

### Count on it.

# Operator's Manual

# **Groundsmaster® 4500-D or 4700-D Rotary Mower**

Model No. 30885—Serial No. 410500000 and Up Model No. 30887—Serial No. 410500000 and Up

This product complies with all relevant European directives; for details, please see the separate product specific Declaration of Conformity (DOC) sheet.

It is a violation of California Public Resource Code Section 4442 or 4443 to use or operate the engine on any forest-covered, brush-covered, or grass-covered land unless the engine is equipped with a spark arrester, as defined in Section 4442, maintained in effective working order or the engine is constructed, equipped, and maintained for the prevention of fire.

The enclosed engine owner's manual is supplied for information regarding the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the California Emission Control Regulation of emission systems, maintenance, and warranty. Replacements may be ordered through the engine manufacturer.

#### **A** WARNING

### CALIFORNIA Proposition 65 Warning

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

Battery posts, terminals, and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling.

Use of this product may cause exposure to chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

### Introduction

This machine is a ride-on, rotary-blade lawn mower intended to be used by professional, hired operators in commercial applications. It is primarily designed for cutting grass on well-maintained lawns in parks, sports fields, and on commercial grounds. Using this product for purposes other than its intended use could prove dangerous to you and bystanders.

Read this information carefully to learn how to operate and maintain your product properly and to avoid injury and product damage. You are responsible for operating the product properly and safely. Visit www.Toro.com for product safety and operation training materials, accessory information, help finding a dealer, or to register your product.

Whenever you need service, genuine Toro parts, or additional information, contact an Authorized Service Dealer or Toro Customer Service and have the model and serial numbers of your product ready. Figure 1 identifies the location of the model and serial numbers on the product. Write the numbers in the space provided.

Important: With your mobile device, you can scan the QR code on the serial number decal (if equipped) to access warranty, parts, and other product information.

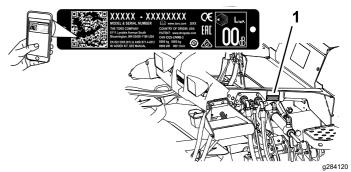


Figure 1

1. Model and serial number location

Model No	
Serial No	

This manual identifies potential hazards and has safety messages identified by the safety-alert symbol (Figure 2), which signals a hazard that may cause serious injury or death if you do not follow the recommended precautions.



Figure 2

g0005

Safety-alert symbol.

This manual uses 2 words to highlight information. **Important** calls attention to special mechanical information and **Note** emphasizes general information worthy of special attention.

# **Contents**

Safety	4
General Safety	4
Safety and Instructional Decals	5
Setup	. 12
1 Installing the Decals (CE Machines	
Only)	. 12
2 Installing the Hood Latch	. 13
3 Adjusting the Roller Scraper	
4 Installing the Mulching Baffle	
5 Preparing the Machine	
Product Overview	
Controls	
Specifications	
Machine Specifications	
Cutting Unit Specifications	
Attachments/Accessories	
Before Operation	
Before Operation Safety	
Checking the Engine-Oil Level	
Checking the Cooling System	
Checking the Hydraulic System	
Draining the Water Separator	. 21
Checking the Rear Axle and Gearbox for	
_ Leaks	
Filling the Fuel Tank	
Checking the Tire Pressure	. 23
Checking the Torque of the Wheel Lug	
Nuts	
Adjusting the Roll Bar	. 24
Adjusting the Height of Cut	. 25
Checking the Interlock Switches	. 25
Checking the Blade-Stopping Time	. 26
Selecting a Blade	
Choosing Accessories	
Using the InfoCenter LCD Display	
Using the Menus	30
Protected Menus	
During Operation	
During Operation Safety	
Understanding the Operating Characteristics	. 00
of the Machine	35
Operating the Machine	35
	. 33
Using the High and Low Speed Range	26
Switch	
Using the Traction Pedal	. 30
Setting the Maximum Traction Speed (Pedal	07
Stop)	. 37
Using the Brake Pedals	. 37
Operating the Cruise Control	. 37
Understanding the Acceleration Mode	. 38
Understanding the Turnaround Mode	. 39
Understanding Counterbalance	. 39
Understanding Toro Smart Power™	. 39
Starting the Engine	. 39
Shutting Off the Engine	. 40
Cutting Grass with the Machine	
- The state of the	

Diesel Particulate Filter Regeneration	
Operating the Engine-Cooling Fan	
Operating Tips	
After Operation	55
General Safety	55
Using the Cutting-Unit Storage Lanyard	55
Using the Transport Latches	56
Hauling the Machine	
Pushing or Towing the Machine	
Locating the Tie-Down Points	
Maintenance	
Maintenance Safety	58
Recommended Maintenance Schedule(s)	58
Daily Maintenance Checklist	
Pre-Maintenance Procedures	
Lifting the Machine	
Opening the Hood	
	02
Accessing the Hydraulic Lift	00
Compartment	
Lubrication	
Greasing the Bearings and Bushings	
Engine Maintenance	
Engine Safety	
Servicing the Air Cleaner	
Servicing the Engine Oil	65
Servicing the Diesel-Oxidation Catalyst	
(DOC) and the Soot Filter	67
Fuel System Maintenance	67
Draining the Fuel Tank	67
Inspecting the Fuel Lines and	
Connections	
Servicing the Fuel-Water Separator	68
Servicing the Fuel Filter	
Cleaning the Fuel-Pickup Tube Screen	
Priming the Fuel System	70
Electrical System Maintenance	
Electrical System Safety	70
Checking the Battery Condition	
Charging and Connecting the Battery	71
Locating the Fuses	72
Drive System Maintenance	73
Checking for End-Play in the Planetary	
Drives	73
Checking the Planetary Gear-Drive	
Lubricant	73
Changing the Planetary-Gear-Drive	
Oil	74
Checking the Rear Axle and Gearbox for	
Leaks	75
Checking the Rear-Axle Lubricant	75
Changing the Rear-Axle Lubricant	76
Checking the Rear-Axle-Gearbox	
Lubricant	76
Checking the Rear Wheel Toe-In	77
Cooling System Maintenance	78
Cooling System Safety	78
Coolant Specification	78
Checking the Cooling System	78
<u> </u>	

Cleaning the Cooling System	79
Brake Maintenance	
Adjusting the Service Brakes	80
Belt Maintenance	
Servicing the Alternator Belt	81
Hydraulic System Maintenance	81
Hydraulic System Safety	81
Servicing the Hydraulic Fluid	81
Checking the Hydraulic Lines and	
Hoses	84
Cutting Unit Maintenance	
Removing the Cutting Units	
Installing the Cutting Units	
Servicing the Front Roller	
Blade Maintenance	
Blade Safety	
Servicing the Blade Plane	86
Removing and Installing the Cutting-Unit	
Blade(s)	87
Inspecting and Sharpening the Cutting Unit	
Blade(s)	
Storage	
Storage Safety	
Preparing the Machine for Storage	89
Preparing a Cutting Unit	89

### **Safety**

### **General Safety**

This product is capable of amputating hands and feet and of throwing objects. Always follow all safety instructions to avoid serious personal injury.

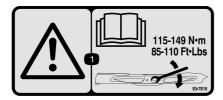
- Read and understand the contents of this Operator's Manual before starting the engine.
- Use your full attention while operating the machine. Do not engage in any activity that causes distractions; otherwise, injury or property damage may occur.
- Do not operate the machine without all guards and other safety protective devices in place and functioning properly on the machine.
- Keep your hands and feet away from rotating parts. Keep clear of the discharge opening.
- Keep bystanders and children out of the operating area. Never allow children to operate the machine.
- Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all movement to stop before you leave the operator's position. Allow the machine to cool before adjusting, servicing, cleaning, or storing it.

Improperly using or maintaining this machine can result in injury. To reduce the potential for injury, comply with these safety instructions and always pay attention to the safety-alert symbol A, which means Caution, Warning, or Danger—personal safety instruction. Failure to comply with these instructions may result in personal injury or death.

### **Safety and Instructional Decals**



Safety decals and instructions are easily visible to the operator and are located near any area of potential danger. Replace any decal that is damaged or missing.



93-7818

decal93-7818

 Warning—read the Operator's Manual for instructions on torquing the blade bolt/nut to 115 to 149 N⋅m (85 to 110 ft-lb).



98-4387

decal98-4387

1. Warning—wear hearing protection.



106-6754

decal106-6754

- 1. Warning—do not touch the hot surface.
- Cutting/dismemberment hazard, fan; entanglement hazard, belt—stay away from moving parts.



106-6755

decal106-6755

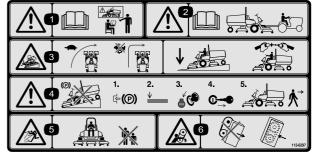
- Engine coolant under pressure.
- Explosion hazard—read the Operator's Manual.
- Warning—do not touch the hot surface.
- Warning—read the Operator's Manual.



decal107-1972

107-1972

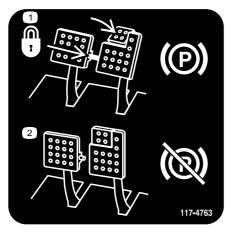
 Thrown object hazard—use a standard blade when the mulch baffle is installed; do not use a high-lift blade when the mulch baffle is installed.



decal112-5297

112-5297

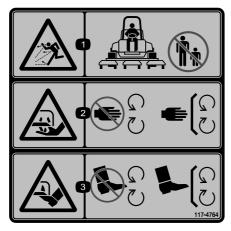
- Warning—read the Operator's Manual; do not operate the machine unless you are trained.
- Warning—read the Operator's Manual before towing the machine.
- Tipping hazard— turn at low speeds; do not turn at high speeds; lower the cutting unit when driving down slopes; use a roll over protection system and wear the seatbelt.
- 4. Warning—do not park the machine on slopes; engage the parking brake, lower the cutting units, shut off the engine, and remove the key before leaving the machine.
- 5. Thrown object hazard—keep bystanders away.
- Entanglement hazard, belt—stay away from moving parts; keep all guards and shields in place.



decal117-4763

#### 117-4763

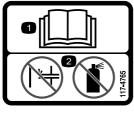
- To engage the parking brake, secure the brake pedals with the locking pin, press the parking-brake pedals and engage the toe pedal.
- To disengage the parking brake, disengage the locking pin and release the pedals.



decal117-4764

117-4764

- 1. Thrown object hazard—keep bystanders away.
- 2. Cutting hazard of hand, mower blade—stay away from moving parts; keep all guards and shields in place.
- 3. Cutting hazard of foot, mower blade—stay away from moving parts; keep all guards and shields in place.



117-4765

decal117-4765

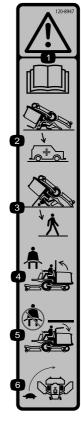
- 1. Read the Operator's Manual.
- 2. Do not use starting aids.



decal117-4766

#### 117-4766

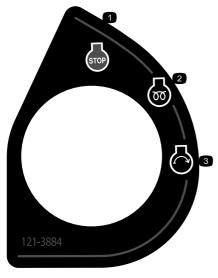
 Cutting/dismemberment hazard; fan—stay away from moving parts, keep all guards and shields in place.



decal120-8947

#### 120-8947

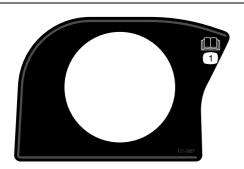
- 1. Warning—read the Operator's Manual.
- 2. There is no rollover protection when the roll bar is down.
- There is rollover protection when the roll bar is up.
- 4. If the roll bar is raised, wear the seat belt.
- If the roll bar is lowered, do not wear the seat belt.
- 3. There is rollover protection 6. Drive slowly when turning.



121-3884

decal121-3884

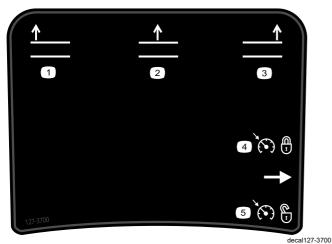
- Engine-stop
- 3. Engine-start
- 2. Engine—preheat



121-3887

decal121-3887

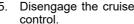
1. Read the Operator's Manual.

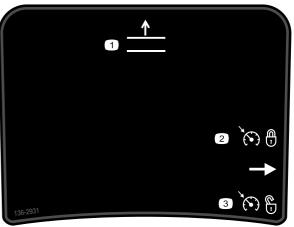


127-3700

For Groundsmaster 4700 Only

- Raise the left cutting unit.
- Raise the center cutting units.
- 3. Raise the right cutting unit.
- 4. Set the cruise control.
- Disengage the cruise





decal136-2931

136-2931

#### For Groundsmaster 4500 Only

- Raise the decks.
- 3. Disengage the cruise control.
- Set the cruise control.



#### **Battery Symbols**

Some or all of these symbols are on your battery.

- **Explosion hazard**
- No fire, open flame, or smoking
- Caustic liquid/chemical
- Wear eye protection.
- burn hazard
- Read the Operator's Manual.

- 6. Keep bystanders away from the battery.
- 7. Wear eye protection; explosive gases can cause blindness and other injuries.
- 8. Battery acid can cause blindness or severe burns.
- Flush eyes immediately with water and get medical help fast.
- Contains lead; do not 10. discard

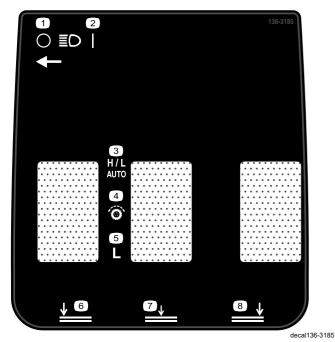
▲ WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov. For more information, please visit www.ttcoCAProp65.com

#### **CALIFORNIA SPARK ARRESTER WARNING**

Operation of this equipment may create sparks that can start fires around dry vegetation. A spark arrester may be required. The operator should contact lock fire agencies for laws or regulations relating to fire prevention requirements.

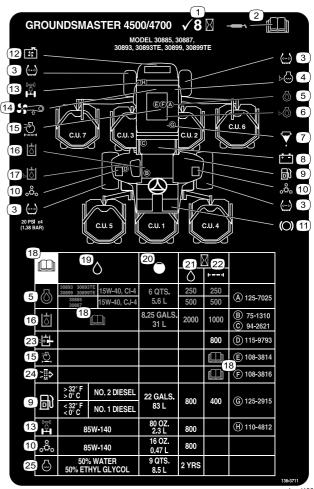
decal133-8062

133-8062



#### 136-3185

- 1. Headlights—Off
- 2. Headlights-On
- 3. High/Low-Auto
- 4. Traction controls
- 5. Low
- 6. Lower the left cutting unit.
- Lower the center cutting unit.
- Lower the right cutting unit.

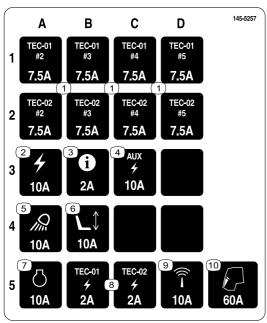


#### 136-3711

decal136-3711

- Check every 8 hours.
- 2. Read the *Operator's Manual* for lubrication information.
- 3. Tire pressure
- 4. Engine-coolant level
- 5. Engine oil
- 6. Engine-oil level
- 7. Fuel/water separator
- 8. Battery
- 9. Diesel fuel
- 10. Planetary drive
- 11. Brake functions
- 12. Radiator screen
- 13. Rear axle

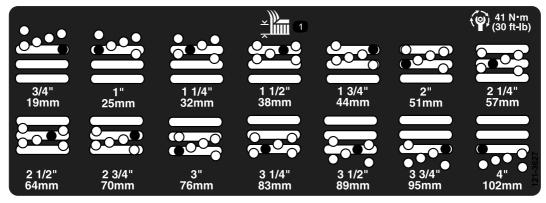
- 14. Fan belt tension
- 15. Engine air filter
- 16. Hydraulic fluid
- 17. Hydraulic-fluid level
- 18. Read the *Operator's Manual*.
- 19. Fluid specification
- 20. Capacity
- 21. Fluid change interval (hours)
- 22. Filter change interval (hours)
- 23. Hydraulic breather
- 24. Safety air filter
- 25. Engine coolant



decal145-5257

#### 145-5257

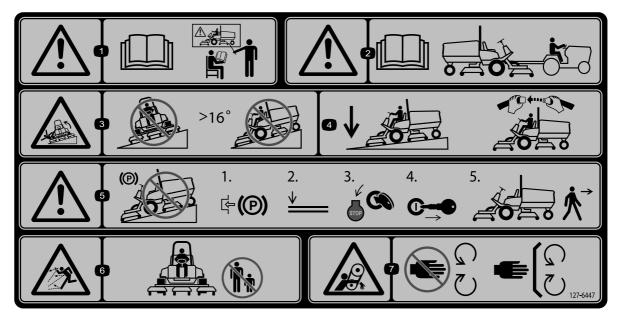
- 1. TEC-7.5 A
- 2. Power-10 A
- 3. InfoCenter—2 A
- 4. Auxiliary power—10 A
- 5. Work lights—10 A
- 6. Power seat—10 A
- 7. Engine—10 A
- 8. TEC-2 A
- 9. Telematics—10 A
- 10. Cab-60 A



decal121-3627

121-3627

1. Height-of-cut settings

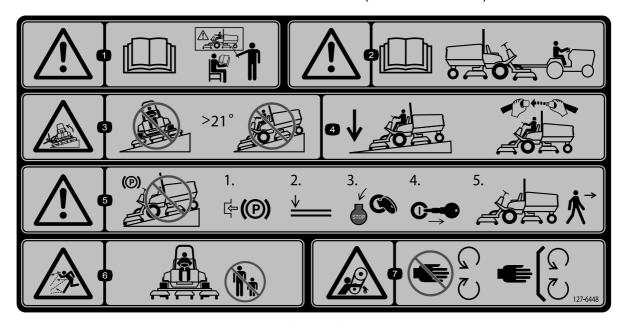


decal127-6447

127-6447

**Note:** This machine complies with the industry standard stability test in the static lateral and longitudinal tests with the maximum recommended slope indicated on the decal. Review the instructions for operating the machine on slopes in the *Operator's Manual* as well as the conditions in which you would operate the machine to determine whether you can operate the machine in the conditions on that day and at that site. Changes in the terrain can result in a change in slope operation for the machine.

- Warning—read the Operator's Manual; all operators should be trained before operating the machine.
- 2. Warning—read the Operator's Manual for towing information.
- Tipping hazard—do not drive on slopes greater than 16°.
- Keep the cutting units lowered while driving down slopes; always wear a seatbelt when operating the machine.
- . Warning—do not park on slopes; engage the parking brake, lower the cutting units, shut off the engine, and remove the key before leaving the machine.
- Thrown object hazard—keep bystanders away.
- Entanglement hazard, belt—stay away from moving parts; keep all guards and shields in place.



decal127-6448

127-6448

**Note:** This machine complies with the industry standard stability test in the static lateral and longitudinal tests with the maximum recommended slope indicated on the decal. Review the instructions for operating the machine on slopes in the *Operator's Manual* as well as the conditions in which you would operate the machine to determine whether you can operate the machine in the conditions on that day and at that site. Changes in the terrain can result in a change in slope operation for the machine.

- Warning—read the Operator's Manual; all operators should be trained before operating the machine.
- 2. Warning—read the Operator's Manual for towing information.
- Tipping hazard—do not drive on slopes greater than 21°.
- Keep the cutting units lowered while driving down slopes; always wear a seatbelt when operating the machine.
- Warning—do not park on slopes; engage the parking brake, lower the cutting units, shut off the engine, and remove the key before leaving the machine.
- 6. Thrown object hazard—keep bystanders away.
- Entanglement hazard, belt—stay away from moving parts; keep all guards and shields in place.

### Setup

### **Loose Parts**

Use the chart below to verify that all parts have been shipped.

Procedure	Description	Qty.	Use	
	Warning decal	1		
1	CE decal	1	Replace the decals (CE machines only)	
_	Production-year decal	1		
	Hood-latch bracket	1		
	Rivet	2	Install the head latch (CC machines	
2	Washer	1	Install the hood latch (CE machines only).	
_	Screw (1/4 x 2 inches)	1	Orny).	
	Locknut (1/4 inch)	1		
3	No parts required	_	Adjust the roller scraper (optional).	
4	No parts required	_	Install the mulching baffle (optional).	
5	No parts required	_	Prepare the machine.	

### **Media and Additional Parts**

Description	Qty.	Use	
Operator's Manual	Review before operating the machine.		
Engine owner's manual	1	Refer to the manual for additional maintenance information	
Declaration of Conformity	1		
Ignition keys	2	Start the engine.	

**Note:** Determine the left and right sides of the machine from the normal operating position.



127-6648 [for Model 30887]), CE decal, and the production-year decal (Figure 3).

