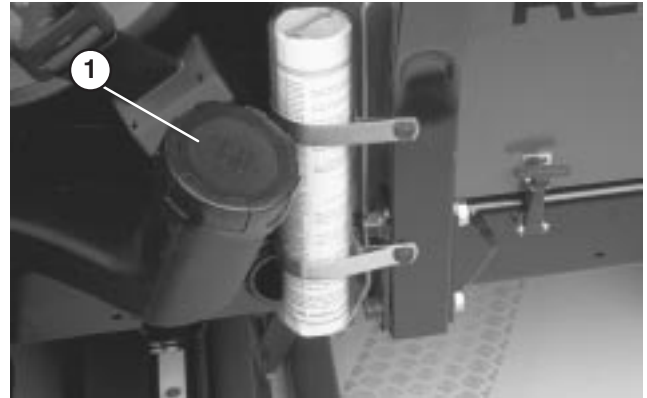


Figure 17
1. Fuel tank cap

2. Remove fuel tank cap.



DANGER

Because diesel fuel is flammable, use caution when storing or handling it. Do not smoke while filling the fuel tank. Do not fill fuel tank while engine is running, hot, or when machine is in an enclosed area. Always fill fuel tank outside and wipe up any spilled diesel fuel before starting the engine. Store fuel in a clean, safety-approved container and keep cap in place. Use diesel fuel for the engine only; not for any other purpose.

3. Fill tank to bottom of filler neck. **DO NOT OVERFILL.** Then install cap.
4. Wipe up any fuel that may have spilled to prevent a fire hazard.

CHECK COOLING SYSTEM (Fig. 18 & 19)

Clean debris off radiator and oil cooler daily (Fig. 18), hourly if conditions are extremely dusty and dirty; refer to Cleaning Radiator.

1. The cooling system is filled with a 50/50 solution of water and permanent ethylene glycol anti-freeze. Check level of coolant at beginning of each day before starting the engine. Capacity of cooling system is approximately 6 quarts.

BEFORE OPERATING



CAUTION

If engine has been running, pressurized hot coolant can escape when radiator cap is removed and cause burns. Only open radiator cap when engine is cold.

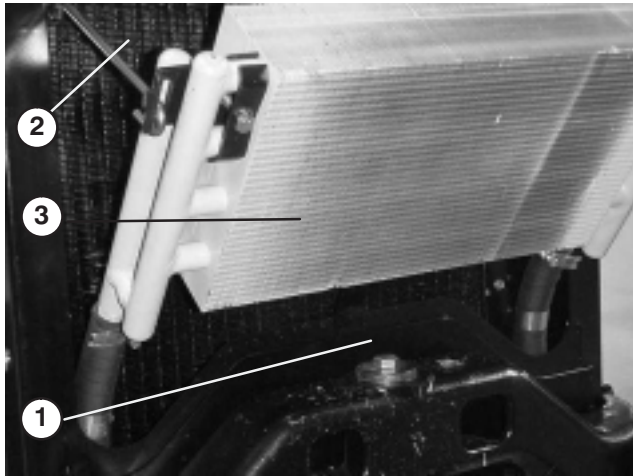


Figure 18

1. Access panel
2. Radiator
3. Oil cooler

2. Check level of coolant in expansion tank. With a cold engine, coolant level should be midway (approx.) between the marks on side of tank.



Figure 19

1. Expansion tank

3. If coolant level is low, remove expansion tank cap and replenish the system. **DO NOT OVERFILL.**

4. Install expansion tank cap.

CHECK HYDRAULIC SYSTEM FLUID

(Fig. 20)

The hydraulic system driving the decks is designed to operate on anti-wear hydraulic fluid. The machines reservoir is filled at the factory with approximately 3.5 gallons of DTE 15M hydraulic fluid. **Check level of hydraulic fluid before engine is first started and daily thereafter.**

IMPORTANT: Use only types of hydraulic fluids specified. Other fluids could cause system damage.

Group 1 Hydraulic Fluid (Moderate climate—average duty)

Note: The fluids within this group are interchangeable.

ISO VG 46/68 multi-viscosity anti-wear hydraulic fluid

Mobil	DTE 15M
Amoco	Rykon Premium ISO 46
Castrol	AWH 46
Conoco	Hydrclear AW MV46
Gulf	Harmony HVI 46 AW
Kendall	Hyken Golden MV SAE 5W-20
Pennzbell	AWX MV46
Phillips	Magnus A KV 5W-20
Shell	Tellus T 46
Sunoco	Sun Hyd. Oil 2105
Texaco	Rando HDZ 46

Universal Tractor Hydraulic Fluid

Mobil	Mobilfluid 424
Amoco	1000 Fluid
Chevron	Tractor Hydraulic Fluid
Conoco	Hydrclear Powertran
Esso	Hydraul
Gulf	Universal Tractor Fluid
Kendall	Hyken 052
Marathon	Maraf fluid Super HT
Pennzoil	Hydra-trans
Phillips	HG Fluid
Shell	Donax TD
76 Lubricants	Hydraulic/Tractor Fluid
Sunoco	TH Fluid
Texaco	TDH

Group 2 Hydraulic Fluid (Hot Climate— Heavy Duty)

Note: The fluids within this group are interchangeable.

ISO VG 68 anti-wear hydraulic fluid

Mobil	DTE 26
Amoco	Rykon AW No. 68
Castrol	AWS 68
Chevron	Hydraulic Oil AW ISO 68
Conoco	Hydrclear AW 68
Exxon	Nuto H 68
Gulf	Harmony 68AW
Kendall	Four Seasons AW 68
Marathon	ISO 68
Pennzbell	AW Hydraulic Oil 68
Phillips	Magnus A ISO 68
Shell	Tellus 68
76 Lubricants	AW 68
Sunoco	SunVis 868
Texaco	Rando HD 68

BEFORE OPERATING

IMPORTANT: Group 1 fluids are recommended for use at typical ambient temperatures of 32°F (0°C) to 105°F (41°C). The ISO Type 46/48 fluid has been found to offer optimal performance in a wide range of temperature conditions for the average user. The Universal Tractor Fluids offer similar performance for those who prefer them, with perhaps some slight loss of efficiency at high ambient temperatures compared to the Type 46/48 fluids.

Group 2 fluids are recommended for heavy-duty use in hot climates where ambient temperatures range from about 70°F (20°C) to 120°F (49°C). Use at lower ambient temperatures may result in hard starting, increased engine laboring while cold, sluggish or non-operating spool valves while cold and high filter back-pressure due to the higher viscosity of these fluids.

Note: When changing from one type of hydraulic fluid to another, be certain to remove all the old fluid from the system, as some fluids are incompatible with others.

Group 3 Hydraulic Fluid (Biodegradable)

ISO VG 32/46 anti-wear hydraulic fluid

Mobil

EAL 224H

Note: This biodegradable hydraulic fluid is not compatible with the fluids in Group 1 and 2.

Note: When changing from standard fluid to the biodegradable type, be certain to follow approved flushing procedures as published by Mobil. Contact your local Toro Distributor for details.

IMPORTANT: Use only types of hydraulic fluids specified. Other fluids could cause system damage.

Note: A red dye additive for the hydraulic system fluid is available in 2/3 oz. bottles. One bottle is sufficient for 4–6 gal. of hydraulic fluid. Order Part No. 44–2500 from your Authorized Toro Distributor.

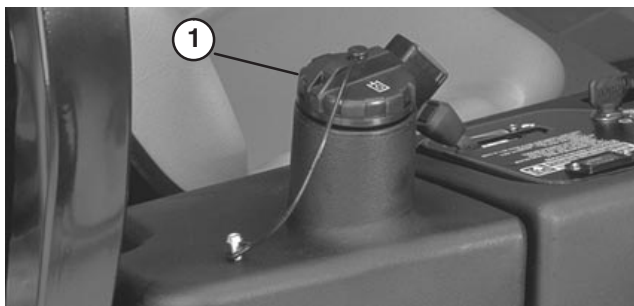


Figure 20
1. Hydraulic Tank Cap

1. Position machine on a level surface, lower the cutting units and stop the engine.
2. Clean area around filler neck and cap of hydraulic tank. Remove cap from filler neck.
3. Remove dipstick from filler neck and wipe it with a clean rag. Insert dipstick into filler neck; then remove it and check level of fluid. Fluid level should be within 1/4 inch of mark on dipstick.
4. If level is low, add appropriate fluid to raise level to full mark.
5. Install dipstick and cap onto filler neck.

CHECK TIRE PRESSURE

The tires are over-inflated for shipping. Therefore, release some of the air to reduce the pressure. Correct air pressure in tires is 14 – 18 psi.

IMPORTANT: Maintain recommended pressure in all tires to assure a good quality-of-cut and proper machine performance.



DANGER

Low tire pressure decreases the machine's sidehill stability. Do not under inflate tires. This could cause a rollover, which may result in personal injury or death.

CHECK TORQUE OF WHEEL NUTS



WARNING

Torque wheel nuts to 45-65 ft-lb after 1-4 hours of operation and again after 10 hours of operation and every 200 hours thereafter. Failure to maintain proper torque could result in failure or loss of wheel and may result in personal injury.

CONTROLS

Traction Pedals (Fig. 21) — Depress traction forward pedal to move forward. Depress traction reverse pedal to move backward or to assist in stopping when moving forward. Also, allow pedal to move or move it to neutral position to stop machine.

Mow/Transport Slide (Fig. 21) — Using your heel, move slide to the left to transport and to the right to mow. **The cutting units will only operate in the mow position.**

Note: Mow speed is set at the factory to 6 mph. It can be increased or decreased by adjusting the speed stop screw (Fig. 22)

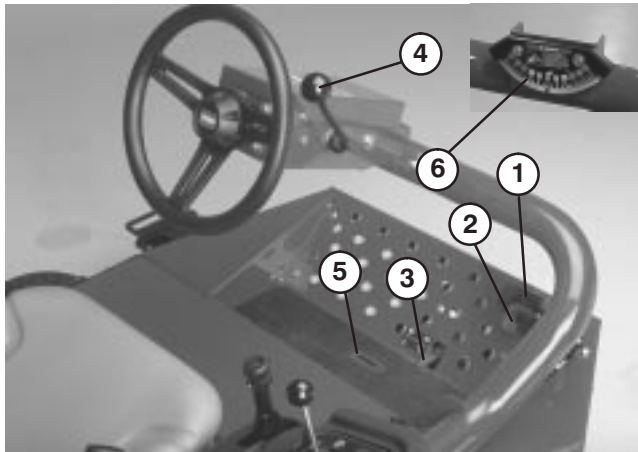


Figure 21

1. Forward traction pedal
2. Reverse traction pedal
3. Mow/Transport slide
4. Tilt steering lever
5. Indicator slot
6. Angle indicator

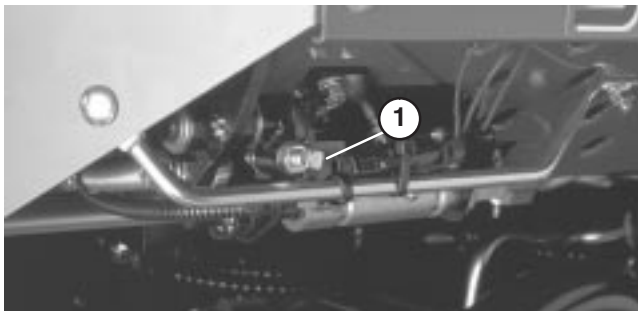


Figure 22

1. Speed Stop Screw

Tilt Steering Lever (Fig. 21) — Pull lever back to loosen to tilt the steering wheel to desired position. Then push lever forward to tighten.

Angle Indicator (Fig. 21) — Indicates sidehill angle of the machine in degrees.

Starter Switch (Fig. 23) — The starter switch, used to start, stop and preheat the engine, has three positions: OFF, ON/PREHEAT and START. Rotate key to ON/PREHEAT position until glow plug indicator light goes out (approximately 7 seconds), then rotate key to START position to engage starter motor. Release key

when engine starts. The key will move automatically to the ON/RUN position. To shut engine off, rotate key to OFF position. Remove key from switch to prevent accidental starting.

Throttle (Fig. 23) — Moving throttle forward increases engine speed, rearward decreases engine speed.

Cutting Unit Shift Lever (Fig. 23) — To lower cutting units to the ground, move lift lever forward. Cutting units will not drop unless engine is running and will not operate in raised position. To raise cutting units, pull lift lever rearward to the RAISE position.

Move lever to the right or left to move cutting units in same direction. This should only be done when cutting units are raised or if they're on the ground and the machine is moving.



DANGER

The machine is most stable on a side hill when the cutting units are shifted uphill. Shifting cutting units downhill decreases machine stability. This could cause a rollover, which may result in personal injury or death.

Note: Lever does not have to be held in forward position while cutting units are lowered.

Indicator Slot (Fig. 21) — The slot in the operator's platform indicates when the cutting units are in the center position.

Cutting Unit Drive Switch (Fig. 23) — The switch has two positions: ENGAGE and DISENGAGE. Rocker switch operates a solenoid valve, on valve bank, to drive cutting units.

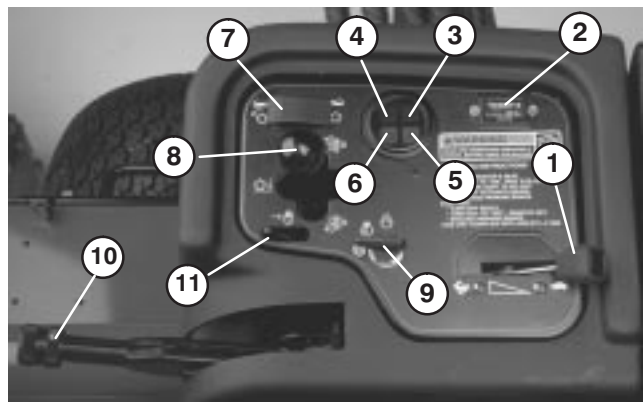


Figure 23

- | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. Throttle | 7. Cutting unit drive switch |
| 2. Hour meter | 8. Cutting unit shift lever |
| 3. Temperature light | 9. Ignition switch |
| 4. Oil pressure light | 10. Parking brake |
| 5. Glow plug indicator light | 11. Lift lever lock |
| 6. Alternator light | |

Hour Meter (Fig. 23) — Indicates the total hours of machine operation. The Hour Meter starts to function whenever the key switch is ON.

CONTROLS

Engine Coolant Temperature Warning Light

(Fig. 23) — Light glows if engine coolant temperature is high. If traction unit is not stopped and coolant temperature rises another 10° F., the engine will kill.

Oil Pressure Warning Light (Fig. 23) — Light glows if engine oil pressure drops below a safe level.

Alternator Light (Fig. 23) — The amp light should be off when engine is running. If it is on, the charging system should be checked and repaired as necessary.

Glow Plug Indicator (Fig. 23) — Indicator light will glow when glow plugs are operating.

Parking Brake (Fig. 23) — Whenever the engine is shut off, the parking brake must be engaged to prevent accidental movement of the machine. To engage the parking brake, pull up on lever. Engine will stop if traction pedal is depressed with parking brake engaged.

Lift Lever Lock (Fig. 23) — Move lever rearward to prevent cutting units from dropping.

Fuel Gauge (Fig. 24) — Registers amount of fuel in tank.

Seat Adjustments (Fig. 24)

Fore and Aft Adjustment — Move lever on side of seat outward, slide seat to desired position and release lever to lock seat into position.

Deluxe Seat Adjustments

Weight Adjustment — Push lever up or down to adjust to operator's weight. Lever up — light operator, lever in middle position — medium weight operator or lever down for heavy operator.

Inclining Backrest — Turn handle to adjust angle of backrest.



Figure 24

1. Fore and aft lever
2. Fuel gauge

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

STARTING/STOPPING ENGINE

IMPORTANT: The fuel system may have to be bled if any of the following situations have occurred:

- A. Initial start up of a new engine.
- B. Engine has ceased running due to lack of fuel.
- C. Maintenance has been performed upon fuel system components; i.e. filter replaced, etc.

Refer to Bleeding Fuel System

1. Be sure parking brake is set and deck drive switch is in DISENGAGE position.
2. Remove foot from traction pedal and make sure pedal is in neutral position.
3. Move throttle lever to 1/2 throttle position.
4. Insert key into switch and rotate it to ON/PREHEAT position until glow plug indicator light goes out (approximately 7 seconds), then rotate key to START position to engage starter motor. Release key when engine starts. The key will move automatically to the ON/RUN position.

IMPORTANT: To prevent overheating of the starter motor, do not engage starter longer than 15 seconds. After 10 seconds of continuous cranking, wait 60 seconds before engaging starter motor again.

5. When engine is started for the first time, or after overhaul of the engine, operate the machine in forward and reverse for one to two minutes. Also operate the lift lever and deck drive switch to be sure of proper operation of all parts.

Turn steering wheel to the left and right to check steering response. Then shut engine off and check for oil leaks, loose parts and any other noticeable malfunctions.



CAUTION

Shut engine off and wait for all moving parts to stop before checking for oil leaks, loose parts and other malfunctions.

6. To stop engine, move throttle control to IDLE position, move deck drive switch to DISENGAGE and rotate starter key to OFF. Remove key from switch to prevent accidental starting.

BLEEDING FUEL SYSTEM (Fig. 25)

1. Park the machine on a level surface. Make sure fuel tank is at least half full.
2. Unlatch and raise hood.



DANGER

Because diesel fuel is flammable, use caution when storing or handling it. Do not smoke while filling the fuel tank. Do not fill fuel tank while engine is running, hot, or when machine is in an enclosed area. Always fill fuel tank outside and wipe up any spilled diesel fuel before starting the engine. Store fuel in a clean, safety-approved container and keep cap in place. Use diesel fuel for the engine only; not for any other purpose.

3. Open the air bleed screw on the fuel injection pump (Fig. 25).

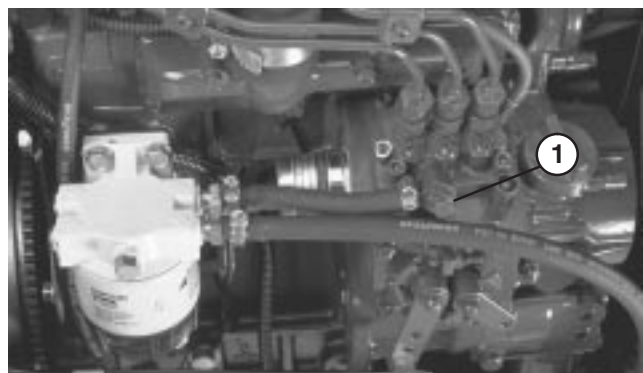


Figure 25

1. Fuel injection pump bleed screw

4. Turn key in ignition switch to the ON position. Electric fuel pump will begin operation, thereby forcing air out around air bleed screw. Leave key in ON position until solid stream of fuel flows out around screw. Tighten screw and turn key to OFF.

Note: Normally, engine should start after above bleeding procedures are followed. However, if engine does not start, air may be trapped between injection pump and injectors; refer to Bleeding Air From Injectors.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

CHECK OPERATION OF INTERLOCK SWITCHES



CAUTION

Do not disconnect the safety switches because they are for the operator's protection. Check operation of the switches daily to be sure the interlock system is operating correctly. If a switch is not operating properly, replace it before operating the machine. Replace the switches every two years to be sure of maximum safety.

1. Make sure all bystanders are away from the area of operation. Keep hands and feet away from cutting units.
2. With operator on seat, the engine must not start with either deck switch engaged or traction pedal engaged. Correct problem if not operating properly.
3. With operator on the seat, traction pedal in neutral, parking brake off and deck switch in OFF position, the engine should start. Lift off the seat and slowly depress the traction pedal, the engine should stop in one to three seconds. Correct problem if not operating properly.
4. With operator on the seat, engine running, deck transport slide in mow and deck switch in ON position, lower cutting units, decks should come on. Pull back on the lift lever, the decks should stop when fully raised. Correct problem if not operating properly.