# Installing the Decals (CE Machines Only)

#### Parts needed for this procedure:

1	Warning decal
1	CE decal
1	Production-year decal

### **Procedure**

On machines requiring CE compliance, replace the warning decal (127-6647 [for Model 30885] or

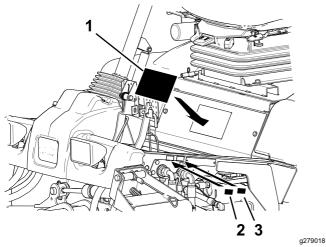


Figure 3

- 1. Warning decal
- 3. Production-year decal
- 2. CE decal



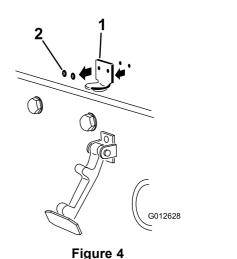
# Installing the Hood Latch CE Machines Only

### Parts needed for this procedure:

1	Hood-latch bracket
2	Rivet
1	Washer
1	Screw (1/4 x 2 inches)
1	Locknut (1/4 inch)

### **Procedure**

- Unhook the hood latch from the hood-latch bracket.
- 2. Remove the 2 rivets securing the hood-latch bracket to the hood (Figure 4).



1. Hood-latch bracket

2. Rivets

a012628

a012629

- 3. Remove the hood-latch bracket from the hood.
- 4. While aligning the mounting holes, position the CE lock bracket and the hood-latch bracket onto the hood (Figure 5).

**Note:** The lock bracket must be against the hood. Do not remove the bolt and nut from the lock-bracket arm.

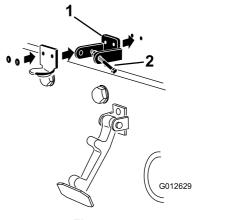


Figure 5

1. CE lock bracket

2. Bolt and nut

- 5. Align the washers with the holes on the inside of the hood.
- 6. Rivet the brackets and the washers to the hood (Figure 5).
- 7. Hook the latch onto the hood-latch bracket (Figure 6).

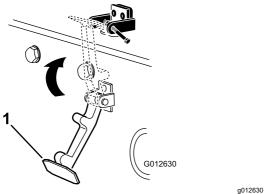


Figure 6

- 1. Hood latch
- Install the bolt into the other arm of the hood-latch bracket to lock the latch in position (Figure 7). Tighten the bolt but do not tighten the nut.

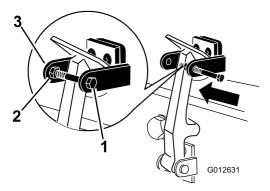


Figure 7

- 1. Bolt
- 2. Nut

3. Arm of hood-latch bracket

g012631

# 3

# Adjusting the Roller Scraper

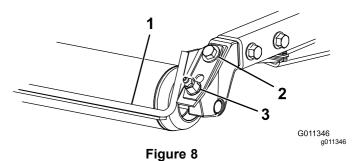
### **Optional**

#### No Parts Required

### **Procedure**

The optional rear roller scraper functions best when there is an even gap of 0.5 to 1 mm (0.02 to 0.04 inch) between the scraper and the roller.

 Loosen the grease fitting and the mounting screw (Figure 8).



- Roller scraper
- 2. Mounting screw
- 3. Grease fitting
- 2. Slide the scraper up or down until you obtain a gap of 0.5 to 1 mm (0.02 to 0.04 inch) between the rod and the roller.
- 3. Tighten the grease fitting and screw to 41 N·m (30 ft-lb) in an alternating sequence.



# Installing the Mulching Baffle

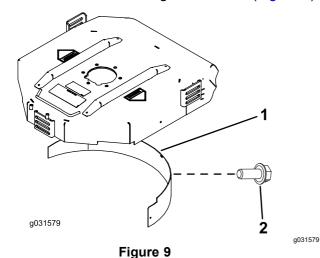
### **Optional**

No Parts Required

### **Procedure**

Contact your authorized Toro distributor for the correct mulching baffle.

- 1. Thoroughly clean debris from the mounting holes on the rear wall and left wall of the chamber.
- 2. Install the mulching baffle in the rear opening and secure it with 5 flange-head bolts (Figure 9).



Mulching baffle

2. Flange-head bolt

3. Verify that the mulching baffle does not interfere with the tip of the blade and does not protrude inside the surface of the rear chamber wall.

### **A** DANGER

Using the high-lift blade with the mulching baffle could cause the blade to break, resulting in personal injury or death.

Do not use the high-lift blade with the baffle.

# 5

### **Preparing the Machine**

### No Parts Required

### **Procedure**

- Park the machine on a level surface.
- 2. For Groundsmaster 4500 and 4700 machines, release the No. 4 and No. 5 cutting-unit cables (Figure 70).
- For Groundsmaster 4700 machines, release the No. 6 and No. 7 cutting-unit latches (Figure 73).
- 4. Lower the cutting units.
- 5. Engage the parking brake.
- Shut off the engine and remove the key.
- 7. Check the tire pressure before use; refer to Checking the Tire Pressure (page 23).

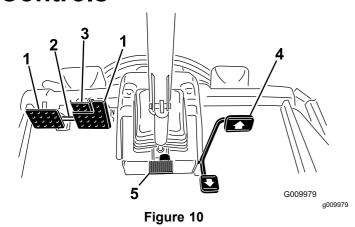
Important: Maintain pressure in all tires to ensure a good quality-of-cut and proper machine performance. Do not underinflate the tires.

- 8. Check the rear-axle lubricant level before you start the engine for the first time; refer to Checking the Rear-Axle Lubricant (page 75).
- Check the engine-oil level before starting the engine; refer to Checking the Engine-Oil Level (page 65).
- 10. Check the hydraulic-fluid level before starting the engine; refer to Checking the Hydraulic-Fluid Level (page 82).
- 11. Check the cooling system before starting the engine; refer to Checking the Cooling System (page 78).
- 12. Grease the machine before use; refer to Greasing the Bearings and Bushings (page 63).

Important: Failure to properly grease the machine will result in premature failure of critical parts.

### **Product Overview**

### **Controls**



- Brake pedal
- Pedal-locking latch
- 3. Parking-brake pedal
- 4. Traction pedal
- 5. Tilt-steering pedal

### **Traction Pedal**

The traction pedal (Figure 10) controls forward and reverse operation. Press the top of the pedal to move forward and the bottom to move backward. When the cutting units are fully raised, the pedal controls the engine and traction speed like a car.

**Note:** In emergency braking situations, remove your foot from the traction pedal and then press the brake pedals. This is the quickest way to stop the machine.

### **Brake Pedals**

There are 2 foot pedals that operate individual wheel brakes for turning assistance, parking, and to aid in better side-hill traction. A latch connects the pedals for parking-brake operation and transport (Figure 10).

### **Pedal-Locking Latch**

The pedal-locking latch connects the pedals together to engage the parking brake (Figure 10).

### Tilt-Steering Pedal

To tilt the steering wheel toward you, press the foot pedal down, pull the steering tower toward you to the most comfortable position, and release the pedal (Figure 10). To move the steering wheel away from you, press the foot pedal and release it when the steering wheel reaches the desired operating position.

### Parking-Brake Pedal

To engage the parking brake, (Figure 10) connect the pedals together with the pedal-locking latch and push down on the right brake pedal while engaging the toe pedal. To release the parking brake, press 1 of the brake pedals until the parking brake latch retracts.

### **Key Switch**

The key switch (Figure 11) has 3 positions: Off, ON/PREHEAT, and START.

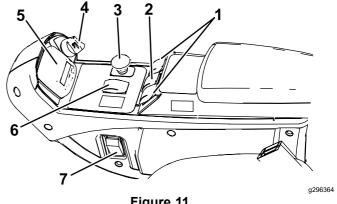


Figure 11

- 1. Lift switches (Groundsmaster 4700 machine only)
- Lift switch (Groundsmaster
- 4500 and 4700 machines)
- PTO switch
- 4. Key switch

- InfoCenter
- High and low speed range switch
- 7. Light switch

### **PTO Switch**

The PTO switch has 2 positions: Out (ENGAGE) and IN (DISENGAGE). Pull the PTO button out to engage the cutting-unit blades. Push the button in to disengage the cutting-unit blades (Figure 11).

### **High and Low Speed Range Switch**

This switch (Figure 11) controls the machines 2 speed ranges; high and low.

Select the H/L AUTO position to allow the machine to automatically select high or low speed.

Select the Low position to manually override to low speed only.

You can change the switch position at any time, but the machine will only switch between speed ranges when the traction pedal is in neutral and the machine is stopped.

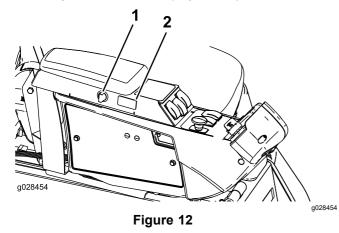
**Note:** To get to high speed in the H/L AUTO position, disengage the PTO and fully raise the cutting units.

**Note:** If you have the switch in the H/L AUTO position, you cannot lower the decks from the fully-raised position unless the traction pedal is in neutral and the machine is stopped.

### **Cruise-Control Switch**

The cruise-control switch locks in the cruise control to maintain the desired ground speed (Figure 12). Pressing the rear of the switch turns off the cruise control, the middle position of the switch enables the cruise-control function, and the front of the switch sets the desired ground speed.

Once the cruise control is set, you can change the speed using the InfoCenter (Figure 32).



- 1. Power point
- 2. Cruise-control switch

### **Lift Switches**

The lift switches raise and lower the cutting units (Figure 11). Press the switches forward to lower the cutting units and rearward to raise the cutting units. When starting the machine, with the cutting units in the down position, press the lift switch down to allow the cutting units to float and mow.

**Note:** The cutting units do not lower while in the high-speed range and they do not raise or lower if you are out of the seat. Also, the cutting units lower with the key in the ON position and you are in the seat.

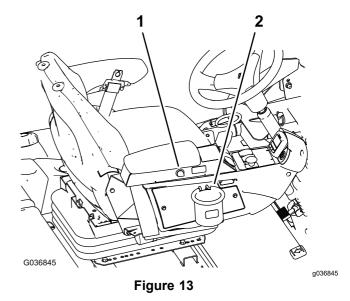
### **Light Switch**

Press the light switch upward to turn the lights to the ON position (Figure 11).

Press the light switch downward to turn the lights to the OFF position.

### **Power Point**

Use the power point (Figure 13) to power optional 12 V electrical accessories.



1. Power point

2. Bag holder

### **Bag Holder**

Use the bag holder for storage (Figure 13).

### **Seat Adjustments**

### **Seat-Adjustment Lever**

Move the seat adjustment lever on the side of the seat outward, slide the seat to the desired position, and release the lever to lock the seat into position (Figure 14).

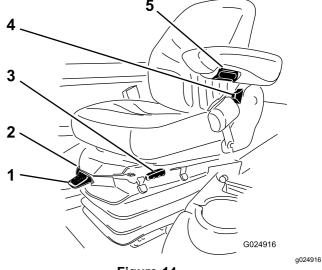


Figure 14

- Weight gauge
- Seat-back adjustment lever
- Weight adjustment lever
- 5. Armrest adjustment knob
- 3. Seat adjustment lever

#### **Armrest Adjustment Knob**

Rotate the knob to adjust the armrest angle (Figure 14).

#### **Seat-Back Adjustment Lever**

Move the lever to adjust the seat-back angle (Figure 14).

#### **Weight Gauge**

The weight gauge indicates when the seat is adjusted to the operator's weight (Figure 14). Adjust the height by positioning the suspension within the range of the green region.

#### Weight Adjustment Lever

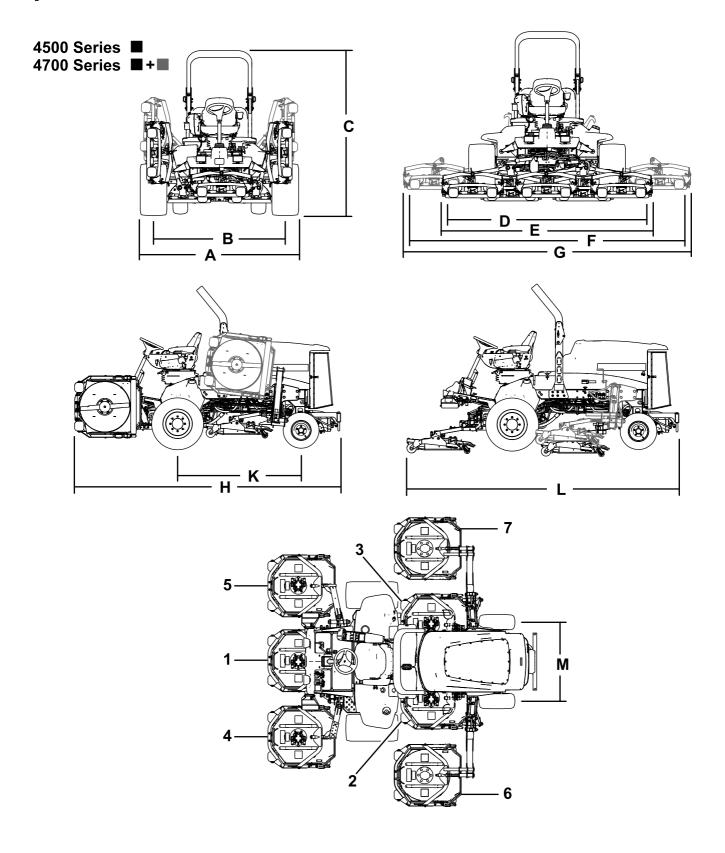
Use this lever to adjust the seat to your weight (Figure 14). Pull the lever up to increase the air pressure and push the lever down to decrease the air pressure. The proper adjustment is correct when the weight gauge is in the green region.

### InfoCenter LCD Display

The InfoCenter LCD display (Figure 11) shows information about your machine, such as the operating status, various diagnostics, and other information about the machine

The screens that display depend on which buttons you select. The purpose of each button may change depending on what is required at the time.

### **Specifications**



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### Figure 15

- 1. Cutting unit 1
- 2. Cutting unit 2
- 3. Cutting unit 3
- 4. Cutting unit 4
- 5. Cutting unit 5
- 6. Cutting unit 6 (4700 only)
- 7. Cutting unit 7 (4700 only)

### **Machine Specifications**

### **Specifications Table**

Description	4500-D	Figure 15 reference	4700-D	Figure 15 reference
Width of cut	280 cm (110 inches)	D	380 cm (150 inches)	F
Overall width		•		-
Cutting units down	286 cm (113 inches)	Е	391 cm (154 inches)	G
Cutting units up (transport)	224 cm (88 inches)	A	224 cm (88 inches)	A
Track width				
Front	224 cm (88 inches)	В	224 cm (88 inches)	В
Rear	141 cm (56 inches)	М	141 cm (56 inches)	М
Height with ROPS				
Raised	226 cm (88.8 inches)	С	226 cm (88.8 inches)	С
Lowered	165 cm (65.2 inches)		165 cm (65.2 inches)	
Overall length				
Cutting units down	370 cm (146 inches)	Н	370 cm (146 inches)	Н
Cutting units up (transport)	370 cm (146 inches)	L	370 cm (146 inches)	L
Ground clearance	15 cm (6 inches)		15 cm (6 inches)	
Wheel base	171 cm (68 inches)	К	171 cm (68 inches)	K
Net weight				
(with cutting units and no fuel)	1937 kg (4,270 lb)		2277 kg (5,020 lb)	

**Note:** Specifications and design are subject to change without notice.

### **Cutting Unit Specifications**

### **Specifications Table**

Length	86.4 cm (34 inches)
Width	86.4 cm (34 inches)
Height	24.4 cm (9.6 inches) to carrier mount
	26.7 cm (10-1/2 inches) at 3/4-inch height of cut
	34.9 cm (13-3/4 inches) at 4-inch height of cut
Weight	88 kg (195 lb)

### **Attachments/Accessories**

A selection of Toro approved attachments and accessories is available for use with the machine to enhance and expand its capabilities. Contact your Authorized Service Dealer or authorized Toro distributor or go to <a href="https://www.Toro.com">www.Toro.com</a> for a list of all approved attachments and accessories.

Use only genuine Toro replacement parts and accessories. Replacement parts and accessories made by other manufacturers could be dangerous, and such use could void the product warranty.

### **Operation**

**Note:** Determine the left and right sides of the machine from the normal operating position.

# **Before Operation Before Operation Safety**

### **General Safety**

- Never allow children or untrained people to operate or service the machine. Local regulations may restrict the age of the operator. The owner is responsible for training all operators and mechanics.
- Become familiar with the safe operation of the equipment, operator controls, and safety signs.
- Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all movement to stop before you leave the operator's position. Allow the machine to cool before adjusting, servicing, cleaning, or storing it.
- Know how to stop the machine and shut off the engine quickly.
- Check that operator-presence controls, safety switches, and guards are attached and functioning properly. Do not operate the machine unless they are functioning properly.
- Before mowing, always inspect the machine to ensure that the blades, blade bolts, and cutting assemblies are in good working condition.
   Replace worn or damaged blades and bolts in sets to preserve balance.
- Inspect the area where you will use the machine and remove all objects that the machine could throw.

### **Fuel Safety**

- Use extreme care in handling fuel. It is flammable and its vapors are explosive.
- Extinguish all cigarettes, cigars, pipes, and other sources of ignition.
- Use only an approved fuel container.
- Do not remove the fuel cap or fill the fuel tank while the engine is running or hot.
- Do not add or drain fuel in an enclosed space.
- Do not store the machine or fuel container where there is an open flame, spark, or pilot light, such as on a water heater or other appliance.
- If you spill fuel, do not attempt to start the engine; avoid creating any source of ignition until the fuel vapors have dissipated.

# Checking the Engine-Oil Level

Before you start the engine and use the machine, check the oil level in the engine crankcase; refer to Checking the Engine-Oil Level (page 65).

# Checking the Cooling System

Before you start the engine and use the machine, check the cooling system; refer to Checking the Cooling System (page 21).

# Checking the Hydraulic System

Before you start the engine and use the machine, check the hydraulic system; refer to Checking the Hydraulic-Fluid Level (page 82).

# Draining the Water Separator

Drain water or other contaminants from the water separator; refer to Draining Water from the Fuel/Water Separator (page 68).

# Checking the Rear Axle and Gearbox for Leaks

Check the rear axle and rear-axle gearbox for leaks; refer to Checking the Rear Axle and Gearbox for Leaks (page 75).

### Filling the Fuel Tank

### **Fuel Tank Capacity**

Fuel tank capacity: 83 L (22 US gallons)

### **Fuel Specification**

Important: Use only ultra-low sulphur diesel fuel. Fuel with higher rates of sulfur degrades the diesel oxidation catalyst (DOC), which causes operational problems and shortens the service life of engine components.

Failure to observe the following cautions may damage the engine.

- Never use kerosene or gasoline instead of diesel fuel.
- Never mix kerosene or used engine oil with the diesel fuel.
- Never keep fuel in containers with zinc plating on the inside.
- Do not use fuel additives.

#### **Petroleum Diesel**

Cetane rating: 45 or higher

**Sulfur content:** Ultra-low sulfur (<15 ppm)

#### **Fuel Table**

Diesel fuel specification	Location
ASTM D975	
No. 1-D S15	USA
No. 2-D S15	
EN 590	European Union
ISO 8217 DMX	International
JIS K2204 Grade No. 2	Japan
KSM-2610	Korea

- Use only clean, fresh diesel fuel or biodiesel fuels.
- Purchase fuel in quantities that can be used within 180 days to ensure fuel freshness.

Use summer-grade diesel fuel (No. 2-D) at temperatures above -7°C (20°F) and winter-grade fuel (No. 1-D or No. 1-D/2-D blend) below that temperature.

**Note:** Use of winter-grade fuel at lower temperatures provides lower flash point and cold flow characteristics which eases starting and reduces fuel filter plugging. Using summer-grade fuel above -7°C (20°F) contributes toward longer fuel pump life and increased power compared to winter-grade fuel.

### **Using Biodiesel**

This machine can also use a biodiesel-blended fuel of up to B20 (20% biodiesel, 80% petrodiesel).

**Sulfur content:** Ultra-low sulfur (<15 ppm)

Biodiesel fuel specification: ASTM D6751 or

EN14214

Blended fuel specification: ASTM D975, EN590,

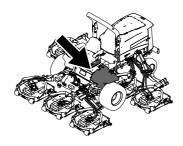
or JIS K2204

*Important:* The petroleum diesel portion must be ultra-low sulfur.

Observe the following precautions:

- Biodiesel blends may damage painted surfaces.
- Use B5 (biodiesel content of 5%) or lesser blends in cold weather.
- Monitor seals, hoses, gaskets in contact with fuel as they may degrade over time.
- Fuel filter plugging may occur for a time after you convert to biodiesel blends.
- For more information on biodiesel, contact your authorized Toro distributor.

### **Adding Fuel**



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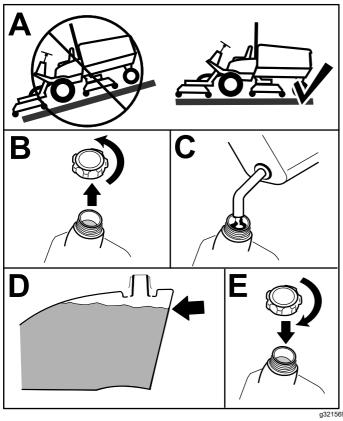


Figure 16

Fill the tank to about 6 to 13 mm (1/4 to 1/2 inch) below the top of the tank, not the filler neck, with Number 2-D diesel fuel.

**Note:** If possible, fill the fuel tank after each use; this will minimize possible buildup of condensation inside the fuel tank.