Note: The machine is equipped with an interlock switch on the parking brake. Engine will stop if traction pedal is depressed with parking brake engaged.

TOWING TRACTION UNIT (Fig. 26)

In case of emergency, the Groundsmaster can be towed for a short distance. However, Toro does not recommend this as a standard procedure.

IMPORTANT: Do not tow the machine faster than 2–3 mph because drive system may be damaged. If machine must be moved a considerable distance, transport it on a truck or trailer.

1. Locate by-pass valve on pump and rotate it 90°.



Figure 26
1. By-pass valve

2. Before starting engine, close by-pass valve by rotating it 90°. Do not start engine when valve is open.

OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS



DANGER

The mower has a unique traction system that will allow the machine to move forward on side hills, even if the uphill wheel should come off the ground. If this should happen, the operator or any bystanders can be seriously injured or killed in a rollover.

The slope angle at which the machine will tip is dependent on many factors. Among these are mowing conditions such as wet or undulating turf, speed (especially in turns), position of the cutting units (with Sidewinder) tire pressure and operator experience.

At side hill angles of 20 degrees or less the risk of a rollover is low. As the slope angle increases to a Toro recommended maximum limit of 25 degrees the risk of a rollover increases to a moderate level. **DO NOT EXCEED A 25 DEGREE SIDE HILL SLOPE ANGLE BECAUSE THE RISK OF A ROLLOVER AND SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH IS VERY HIGH.**

To determine which hills or slopes may be safely operated on, a site survey of the mowing area must be done. When performing this site survey always use common sense and take into consideration the turf condition and the rollover risk. To determine which hills or slopes may be safely operated on use the inclinometer provided with each machine. To perform a site survey, lay a 4' two by four on the slope surface and measure the angle of the slope. The 2 by 4 will average the slope but will not take into consideration dips or holes which can cause a sudden change in sidehill angle. **THE MAXIMUM SIDE HILL ANGLE SHOULD NOT BE GREATER THAN 25 DEGREES.**

Additionally, the Groundsmaster 3500–D is equipped with an angle indicator mounted on the steering tube. This indicates the sidehill angle the machine is on and identifies the recommended maximum limit of 25 degrees.

ALWAYS WEAR YOUR SEAT BELT.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

Practice operating the machine and become thoroughly familiar with it.

Start the engine and run it at half idle until it warms up. Push the throttle lever all the way forward, lift the cutting units, disengage the parking brake, press the forward traction pedal and carefully drive off to an open area.

Practice going both forward and in reverse, starting and stopping the machine. To stop, take your foot off the traction pedal and let it return to neutral or press down on the reverse pedal to stop. Going down a hill, you may need to use the reverse pedal to stop.

When driving on slopes, drive slowly to maintain steering control and avoid turns to prevent rollovers. **In side hill situations you should shift the sidewinder cutting units to the up hill side to give you more stability. Conversely, shifting the cutting units to the down hill side will give you less stability. This should always be done before going on a side hill.**

When possible, mow up and down hills rather than across them. Have the cutting units lowered when going down a hill to maintain steering control. Do not attempt to turn on a hill.

Practice driving around obstacles with the decks up and down. Be careful when driving between narrow objects so you don't damage the machine or cutting units.

On the Sidewinder unit, get a feel for the reach of the cutting units so you don't hang them up or damage them in any way.

Don't shift the units from side to side, unless the cutting units are down and the machine is moving, or the cutting units are up in the transport position. Shifting the cutting units when they are down and the machine is not moving may cause turf damage.

The Groundsmaster is a precision mowing machine, so always drive slowly in rough areas.

If a person appears in or near the operating area, stop the machine, and don't start up again until the area is cleared. The Groundsmaster is a one-person machine. Never let anyone else ride on the machine with you. This is extremely dangerous and could result in serious injury.

Accidents can happen to anyone. The most common causes are excessive speed, sudden turns, terrain (with the Groundsmaster 3500—D that's knowing what slopes and hills can be mowed safely), not stopping the engine before leaving the operator's seat, and drugs which impair your alertness. Cold capsules or prescription drugs may cause drowsiness, as can alcohol and other drugs. Stay alert and stay safe. Failure to do so could result in serious injury.

The Sidewinder offers up to a maximum of 13 inches of overhang, allowing you to trim closer to the edge of traps and other obstacles, while at the same time keeping the tractor tires as far away from the edge of traps or water hazards as possible.

If an obstacle is in the way, shift the cutting units to easily mow around it.

CAUTION: This product may exceed noise levels of 85 dB(A) at the operator position. Ear protectors are recommended for prolonged exposure to reduce the potential of permanent hearing damage.

When transporting the machine from one work area to another, raise cutting units to the fully up position, move Mow/Transport slide to the left to transport and place throttle in FAST position. **(The cutting units will not operate in transport.)**

MOWING TECHNIQUES

To begin cutting, engage the decks, then approach the mowing area slowly. Once the front decks are over the mowing area, lower the cutting units.

To achieve the professional straight line cut and striping that is desirable for some applications, find a tree or other object in the distance and drive straight toward it.

As soon as the front decks reach the edge of the mowing area, lift the cutting units and perform a tear drop turn, to quickly line you up for your next pass.

Mowing around bunkers ponds or other contours is easily done with The Groundsmaster 3500—D with Sidewinder. To use the Sidewinder application, move the control lever left or right, depending on your mowing application. The cutting units can also be shifted to vary tire tracking.

The Groundsmaster 3500—D decks tend to throw grass to the left side of the machine. If trimming around bunkers, it is best to mow in a clockwise direction to prevent throwing clippings into the bunker.

The cutting decks can be equipped with bolt in mulching baffles. The mulching baffles perform well when turf is maintained on a regular schedule to avoid removing more than 1 inch of growth per cutting. When too much growth is cut with the mulching baffles installed, after-cut appearance may deteriorate and the observed power to cut the turf increases. The mulching baffles also perform well for shredding leaves in the fall of the year.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

AFTER MOWING

At the completion of mowing operation, thoroughly wash the machine with a garden hose — without a nozzle — so excessive water pressure will not cause contamination and damage to seals and bearings. Make sure radiator and oil cooler are kept free of dirt or grass clippings. After cleaning, it is recommended the machine be inspected for possible hydraulic fluid leaks, damage or wear to hydraulic and mechanical components and the cutting unit blades checked for sharpness.

IMPORTANT: After wash down, move the Sidewinder mechanism from left to right several times to remove water between bearing blocks and cross tube.

DAILY MAINTENANCE CHECKLIST

Daily Maintenance: (duplicate this page for routine use)

Check proper section of Operator's Manual for fluid specifications

Maintenance Check Item ➡	Daily Maintenance Check For Week Of _____						
	MON	TUES	WED	THURS	FRI	SAT	SUN
✓ Safety Interlock Operation							
✓ Brake Operation							
✓ Engine Oil Level							
✓ Cooling System Fluid Level							
Drain Water/Fuel Separator							
✓ Air Filter, Dust Cup & Burp Valve							
✓ Radiator & Screen for Debris							
✓ Unusual Engine Noises ¹							
✓ Unusual Operating Noises							
✓ Hydraulic System Oil Level							
✓ Hydraulic Hoses for Damage							
✓ Fluid Leaks							
✓ Fuel Level							
✓ Tire Pressure							
✓ Instrument Operation							
✓ Height-of-Cut Adjustment							
Lubricate All Grease Fittings ²							
Touch-up Damaged Paint							

¹ = Check glow plug and injector nozzles, if hard starting, excess smoke or rough running is noted.

² = Immediately after every washing, regardless of the interval listed.

Notation for areas of concern: Inspection performed by _____

Item	Date	Information
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		

MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

Minimum Recommended Maintenance Intervals

Maintenance Procedure	Maintenance Interval & Service				
Inspect Air Filter, Dust Cup and Burp Valve Lubricate All Grease Fittings Change Engine Oil Check Battery Cable Connections † Check Fan and Alternator Belt Tensions Check Battery Fluid Level Every 50hrs ‡ Change Engine Oil and Filter Inspect Traction Belt Every 100hrs Replace Air Filter † Replace Hydraulic Filter † Torque Wheel Lug Nuts Every 200hrs Replace Hydraulic Fluid Replace Fuel/Water Separator Filter Replace Fuel Pre Filter Inspect Traction Cable Movement ‡ Check Engine RPM (idle and full throttle) Every 400hrs Adjust Valves Every 800hrs					
† Initial break in at 10 hours ‡ Initial break in at 50 hours					
Replace all Moving Hoses Replace Safety Switches Cooling System—Flush/Replace Fluid Fuel Tank—Drain/Flush Hydraulic Tank—Drain/Flush	<u>Annual Recommendations:</u> Items listed are recommended every 1000 hours or 2 years, whichever occurs first.				

LUBRICATION

GREASING BEARINGS AND BUSHINGS

(Fig. 27–38)

The traction unit has grease fittings that must be lubricated regularly with No. 2 General Purpose Lithium Base Grease. If machine is operated under normal conditions, lubricate bearings and bushings after every 50 hours of operation. Bearings and bushings must be lubricated daily when operating conditions are extremely dusty and dirty. Dusty and dirty operating conditions could cause dirt to get into the bearings and bushings, resulting in accelerated wear. Lubricate bearings and bushings immediately after every washing, regardless of the interval listed.

The traction unit bearings and bushings that must be lubricated are: Rear cutting unit pivot (Fig. 27), Front cutting unit pivot (Fig. 28), SideWinder cylinder ends (2) (Model 03201 only) (Fig. 29), Steering pivot (Fig. 30), Rear lift arm pivot and lift cylinder (2) (Fig. 31), Left front lift arm pivot and lift cylinder (2) (Fig. 32), Right front lift arm pivot and lift cylinder (2) (Fig. 33), Neutral adjust mechanism (Fig. 34), Mow/Transport slide (Fig. 35), Belt tension pivot (Fig. 36) Steering cylinder (Fig. 37).

Note: If desired, an additional grease fitting may be installed in other end of steering cylinder. Tire must be removed, fitting installed, greased, fitting removed and plug installed (Fig. 38).

IMPORTANT: Do not lubricate Sidewinder cross tube, bearing blocks are self lubricated.

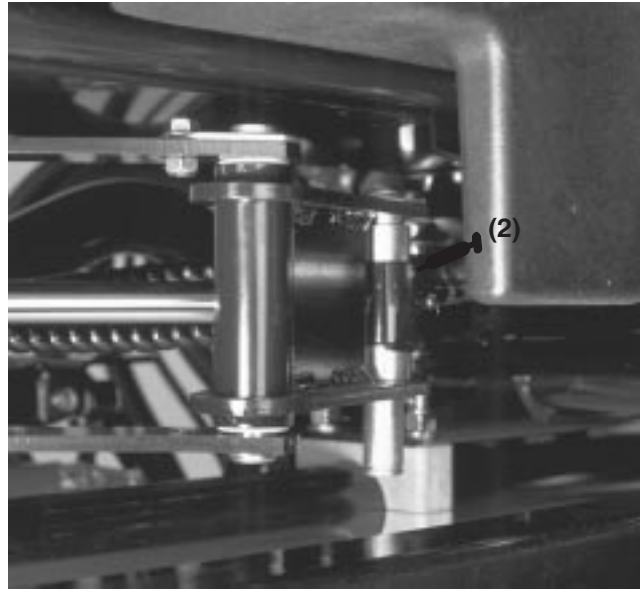


Figure 29

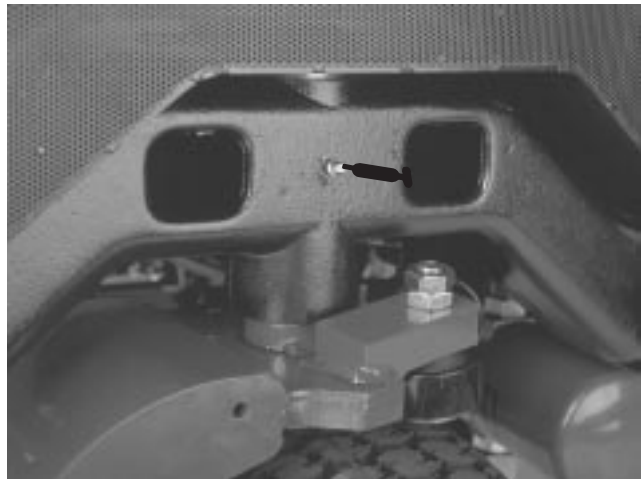


Figure 30

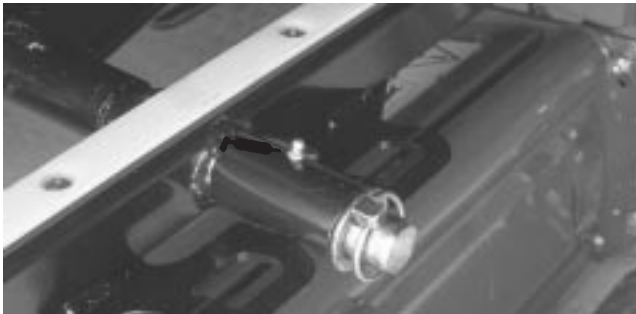


Figure 27



Figure 28

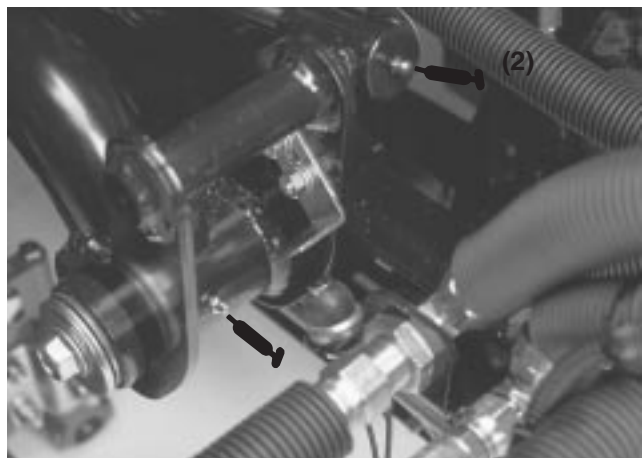


Figure 31

LUBRICATION

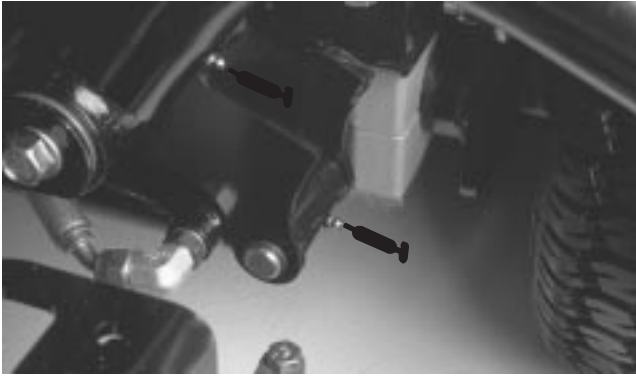


Figure 32

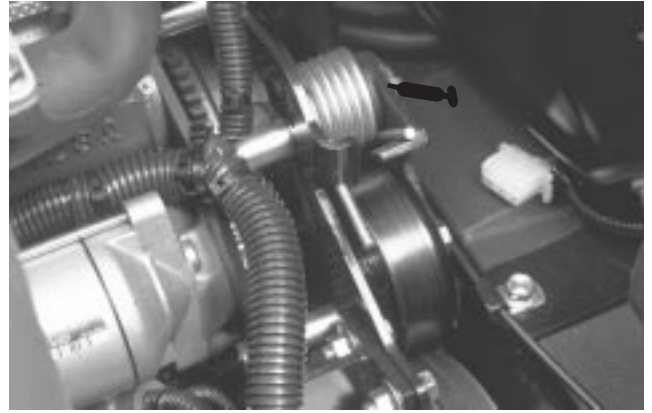


Figure 36

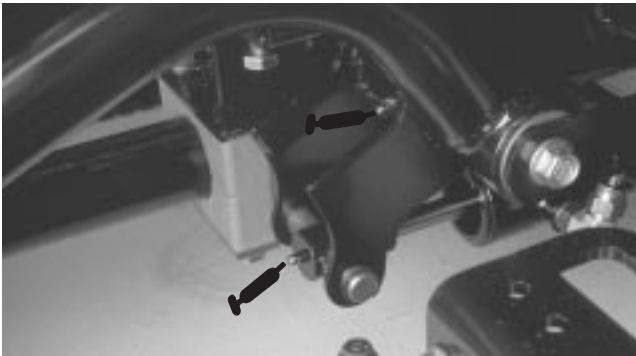


Figure 33



Figure 37

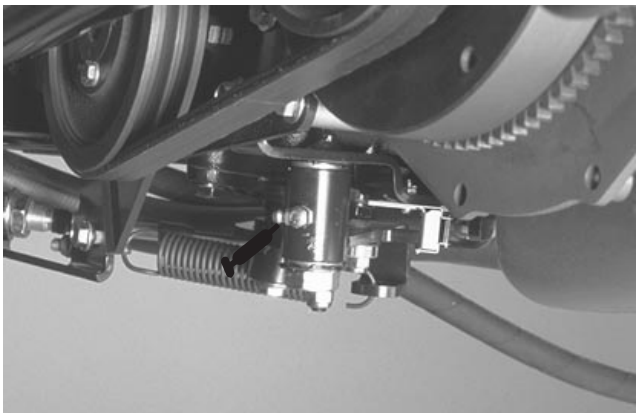


Figure 34



Figure 35



Figure 38 (See note)

GENERAL MAINTENANCE



CAUTION

Before servicing or making adjustments to the machine, stop engine and remove key from the switch.

HOOD REMOVAL (Fig. 39)

Hood may be easily removed to ease maintenance procedures in engine area of machine.

1. Unlatch and raise hood.
2. Remove cotter pin securing hood pivot to mounting brackets.

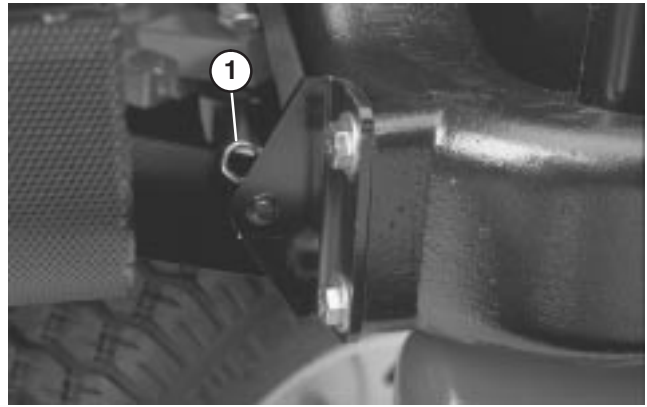


Figure 39

1. Cotter pin

3. Slide hood to right side, lift other side and pull out of brackets.
4. Reverse procedure to reinstall hood.

AIR CLEANER MAINTENANCE

GENERAL AIR CLEANER MAINTENANCE

1. Check air cleaner body for damage which could possibly cause an air leak. Replace a damaged air cleaner body.
2. Service the air cleaner filter every 200 hours (more frequently in extreme dusty or dirty conditions).
3. Be sure cover is sealing around air cleaner body.

SERVICING AIR CLEANER (Fig. 40 & 41)

1. Release latches securing air cleaner cover to air cleaner body. Separate cover from body. Clean inside of air cleaner cover.

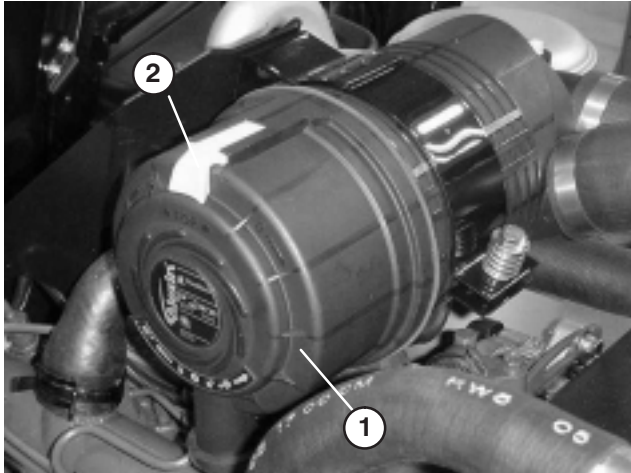


Figure 40

1. Air cleaner dust cup
2. Air cleaner latch

2. Gently slide filter out of air cleaner body to reduce the amount of dust dislodged. Avoid knocking filter against air cleaner body.