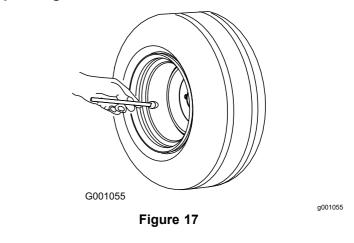
### **Checking the Tire Pressure**

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

The correct air pressure in the tires is 138 kPa (20 psi).

*Important:* Maintain the recommended pressure in all tires to ensure a good quality of cut and proper machine performance. Do not under-inflate the tires.

Check the air pressure in all the tires before operating the machine.



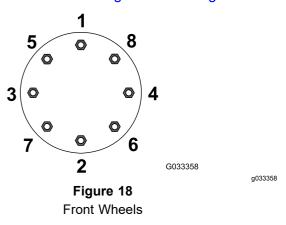
# **Checking the Torque of the Wheel Lug Nuts**

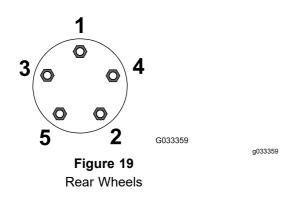
Service Interval: After the first hour

After the first 10 hours

Every 200 hours

Torque the wheel lug nuts to 115 to 136 N·m (85 to 100 ft-lb) in the order shown in Figure 18 and Figure 19.





### **A WARNING**

Failing to maintain proper torque of the wheel lug nuts could result in personal injury.

Torque the wheel lug nuts to the proper torque value.

### **Adjusting the Roll Bar**

### **A WARNING**

To avoid injury or death from rollover: keep the roll bar in the raised locked position and use the seat belt.

Ensure that the seat is secured with the seat latch.

### **A WARNING**

There is no rollover protection when the roll bar is in the down position.

- Do not operate the machine on uneven ground or on a hill side with the roll bar in the down position.
- Lower the roll bar only when absolutely necessary.
- Do not wear the seat belt when the roll bar is in the down position.
- Drive slowly and carefully.
- Raise the roll bar as soon as clearance permits.
- Check carefully for overhead clearances (i.e., branches, doorways, electrical wires) before driving under any objects and do not contact them.

Important: Always use the seat belt when the roll bar is in the raised and locked position. Do

not use the seat belt when the roll bar is in the lowered position.

### Lowering the Roll Bar

*Important:* Lower the roll bar only when necessary.

Important: Ensure that the seat is secured with the seat latch.

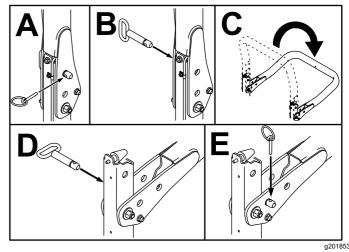


Figure 20

### Raising the Roll Bar

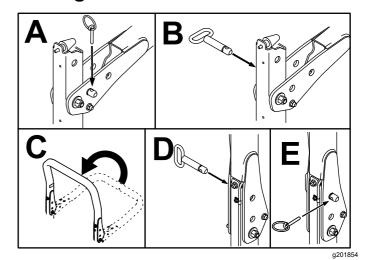


Figure 21

### **Adjusting the Height of Cut**

Important: The rotary cutting units often cut approximately 6 mm (1/4 inch) lower than a reel cutting unit with the same bench setting. It may be necessary to set the rotary cutting-unit bench measurement at 6 mm (1/4 inch) above that of reel cutting units cutting in the same area.

Important: Access to the rear cutting units is greatly improved by removing the cutting unit from the machine.

- Park the machine on a level surface, engage the parking brake, lower the cutting unit to the ground, shut off the engine, and remove the key.
- 2. Loosen the bolt securing each height-of-cut bracket to the height-of-cut plate (front and each side) as shown in Figure 22.
- 3. Beginning with front adjustment, remove the bolt.

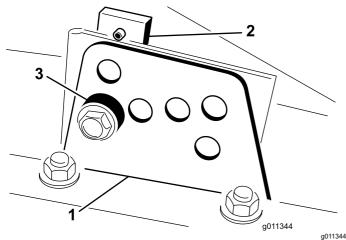


Figure 22

- 1. Height-of-cut bracket
- 3. Spacer
- 2. Height-of-cut plate
- 4. While supporting the chamber, remove the spacer (Figure 22).
- 5. Move the chamber to the desired height of cut and install a spacer into the designated height-of-cut hole and slot (Figure 23).

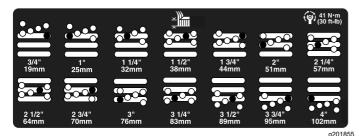


Figure 23

6. Position the tapped plate in-line with the spacer.

- Install the bolt finger-tight.
- 8. Repeat steps 4 through 7 for each side adjustment.
- 9. Torque all 3 bolts to 41 N·m (30 ft-lb). Always tighten the front bolt first.

**Note:** Adjustments of more than 3.8 cm (1-1/2 inches) may require temporary assembly to an intermediate height to prevent binding (e.g., changing from 3.1 to 7 cm (1-1/4 to 2-3/4 inches) height of cut).

# Checking the Interlock Switches

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

### **A** CAUTION

If safety interlock switches are disconnected or damaged, the machine could operate unexpectedly, causing personal injury.

- Do not tamper with the interlock switches.
- Check the operation of the interlock switches daily and replace any damaged switches before operating the machine.

The interlock switches are designed to shut off the machine when you rise from the seat when the traction pedal is pressed. However, you can rise from the seat while the engine is running and the traction pedal is in the NEUTRAL position. Although the engine continues to run when you disengage the PTO switch and release the traction pedal, shut off the engine before rising from the seat.

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface, engage the parking brake, lower the cutting units, and turn the key to the OFF position.
- 2. Press the traction pedal and turn the key to the ON position.

**Note:** If the engine cranks, there is a malfunction in the interlock system. Correct this malfunction before operating the machine.

3. Turn the key to the ON position, rise from the seat, and move the PTO switch to ON.

**Note:** The PTO should not engage. If the PTO engages, there is a malfunction in the interlock system. Correct this malfunction before operating the machine.

 Engage the parking brake, turn the key to the ON position and move the traction pedal out of the NEUTRAL position. **Note:** The InfoCenter displays "traction denied" and the machine should not move. If the machine does move, there is a malfunction in the interlock system. Correct this malfunction before operating the machine.

# Checking the Blade-Stopping Time

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

**Note:** Lower the cutting units onto a clean section of turf or hard surface to avoid throwing dust and debris.

To verify this stopping time, sit in the seat and disengage the PTO. Listen for the rotating blades and record the time it takes for the blades to come to a complete stop. If it takes longer than 7 seconds, adjust the braking valve. Call your authorized Toro distributor for assistance in making this adjustment.

### Selecting a Blade

### **Standard Combination Sail**

This blade was designed to provide excellent lift and dispersion in almost any condition. If more or less lift and discharge velocity is required, consider a different blade.

Attributes: Excellent lift and dispersion in most conditions

### **Angled Sail (Not CE Compliant)**

The blade generally performs best in lower heights of cut—1.9 to 6.4 cm (3/4 to 2-1/2 inches).

#### Attributes:

- Discharge remains more even at lower heights of cut
- Discharge has less tendency to throw left and thus a cleaner look around bunkers and fairways.
- Lower power requirement at lower heights and dense turf.

# High-Lift Parallel Sail (Not CE Compliant)

The blade generally performs better in the higher heights of cut—7 to 10 cm (2 to 4 inches).

#### Attributes:

More lift and higher discharge velocity

- Sparse or limp turf is picked up significantly at higher heights of cut
- Wet or sticky clippings are discharged more efficiently reducing congestion in the cutting unit.
- Requires more horsepower to run
- Tends to discharge further left and can tend to windrow at lower heights of cut

### **A WARNING**

Using a high-lift blade with the mulching baffle could cause the blade to break, resulting in personal injury or death.

Do not use the high-lift blade with the mulching baffle.

### **Atomic Blade**

This blade was designed to provide excellent leaf mulching.

Attribute: Excellent leaf mulching

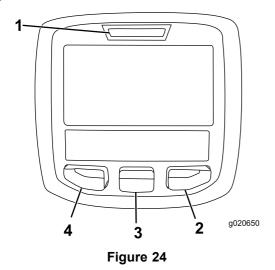
## **Choosing Accessories**

### **Optional Equipment Configurations**

	Angle Sail Blade	High-Lift, Parallel-Sail Blade (Do not use with the mulching baffle)	Mulching Baffle	Roller Scraper
Grass Cutting: 1.9 to 4.4 cm (3/4 to 1-3/4 inches) height of cut	Recommended in most applications	May work well in light or sparse turf	Has been shown to improve dispersion and after-cut performance	Use it whenever the rollers build up with grass or large, flat grass
Grass Cutting: 5 to 6.4 cm (2 to 2-1/2 inches) height of cut	Recommended for thick or lush turf	Recommended for light or sparse turf	on northern grasses that are cut at least 3 times per week and less than 1/3 of the grass blade	seen. The scrapers may
Grass Cutting: 7 to 10 cm (2-3/4 to 4 inches) height of cut	May work well in lush turf	Recommended in most applications	is removed. <b>Do not</b> use with the high-lift, parallel-sail blade	
Leaf Mulching	Recommended for use with the mulching baffle	Not Allowed	Use with combination sail, atomic blade, or angle sail blade only	
Pros	Even discharge at lower height of cut; cleaner look around bunkers and fairways; lower power requirements	More lift and higher discharge velocity; sparse or limp turf is picked up at high height of cut; wet or sticky clippings are discharged efficiently	May improve dispersion and appearance in certain grass cutting applications; very good for leaf mulching	Reduces roller buildup in certain applications
Cons	Does not lift the grass well in high height-of-cut applications; wet or sticky grass has a tendency to build up in the chamber, leading to poor quality of cut and higher power requirements	Requires more power to run in some applications; tends to windrow at lower height of cut in lush grass; do not use with the mulching baffle	Grass will build up in the chamber if you attempt to remove too much grass with the baffle in place	

# Using the InfoCenter LCD Display

The InfoCenter LCD display shows information about your machine, such as the operating status, various diagnostics and other information about the machine (Figure 24). There is a splash screen and main information screen of the InfoCenter. You can switch between the splash screen and main information screen at any time by pressing any of the InfoCenter buttons and then selecting the appropriate directional arrow.



- 1. Indicator light
- 2. Right button
- 3. Middle button

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- 4. Left button
- Left Button, Menu Access/Back Button—press this button to access the InfoCenter menus. You can use it to exit any menu that you are currently using.
- Middle Button—use this button to scroll down menus.
- Right Button—use this button to open a menu where a right arrow indicates additional content.
- Beeper—activated when lowering the cutting units or for advisories and faults.

**Note:** The purpose of each button may change depending on what is required at the time. Each button is labeled with an icon displaying its current function.

### **InfoCenter Icon Description**

SERVICE DUE	Indicates when scheduled service should be performed
×	Hours remaining until service
<b>X</b> +	Reset the service hours
-15	The status of the engine rpm
ī	Info icon
<b>ഫ</b> 1	Maximum traction speed setting
( <del>}}</del>	The fan is reversed
	DPF regeneration is required
00	The air-intake heater is active
<b>A</b>	Raise the left cutting unit.
₩.	Raise the center cutting unit
<b>ф</b> <sup>2</sup>	Raise the right cutting unit
¥	The operator must sit in the seat
(P)	The parking brake is engaged
Н	The mode is high
N	Neutral
L	Identifies the mode as Low
<b>⊕</b>	Coolant temperature (°C or °F)
£	Temperature (hot)
•	Traction or Traction Pedal
0	Not allowed
<u> </u>	Start the engine.
*	The PTO is on.
eğ	The cruise control is on.

### InfoCenter Icon Description (cont'd.)

### InfoCenter Icon Description (cont'd.)

<b>™</b>	Shut off the engine
<u> </u>	Engine
<u>G</u> m	Key switch
<b>+</b>	Cutting units are lowering
<b>↑</b>	Cutting units are raising
PIN	PIN code
til	Hydraulic fluid temperature
CAN	CAN bus
	InfoCenter
Bad	Bad or failed
Ctr	Center
Rht	Right
<b>៤</b> ៩។	Left
9	Bulb
OUT	Output of TEC controller or control wire in harness
НІ	Over the allowed mode
LO	Under the allowed mode
HI ,LO	Out of mode
<u>.</u>	Switch
<b>∸</b> 4.*	Operator must release switch
<b>↑</b>	Operator should change to indicated state
Symbols are often combined to form sentences. Some examples are shown below	

1	
→N	Operator should put machine in neutral
@ <b>0</b>	Engine start is denied
<b>8</b> ₩	Engine shutdown
<b>⊕£</b>	Engine coolant is too hot
₫ 🗜	Hydraulic fluid is too hot
48.1g/l	DPF ash accumulation notification. Refer to Servicing the Diesel Particulate Filter (DPF) in the maintenance section for details
< <u>≣</u> <\$)	Reset-standby regeneration request
	Parked or recovery regeneration request
ACK	A parked or recovery-standby regeneration is processing.
_ <b>F</b> -3	High exhaust temperature
-1-3)	NOx control diagnosis malfunction; drive the machine back to the shop and contact your authorized Toro distributor (software version P and later).
	The power take-off is disabled.
<b>±</b> 1 or (₽)	Sit down or engage parking brake

Accessible only by entering PIN

### **Using the Menus**

To access the InfoCenter menu system, press the menu access button while at the main screen. This brings you to the main menu. Refer to the following tables for an overview of the options available from the menus:

Main Menu	
Menu Item	Description
Faults	Contains a list of the recent machine faults; refer to the Service Manual for more information.
Service	Contains information on the machine such as hours of use and other similar numbers
Diagnostics	Lists various states that the machine currently has; you can use this to troubleshoot certain issues as it quickly tells you which machine controls are on and which are off.
Settings	Allows you to customize and modify configuration variables on the InfoCenter display
About	Lists the model number, serial number, and software version of your machine

Service	
Menu Item	Description
Hours	Lists the total number of hours that the machine, engine, and fan have been on, as well as the number of hours the machine has been transported and overheated
Counts	Lists the number of starts, cutting unit/PTO cycles, and fan reversals the machine has experienced

Diagnostics	
Menu Item	Description
Left Cutting Unit	Refer to the Service Manual
Center Cutting Unit	or your authorized Toro distributor for more information
Right Cutting Unit	on the Engine Run menu and the information contained
Traction	there.
HI/LO Range	
PTO	
Engine	
Cruise	

Settings	
Menu Item	Description
Units	Controls the units used on the InfoCenter (English or Metric)
Language	Controls the language used on the InfoCenter*
LCD Backlight	Controls the brightness of the LCD display
LCD Contrast	Controls the contrast of the LCD display
Protected Menus	Allows a person authorized by your company with the PIN code to access protected menus.
Protect Settings	Allows the ability to change the settings in the protected settings
Acceleration 🖴	Low, Medium, and High settings control how quickly the traction speed reacts when you move the traction pedal.
Mow Speed <b>≙</b>	Controls the maximum speed while in mow (low range)
Trans. Speed €	Controls the maximum speed while in transport (high range)
Smart Power <b></b>	Turns Smart Power on and off
Counterbalance 🔓	Controls the amount of counterbalance applied by the cutting units
Turnaround 🖴	Turns Turnaround on and off

\*Only operator-faced text is translated. Faults, Service, and Diagnostics screens are service-faced. Titles are in the selected language, but menu items are in English.

□ Protected under Protected Menus—accessible only by entering PIN

About	
Menu Item	Description
Model	Lists the model number of the machine
SN	Lists the serial number of the machine
S/W Rev	Lists the software revision of the primary controller

### **Protected Menus**

There are 6 operating configuration settings that are adjustable within the Settings Menu of the InfoCenter: auto idle, maximum mowing ground speed, maximum transport ground speed, Smart Power, cutting unit counterbalance, and Turnaround. These settings are in the Protected Menu.

### **Accessing Protected Menus**

**Note:** The factory default PIN code for you machine is either 0000 or 1234.

If you changed the PIN code and forgot the code, contact your authorized Toro distributor for assistance.

 From the MAIN MENU, use the center button to scroll down to the SETTINGS MENU and press the right button (Figure 25).



Figure 25

g028523

2. In the SETTINGS MENU, use the center button to scroll down to the PROTECTED MENU and press the right button (Figure 26A).

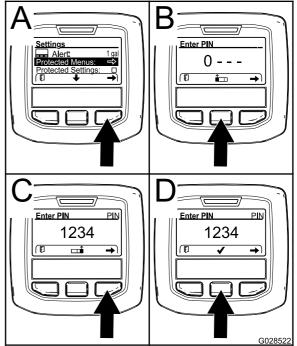


Figure 26

g028522

- To enter the PIN code, press the center button until the correct first digit appears, then press the right button to move on to the next digit (Figure 26B and Figure 26C). Repeat this step until the last digit is entered and press the right button once more.
- 4. Press the middle button to enter the PIN code (Figure 26D).

Wait until the red indicator light of the InfoCenter illuminates.

**Note:** If the InfoCenter accepts the PIN code and the protected menu is unlocked, the word "PIN" displays in the upper right corner of the screen.

**Note:** Rotate the key switch to the OFF position and then to the ON position locks the protected menu.

You can view and change the settings in the Protected Menu. Once you access the Protected Menu, scroll down to Protect Settings option. Use the right button to change the setting. Setting the Protect Settings to OFF allows you to view and change the settings in the Protected Menu without entering the PIN code. Setting the Protect Settings to ON hides the protected options and requires you to enter the PIN code to change the setting in the Protected Menu. After you set the PIN code, rotate the key switch OFF and back to the ON position to enable and save this feature.

# Viewing and Changing the Protected Menu Settings

- In the Protected Menu, scroll down to Protect Settings.
- 2. To view and change the settings without entering a PIN code, use the right button to change the Protect Settings to OFF.
- To view and change the settings with a PIN code, use the left button to select ON, set the PIN code, and turn the key to the OFF position and then to the ON position.

# **Setting the Maximum Allowed Mow Speed**

The selected setting is displayed as an X on the traction-speed bar graph along with the cruise control and pedal stop settings. An X in a bar shows you that the maximum speed is limited by the supervisor (Figure 29 or Figure 31).

**Note:** This setting is retained in memory and applied to the traction speed until you change it.

- 1. In the Settings Menu, scroll down to Mow Speed and press the right button.
- 2. Use the right button to increase the maximum mow speed in 5% increments between 50% and 100%.
- 3. Use the center button to decrease the maximum mow speed in 5% increments between 50% and 100%.
- 4. Press the left button to exit.

### Setting the Maximum Allowed Transport Speed

The selected setting is displayed as an X on the traction-speed bar graph along with the cruise control and pedal stop settings. An X in a bar shows you that the maximum speed is limited by the supervisor (Figure 29 or Figure 31).

**Note:** This setting is retained in memory and applied to the traction speed until you change it.

- In the Settings Menu, scroll down to Transport Speed and press the right button.
- 2. Use the right button to increase the maximum transport speed in 5% increments between 50% and 100%.
- 3. Use the center button to decrease the maximum transport speed in 5% increments between 50% and 100%.

4. Press the left button to exit.

### **Turning the Smart Power ON/OFF**

- 1. In the settings menu, scroll down to Smart Power.
- 2. Press the right button to switch between ON and OFF.
- 3. Press the left button to exit.

### **Setting the Counterbalance**

- In the Settings Menu, scroll down to Counterbalance.
- 2. Press the right button to select counterbalance and change between the LOW, MEDIUM, and HIGH settings.

### **Actuating Turnaround ON/OFF**

- 1. In the Settings Menu, scroll down to Turnaround.
- 2. Press the right button to switch between ON and OFF.
- Press the left button to exit.

### **Setting the Acceleration Mode**

- 1. In the Settings Menu, scroll down to Acceleration.
- 2. Press the right button to switch between Low, MEDIUM, and HIGH.
- 3. Press the left button to exit.

# Viewing the Fuel Consumption Rate

You can view the average fuel consumption rate for the lifetime of the machine in the Service Menu.

### **Setting the Service Due Timer**

This resets the service due hours after a scheduled maintenance item is preformed.

- In the Service Menu, navigate to the Hours Menu.
- 2. Scroll down to the Reset Service Due option and press the right button.
- 3. Press the left button to exit.

### **During Operation**

### **During Operation Safety**

### **General Safety**

- The owner/operator can prevent and is responsible for accidents that may cause personal injury or property damage.
- Wear appropriate clothing, including eye protection; long pants; substantial, slip-resistant footwear; and hearing protection. Tie back long hair and do not wear loose clothing or loose jewelry.
- Do not operate the machine while ill, tired, or under the influence of alcohol or drugs.
- Use your full attention while operating the machine. Do not engage in any activity that causes distractions; otherwise, injury or property damage may occur.
- Before you start the engine, ensure that all drives are in neutral, the parking brake is engaged, and you are in the operating position.
- Do not carry passengers on the machine and keep bystanders and children out of the operating area.
- Operate the machine only in good visibility to avoid holes or hidden hazards.
- Avoid mowing on wet grass. Reduced traction could cause the machine to slide.
- Keep your hands and feet away from rotating parts. Keep clear of the discharge opening.
- Look behind and down before backing up to be sure of a clear path.
- Use care when approaching blind corners, shrubs, trees, or other objects that may obscure your vision.
- Stop the blades whenever you are not mowing.
- Stop the machine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before inspecting the attachment after striking an object or if there is an abnormal vibration in the machine. Make all necessary repairs before resuming operation.
- Slow down and use caution when making turns and crossing roads and sidewalks with the machine. Always yield the right-of-way.
- Disengage the drive to the cutting unit, shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all movement to stop before adjusting the height of cut (unless you can adjust it from the operating position).
- Operate the engine only in well-ventilated areas.
   Exhaust gases contain carbon monoxide, which is lethal if inhaled.
- · Never leave a running machine unattended.