Figure 41

1. Filter element

3. Inspect filter and discard if damaged. Do not wash or reuse a damaged filter.

Washing Method

- A. Prepare a solution of filter cleaner and water and soak filter element about 15 minutes. Refer to directions on filter cleaner carton for complete information.
- B. After soaking filter for 15 minutes, rinse it with clear water. Maximum water pressure must not exceed 40 psi to prevent damage to the filter element. Rinse filter from clean side to dirty side.
- C. Dry filter element using warm, flowing air (160°F) max), or allow element to air-dry. Do not use a light bulb to dry the filter element because damage could result.

Compressed Air Method

- A. Blow compressed air from inside to the outside of dry filter element. Do not exceed 100 psi to prevent damage to the element.
 - B. Keep air hose nozzle at least 2" from filter and move nozzle up and down while rotating the filter element. Inspect for holes and tears by looking through the filter toward a bright light.
4. Inspect new filter for shipping damage. Check sealing end of filter. Do not install a damaged filter.
 5. Insert new filter properly into air cleaner body. Make sure filter is sealed properly by applying pressure to outer rim of filter when installing. Do not press on flexible center of filter.
 6. Reinstall cover and secure latches. Make sure cover is positioned with TOP side up.

ENGINE MAINTENANCE

ENGINE OIL AND FILTER (Fig. 42 & 43)

Change oil and filter initially after the first 50 hours of operation, thereafter change oil every 50 hours and filter every 100 hours.

1. Remove either drain plug and let oil flow into drain pan. When oil stops, install drain plug.

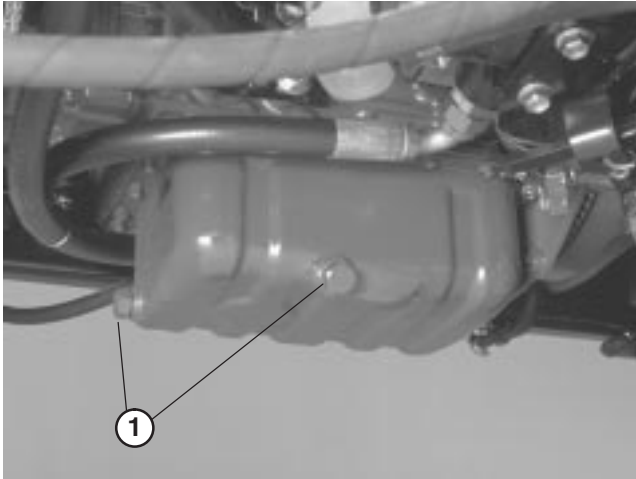


Figure 42
1. Engine Oil Drain Plug

2. Remove oil filter. Apply a light coat of clean oil to the new filter seal before screwing it on. DO NOT OVER-TIGHTEN.

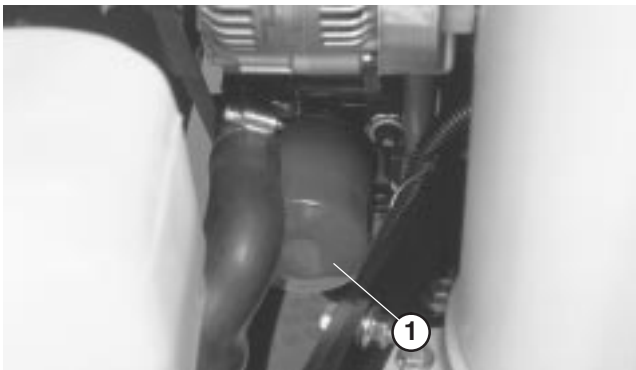


Figure 43
1. Engine Oil Filter

3. Add oil to crankcase, refer to Check Engine Oil.

FUEL SYSTEM

Fuel Tank

Drain and clean fuel tank every 2 years. Also, drain and clean tank if fuel system becomes contaminated or if machine is to be stored for an extended period. Use clean fuel to flush out the tank.

Fuel Lines and Connections

Check lines and connections every 400 hours or yearly, whichever comes first. Inspect for deterioration, damage, or loose connections.

Water Separator (Fig. 44)

Drain water or other contaminants from water separator (Fig. 44) daily.

1. Place a clean container under fuel filter.
2. Loosen drain plug on bottom of filter canister. Tighten plug after draining.

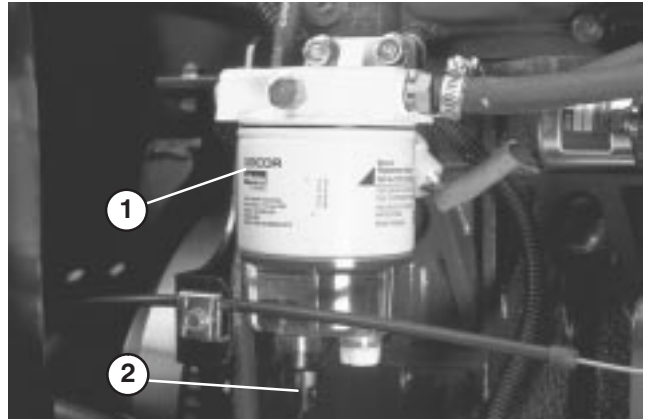


Figure 44
1. Water Separator
2. Drain Plug

Replace filter canister after every 400 hours of operation.

1. Clean area where filter canister mounts.
2. Remove filter canister and clean mounting surface.
3. Lubricate gasket on filter canister with clean oil.
4. Install filter canister by hand until gasket contacts mounting surface, then rotate an additional 1/2 turn.

Replacing Fuel Pre Filter (Fig. 45)

Replace the fuel pre filter, located on inside of frame rail below water separator after every 400 operating hours or yearly, whichever occurs first.

1. Remove screw securing filter to frame rail.
2. Clamp both fuel lines that connect to the fuel filter so fuel cannot drain when lines are removed.
3. Loosen the hose clamps at both ends of the filter and pull fuel lines off filter.

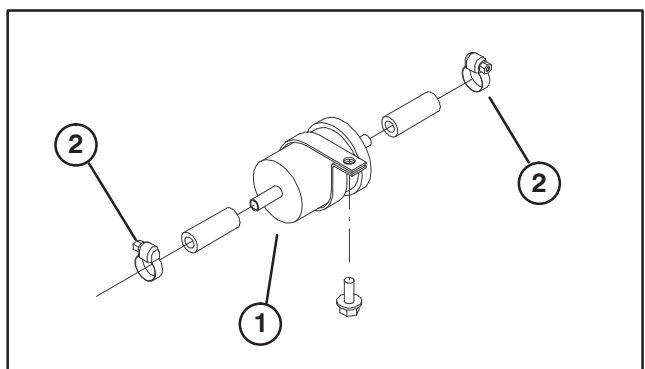


Figure 45
1. Fuel Pre Filter
2. Hose Clamps

ENGINE MAINTENANCE

4.. Slide hose clamps onto ends of fuel lines. Push fuel lines onto fuel filter and secure them with hose clamps. Be sure arrow on side of filter points toward the injection pump.



DANGER

Because diesel fuel is flammable, use caution when storing or handling it. Do not smoke while filling the fuel tank. Do not fill fuel tank while engine is running, hot, or when machine is in an enclosed area. Always fill fuel tank outside and wipe up any spilled diesel fuel before starting the engine. Store fuel in a clean, safety-approved container and keep cap in place. Use diesel fuel for the engine only; not for any other purpose.

BLEEDING AIR FROM INJECTORS (Fig. 46)

Note: This procedure should be used only if fuel system has been purged of air through normal priming procedures and engine will not start; refer to Bleeding Fuel System.

1. Loosen the pipe connection to the No. 1 nozzle and holder assembly.

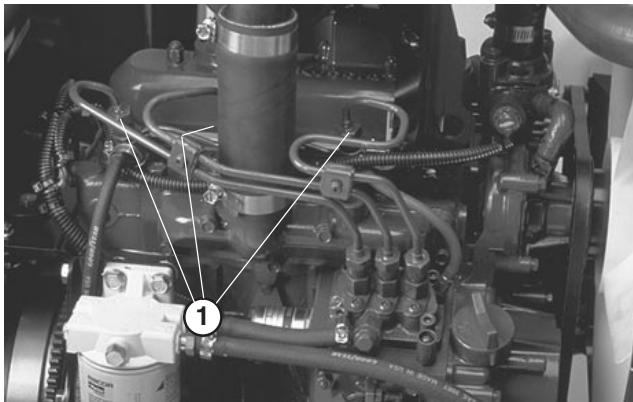


Figure 46

1. Fuel Injectors (3)

2. Move throttle to FAST position.
3. Turn key in key switch to START position and watch fuel flow around connector. Turn key to OFF position when solid flow is observed.
4. Tighten pipe connector securely.
5. Repeat steps on remaining nozzles.

ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM (Fig. 47 & 48)

1. Removing Debris — Remove debris from oil cooler and radiator daily, clean more frequently in dirty conditions.

A. Turn engine off and raise hood. Clean engine area thoroughly of all debris.

B. Remove access panel.

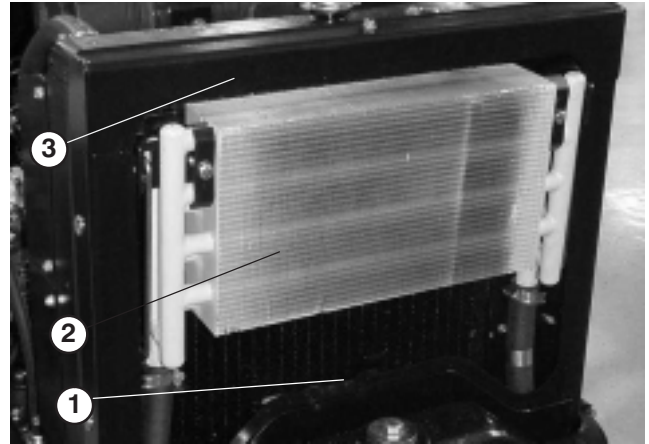


Figure 47

1. Access panel
2. Oil cooler
3. Radiator

C. Remove access panel. Unlatch oil cooler and pivot rearward. Clean both sides of oil cooler and radiator area thoroughly with water or compressed air. Pivot oil cooler back into position.

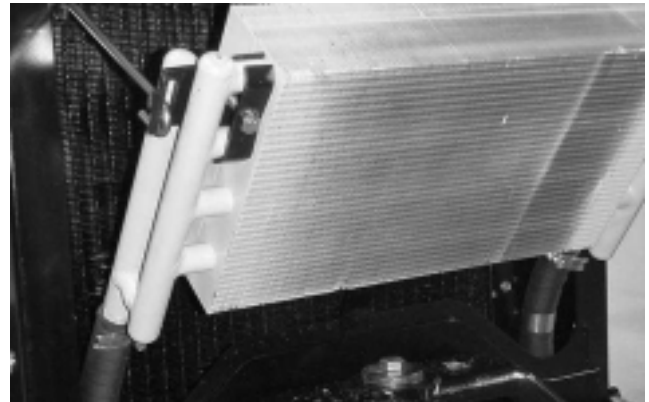


Figure 48

D. Install access panel and close hood.

SERVICING ENGINE BELTS

Check condition and tension of all belts after first day of operation and every 100 operating hours thereafter.

Alternator/fan Belt (Fig. 49)

1. Open hood.
2. Check tension by depressing belt midway between alternator and crankshaft pulleys with 22 lb. of force. Belt should deflect 7/16 in. If deflection is incorrect, proceed to step 3. If correct, continue operation.
3. Loosen bolt securing brace to engine and bolt securing alternator to brace.
4. Insert pry bar between alternator and engine and pry out on alternator.
5. When proper tension is achieved, tighten alternator and brace bolts to secure adjustment.

ENGINE MAINTENANCE

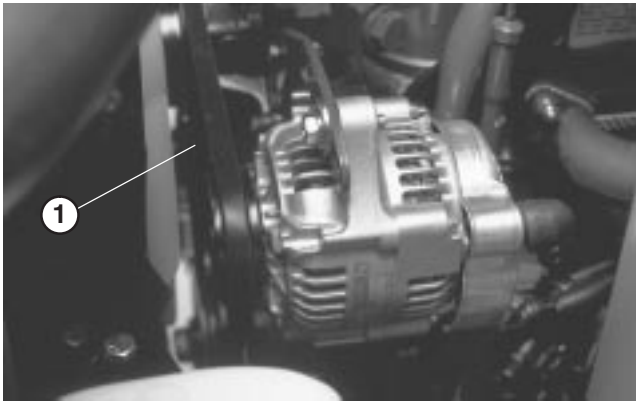


Figure 49

1. Alternator/fan Belt

Hydrostat Drive Belt Replacement (Fig. 50)

1. Insert a nut driver or small piece of tubing onto end of belt tensioning spring.



WARNING

Use caution when de-tensioning spring as it is under heavy load.

2. Push down and forward on spring end to unhook from bracket and release tension on spring.
3. Replace belt.
4. Reverse procedure to tension spring.

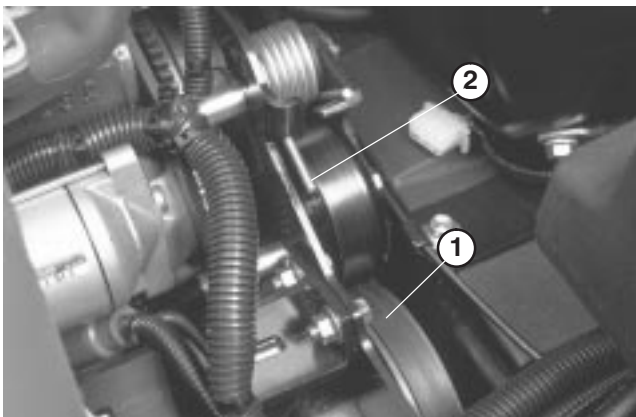


Figure 50

1. Hydrostat Drive Belt
2. Spring end

ADJUSTING THROTTLE (Fig. 51)

1. Position throttle lever rearward so it stops against control panel slot.
2. Loosen the throttle cable connector on the lever arm at the injection pump.

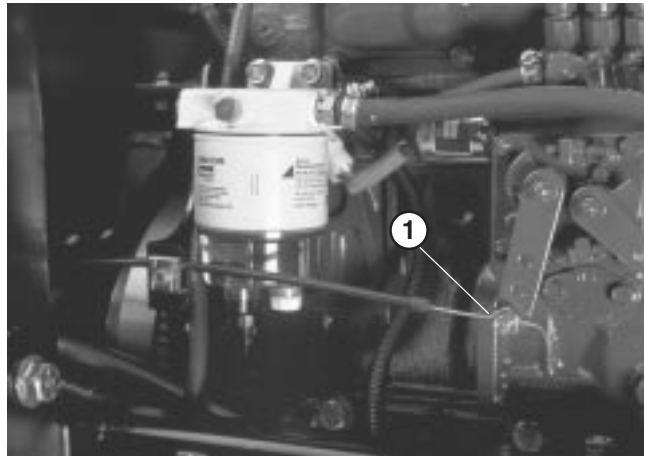


Figure 51

1. Injection Pump Lever Arm

3. Hold the injection pump lever arm against the low idle stop and tighten the cable connector.
4. Loosen screws securing throttle control to control panel.
5. Push throttle control lever all the way forward.
6. Slide stop plate until it contacts throttle lever and tighten screws securing throttle control to control panel.
7. If throttle does not stay in position during operation, torque the lock nut, used to set the friction device on the throttle lever, to 40 – 55 in. lb. The maximum force required to operate the throttle lever should be 20 lb.

HYDRAULIC MAINTENANCE



CAUTION

Before servicing or making adjustments to the machine, stop engine and remove key from the switch.

CHANGING HYDRAULIC FLUID (Fig. 52 – 54)

Change hydraulic fluid after every 400 operating hours, in normal conditions. If fluid becomes contaminated, contact your local TORO distributor because the system must be flushed. Contaminated fluid looks milky or black when compared to clean oil.

1. Turn engine off and raise hood.
2. Disconnect hydraulic line or remove hydraulic filter and let hydraulic fluid flow into drain pan. Reinstall line when hydraulic fluid stops draining.

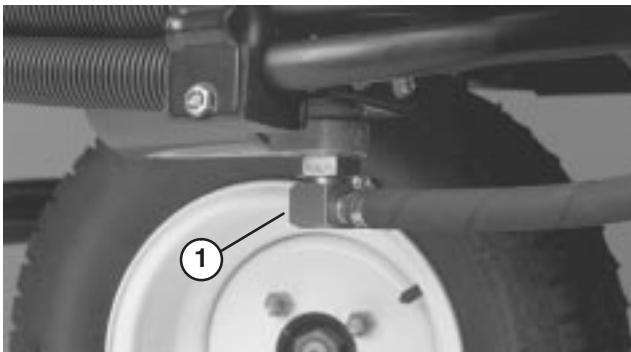


Figure 52

1. Hydraulic line

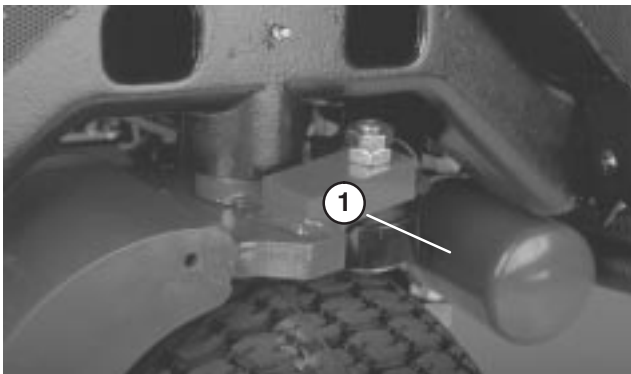


Figure 53

1. Hydraulic Filter

3. Fill reservoir with approximately 3.5 gallons of hydraulic fluid. Refer to Checking Hydraulic Fluid.

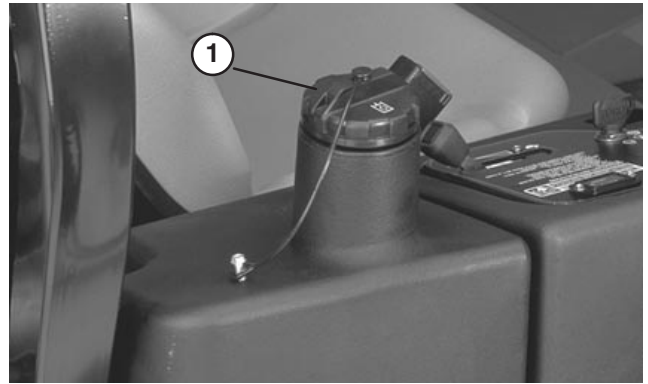


Figure 54

1. Hydraulic Reservoir

IMPORTANT: Use only hydraulic fluids specified. Other fluids could cause system damage.

4. Install reservoir cap. Start engine and use all hydraulic controls to distribute hydraulic fluid throughout the system. Also check for leaks. Then stop the engine.
5. Check level of fluid and add enough to raise level to FULL mark on dipstick. DO NOT OVER FILL.

REPLACING HYDRAULIC FILTER (Fig. 53)

The hydraulic system filter must be changed initially, after the first 10 hours of operation, and thereafter every 200 hours of operation or yearly, whichever comes first. Use a genuine Toro oil filter for replacement. The hydraulic oil must be changed every 400 hours of operation or yearly, whichever comes first.

Use the Toro replacement filter (Part No. 86–3010).