- Before you leave the operator's position, do the following:
  - Park the machine on a level surface.
  - Disengage the power takeoff and lower the attachments.
  - Engage the parking brake.
  - Shut off the engine and remove the key.
  - Wait for all movement to stop.
- Operate the machine only in good visibility. Do not operate the machine when there is the risk of lightning.
- Do not use the machine as a towing vehicle.
- Use accessories, attachments, and replacement parts approved by Toro only.

# Rollover Protection System (ROPS) Safety

- The ROPS is an integral and effective safety device.
- Do not remove any of the ROPS components from the machine.
- Ensure that the seat belt is attached to the machine.
- Pull the belt strap over your lap and connect the belt to the buckle on the other side of the seat.
- To disconnect the seat belt, hold the belt, press the buckle button to release the belt, and guide the belt into the auto-retract opening. Ensure that you can release the belt quickly in an emergency.
- Check carefully for overhead obstructions and do not contact them.
- Keep the ROPS in safe operating condition by thoroughly inspecting it periodically for damage and keeping all the mounting fasteners tight.
- Replace damaged ROPS components. Do not repair or alter them.

# Additional ROPS Safety for Machines with a Cab or a Fixed Roll Bar

- A cab installed by Toro is a roll bar.
- Always wear your seat belt.

### Additional ROPS Safety for Machines with a Foldable Roll Bar

 Keep a folding roll bar in the raised and locked position, and wear your seat belt when operating the machine with the roll bar in the raised position.

- Lower a folding roll bar temporarily only when necessary. Do not wear the seat belt when the roll bar is folded down.
- Be aware that there is no rollover protection when a folded roll bar is in the down position.
- Check the area that you will be moving and never fold down a folding roll bar in areas where there are slopes, drop-offs, or water.

### **Slope Safety**

- Slopes are a major factor related to loss of control and rollover accidents, which can result in severe injury or death. You are responsible for safe slope operation. Operating the machine on any slope requires extra caution.
- Evaluate the site conditions to determine if the slope is safe for machine operation, including surveying the site. Always use common sense and good judgment when performing this survey.
- Review the slope instructions listed below for operating the machine on slopes and to determine whether you can operate the machine in the conditions on that day and at that site. Changes in the terrain can result in a change in slope operation for the machine.
- Avoid starting, stopping, or turning the machine on slopes. Avoid making sudden changes in speed or direction. Make turns slowly and gradually.
- Do not operate a machine under any conditions where traction, steering, or stability is in question.
- Remove or mark obstructions such as ditches, holes, ruts, bumps, rocks, or other hidden hazards.
   Tall grass can hide obstructions. Uneven terrain could overturn the machine.
- Be aware that operating the machine on wet grass, across slopes, or downhill may cause the machine to lose traction. Loss of traction to the drive wheels may result in sliding and a loss of braking and steering.
- Use extreme caution when operating the machine near drop-offs, ditches, embankments, water hazards, or other hazards. The machine could suddenly roll over if a wheel goes over the edge or the edge caves in. Establish a safety area between the machine and any hazard.
- Identify hazards at the base of the slope.
   If there are hazards, mow the slope with a pedestrian-controlled machine.
- If possible, keep the cutting unit(s) lowered to the ground while operating on slopes. Raising the cutting unit(s) while operating on slopes can cause the machine to become unstable.
- Use extreme caution with grass-collection systems or other attachments. These can change the stability of the machine and cause a loss of control.

### Understanding the Operating Characteristics of the Machine

- This machine has an automotive-style throttle that is controlled by the traction pedal.
- This machine does not have a separate throttle switch or throttle lever.
- When you remove your foot from the traction pedal, the machine dynamically brakes to a stop.
- The pedal controls are optimized to provide a reactive yet stable response, allowing you to maintain consistent control over rough terrain, while still allowing for quick, smooth braking.
- While transporting, the traction pedal will operate similar to a car and change the engine and traction speed dependent on the traction pedal position.
- When mowing, the engine speed will automatically raise to high idle.
- If the engine is at low idle, performing a function like lifting the cutting units or pressing the traction pedal raises the engine speed to a minimum working speed, providing enough power to efficiently perform the function.
- Limit the machine idle time as recommended for diesel particulate filter (DPF) regeneration. Shut of the machine to prevent extended idling time.
- The maximum speeds set in the PIN protected menu settings are set by the supervisor to limit the machine's maximum traction speed.
- The achievable traction pedal use, cruise control, and pedal stop traction speeds are all limited by the maximum speeds set in the PIN protected menu.

### **Operating the Machine**

- When you start the engine and the hydraulic fluid temperature is low, the engine speed automatically increases to optimize operation and warms up the machine. The engine speed automatically returns to low idle after the hydraulic fluid temperature is in a normal operating range.
- Under normal operating conditions, this machine
  is intended to operate in the H/L AUTO position
  on the speed range switch (Figure 27). This
  position allows the machine to automatically switch
  between low and high speed ranges, depending
  on whether the machine is being used for mowing
  or transporting.
- When you select the Low position on the speed range switch (Figure 27), the machine will always

- operate in low speed range. This setting is preferable for operation in a shop area, loading or unloading from a trailer, climbing steep inclines, or any other operation where the higher traction speeds of the high speed range is not desired.
- If an obstacle is in the way, lift the cutting units to mow around it.
- When transporting the machine between work areas, engage the AUTO HI/LOW range, shut off the PTO, and raise the cutting units to the fully upward position. This allows the traction pedal to operate like a car.
- Always drive slowly in rough areas.

### **Practice Operating the Machine**

- To get familiar with the features of the machine, practice operating the machine.
- Lift the cutting units, disengage the parking brake, press the forward traction pedal, and carefully drive to an open area.
- Practice driving the machine, because it has a hydrostatic transmission and its features can differ from other turf-maintenance machines.
- Practice moving forward and reverse, and starting and stopping the machine. To stop the machine, remove your foot from the traction pedal and let it return to NEUTRAL.

**Note:** When going downhill in the machine, you may need to use the reverse pedal to stop.

- Remove your foot from the traction pedal and press down on the brake pedals to stop quickly.
- Practice driving around obstacles with the cutting units up and down. Be careful when driving between narrow objects so that you do not damage the machine or cutting units.

# Using the High and Low Speed Range Switch

This machine is equipped with 2 traction speed ranges; low and high. The speed range switch allows you to select the following positions (Figure 27):

#### High/Low Auto range:

Selecting the H/L AUTO position allows the machine to automatically select between the low and high speed ranges. The H/L AUTO position is comparable to selecting D (drive) in your car with an automatic transmission.

**Note:** To prevent potential turf damage, the machine will only shift between low and high range when the traction pedal is in NEUTRAL position and the wheels have stopped moving.

**Note:** The cutting units cannot be lowered from the transport position while you drive the machine in the high speed range.

- When H/L AUTO position is selected and the cutting units are lowered for mowing, the speed range is limited to the low speed range.
- To get to high speed range, select the H/L AUTO position on the speed range switch, disengage the PTO, and fully raise the cutting units.
- When H/L AUTO position is selected, the machine will automatically switch between high and low traction ranges based on the position of the cutting units and/or the position of the PTO switch.

#### Low range:

Selecting the Low position on the switch keeps the machine in the low speed range at all times. The Low position is comparable to selecting 2, 1 or L in your car with an automatic transmission.

- When the Low position is selected, the machine only operates in low range.
- Use the Low position when loading the machine on a trailer or navigating tight areas like a shop.

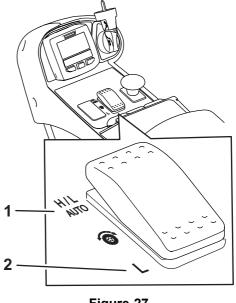


Figure 27
Speed Range Switch

1. H/L AUTO position

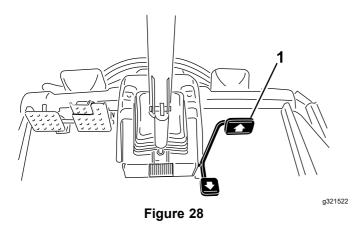
2. Low position

### **Using the Traction Pedal**

This pedal controls the forward and reverse speed of the machine and the dynamic braking when you return it to neutral.

- The traction pedal is an automotive-style throttle—the engine speed and the machine speed respond to the pedal movement.
- While transporting, the traction pedal will operate similar to a car and change the engine and traction speed dependent on the traction pedal position.
- While mowing, the engine automatically raises to high idle to optimize mowing performance, and the traction pedal only controls traction speed.
- The further you push the pedal forward or reverse, the faster the machine moves.
- To control the machine to a smooth stop while transporting or mowing, use your foot to return the traction pedal to neutral at your desired rate.
- To engage maximum braking, remove your foot from the traction pedal, allowing it to return to neutral. The machine dynamically brakes to a stop.

This traction system allows you to customize the acceleration settings for operator comfort and course conditions. Refer to Understanding the Acceleration Mode (page 38) for changing the settings.



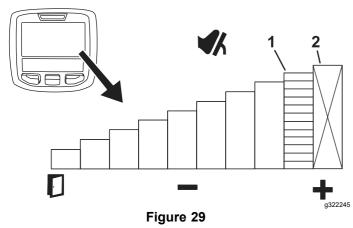
1. Traction pedal

# Setting the Maximum Traction Speed (Pedal Stop)

This feature allows the ability to set the maximum speed of the machine when you push the pedal fully forward (Figure 28). You can set a separate speed for the low range and high range (Figure 27).

• To access this feature, select the InfoCenter middle button from the main screen (Figure 26).

**Note:** This feature reverts back to the machine settings when the key is switched off.



- Indicates the maximum traction speed (pedal stop)
- This speed is locked out under the protected PIN menu.
- This feature allows you to customize the speed settings for your comfort level, or to customize the speed settings to fit the application.
  - You can use this feature to limit the maximum traction speed to 75% while mowing in an area with many trees.
  - If you adjust the maximum traction speed to 75%, the maximum speed of the machine

is limited from 0 to 75% and matched to the full stroke of the traction pedal. This setting increases the traction pedal resolution, resulting in improved control. How far you move the traction pedal changes how much the machine's speed changes.

### **Using the Brake Pedals**

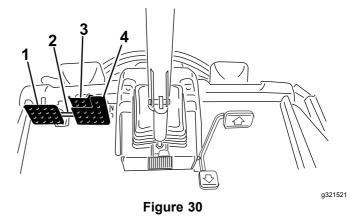
*Important:* In emergency braking situations, remove your foot from the traction pedal and then press the brake pedals.

In the low speed range only, you can use the brakes individually for turning or to improve traction. Perform the following when using the brakes individually:

- Disconnect the pedal-locking latch (Figure 30).
- For turning assist, press the corresponding brake pedal to the side you are turning. This allows a tighter turning radius.

**Note:** Use the individual brakes carefully, especially on soft or wet grass, because the turf may be torn accidentally.

 For traction assist, apply light pressure to the brake pedal corresponding to the front tire that is slipping. For example, in some slope conditions, the uphill wheel slips and loses traction. If this situation occurs, press the uphill brake pedal gradually and intermittently until the uphill wheel stops slipping, This action increases the traction on the downhill wheel.



- 1. Left brake pedal
- Pedal-locking latch
- 3. Parking-brake pedal
- 4. Right brake pedal

## Operating the Cruise Control

#### **Setting the Cruise Control**

The cruise-control switch locks in the cruise control to maintain the desired ground speed. Pressing the rear of the switch turns the cruise control off, the middle position of the switch enables the cruise-control function, and the front of the switch sets the desired ground speed.

After the cruise control switch is enabled and the speed is set (Figure 31), use the InfoCenter to adjust the speed setting of the cruise control (Figure 24 and Figure 32).

To disengage the cruise control use the following:

- When in high speed range, press the reverse traction pedal, press the service brakes, or press the cruise control switch to the OFF positon.
- When in low speed range, press the reverse traction pedal, press the service brakes, shut off the PTO switch, or press the cruise control switch to the OFF positon.

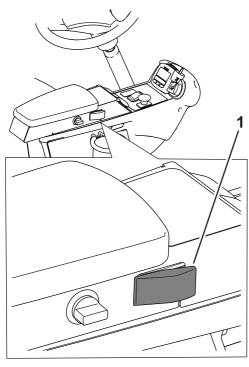
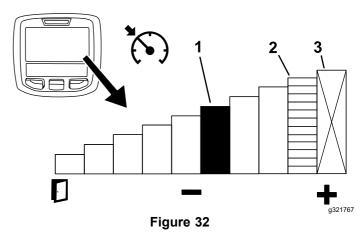


Figure 31

Cruise-control switch

### **Adjusting the Cruise Control Speed**

After the cruise control switch is enabled on the console Figure 31, use the InfoCenter to adjust the speed setting of the cruise control (Figure 32).



- 1. Indicates the cruise control 3. This speed is locked out speed
  - under the protected PIN menu.
- 2. Indicates the maximum traction speed (pedal stop)

#### **Tips for Using the Cruise Control**

- Set a cruising speed for long distances without many obstacles.
- On rough terrain, use the InfoCenter to control the speed.
- Use the cruise control for turnarounds as follows:
  - Set the cruise control to slower speed that you're comfortable and safe at while turning around.
  - Press the traction pedal to increase the speed for mowing during the mowing pass.
  - Take your foot off the pedal when turning around for the next mowing pass.
  - The machine will slow down to the low cruise control setting, allowing you to make an efficient turnaround at a constant speed.
  - After turning around, use the traction pedal to increase the machine speed back up for the next mowing pass.

### Understanding the **Acceleration Mode**

This setting determines how quickly the machine changes traction speed, and effects the deceleration of the machine in the low speed range. Enter the protect menus in the InfoCenter to change the acceleration mode. The acceleration mode has the following 3 positions:

- Low—low acceleration and deceleration
- Medium—medium acceleration and deceleration
- High—highest acceleration and deceleration

## **Understanding the Turnaround Mode**

The turnaround mode allows you convenient, 1-touch control to raise the cutting units above the turf while temporarily stopping the blades, allowing you to focus on driving the machine at the end of a mowing pass, or while navigating other obstacles.

**Note:** The turnaround mode is a feature in the protected settings.

- When the turnaround mode is set to the ON position, you momentarily press the lift switch rearward (Figure 11) to automatically raise all cutting units from the float position to a preset height, automatically disengaging the PTO. To resume mowing, press the lift switch forward. All the cutting units lower, and the PTO starts again.
- When the turnaround mode is set to the OFF position, you manually raise the cutting units from the float position by pressing and holding all lift switches rearward until the cutting units raise to the desired height. For Groundsmaster 4700 machines, press all 3 lift switches to raise all 7 cutting units (Figure 11). The PTO does not disengage until the cutting units raise to the same preset height to which the cutting units raise when the turnaround-mode is set to ON.

**Note:** By default, the turnaround mode is On.

## Understanding Counterbalance

The counterbalance system maintains hydraulic back pressure on the cutting-unit lift cylinders. The counterbalance system monitors the real-time traction pressure, dynamically changing the lift-cylinder back pressure to optimize traction capability and after-cut appearance. The counterbalance pressure has been set at the factory to an optimal balance of after-cut appearance and traction capability in most turf conditions. Decreasing the counterbalance setting can produce a more stable cutting unit but can decrease the traction capability. Increasing the counterbalance setting can increase the traction capability, but may result in a poor after-cut appearance; refer to Accessing Protected Menus (page 31).

The customizable counterbalance setting controls are as follows:

- Low—the most amount of weight on cutting units and the lowest weight on the drive wheels
- Medium—medium weight on cutting units and the drive wheels
- High—the least amount of weight on cutting units and the highest weight on machine drive wheels

## Understanding Toro Smart Power™

With Smart Power, the operator does not have to listen to the engine speed in heavy load conditions. Smart Power prevents the engine from bogging down in heavy cutting conditions by automatically controlling the machine speed and optimizing cutting performance.

**Note:** By default, the Smart Power feature is On.

### Starting the Engine

*Important:* Bleed the fuel system if any of the following have occurred:

- The engine has shut off due to lack of fuel.
- Maintenance has been performed upon the fuel system components.
  - Remove your foot from the traction pedal and ensure that it is in NEUTRAL. Ensure that the parking brake is engaged.
- 2. Turn the key to the RUN position. The glow indicator should illuminate.
- When the glow indicator dims, turn the key to the START position.

Important: Do not run the starter motor more than 15 seconds at a time or premature starter failure may result. If the engine fails to start after 15 seconds, turn the key to the OFF position, check the controls and procedures, wait 15 additional seconds, and repeat the starting procedure.

4. Release the key immediately when the engine starts and allow it to return to the RUN position.

When the temperature is less than -7°C (20°F), the starter motor can be run for 30 seconds on then 60 seconds off for 2 attempts.

Important: Shut off the engine and allow the engine to cool before you check for oil leaks, loose parts, or other malfunctions.

## **Shutting Off the Engine**

Important: Allow the engine to idle for 5 minutes before shutting it off after a full-load operation. This allows the turbocharger to cool down before shutting off the engine. Failure to do so may lead to premature turbocharger failure.

**Note:** Lower the cutting units to the ground whenever the machine is parked. This relieves the hydraulic load from the system, prevents wear on system parts and also prevents accidental lowering of the cutting units.

- 1. Move the PTO switch to the OFF position.
- 2. Engage the parking brake.
- 3. Rotate the ignition key to the OFF position.
- 4. Remove the key to prevent accidental starting.

## **Cutting Grass with the Machine**

**Note:** Cutting grass at a rate that loads the engine promotes DPF regeneration.

- Disengage the brake, disengage the PTO, and raise the cutting units.
- 2. Select the H/L AUTO or LOW position with the speed range switch. Refer to Using the High and Low Speed Range Switch.

**Note:** When the H/L AUTO position is selected and the cutting units are raised, the machine will automatically select the high speed range.

- 3. Using the traction pedal like an accelerator pedal on a car, drive the machine to the job site.
- 4. Align the machine outside the cutting area for the first cutting pass.
- 5. Lower the cutting units with the rocker switch or switches.
- 6. Tap the lift switch (GM4500) or middle-lift switch (GM4700) rearward to lift the cutting units to the turnaround position.

**Note:** The turnaround position is only available if it is activated under the protected menus in the InfoCenter. Tapping the rocker switch without holding it raises the cutting units to the turn around position and stops the rotation of the blades until the cutting units are lowered.

7. Pull the PTO switch to engage the cutting units.

**Note:** The engine speed automatically rises to high idle when you lower the cutting units and activate the PTO switch.

Using the traction pedal, approach the mowing area slowly and lower the cutting units with the rocker switch once the front cutting units are over the mowing area.

**Note:** Practice to ensure the cutting units do not lower early or mow an unintended area.

- 9. Begin mowing the area.
- 10. When you complete the mowing pass, tap the lift switch (GM4500) or middle-lift switch (GM4700) rearward to lift the cutting units to the turn around position.
- 11. Perform a tear-shaped turn to quickly line up for your next pass.
- Press the lift switch (GM4500) or middle-lift switch (GM4700) down to automatically lower the cutting units from the turnaround position and continue mowing.

## Diesel Particulate Filter Regeneration

The diesel particulate filter (DPF) is part of the exhaust system. The diesel-oxidation catalyst of the DPF reduces harmful gasses and the soot filter removes soot from the engine exhaust.

The DPF regeneration process uses heat from the engine exhaust to incinerate the soot accumulated on the soot filter, converting the soot to ash, and clears the channels of the soot filter so that filtered engine exhaust flows out the DPF.

The engine computer monitors the accumulation of soot by measuring the back pressure in the DPF. If the back pressure is too high, soot is not incinerating in the soot filter through normal engine operation. To keep the DPF clear of soot, remember the following:

- Passive regeneration occurs continuously while the engine is running—run the engine at full engine speed when possible to promote DPF regeneration.
- If the back pressure in the DPF is too high or a reset regeneration has not occurred for 100 hours, the engine computer signals you through the InfoCenter when reset regeneration is running.
- Allow the reset regeneration process to complete before shutting off the engine.

Operate and maintain your machine with the function of the DPF in mind. Engine load at high idle (full throttle) engine speed generally produces adequate exhaust temperature for DPF regeneration.

Important: Minimize the amount of time that you idle the engine or operate the engine at low-engine speed to help reduce the accumulation of soot in the soot filter.

#### **DPF Soot Accumulation**

- Over time, the diesel particulate filter accumulates soot in the soot filter. The computer for the engine monitors the soot level in the DPF.
- When enough soot accumulates, the computer informs you that it is time to regenerate the DPF.
- DPF regeneration is a process that heats the DPF to convert the soot to ash.
- In addition to the warning messages, the computer reduces the power produced by the engine at different soot-accumulation levels.