IMPORTANT: Use of any other filter may void the warranty on some components.

1. Position machine on a level surface, lower the cutting units, stop the engine, engage the parking brake and remove key from ignition switch.
2. Pinch off hose to filter mounting plate.
3. Clean area around filter mounting area. Place drain pan under filter and remove filter.
4. Lubricate new filter gasket and fill the filter with hydraulic fluid.
5. Assure filter mounting area is clean. Screw filter on until gasket contacts mounting plate. Then tighten filter one-half turn.
6. Start engine and let run for about two minutes to purge air from the system. Stop the engine and check for leaks.

CHECKING HYDRAULIC LINES AND HOSES

Daily, check hydraulic lines and hoses for leaks, kinked lines, loose mounting supports, wear, loose fittings, weather deterioration and chemical deterioration. Make all necessary repairs before operating.

HYDRAULIC MAINTENANCE



WARNING

Keep body and hands away from pin hole leaks or nozzles that eject high pressure hydraulic fluid. Use cardboard or paper to find hydraulic leaks. Hydraulic fluid escaping under pressure can penetrate skin and cause injury. Fluid accidentally injected into the skin must be surgically removed within a few hours by a doctor familiar with this form of injury or gangrene may result.

ADJUSTING TRACTION DRIVE FOR NEUTRAL (Fig. 55)

If the machine “creeps” when the traction pedal is in the neutral position, the traction cam must be adjusted.

1. Park the machine on a level surface and turn the engine off.
2. Raise one front wheel and rear wheel off floor and place support blocks under frame.



WARNING

One front wheel and rear wheel must be raised off the ground or the machine will move during adjustment. Make sure machine is supported so it will not accidentally fall injuring anyone under machine.

3. Loosen locknut on traction adjustment cam.

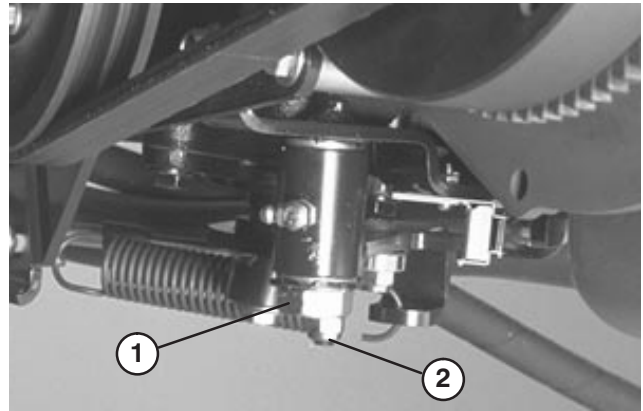


Figure 55

1. Traction adjustment cam
2. Locknut



WARNING

Engine must be running so final adjustment of the traction adjustment cam can be performed. To guard against possible personal injury, keep hands, feet, face and other parts of the body away from the muffler, other hot parts of the engine, and other rotating parts.

4. Start engine and rotate cam hex in both directions to determine mid position of neutral span.
5. Tighten locknut securing adjustment.
6. Stop the engine.
7. Remove support blocks and lower the machine to the shop floor. Test drive the machine to make sure it does not creep.

BRAKE MAINTENANCE

ADJUSTING PARKING BRAKE (Fig. 56)

Check adjustment every 200 hours.

1. Loosen set screw securing knob to parking brake lever.
2. Rotate knob until a force of 30–40 lbs. is required to actuate lever.
3. Tighten set screw after adjustment has been attained.

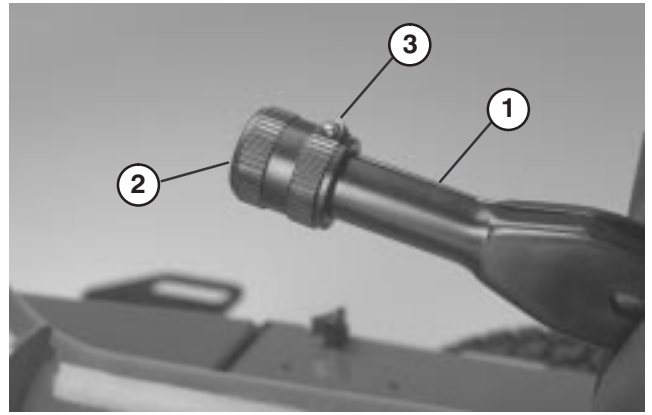


Figure 56

1. Parking brake lever
2. Knob
3. Setscrew

ELECTRICAL MAINTENANCE

BATTERY CARE

1. Battery electrolyte level must be properly maintained and the top of the battery kept clean. If the machine is stored in a location where temperatures are extremely high, the battery will run down more rapidly than if the machine is stored in a location where temperatures are cool.
2. Check the electrolyte level every 25 operating hours or, if machine is in storage, every 30 days.
3. Maintain cell level with distilled or demineralized water. Do not fill cells above the bottom of the split ring inside each cell. Install filler caps with vents pointing to the rear (toward fuel tank).



CAUTION

Wear safety goggles and rubber gloves when working with electrolyte. Charge the battery in a well ventilated place so gases produced while charging can dissipate. Since the gases are explosive, keep open flame and electrical spark away from the battery; do not smoke. Nausea may result if the gases are inhaled. Unplug charger from electrical outlet before connecting to, or disconnecting, charger leads from battery posts.

4. Keep top of battery clean by washing periodically with a brush dipped in ammonia or bicarbonate of soda solution. Flush the top surface with water after cleaning. Do not remove the fill caps while cleaning.

5. Battery cables must be tight on terminals to provide good electrical contact.



WARNING

Connecting cables to the wrong post could result in personal injury and/or damage to the electrical system.

6. If corrosion occurs at terminals, disconnect cables, negative (—) cable first and scrape clamps and terminals separately. Reconnect cables, positive (+) cable first and coat terminals with petroleum jelly.
7. Always disconnect battery cables, ground cable (—) first, to prevent possible wiring damage from short outs whenever working with the electrical system.

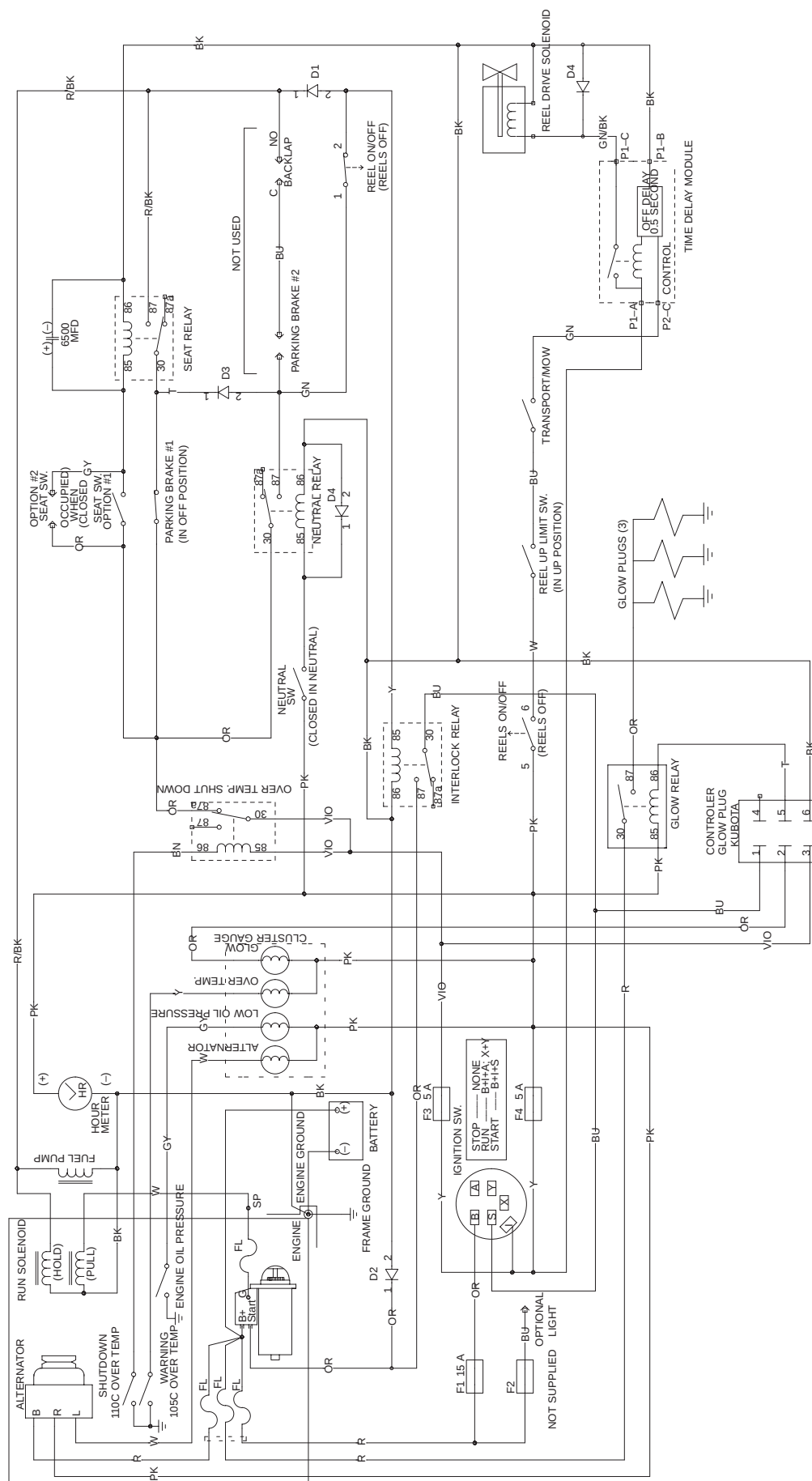
BATTERY STORAGE

If the machine will be stored more than 30 days, remove the battery and charge it fully. Either store it on the shelf on the machine. Leave the cables disconnected if stored on the machine. Store the battery in a cool atmosphere to avoid quick deterioration of the charge in the battery. To prevent battery from freezing, make sure it is fully charged. The specific gravity of a fully charged battery is 1.265 – 1.299.

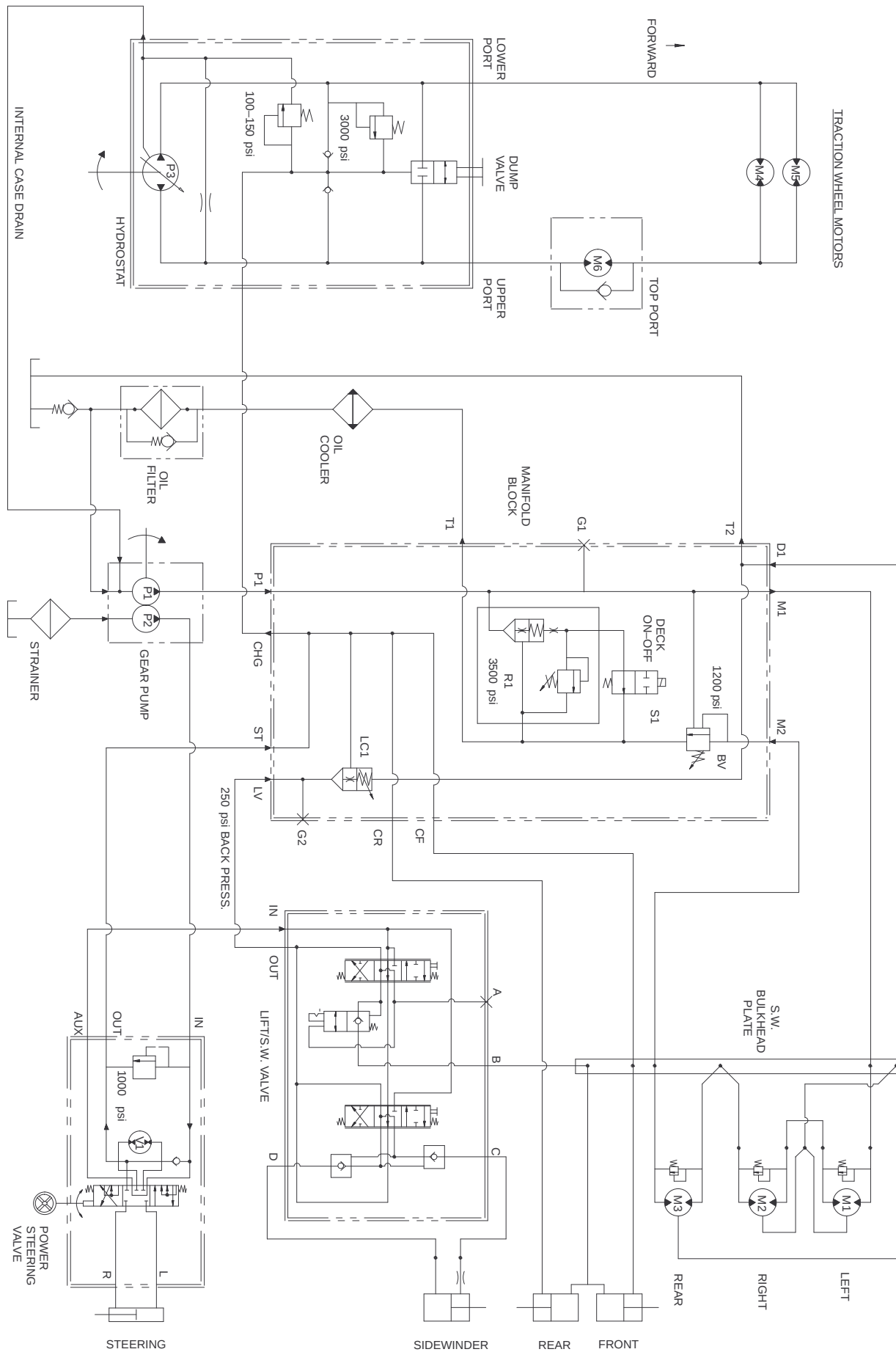
FUSES

The fuses in machines electrical system are located under console cover.

ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC



HYDRAULIC SCHEMATIC



PREPARATION FOR SEASONAL STORAGE

Traction Unit

1. Thoroughly clean the traction unit, cutting units and the engine.
2. Check the tire pressure. Inflate all tires to 14–18 psi.
3. Check all fasteners for looseness; tighten as necessary.
4. Grease or oil all grease fittings and pivot points. Wipe up any excess lubricant.
5. Cover the entire length of the Sidewinder cross tube with a light oil to prevent rust. After storage, wipe off all oil.
6. Lightly sand and use touch-up paint on painted areas that are scratched, chipped, or rusted. Repair any dents in the metal body.
7. Service the battery and cables as follows:
 - A. Remove the battery terminals from the battery posts.
 - B. Clean the battery, terminals, and posts with a wire brush and baking soda solution.
 - C. Coat the cable terminals and battery posts with Grafo 112X skin-over grease (Toro Part No. 505-47) or petroleum jelly to prevent corrosion.
 - D. Slowly recharge the battery every 60 days for 24 hours to prevent lead sulfation of the battery.

Engine

1. Drain the engine oil from the oil pan and replace the drain plug.
2. Remove and discard the oil filter. Install a new oil filter.
3. Refill oil pan with approximately 4.0 quarts of SAE10W-30 motor oil.
4. Start the engine and run at idle speed for approximately two minutes.
5. Stop the engine.
6. Thoroughly drain all fuel from the fuel tank, lines fuel filter and water separator assembly.
7. Flush the fuel tank with fresh, clean diesel fuel.
8. Re-secure all fuel system fittings.
9. Thoroughly clean and service the air cleaner assembly.
10. Seal the air cleaner inlet and the exhaust outlet with weatherproof tape.
11. Check anti-freeze protection and add as needed for expected minimum temperature in your area.

IDENTIFICATION AND ORDERING

MODEL AND SERIAL NUMBER

The mower has two identification numbers: a model number and a serial number. The two numbers are stamped into a plate that is riveted to the frame of mower. In any correspondence concerning the mower, supply the model and serial numbers to assure that correct information and replacement parts are obtained.

Note: Do not order by reference number if a parts catalog is being used; use the part number.

To order replacement parts from an Authorized TORO Service Dealer, supply the following information:

1. Model and serial numbers of the mower.
2. Part number, description and quantity of part(s) desired.

NOTES



The Toro General Commercial Products Warranty

A Two-Year Limited Warranty

Conditions and Products Covered

The Toro Company and its affiliate, Toro Warranty Company, pursuant to an agreement between them, jointly warrant your 1996 or newer Toro Commercial Product ("Product") purchased after January 1, 1997, to be free from defects in materials or workmanship for two years or 1500 operational hours*, whichever occurs first. Where a warrantable condition exists, we will repair the Product at no cost to you including diagnosis, labor, parts, and transportation. This warranty begins on the date the Product is delivered to the original retail purchaser.

* Product equipped with hour meter

Instructions for Obtaining Warranty Service

You are responsible for notifying the Commercial Products Distributor or Authorized Commercial Products Dealer from whom you purchased the Product as soon as you believe a warrantable condition exists.

If you need help locating a Commercial Products Distributor or Authorized Dealer, or if you have questions regarding your warranty rights or responsibilities, you may contact us at:

Toro Commercial Products Service Department
Toro Warranty Company
8111 Lyndale Avenue South
Bloomington, MN 55420-1196
952-888-8801 or 800-982-2740
E-mail: commercial.service@toro.com

Owner Responsibilities

As the Product owner, you are responsible for required maintenance and adjustments stated in your operator's manual. Failure to perform required maintenance and adjustments can be grounds for disallowing a warranty claim.

Items and Conditions Not Covered

Not all product failures or malfunctions that occur during the warranty period are defects in materials or workmanship. This express warranty does not cover the following:

- Product failures which result from the use of non-Toro replacement parts, or from installation and use of add-on, modified, or unapproved accessories
- Product failures which result from failure to perform required maintenance and/or adjustments
- Product failures which result from operating the Product in an abusive, negligent or reckless manner
- Parts subject to consumption through use unless found to be defective. Examples of parts which are consumed, or used up, during normal Product operation include, but are not limited to, blades, reels, bedknives, tines, spark plugs, castor wheels, tires, filters, belts, etc.

Countries Other than the United States or Canada

Customers who have purchased Toro products exported from the United States or Canada should contact their Toro Distributor (Dealer) to obtain guarantee policies for your country, province, or state. If for any reason you are dissatisfied with your Distributor's service or have difficulty obtaining guarantee information, contact the Toro importer. If all other remedies fail, you may contact us at Toro Warranty Company.

- Failures caused by outside influence. Items considered to be outside influence include, but are not limited to, weather, storage practices, contamination, use of unapproved coolants, lubricants, additives, or chemicals, etc.
- Normal "wear and tear" items. Normal "wear and tear" includes, but is not limited to, damage to seats due to wear or abrasion, worn painted surfaces, scratched decals or windows, etc.

Parts

Parts scheduled for replacement as required maintenance are warranted for the period of time up to the scheduled replacement time for that part.

Parts replaced under this warranty become the property of Toro. Toro will make the final decision whether to repair any existing part or assembly or replace it. Toro may use factory remanufactured parts rather than new parts for some warranty repairs.

General Conditions

Repair by an Authorized Toro Distributor or Dealer is your sole remedy under this warranty.

Neither The Toro Company nor Toro Warranty Company is liable for indirect, incidental or consequential damages in connection with the use of the Toro Products covered by this warranty, including any cost or expense of providing substitute equipment or service during reasonable periods of malfunction or non-use pending completion of repairs under this warranty. Except for the Emissions warranty referenced below, if applicable, there is no other express warranty. All implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for use are limited to the duration of this express warranty.

Some states do not allow exclusions of incidental or consequential damages, or limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above exclusions and limitations may not apply to you.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

Note regarding engine warranty: The Emissions Control System on your Product may be covered by a separate warranty meeting requirements established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and/or the California Air Resources Board (CARB). The hour limitations set forth above do not apply to the Emissions Control System Warranty. Refer to the Engine Emission Control Warranty Statement printed in your operator's manual or contained in the engine manufacturer's documentation for details.