#### **Engine Warning Messages—Soot Accumulation**

Indication Level	Fault Code	Engine Power Rating	Recommended Action	
Level 1: Engine Warning	Fault P1421	The computer de-rates the engine power to 85%.	Perform a parked regeneration as soon as possible; refer to Parked or Recovery Regeneration (page 48).	
Level 2: Engine Warning	Fault P1424	The computer de-rates the engine power to 50%.	Perform a recovery regeneration as soon as possible; refer to Parked or Recovery Regeneration (page 48).	

#### **DPF Ash Accumulation**

- The lighter ash is discharged through the exhaust system; the heavier ash collects in the soot filter.
- Ash is a residue of the regeneration process. Over time, the diesel particulate filter accumulates ash that does not discharge with the engine exhaust.
- The computer for the engine calculates the amount of ash accumulated in the DPF.
- When enough ash accumulates, the engine computer sends information to the InfoCenter in the form of an engine fault to indicate the accumulation of ash in the DPF.
- The fault messages indicate that it is time to service the DPF.
- In addition to the warnings, the computer reduces the power produced by the engine at different ash-accumulation levels.

#### InfoCenter Advisory and Engine Warning Messages—Ash Accumulation

Indication Level	Fault Code	Engine Speed Reduction	Engine Power Rating	Recommended Action
Level 1: Engine Warning	Fault P242F	None	The computer de-rates the engine power to 85%.	Service the DPF; refer to Servicing the Diesel-Oxidation Catalyst (DOC) and the Soot Filter (page 67)
Level 2: Engine Warning	Fault P1420	None	The computer de-rates the engine power to 50%.	Service the DPF; refer to Servicing the Diesel-Oxidation Catalyst (DOC) and the Soot Filter (page 67)

### Types of Diesel Particulate Filter Regeneration

### Types of diesel particulate filter regeneration that are performed while the machine is operating:

Type of Regeneration	Conditions that cause DPF regeneration	DPF description of operation
Passive	Occurs during normal operation of the machine at high-engine speed or high-engine load	The InfoCenter does not display an icon indicating passive regeneration.
		During passive regeneration, the DPF processes high-heat exhaust gasses, oxidizing harmful emissions, and burning soot to ash.
		Refer to Passive DPF Regeneration (page 46).
Assist	Occurs because of low-engine speed, low-engine load, or after the computer detects the DPF is	The InfoCenter does not display an icon indicating assist regeneration.
	becoming obstructed with soot	During assist regeneration, the engine computer adjusts the engine settings to raise the exhaust temperature.
		Refer to Assist DPF Regeneration (page 46).
Reset	Occurs every 100 hours  Also occurs after assist regeneration only if the computer detects that assist regeneration did not sufficiently reduce the soot level	When the high exhaust-temperature icon is displayed in the InfoCenter, a regeneration is in progress.
		During reset regeneration, the engine computer adjusts the engine settings to raise the exhaust temperature.
		Refer to Reset Regeneration (page 46).

#### Types of diesel particulate filter regeneration that require you to park the machine:

Type of Regeneration	Conditions that cause DPF regeneration	DPF description of operation
Parked	Occurs because the computer detects back pressure in the DPF due to soot buildup	• When the reset-standby/parked or recovery
	Also occurs because the operator initiates a parked regeneration	regeneration icon or ADVISORY #188 displays in the InfoCenter, a regeneration is requested.
	May occur because you set the InfoCenter to inhibit reset regeneration and continued operating the machine, adding more soot when the DPF already needs a reset regeneration	Perform the parked regeneration as soon as possible to avoid needing a recovery regeneration.
	May result from using the incorrect fuel or engine oil	• A parked regeneration requires 30 to 60 minutes to complete.
		You must have at least a 1/4 tank of fuel in the tank.
		You must park the machine to perform a parked regeneration.
		Refer to Parked or Recovery Regeneration (page 48).

Type of Regeneration	Conditions that cause DPF regeneration	DPF description of operation
Recovery	Occurs because the operator ignored requests for a parked regeneration and continued operating the machine, adding more soot to the DPF	<ul> <li>When the reset-standby/parked or recovery regeneration icon or ADVISORY #190 displays in the InfoCenter, a recovery regeneration is requested.</li> <li>A recovery regeneration requires up to 3 hours to complete.</li> <li>You must have at least a 1/2 tank of fuel in the machine.</li> <li>You must park the machine to perform a recovery regeneration.</li> <li>Refer to Parked or Recovery Regeneration (page 48).</li> </ul>

## Accessing the DPF Regeneration Menus

#### **Accessing the DPF Regeneration Menus**

 Access the Service menu, press the center button to scroll down to the DPF REGENERATION option (Figure 37).

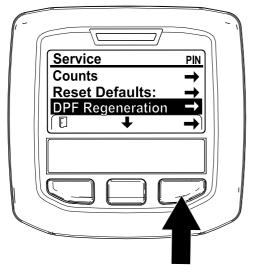


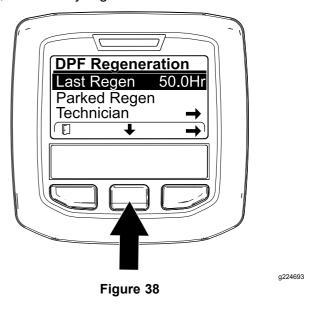
Figure 37

2. Press the right button to select the DPF Regeneration entry (Figure 37).

#### Time Since Last Regeneration

Access the DPF Regeneration menu, press the center button to scroll down to the LAST REGEN field (Figure 38).

Use the LAST REGEN field to determine how many hours you have run the engine since the last reset, parked, or recovery regeneration.



#### **Technician Menu**

Important: For operating convenience, you may decide to perform a parked regeneration before the soot load reaches 100%, provided the engine has run more than 50 hours since the last successful reset, parked, or recovery regeneration.

**Note:** One stationary regeneration is permitted prior to the first 50 hours of the engine runtime.

Use the technician menu to view the current state of engine regeneration control and view the reported soot level.

Access the DPF Regeneration menu, press the center button to scroll down to the TECHNICIAN option, and press the right button to select the Technician entry (Figure 39).

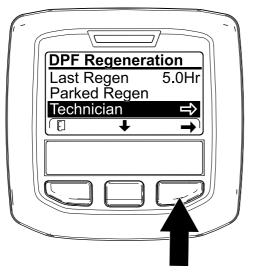


Figure 39

 Use the DPF operation table to understand the current state of DPF operation (Figure 40).

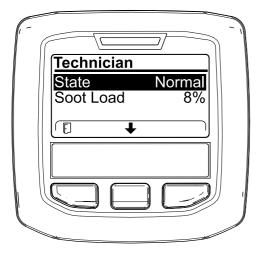


Figure 40

#### **DPF Operation Table**

State	Description		
Normal	The DPF is in normal-operating mode—passive regeneration.		
Assist Regen	The engine computer is performing an assist regeneration.		

#### **DPF Operation Table (cont'd.)**

State	Description			
	The engine computer is trying	The regen inhibit setting is set to On.		
Reset Stby	to run a reset regeneration, but 1 of the following conditions prevents regeneration:	The exhaust temperature is too low for regeneration.		
Reset Regen	The engine compute regeneration.	computer is running a reset n.		
Parked Stby	The engine computer is requesting that you run a parked regeneration.			
Parked Regen	You initiated a parked regeneration request and the engine computer is processing the regeneration.			
Recov. Stby	The engine computer is requesting that you run a recovery regeneration.			
Recov. Regen	You initiated a recovery regeneration request and the engine computer is processing the regeneration.			

 View the soot load which is measured as the percentage of soot in the DPF(Figure 41); refer to the soot-load table.

**Note:** The soot load value varies as the machine is operated and DPF regeneration occurs.

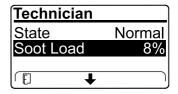


Figure 41

g227359

#### **Soot-Load Table**

Important Soot Load Values	Regeneration State
0% to 5%	Minimum soot load range
78%	The engine computer performs an assist regeneration.
100%	The engine computer automatically requests a parked regeneration.
122%	The engine computer automatically requests a recovery regeneration.

g227348

#### **Passive DPF Regeneration**

- Passive regeneration occurs as part of normal engine operation.
- While operating the machine, run the engine at full-engine speed and high load when possible to promote DPF regeneration.

#### **Assist DPF Regeneration**

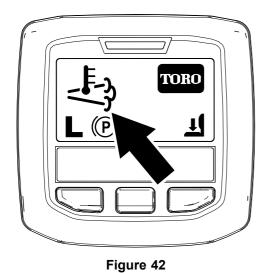
- The engine computer adjusts engine settings to raise the exhaust temperature.
- While operating the machine, run the engine at full engine speed and high load when possible to promote DPF regeneration.

#### **Reset Regeneration**

#### **A** CAUTION

The exhaust temperature is hot (approximately 600°C (1,112°F) during DPF regeneration. Hot exhaust gas can harm you or other people.

- Never operate the engine in an enclosed area.
- Make sure that there are no flammable materials around the exhaust system.
- Never touch a hot exhaust system component.
- Never stand near or around the exhaust pipe of the machine.



 The high exhaust-temperature icon in the InfoCenter (Figure 42).

The engine computer adjusts engine settings to raise the exhaust temperature.

Important: The high exhaust-temperature icon indicates that the exhaust temperature discharged from of your machine may be hotter than during regular operation.

- To promote DPF regeneration, mow with the machine to create full engine speed and high load.
- The icon displays in the InfoCenter while the reset regeneration is processing.
- Whenever possible, do not shut off the engine or reduce engine speed while the reset regeneration is processing.

Important: Whenever possible, allow the machine to complete the reset regeneration process before shutting off the engine. When time is limited to complete the rengeration, the assist regeneration starts again when you run the machine to the correct operating temperature and at high engine speed.

#### **Periodic Reset Regeneration**

If the engine has not completed a successful Reset, Parked, or Recovery regeneration in the previous 100 hours of engine operation, the engine computer will attempt to perform a reset regeneration.

## Setting the Inhibit Regen Reset Regeneration Only

**Note:** If you set the InfoCenter to inhibit regeneration, the InfoCenter displays ADVISORY #185 (Figure 43) every 15 minutes while the engine requests a reset regeneration.

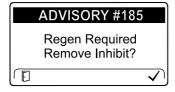


Figure 43

a224692

A reset regeneration produces the elevated engine exhaust. If you are operating the machine around trees, brush, tall grass, or other temperature-sensitive plants or materials, you can use the Inhibit Regen setting to prevent the engine computer from performing a reset regeneration. Return the setting back to the OFF position when the machine is away from trees, brush, tall grass, or other temperature-sensitive plants or materials.

*Important:* When you shut off the engine and start it again, the inhibit regen setting defaults to OFF.

 Access the DPF Regeneration menu, press the center button to scroll down to the INHIBIT REGEN

option, and press the right button to select the Inhibit Regen entry (Figure 44).

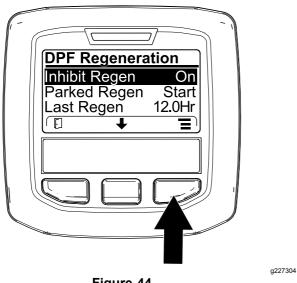


Figure 44

Press the right button to change the inhibit regeneration setting from On to Off (Figure 44) or from Off to On (Figure 45).

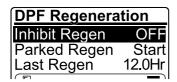


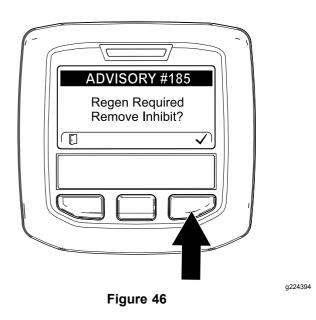
Figure 45

Allowing a Reset Regeneration

The InfoCenter displays the high exhaust-temperature

when the reset regeneration is in process.

Note: If INHIBIT REGEN is set to ON, the InfoCenter displays ADVISORY #185 (Figure 46). Press button 3 to set inhibit regeneration setting to OFF and continue with the reset regeneration.



**Note:** If the InfoCenter displays ADVISORY #186 (Figure 47), set the engine to full throttle (high idle) to allow the reset regeneration to continue.

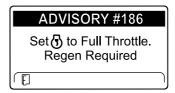


Figure 47

g224395

**Note:** When the reset regeneration completes, the

disappears from the high exhaust-temperature InfoCenter screen.

#### **Parked or Recovery Regeneration**

When the engine computer requests either a parked regeneration or a recovery regeneration, the regeneration request icon (Figure 48) displays in the InfoCenter.

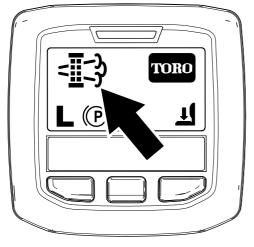


Figure 48

 The machine does not automatically perform a parked regeneration or a recovery regeneration, you must run the regeneration through the InfoCenter.

#### **Parked Regeneration Messages**

When a parked regeneration is requested by the engine computer the following messages display in the InfoCenter:

Engine warning (Figure 49)

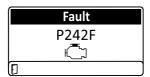


Figure 49

 Parked regeneration required ADVISORY #188 (Figure 50)

**Note:** Advisory #188 displays every 15 minutes.

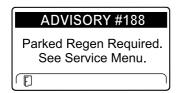


Figure 50

If you do not perform a parked regeneration within 2 hours, the InfoCenter displays parked

regeneration required—power takeoff disabled ADVISORY #189 (Figure 51).



Figure 51

g224398

Important: Perform a parked regeneration to restore the PTO function; refer to Preparing to Perform a Parked or Recovery Regeneration (page 49) and Performing a Parked or Recovery Regeneration (page 49).

**Note:** The Home screen displays the PTO disabled Icon (Figure 52).

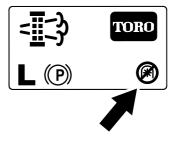


Figure 52

g224415

#### **Recovery Regeneration Messages**

When a recovery regeneration is requested by the engine computer, the following messages display in the InfoCenter:

Engine warning (Figure 53)

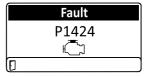


Figure 53

g322973

Engine warning (Figure 54)

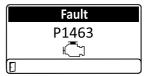


Figure 54

g322986

 Recovery regeneration required—power takeoff disabled ADVISORY #190 (Figure 55)

g224404

g322987

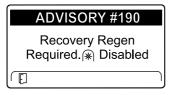


Figure 55

g224399

Important: Perform a recovery regeneration to restore the PTO function; refer to Preparing to Perform a Parked or Recovery Regeneration (page 49) and Performing a Parked or Recovery Regeneration (page 49).

**Note:** The Home screen displays the PTO disabled lcon; refer to Figure 52 in Parked Regeneration Messages (page 48).

#### **DPF Status-Limitation**

 If the engine computer requests a recovery regeneration or is processing a recovery regeneration and you scroll down to the PARKED REGEN option, parked regeneration locks and the lock icon (Figure 56) appears in the lower right corner of the InfoCenter.

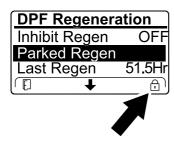


Figure 56

g224625

 If the engine computer has not requested a recovery regeneration and you scroll down to the RECOVERY REGEN option, the recovery regeneration locks and the lock icon (Figure 57) appears in the lower right corner of the InfoCenter.

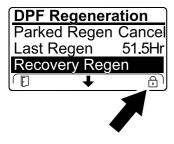


Figure 57

g224628

## Preparing to Perform a Parked or Recovery Regeneration

- 1. Ensure that the machine has fuel in the tank for the type of regeneration you are performing:
  - Parked Regeneration: Ensure that you have 1/4 tank of fuel before performing the parked regeneration.
  - Recovery Regeneration: Ensure that you have 1/2 tank of fuel before performing the recovery regeneration.
- 2. Move the machine outside to an area away from combustible materials.
- 3. Park the machine on a level surface.
- 4. Ensure that the traction control or motion-control levers are in the NEUTRAL position.
- 5. If applicable, shut off the PTO, and lower the cutting units or accessories.
- 6. Engage the parking brake.
- 7. Set the throttle to the low IDLE position.

## Performing a Parked or Recovery Regeneration

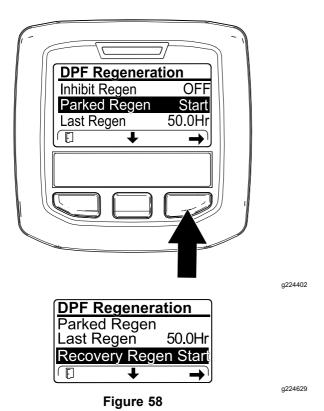
#### **A** CAUTION

The exhaust temperature is hot (approximately 600°C (1,112°F) during DPF regeneration. Hot exhaust gas can harm you or other people.

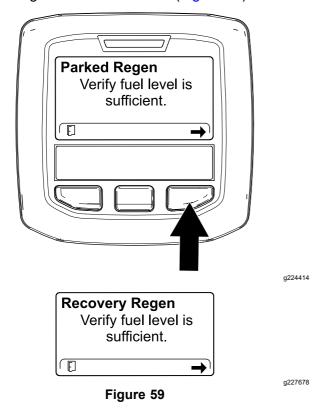
- Never operate the engine in an enclosed area.
- Make sure that there are no flammable materials around the exhaust system.
- Never touch a hot exhaust system component.
- Never stand near or around the exhaust pipe of the machine.

Important: The computer of the machine cancels DPF regeneration if you increase the engine speed from low idle or release the parking brake.

1. Access the DPF Regeneration menu, press the center button to scroll down to either the PARKED REGEN START option or the RECOVERY REGEN START option (Figure 58), and press the right button to select the start the regeneration (Figure 58).

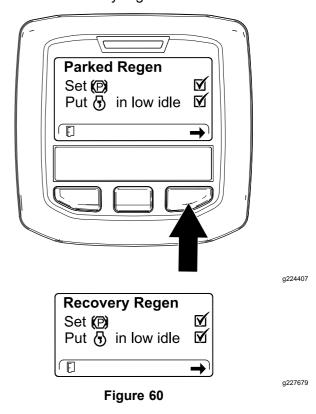


 At the VERIFY FUEL LEVEL screen, verify that you have 1/4 tank of fuel if you are performing the parked regeneration or 1/2 tank of fuel if you are performing the recovery regeneration, and press the right button to continue (Figure 59).

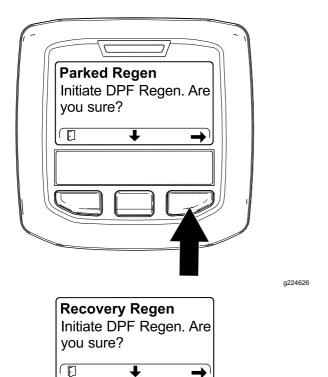


3. At the DPF checklist screen, verify that the parking brake is engaged and that the engine speed is at low idle (Figure 60).

**Note:** Do not press the traction pedal during a parked or recovery regeneration.

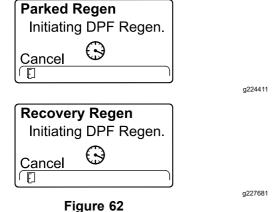


4. At the Initiate DPF Regen screen, press the right button to continue (Figure 61).



 The InfoCenter displays the INITIATING DPF REGEN message (Figure 62).

Figure 61



The InfoCenter displays the time to complete message (Figure 63). Parked Regen
Regen Initiated. Allow
up to 30 minutes for
completion.

Parked Regen
Regen Initiated. Allow
up to 30 minutes for
completion.

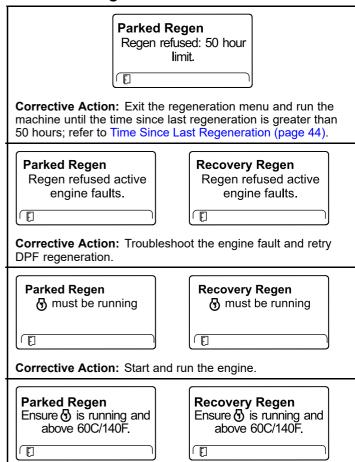
g224406

Figure 63

7. The engine computer checks the engine state and fault information. The InfoCenter may display the following messages found in the table that follows:

**Note:** If you attempt to do a forced parked regeneration before 50 hours of the last sucessful regeneration this message will appear. If the machine is requesting a regeneration and this message appears contact your authorized Toro distributor for service.

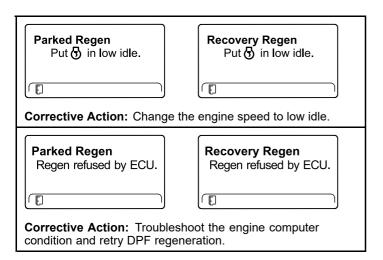
#### **Check Message and Corrective Action Table**



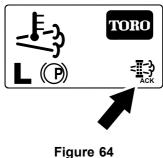
Corrective Action: Run the engine to warm the coolant

temperature to 60°C (140°F).

#### **Check Message and Corrective Action Table** (cont'd.)



The InfoCenter displays the home screen and the regeneration acknowledge icon (Figure 64) appears in the lower right corner of the screen as the regeneration processes.



**Note:** While the DPF regeneration runs, the InfoCenter displays the high

exhaust-temperature icon

When the engine computer completes a parked or recovery regeneration, the InfoCenter displays ADVISORY #183 (Figure 65). Press the left button to exit to the home screen.

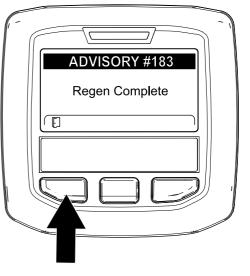
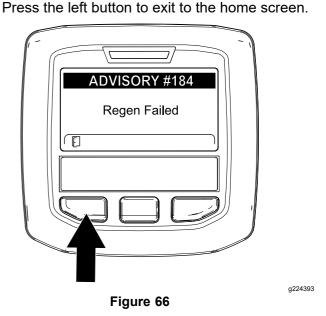


Figure 65

**Note:** If the regeneration fails to complete, the InfoCenter displays Advisory #184 (Figure 65).



#### **Canceling a Parked or Recovery Regeneration**

Use the Parked Regen Cancel or Recovery Regen Cancel setting to cancel a running parked or recovery regeneration process.

Access the DPF Regeneration menu (Figure 67).

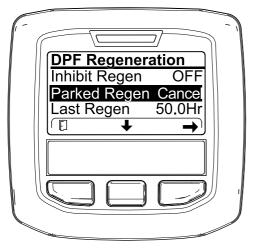


Figure 67

 Press the center button to scroll down to the PARKED REGEN CANCEL (Figure 67) or the RECOVERY REGEN CANCEL option (Figure 68).

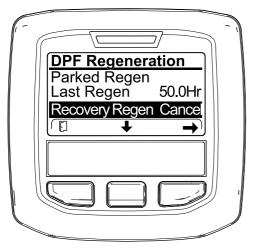


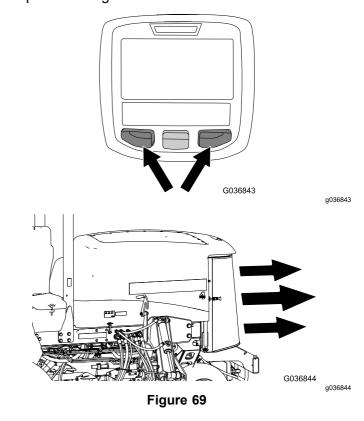
Figure 68

3. Press the right button to select the Regen Cancel entry (Figure 67 or Figure 68).

## Operating the **Engine-Cooling Fan**

The engine cooling fan is normally controlled by the machine. The machine has the ability to reverse the fan to blow debris off the rear screen. Under normal operating conditions, the machine controls the fan speed and direction based on coolant and hydraulic-fluid temperature, and the fan automatically reverses direction to blow debris off the rear screen.

You can manually reverse the fan by pressing the 2 outer buttons of the InfoCenter (Figure 69) for 2 seconds—the fan completes a manually initiated reverse cycle. Reverse the fan when the rear screen is clogged or prior to moving the machine into the shop or a storage area.



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### **Operating Tips**

#### **Changing Mowing Patterns**

Change mowing patterns often to minimize a poor after-cut appearance from repeatedly mowing in the same direction.

### **Resolving After-Cut Appearance**

Refer to the *After-cut Appearance Troubleshooting Guide* available at www.Toro.com.

#### **Using Proper Mowing Techniques**

- To begin cutting, engage the cutting units, then approach the mowing area slowly. Once the front cutting units are over the mowing area, lower the cutting units.
- To achieve the professional straight-line cut and striping that is desirable for some applications, find a tree or other object in the distance and drive straight toward it.
- As soon as the front cutting units reach the edge of the mowing area, lift the cutting units, and perform a teardrop-shaped turn to quickly line up for your next pass.
- Bolt-in mulching baffles are available for the cutting units. The mulching baffles perform well when you maintain turf on a regular schedule to avoid removing more than 25 mm (1 inch) of growth per cutting. When you cut too much growth with the mulching baffles installed, the after-cut appearance may deteriorate and the observed power to cut the turf increases. The mulching baffles also perform well for shredding leaves in the fall.

## Selecting the Proper Height-of-Cut Setting to Suit Conditions

Remove no more than approximately 25 mm (1 inch), or 1/3 of the grass blade when cutting. In exceptionally lush and dense grass, you may need to raise your height-of-cut setting.

#### Mowing with Sharp Blades

A sharp blade cuts cleanly and without tearing or shredding the grass blades like a dull blade. Tearing and shredding causes the grass to turn brown at the edges, which impairs growth and increases susceptibility to diseases. Ensure that the blade is in good condition and that there is a full sail; refer to Servicing the Blade Plane (page 86).

## **Checking the Condition of the Cutting Unit**

Ensure that the cutting chambers are in good condition. Straighten any bends in the chamber components to ensure correct blade tip/chamber clearance. Ensure all rollers and pivoting joints do not have play in them to prevent turf damage or poor after cut appearance.

#### Maintaining the Machine after Mowing

After mowing, thoroughly wash the machine with a garden hose with no nozzle to avoid contamination and damage to the seals and bearings caused by excessive water pressure. Ensure that the radiator and oil cooler are kept free of dirt or grass clippings. After cleaning, inspect the machine for possible hydraulic-fluid leaks, damage, or wear to the hydraulic and mechanical components, and check the cutting-unit blades for sharpness.

### After Operation

### **General Safety**

- Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all movement to stop before you leave the operator's position. Allow the machine to cool before adjusting, servicing, cleaning, or storing it.
- Clean grass and debris from the cutting units, mufflers, and engine compartment to help prevent fires. Clean up oil or fuel spills.
- If the cutting units are in the transport position, use the positive mechanical lock (if available) before you leave the machine unattended.
- Allow the engine to cool before storing the machine in any enclosure.
- Remove the key and shut off the fuel (if equipped) before storing or hauling the machine.
- Never store the machine or fuel container where there is an open flame, spark, or pilot light, such as on a water heater or on other appliances.
- Maintain and clean the seat belt(s) as necessary

## **Using the Cutting-Unit Storage Lanyard**

Use the cutting-unit storage lanyards to prevent the forward outer cutting units from settling when the machine is parked overnight or if it is being stored for an extended period. You can also use the cutting-unit storage lanyards to prevent the cutting units from settling while the machine is transporting between mowing tasks.

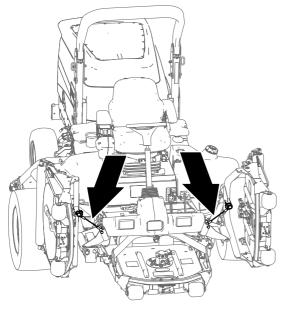


Figure 70

#### **Securing the Cutting Units**

- 1. Ensure that the PTO is disengaged.
- 2. Park the machine on a level surface.
- 3. Engage the parking brake.
- 4. Fully raise the cutting units.
- Align the lanyard to the carrier shaft of the lift arm for the forward outer-cutting unit (Figure 71).

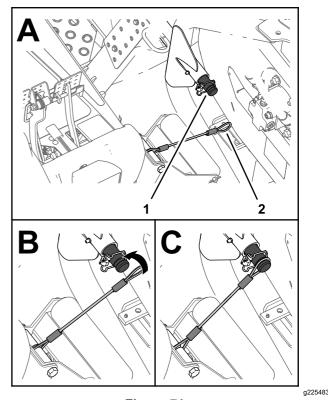


Figure 71

jure 11

- 1. Carrier-shaft groove (forward outer-lift arm)
- 2. Lanyard loop
- 6. Slip the loop in the lanyard over the carrier shaft until the lanyard is fully seated in the groove in the shaft (Figure 71).
- 7. Repeat steps 5 and 6 for the forward outer-cutting unit at the other side of the machine.

Important: Remove the lanyards from the carrier shafts before lowering the cutting units

#### **Stowing the Lanyards**

**Note:** Stow the lanyards when you are not using them.

- 1. Ensure that the PTO is disengaged.
- 2. Park the machine on a level surface.
- 3. Engage the parking brake.

4. With the cutting units lowered, slip the loop of the lanyard into the slot in the reinforcement plate of the roller support (Figure 72).

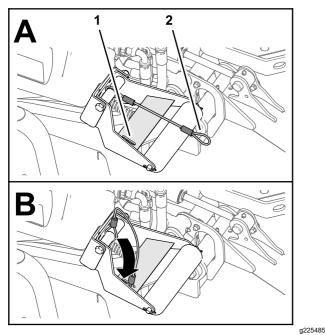


Figure 72

 Reinforcement-plate slot (roller support)

2. Lanyard loop

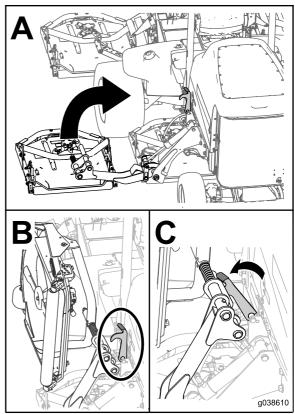


Figure 73

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## Using the Transport Latches

#### **Groundsmaster 4700 Only**

Use the 2 rear-transport latches for the No. 6 and 7 cutting units (Figure 15) when moving the machine over long distances, rough terrain, when transporting, or storing the machine.

## **Hauling the Machine**

- Remove the key and shut off the fuel (if equipped) before storing or hauling the machine.
- Use care when loading or unloading the machine into a trailer or a truck.
- Use full-width ramps for loading the machine into a trailer or a truck.
- Tie the machine down securely.

## Pushing or Towing the Machine

In an emergency, you can move the machine forward by actuating the bypass function in the variable-displacement hydraulic pump and pushing or towing the machine.

Important: Do not push or tow the machine faster than 3 to 4.8 km/h (2 to 3 mph). If you push or tow at a faster speed, internal transmission damage may occur.

The relief valves must be open whenever you push or tow the machine.

 Open the hood and locate the relief valves (Figure 74) on the top of pump, behind the battery/storage boxes. 2. Rotate each valve 3 turns counter-clockwise to open and allow the fluid to bypass internally.

**Note:** Do not open the valve more than 3 turns. Because fluid is bypassed, you can move the machine slowly without damaging the transmission.

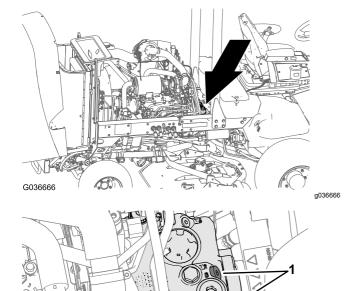


Figure 74

- 1. Relief valve (2)
- 3. Push or tow the machine forward.

*Important:* If you must push or tow the machine in reverse, refer to the Reverse Tow Kit (Part No. 136-3620).

 Finish pushing or towing the machine and close the relief valves. Torque the valve to 70 N⋅m (52 ft-lb).

## **Locating the Tie-Down Points**

**Note:** Use properly-rated DOT-approved straps in 4 corners to tie down the machine.

- On each side of the frame by the operator's platform
- On the rear bumper

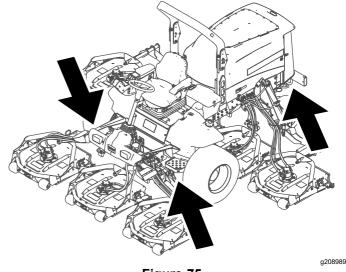


Figure 75

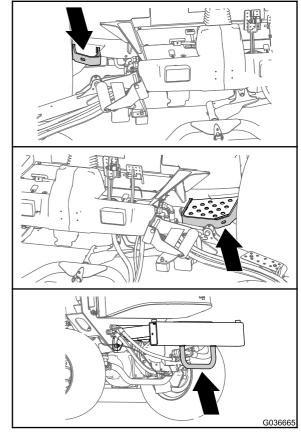


Figure 76

### **Maintenance**

Note: Determine the left and right sides of the machine from the normal operating position.

Important: Refer to your engine owner's manual for additional maintenance procedures.

Important: If you are performing maintenance on the machine and run the engine with an engine exhaust-extraction duct, set the inhibit regen setting to ON; refer to Setting the Inhibit Regen (page 46).

**Note:** Download a free copy of the electrical or hydraulic schematic by visiting www.Toro.com and searching for your machine from the Manuals link on the home page.

### **Maintenance Safety**

- Before you leave the operator's position, do the following:
  - Park the machine on a level surface.
  - Disengage the power takeoff and lower the attachments.
  - Engage the parking brake.
  - Shut off the engine and remove the key.
  - Wait for all movement to stop.
- If you leave the key in the switch, someone could accidently start the engine and seriously injure you or other bystanders. Remove the key from the switch before you perform any maintenance.
- Allow machine components to cool before performing maintenance.

- If the cutting units are in the transport position, use the positive mechanical lock (if equipped) before you leave the machine unattended.
- If possible, do not perform maintenance while the engine is running. Keep away from moving parts.
- Support the machine with jack stands whenever you work under the machine.
- Carefully release pressure from components with stored energy.
- Keep all parts of the machine in good working condition and all hardware tightened, especially blade-attachment hardware.
- · Replace all worn or damaged decals.
- To ensure safe, optimal performance of the machine, use only genuine Toro replacement parts. Replacement parts made by other manufacturers could be dangerous, and such use could void the product warranty.

### Recommended Maintenance Schedule(s)

Maintenance Service Interval	Maintenance Procedure
After the first hour	Torque the wheel lug nuts.
After the first 10 hours	Torque the wheel lug nuts.
After the first 50 hours	Change the front planetary-gear oil.
After the first 200 hours	Change the rear-axle lubricant.
Before each use or daily	<ul> <li>Check the tire pressure.</li> <li>Check the interlock switches.</li> <li>Check the blade-stopping time.</li> <li>Check the engine-oil level.</li> <li>Drain water or other contaminants from the fuel filter/water separator</li> <li>Check the rear axle and rear-axle gearbox for leaks.</li> <li>Check level of coolant at the beginning of each day.</li> <li>Remove debris from the engine area, oil cooler, and radiator (clean them more frequently in dirty conditions).</li> <li>Check the hydraulic-fluid level.</li> <li>Inspect the hydraulic lines and hoses for leaks, kinked lines, loose mounting supports, wear, loose fittings, weather deterioration, and chemical deterioration.</li> <li>Clean the machine.</li> <li>Clean and maintain the seat belt.</li> </ul>

Maintenance Service Interval	Maintenance Procedure		
Every 50 hours	<ul> <li>Grease the bearings and bushings (also after every washing).</li> <li>Check the battery condition.</li> </ul>		
Every 100 hours	Check the condition and tension of the alternator belt.		
Every 200 hours	Torque the wheel lug nuts.		
Every 400 hours	<ul> <li>Service the air cleaner (earlier if the air-cleaner indicator shows red, and more frequently in extremely dirty or dusty conditions).</li> <li>Inspect the fuel lines and connections.</li> <li>Replace the fuel-filter canister.</li> <li>Replace the engine fuel filter.</li> <li>Check for end-play in the planetary drives.</li> <li>Check the planetary-gear-drive oil level (check if you notice external leakage).</li> <li>Check the rear-axle lubricant.</li> <li>Check the rear-axle-gear-box lubricant.</li> </ul>		
Every 500 hours	Change the engine oil and filter.		
Every 800 hours	<ul> <li>Drain and clean the fuel tank.</li> <li>Change the front planetary-gear oil or yearly, whichever comes first.</li> <li>Change the rear-axle lubricant.</li> <li>Check the rear wheel toe-in.</li> <li>If you are not using the recommended hydraulic fluid or have ever filled the reservoir with an alternative fluid, change the hydraulic fluid.</li> <li>If you are not using the recommended hydraulic fluid or have ever filled the reservoir with an alternative fluid, replace the hydraulic filter (sooner if the service interval indicator is in the red zone).</li> </ul>		
Every 1,000 hours	<ul> <li>If you are using the recommended hydraulic fluid, replace the hydraulic filter (sooner if the service interval indicator is in the red zone).</li> </ul>		
Every 2,000 hours	If you are using the recommended hydraulic fluid, change the hydraulic fluid.		
Every 3,000 hours	<ul> <li>Disassemble, clean, and assemble the soot filter of the DPF. or clean the soot filter if engine faults P242F or P1420 display in the InfoCenter. Contact your authorized Toro distributor.</li> </ul>		
Before storage	<ul> <li>Drain and clean the fuel tank.</li> <li>Check the tire pressure.</li> <li>Check all fasteners.</li> <li>Grease or oil all grease fittings and pivot points.</li> <li>Paint chipped surfaces.</li> </ul>		
Every 2 years	Drain and flush the hydraulic tank.     Replace the hydraulic hoses.		

### **A** CAUTION

If you leave the key in the key switch, someone could accidently start the engine and seriously injure you or other bystanders.

Remove the key before you do any maintenance.

## **Daily Maintenance Checklist**

Duplicate this page for routine use.

Maintenance Check Item		For the week of:						
Maintenance Check item	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday	
Check the safety-interlock operation.								
Check the brake operation.								
Check the engine-oil level.								
Check the cooling-system-fluid level.								
Drain the water/fuel separator.								
Check the air filter, dust cup, and burp valve.								
Check for unusual engine noises.¹								
Check the radiator and screen for debris								
Check for unusual operating noises.								
Check the hydraulic-fluid level.								
Check the hydraulic hoses for damage.								
Check for fluid leaks.								
Check the fuel level.								
Check the tire pressure.								
Check the instrument operation.								
Check the height-of-cut adjustment.								
Lubricate all the grease fittings. <sup>2</sup>								
Clean the machine.								
Touch up any damaged paint.								

#### Important: Refer to your engine operator's manual for additional maintenance procedures.

#### **Notation for Areas of Concern**

Inspection performed by:					
Item Date Information					

## Pre-Maintenance Procedures

## **Lifting the Machine**

Use the following as points to lift the machine:

**Front of the machine**—at the frame of the machine, forward of the wheel-drive motors (Figure 77)

*Important:* Do not support the machine at the wheel-drive motors. Keep the lifting equipment clear of hydraulic tubing and hoses.

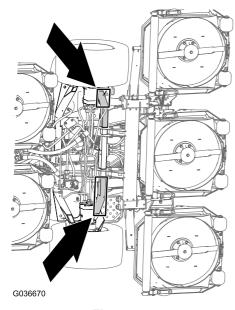


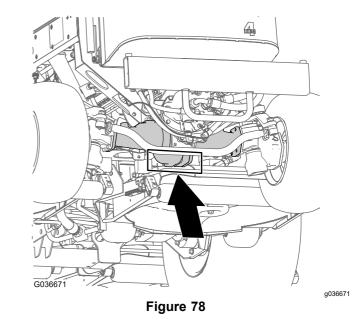
Figure 77

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**Rear of the machine**—at the center of the axle (Figure 78)

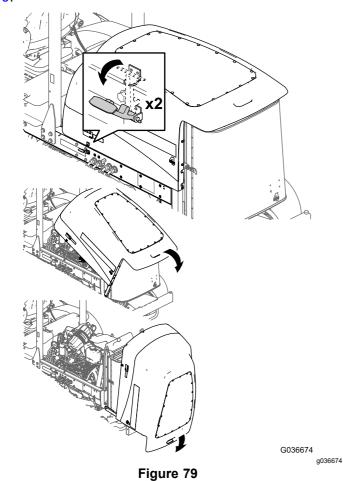
Locate the jackstands of the specified capacity at both sides of the gear case and under the axle.

*Important:* Do not support the machine at the tie rod.



## **Opening the Hood**

Tilt the hood to access the chassis as shown in Figure 79.



## Accessing the Hydraulic Lift Compartment

Tilt the seat to access the hydraulic lift compartment as shown in Figure 80.

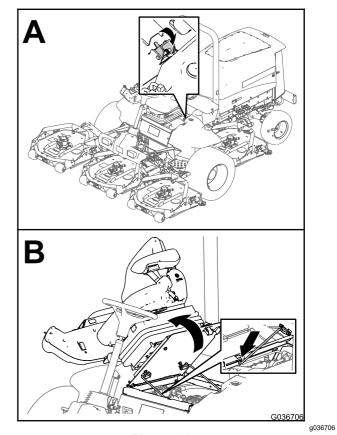


Figure 80

### Lubrication

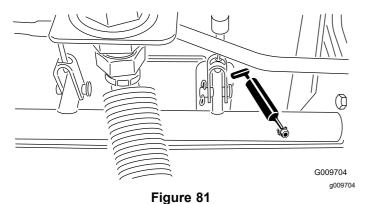
## **Greasing the Bearings and Bushings**

**Service Interval:** Every 50 hours (also after every washing).

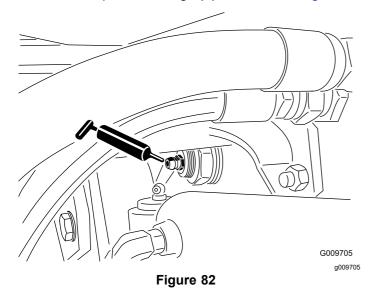
Grease specification: No. 2 lithium grease

The grease fitting locations and quantities are as follows:

 Brake-shaft pivot bearings (5) as shown in Figure 81



Rear-axle-pivot bushings (2) as shown in Figure 82



 Steering-cylinder ball joints (2) as shown in Figure 83

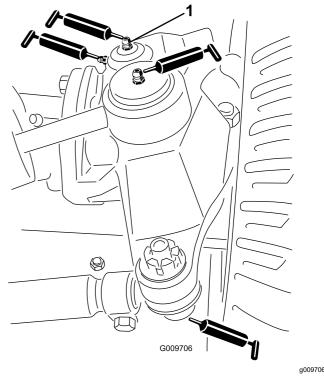
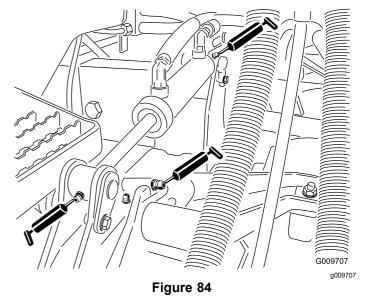


Figure 83

- 1. Top fitting on kingpin
- Tie-rod ball joints (2) as shown in Figure 83
- Kingpin bushings (2) as shown in Figure 83

*Important:* Lubricate the top fitting on the kingpin no more than annually (2 pumps).

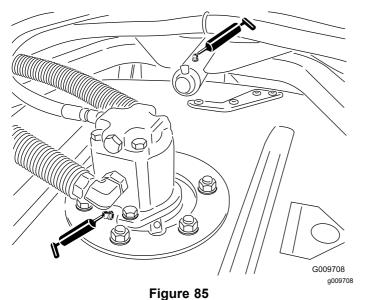
 Lift-arm bushings (1 per cutting unit) as shown in Figure 84



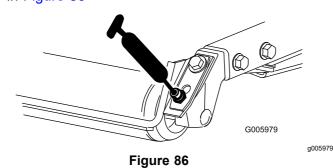
Lift-cylinder bushings (2 per cutting unit) as shown in Figure 84

 Cutting-unit spindle-shaft bearings (2 per cutting unit) as shown in Figure 85

**Note:** You can use either fitting, whichever is more accessible. Pump grease into the fitting until a small amount appears at the bottom of the spindle housing (under the cutting unit).



- Cutting-unit carrier-arm bushings (1 per cutting unit) as shown in Figure 85
- Rear roller bearings (2 per cutting unit) as shown in Figure 86



Important: Make sure that the grease groove in each roller mount aligns with the grease hole in each end of the roller shaft. To help align the groove and the hole, there is also an alignment mark on 1 end of the roller shaft.

## Engine Maintenance

### **Engine Safety**

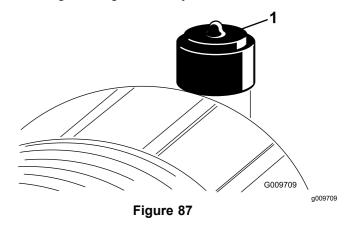
- Shut off the engine and remove the key before checking the oil or adding oil to the crankcase.
- Do not change the governor speed or overspeed the engine.

## **Servicing the Air Cleaner**

Service Interval: Every 400 hours

Check the air-cleaner body for damage which could cause an air leak. Replace it if it is damaged. Check the whole intake system for leaks, damage, or loose hose clamps.

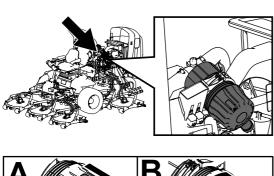
Service the air-cleaner filter only when the service indicator (Figure 87) requires it. Changing the air filter before it is necessary only increases the chance of dirt entering the engine when you remove the filter.



1. Air-cleaner indicator

*Important:* Ensure that the cover is seated correctly and seals with the air-cleaner body.

1. Replace the air cleaner (Figure 88).



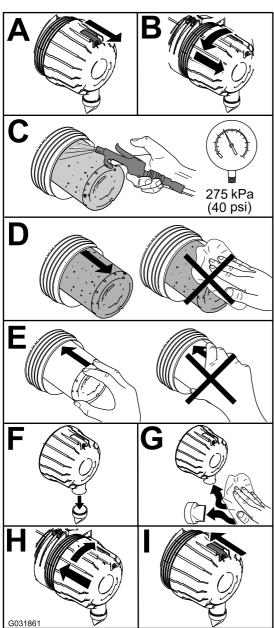
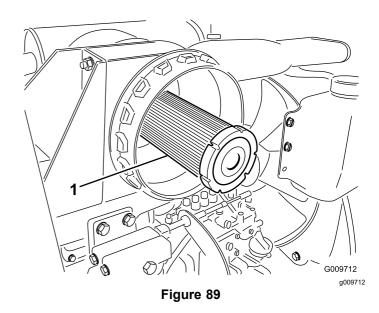


Figure 88

**Note:** Do not clean a used element because cleaning it can damage the filter media.

Important: Never attempt to clean the safety filter (Figure 89). Replace the safety filter after every 3 primary filter services.



1. Air-cleaner safety filter

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2. Reset the indicator (Figure 87) if it shows red.

## **Servicing the Engine Oil**

#### Oil Specification

Use high-quality, low-ash engine oil that meets or exceeds the following specifications:

- API service category CJ-4 or higher
- ACEA service category E6
- JASO service category DH-2

Important: Using engine oil other than API CJ-4 or higher, ACEA E6, or JASO DH-2 may cause the diesel particulate filter to plug or cause engine damage.

Use the following engine oil viscosity grade:

- Preferred oil: SAE 15W-40 (above 0°F)
- Alternate oil: SAE 10W-30 or 5W-30 (all temperatures)

Toro Premium Engine Oil is available from your authorized Toro distributor in either 15W-40 or 10W-30 viscosity grades. See the *Parts Catalog* for part numbers.

#### **Checking the Engine-Oil Level**

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

The engine is shipped with oil in the crankcase; however, the oil level must be checked before and after the engine is first started.

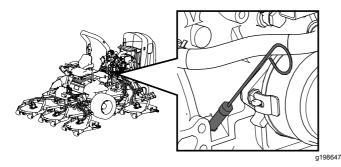
Important: Check the engine oil daily. If the engine-oil level is above the Full mark on the dipstick, the engine oil may be diluted with fuel;

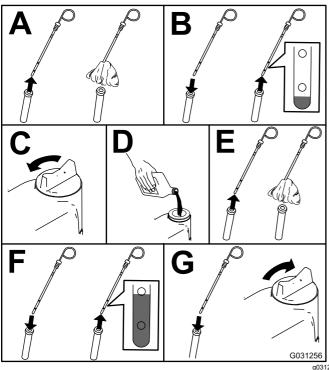
## If the engine oil level is above the Full mark, change the engine oil.

The best time to check the engine oil is when the engine is cool before it has been started for the day. If it has already been run, allow the oil to drain back down to the sump for at least 10 minutes before checking. If the oil level is at or below the Add mark on the dipstick, add oil to bring the oil level to the Full mark. **Do not overfill the engine with oil**.

*Important:* Keep the engine-oil level between the upper and lower limits on the dipstick; the engine may fail if you run it with too much or too little oil.

Check the engine-oil level; refer to Figure 90.





**Note:** When using different oil, drain all old oil from the crankcase before adding new oil.

Figure 90

#### **Crankcase Oil Capacity**

Approximately 5.7 L (6 US qt) with the filter.

#### **Changing the Engine Oil and Filter**

Service Interval: Every 500 hours

**Note:** To reset the service due indicator in the Infocenter; refer to Setting the Service Due Timer (page 32).

- 1. Start the engine and let it run 5 minutes to allow the oil to warm up.
- 2. Park the machine on a level surface, engage the parking brake, shut off the engine, and remove the key.
- 3. Replace the engine oil and filter (Figure 91).

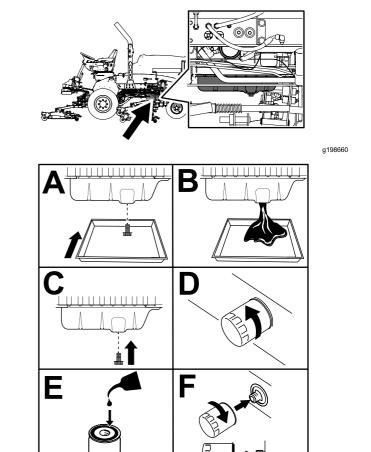


Figure 91

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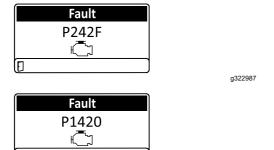
 Add oil to the crankcase; refer to the Crankcase Oil Capacity (page 66) and Checking the Engine-Oil Level (page 65).

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# Servicing the Diesel-Oxidation Catalyst (DOC) and the Soot Filter

**Service Interval:** Every 3,000 hours or clean the soot filter if engine faults P242F or P1420 display in the InfoCenter. Contact your authorized Toro distributor.

If engine faults P242For P1420 in the InfoCenter (Figure 92) display in the InfoCenter, clean the soot filter using the steps that follow:



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Figure 92

- Refer to the Engine section in the Service
   Manual for information on disassembling and
   assembling the diesel-oxidation catalyst and the
   soot filter of the DPF.
- Refer to your authorized Toro distributor for diesel-oxidation catalyst and the soot filter replacement parts or service.
- Contact your authorized Toro distributor to have them reset the engine ECU after you install a clean DPF.

## Fuel System Maintenance

#### **A DANGER**

Under certain conditions, diesel fuel and fuel vapors are highly flammable and explosive. A fire or explosion from fuel can burn you and others and can cause property damage.

- Use a funnel to fill the fuel tank outdoors, in an open area, when the engine is off and is cold. Wipe up any fuel that spills.
- Do not fill the fuel tank completely full.
   Add fuel to the fuel tank until the level is 6
   to 13 mm (1/4 to 1/2 inch) below the bottom
   of the filler neck. This empty space in the
   tank allows the fuel to expand.
- Never smoke when handling fuel, and stay away from an open flame or where fuel fumes may be ignited by a spark.
- Store fuel in a clean, safety-approved container and keep the cap in place.

### **Draining the Fuel Tank**

**Service Interval:** Every 800 hours—Drain and clean the fuel tank.

Before storage—Drain and clean the fuel tank.

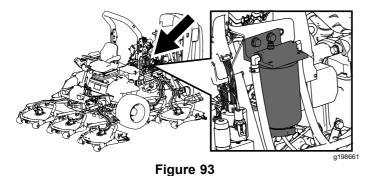
In addition to the listed service interval, drain and clean the tank if the fuel system becomes contaminated or if you are storing the machine for an extended period. Use clean fuel to flush out the tank.

## Inspecting the Fuel Lines and Connections

**Service Interval:** Every 400 hours/Yearly (whichever comes first)

Inspect the fuel lines for deterioration, damage, or loose connections.

## **Servicing the Fuel-Water Separator**



## **Draining Water from the Fuel/Water Separator**

**Service Interval:** Before each use or daily—Drain water or other contaminants from the fuel filter/water separator

Drain water from the fuel/water separator as shown in (Figure 94).

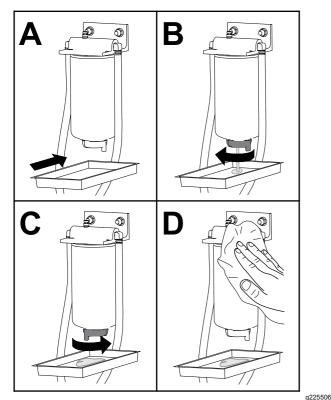


Figure 94

### **Replacing the Fuel-Filter Canister**

**Service Interval:** Every 400 hours—Replace the fuel-filter canister.

Replace the fuel-filter canister as shown in Figure 95.

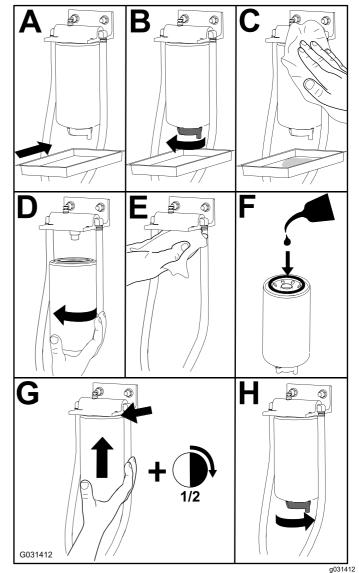
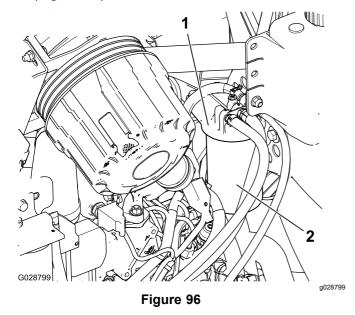


Figure 95

### **Servicing the Fuel Filter**

Service Interval: Every 400 hours

1. Clean the area around the fuel-filter head (Figure 96).

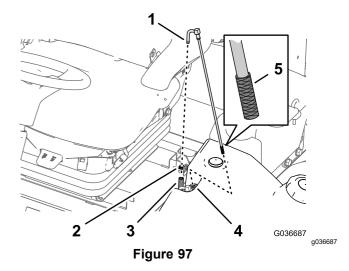


- 1. Fuel-filter head
- 2. Fuel filter
- 2. Remove the filter and clean the filter head mounting surface (Figure 96).
- Lubricate the filter gasket with clean lubricating engine oil; refer to the engine owner's manual for additional information.
- 4. Install the dry filter canister, by hand, until the gasket contacts the filter head, then rotate it an additional 1/2 turn.
- 5. Prime the filter and the lines to the high pressure pump; refer to Priming the Fuel System (page 70).
- 6. Start the engine and inspect for leaks around the filter head again.

## Cleaning the Fuel-Pickup Tube Screen

The fuel-pickup tube, located inside the fuel tank, is equipped with a screen to help prevent debris from entering the fuel system. Remove the fuel-pickup tube and clean the screen as required.

 Remove the hose clamp that secures the fuel supply hose to the fitting of the fuel-pickup tube (Figure 97).



- 1. Fitting (fuel-pickup tube)
- 4. Rubber bushing
- 2. Hose clamp
- 5. Screen
- 3. Fuel supply hose
- 2. Separate the hose from the fitting (Figure 97).
- 3. Lift the fuel-pickup tube from the fuel tank (Figure 97).

**Note:** Lift the tube straight from the bushing in the tank.

- 4. Clean any debris from the screen at the end of the fuel-pickup tube (Figure 97).
- 5. Insert the fuel-pickup tube through the rubber bushing and into the tank (Figure 97).

**Note:** Ensure that the fuel-pickup tube is fully seated into the rubber bushing.

6. Install the supply hose onto the fitting of the fuel-pickup tube, and secure the hose with the hose clamp that you removed in step 1.

### **Priming the Fuel System**

Prime the fuel system before starting the engine for the first time, after running out of fuel, or after fuel system maintenance (e.g., draining the filter/water separator, replacing a fuel hose).

To prime the fuel system, perform the following steps:

- Ensure that fuel is in the fuel tank.
- Perform the following steps to prime the filter and the lines to the high pressure pump to prevent wear or damage to the pump:
  - A. Cycle the key to the ON position for 15 to 20 seconds.
  - B. Cycle the key to the OFF position for 30 to 40 seconds.

**Note:** This allows the ECU to power down.

- C. Cycle the key to the ON position for 15 to 20 seconds.
- D. Inspect for leaks around the filter and hoses.

*Important:* Do not use the engine starter motor to crank the engine to prime the fuel system.

## Electrical System Maintenance

### **Electrical System Safety**

- Disconnect the battery before repairing the machine. Disconnect the negative terminal first and the positive last. Connect the positive terminal first and the negative last.
- Charge the battery in an open, well-ventilated area, away from sparks and flames. Unplug the charger before connecting or disconnecting the battery. Wear protective clothing and use insulated tools.

## **Checking the Battery Condition**

Service Interval: Every 50 hours

Important: Before welding on the machine, disconnect the negative cable from the battery to prevent damage to the electrical system. Also, you must disconnect the engine, InfoCenter, and machine controllers before welding on the machine.

**Note:** Keep the terminals and the entire battery case clean, because a dirty battery discharges slowly. To clean the battery, wash the entire case with a solution of baking soda and water. Rinse with clear water. Coat the battery posts and cable connectors with Grafo 112X (skin-over) grease (Toro Part No. 505-47) or petroleum jelly to prevent corrosion.

## **Charging and Connecting the Battery**

1. Loosen the latch for the cover of the right storage box and raise the cover (Figure 100).

#### **A** DANGER

Battery electrolyte contains sulfuric acid, which is fatal if consumed and causes severe burns.

- Do not drink electrolyte and avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing.
   Wear safety glasses to shield your eyes and rubber gloves to protect your hands.
- Fill the battery where clean water is always available for flushing the skin.
- 2. Remove the rubber boot from the positive terminal and inspect the battery.
- Remove the negative cable (black) from the negative (-) terminal and the positive cable (red) from the positive (+) terminal of the battery (Figure 98).

#### **A WARNING**

Incorrect battery cable routing could damage the machine and cables, causing sparks. Sparks can cause the battery gasses to explode, resulting in personal injury.

- Always disconnect the negative (black) battery cable before disconnecting the positive (red) cable.
- Always connect the positive (red) battery cable before connecting the negative (black) cable.

#### **A WARNING**

Battery terminals or metal tools could short against metal components, causing sparks. Sparks can cause the battery gasses to explode, resulting in personal injury.

- When removing or installing the battery, do not allow the battery terminals to touch any metal parts of the machine.
- Do not allow metal tools to short between the battery terminals and metal parts of the machine.

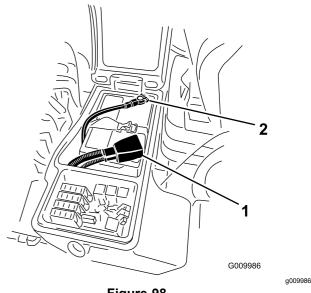


Figure 98

1. Positive battery cable

2. Negative battery cable

4. Connect a 3 to 4 A battery charger to the battery posts. Charge the battery at a rate of 3 to 4 A for 4 to 8 hours.

#### **A WARNING**

Charging the battery produces gasses that can explode.

Never smoke near the battery and keep sparks and flames away from battery.

- 5. When the battery is charged, disconnect the charger from the power outlet and battery posts.
- 6. Install the positive cable (red) to the positive (+) terminal and the negative cable (black) to the negative (-) terminal of the battery (Figure 98).
- 7. Secure the cables to the posts with bolts and nuts.

**Note:** Make sure that the positive (+) terminal is all the way on the post and the cable is

- positioned snug to the battery. The cable must not contact the battery cover.
- Coat both battery connections with Grafo 112X (skin-over) grease, Part No. 505-47, petroleum jelly, or light grease to prevent corrosion.
- 9. Slide the rubber boot over the positive terminal.
- 10. Close the console panel and secure the latch.

### **Locating the Fuses**

The fuse block for the machine is located in the right storage box

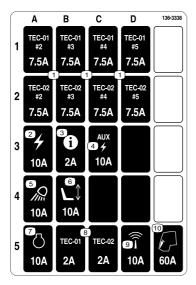


Figure 99

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1. Loosen the latch for the cover of the right storage box and raise the cover (Figure 100) to expose the fuse block (Figure 101).

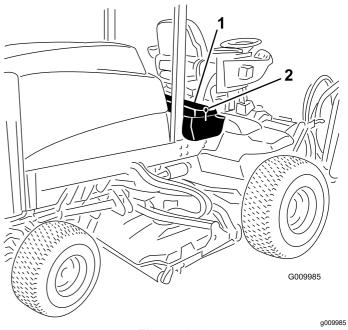


Figure 100

1. Latch

- 2. Right storage box
- 2. Replace the open fuse(s) as needed (Figure 101).

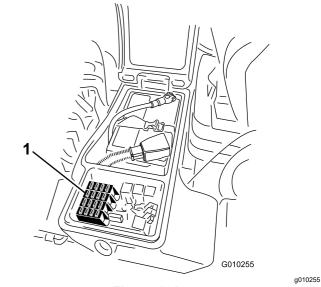
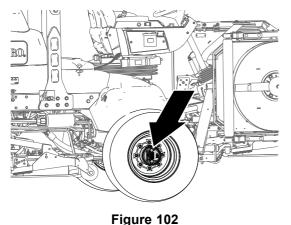


Figure 101

- 1. Fuses
- 3. Close the cover of the right storage box and secure the cover with the latch (Figure 100).

# Drive System Maintenance



# **Checking for End-Play in the Planetary Drives**

Service Interval: Every 400 hours

There should be no end-play in the planetary drives/drive wheels (i.e., the wheels should not move when you pull or push them in a direction parallel to the axle).

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface, engage the parking brake, lower the cutting units, shut off the engine, and remove the key.
- 2. Chock the rear wheels and raise the front of machine, supporting the front axle/frame on jack stands.

## **A** DANGER

A machine on a jack may be unstable and slip off the jack, injuring anyone beneath it.

- Do not start the engine while the machine is on a jack.
- Always remove the key from the switch before getting off the machine.
- Block the tires when you are raising the machine with a jack.
- Support the machine with jack stands.
- 3. Grasp 1 of the front drive wheels and push/pull it toward and away from the machine, noting any movement.

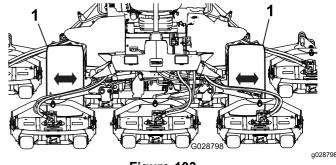


Figure 103

Front drive wheels

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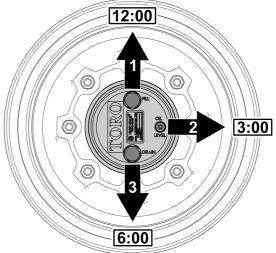
- 4. Repeat step 3 for the other drive wheel.
- 5. If either wheel moves, contact your authorized Toro distributor to have the planetary drive rebuilt.

# **Checking the Planetary Gear-Drive Lubricant**

**Service Interval:** Every 400 hours (check if you notice external leakage).

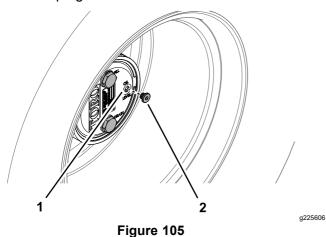
**Lubricant Specification:** high quality SAE 85W-140 gear lubricant

1. Park the machine on level surface and position the wheel so that the fill plug is at the 12 o'clock position, the check plug is at 3 o'clock position, and the drain plug is at the 6 o'clock position (Figure 104).



- 1. Fill plug (12 o'clock position)
- 2. Check plug (3 o'clock position)
- 3. Drain plug (6 o'clock position)
- 2. Remove the check plug at the 3 o'clock position (Figure 104).

The oil level should be at the bottom of the check-plug hole.



- 1. Check-plug hole
- 2. Check plug
- 3. If the oil level is low, remove the fill plug at the 12 o'clock position and add oil until it begins to flow out of the hole at the 3 o'clock position.
- 4. Check the O-ring for the plug(s) for wear or damage.

**Note:** Replace the O-ring(s) as needed.

- 5. Install the plug(s).
- 6. Repeat steps 1 through 5 on the planetary gear assembly at the other side of the machine.

# **Changing the Planetary-Gear-Drive Oil**

Service Interval: After the first 50 hours

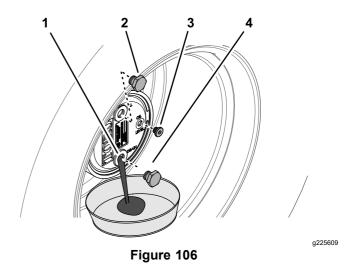
Every 800 hours or yearly, whichever comes first

**Lubricant specification:** high quality SAE 85W-140 gear lubricant

Planetary and brake housing lubrication capacity: 0.65 L (22 fl oz)

## **Draining the Planetary-Gear-Drive**

- Park the machine on level surface, position the wheel so that the fill plug is at the 12 o'clock position, the check plug is at 3 o'clock position, and the drain plug is at the 6 o'clock position; refer to Figure 104 in Checking the Planetary Gear-Drive Lubricant (page 73).
- 2. Remove the fill plug at the 12 o'clock position and the check plug at the 3 o'clock position (Figure 106).

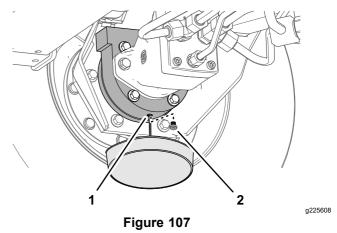


- 1. Drain-plug hole
- 2. Fill plug

- 3. Check plug
- 4. Drain plug
- 3. Place a drain pan under the planetary hub, remove the drain plug at the 6 o'clock position, and allow the oil to fully drain (Figure 106).
- 4. Check the O-rings for the fill, check, and drain plugs for wear or damage.

Note: Replace the O-ring(s) as needed.

- 5. Install the drain plug into the drain hole of the planetary housing (Figure 106).
- Place a drain pan under the brake housing, remove the drain plug, and allow the oil to fully drain (Figure 107).



- 1. Drain hole (brake housing) 2. Drain plug
- 7. Check the O-ring for the plug for wear or damage and install the drain plug into the brake housing.

**Note:** Replace the O-ring as needed.

### Filling the Planetary-Gear-Drive with Lubricant

Through the fill-plug hole, slowly fill the planetary with 0.65 L (22 fl oz) of high quality SAE 85W-140 wt gear lube.

Important: If the planetary fills before the 0.65 L (22 fl oz) of oil is added, wait 1 hour or install the plug and move the machine approximately ten feet to distribute the oil through the brake system. Then, remove the plug and add the remaining oil.

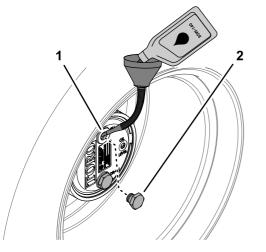


Figure 108

- 1. Fill-plug hole (planetary housing)
- 2. Fill plug

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- 2. Install the fill plug and the check plug.
- Wipe clean the planetary and brake housings (Figure 109).



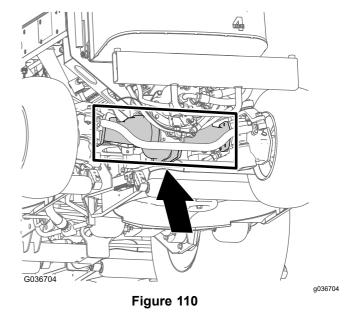
Figure 109

Repeat steps 1 through 7 in Draining the Planetary-Gear-Drive (page 74) and steps 1 through 3 in this procedure for the planetary/brake assembly at the other side of the machine.

## Checking the Rear Axle and **Gearbox for Leaks**

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

Visually inspect the rear axle and rear-axle gearbox for leaks.



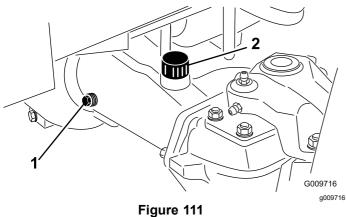
## **Checking the Rear-Axle** Lubricant

Service Interval: Every 400 hours

The rear axle is filled with SAE 85W-140 gear lube. The capacity is 2.4 L (80 fl oz). Visually inspect for leaks daily.

- Park the machine on a level surface, engage the parking brake, lower the cutting units, shut off the engine, and remove the key.
- Remove a check plug from 1 end of the axle and ensure that the lubricant is up to the bottom of the hole (Figure 111).

**Note:** If the level is low, remove the fill plug and add enough lubricant to bring the level up to the bottom of the check-plug holes.



1. Check plug

2. Fill plug

## Changing the Rear-Axle Lubricant

Service Interval: After the first 200 hours

Every 800 hours

Lubricant specification: high-quality SAE 85W-140

gear lubricant

Axle capacity: 2.4 L (80 fl oz)

- Park the machine on a level surface, engage the parking brake, lower the cutting units, shut off the engine, and remove the key.
- Clean the area around the 3 drain plugs—1 on each end and 1 in the center (Figure 112).

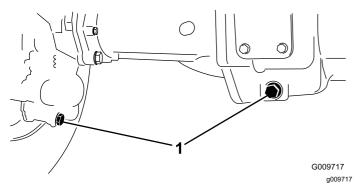


Figure 112

- 1. Drain-plug location
- Remove the oil-level check plugs and the main-axle-vent cap to ease draining the gear lubricant.
- Remove the drain plugs and allow the gear lubricant to drain into the pans.
- 5. Install the plugs.
- Remove a check plug and fill the axle with approximately 2.4 L (80 fl oz) of 85W-140 gear

lube or until the lubricant is up to the bottom of the hole.

Install the check plug.

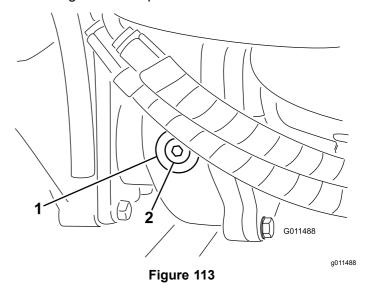
## Checking the Rear-Axle-Gearbox Lubricant

Service Interval: Every 400 hours

The gear box is filled with SAE 85W-140 gear lube. The capacity is 0.5 L (16 fl oz). Visually inspect for leaks daily.

- Park the machine on a level surface, engage the parking brake, lower the cutting units, shut off the engine, and remove the key.
- Remove the check/fill plug from the left side of the gear box and ensure that lubricant is up to the bottom of the hole (Figure 113).

**Note:** If the level is low, add enough lubricant to bring the level up to the bottom of the hole.



Gearbox

2. Check/fill plug

# Checking the Rear Wheel Toe-In

**Service Interval:** Every 800 hours/Yearly (whichever comes first)

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface, engage the parking brake, lower the cutting units, shut off the engine, and remove the key.
- Measure the center-to-center distance (at axle height) at the front and rear of the steering tires (Figure 114).

**Note:** The front measurement must be 3 mm (1/8 inch) less than the rear measurement.

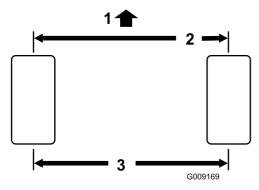


Figure 114

- 1. Front of the machine
- 2. 3 mm (1/8 inch) less than the rear measurement
- 3. Center to center distance
- 3. To adjust, remove the cotter pin and nut from either tie rod ball joint (Figure 115). Remove the tie-rod ball joint from the axle-case support.

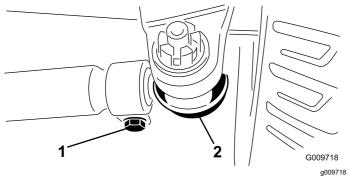


Figure 115

- 1. Tie-rod clamp
- 2. Tie-rod ball joint
- 4. Loosen the clamps at both ends of the tie rods (Figure 115).
- 5. Rotate the detached ball joint inward or outward 1 complete revolution and tighten the clamp at the loose end of the tie rod.
- 6. Rotate the entire tie-rod assembly the same direction (inward or outward) 1 complete

- revolution and tighten the clamp at the connected end of the tie rod.
- 7. Install the ball joint in the axle-case support, tighten the nut finger-tight, and measure the toe-in.
- 8. Repeat procedure if necessary.
- 9. Tighten the nut and install a new cotter pin when the adjustment is correct.

# Cooling System Maintenance

## **Cooling System Safety**

- Swallowing engine coolant can cause poisoning; keep out of reach from children and pets.
- Discharge of hot, pressurized coolant or touching a hot radiator and surrounding parts can cause severe burns.
  - Always allow the engine to cool at least 15 minutes before removing the radiator cap.
  - Use a rag when opening the radiator cap, and open the cap slowly to allow steam to escape.
- Do not operate the machine without the covers in place.
- Keep your fingers, hands, and clothing clear of the rotating fan and drive belt.

## **Coolant Specification**

The coolant reservoir is filled at the factory with a 50/50 solution of water and ethylene glycol base extended-life coolant.

Important: Use only commercially available coolants that meet the specifications listed in the Extended Life Coolant Standards Table.

Do not use conventional (green) inorganic-acid technology (IAT) coolant in your machine. Do not mix conventional coolant with extended-life coolant.

### **Coolant Type Table**

Ethylene-Glycol Coolant Type	Corrosion Inhibitor Type
Extended-life antifreeze	Organic-acid technology (OAT)

**Important:** Do not rely on the color of the coolant to identify the difference between conventional (green) inorganic-acid technology (IAT) coolant and extended-life coolant.

Coolant manufacturers may dye extended-life coolant in one of the following colors: red, pink, orange, yellow, blue, teal, violet, and green. Use coolant that meets the specifications in the Extended Life Coolant Standards Table.

#### **Extended Life Coolant Standards**

ATSM International	SAE International
D3306 and D4985	J1034, J814, and 1941

*Important:* Coolant concentration should be a 50/50 mixture of coolant to water.

- Preferred: When mixing coolant from a concentrate, mix it with distilled water.
- **Preferred option:** If distilled water is not available, use a pre-mix coolant instead of a concentrate.
- Minimum requirement: If distilled water and pre-mix coolant are not available, mix concentrated coolant with clean drinkable water.

# Checking the Cooling System

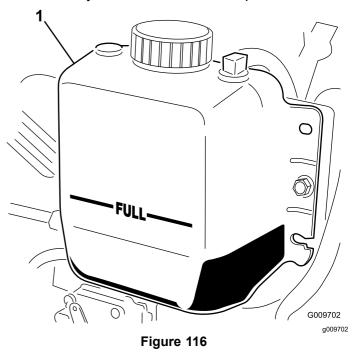
**Service Interval:** Before each use or daily—Check level of coolant at the beginning of each day.

Cooling system capacity: 8.5 L (9 US qt).

### **A** DANGER

The rotating fans and drive belts can cause personal injury.

- Do not operate the machine without the guards in place.
- Keep your fingers, hands, and clothing clear of the rotating fan and drive belt.
- Shut off the engine and remove the key before performing maintenance.
- 1. Park the machine on a level surface, engage the parking brake, lower the cutting units, shut off the engine, and remove the key.
- 2. Carefully remove the radiator cap.



1. Expansion tank

- Check the coolant level in the radiator. The radiator should be filled to the top of the filler neck and the expansion tank filled to the FULL mark (Figure 116).
- If the coolant is low, add a 50/50 mixture of water and ethylene glycol anti-freeze; refer to Coolant Specification (page 78). Do not use water only or alcohol/methanol based coolants.
- 5. Install the radiator cap and expansion-tank cap.

# Cleaning the Cooling System

**Service Interval:** Before each use or daily—Remove debris from the engine area, oil cooler, and radiator (clean them more frequently in dirty conditions).

This machine is equipped with a hydraulically driven fan drive system that automatically (or manually) reverses to reduce oil cooler/radiator and screen debris buildup. While this feature can help reduce the time required to clean oil cooler/radiator, it does not eliminate the need for routine cleaning. Periodic cleaning and inspection of the radiator/cooler is still required.

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface, engage the parking brake, lower the cutting units, shut off the engine, and remove the key.
- 2. Allow the machine to cool down; refer to Maintenance Safety (page 58) and Cooling System Safety (page 78).
- 3. Unlatch and swing open the rear screen (Figure 117).

**Note:** To remove the screen, lift it off the hinge pins.

4. Clean the screen thoroughly of all debris.

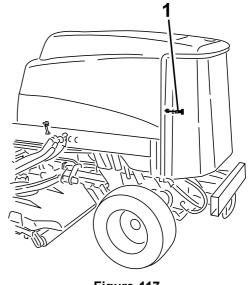


Figure 117

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- I. Rear-screen latch
- 5. Thoroughly clean both sides of the oil cooler and the radiator with compressed air (Figure 118).

**Note:** Start from the front and blow the debris out toward the back. Then clean from the back side and blow toward the front. Repeat procedure several times until you remove all chaff and debris.

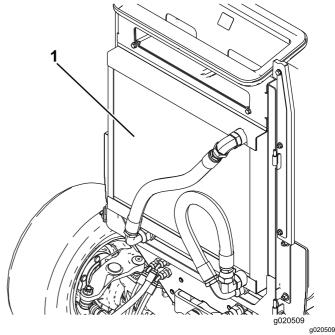


Figure 118

1. Oil cooler/radiator

Important: Cleaning the oil cooler/radiator with water promotes premature corrosion damage to components and compacts debris.

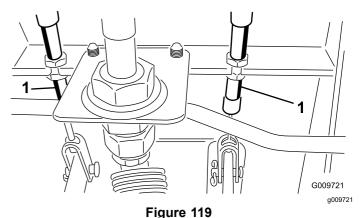
6. Close the rear screen and secure it with the latch

## **Brake Maintenance**

# Adjusting the Service Brakes

Adjust the service brakes when there is more than 25 mm (1 inch) of free travel of the brake pedal, or when the brakes do not work effectively. Free travel is the distance the brake pedal moves before you feel braking resistance.

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface, engage the parking brake, lower the cutting units, shut off the engine, and remove the key.
- Release the locking latch from the brake pedals so that both pedals work independently of each other.
- 3. To reduce free travel of the brake pedals, tighten the brakes as follows:
  - A. Loosen the front nut on the threaded end of the brake cable (Figure 119).



- i igui e
- 1. Brake cable
  - B. Tighten the rear nut to move the cable rearward until the brake pedals have 13 to 25 mm (1/2 to 1 inch) of free travel.
  - C. Tighten the front nuts after the brakes are adjusted correctly.

### **Belt Maintenance**

# Servicing the Alternator Belt

Service Interval: Every 100 hours

Proper tension of the belt allows 10 mm (3/8 inch) of deflection when a force of 4.5 kg (10 lb) is applied on the belt midway between the pulleys.

If the deflection is not 10 mm (3/8 inch), loosen the alternator-mounting bolts (Figure 120).

**Note:** Increase or decrease the alternator-belt tension and tighten the bolts. Check the deflection of the belt again to ensure that the tension is correct.

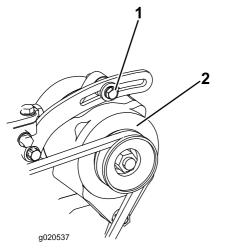


Figure 120

1. Mounting bolt

2. Alternator

# Hydraulic System Maintenance

## **Hydraulic System Safety**

- Seek immediate medical attention if fluid is injected into skin. Injected fluid must be surgically removed within a few hours by a doctor.
- Ensure that all hydraulic-fluid hoses and lines are in good condition and all hydraulic connections and fittings are tight before applying pressure to the hydraulic system.
- Keep your body and hands away from pinhole leaks or nozzles that eject high-pressure hydraulic fluid.
- Use cardboard or paper to find hydraulic leaks.
- Safely relieve all pressure in the hydraulic system before performing any work on the hydraulic system.

# Servicing the Hydraulic Fluid

### **Hydraulic Fluid Specifications**

The reservoir is filled at the factory with high-quality hydraulic fluid. Check the level of the hydraulic fluid before you first start the engine and daily thereafter; refer to Checking the Hydraulic-Fluid Level (page 82).

**Recommended hydraulic fluid:** Toro PX Extended Life Hydraulic Fluid; available in 19 L (5 US gallon) pails or 208 L (55 US gallon) drums.

**Note:** A machine using the recommended replacement fluid requires less frequent fluid and filter changes.

Alternative hydraulic fluids: If Toro PX Extended Life Hydraulic Fluid is not available, you may use another conventional, petroleum-based hydraulic fluid having specifications that fall within the listed range for all the following material properties and that it meets industry standards. Do not use synthetic fluid. Consult with your lubricant distributor to identify a satisfactory product.

**Note:** Toro does not assume responsibility for damage caused by improper substitutions, so use products only from reputable manufacturers who will stand behind their recommendation.

High Viscosity Index/Low Pour Point Anti-wear Hydraulic Fluid, ISO VG 46

# High Viscosity Index/Low Pour Point Anti-wear Hydraulic Fluid, ISO VG 46 (cont'd.)

Material Properties:

44 to 48

Viscosity Index ASTM D2270 140 or higher

Pour Point, ASTM D97 -37°C to -45°C (-34°F to -49°F)

10 <del>-4</del>9 F)

Industry Specifications: Eaton Vickers 694 (I-286-S, M-2950-S/35VQ25 or

M 2052 C

M-2952-S)

**Note:** Many hydraulic fluids are almost colorless, making it difficult to spot leaks. A red dye additive for the hydraulic fluid is available in 20 ml (0.67 fl oz) bottles. A bottle is sufficient for 15 to 22 L (4 to 6 US gallons) of hydraulic fluid. Order Part No. 44-2500 from your authorized Toro distributor.

Important: Toro Premium Synthetic Biodegradable Hydraulic Fluid is the only synthetic biodegradable fluid approved by Toro. This fluid is compatible with the elastomers used in Toro hydraulic systems and is suitable for a wide-range of temperature conditions. This fluid is compatible with conventional mineral oils, but for maximum biodegradability and performance, the hydraulic system should be thoroughly flushed of conventional fluid. The oil is available in 19 L (5 US gallon) pails or 208 L (55 US gallon) drums from your authorized Toro distributor.

# Checking the Hydraulic-Fluid Level

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

- Park the machine on a level surface, engage the parking brake, lower the cutting units, shut off the engine, and remove the key.
- 2. Check the hydraulic-fluid level (Figure 121).



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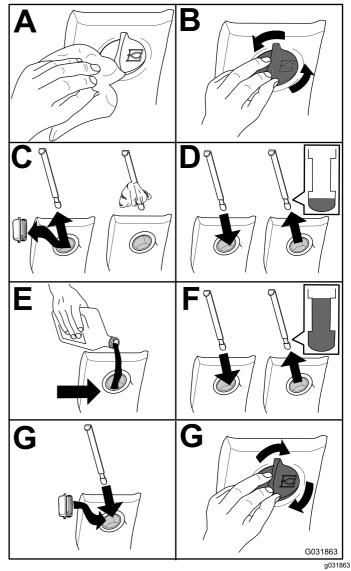


Figure 121

### **Changing the Hydraulic Fluid**

Service Interval: Every 2,000 hours—If you are using the recommended hydraulic fluid, change the hydraulic fluid.

Every 800 hours—If you are not using the recommended hydraulic fluid or have ever filled the reservoir with an alternative fluid, change the hydraulic fluid.

**Hydraulic Fluid Capacity:** 28.4 L (7.50 US gallons)

If the fluid becomes contaminated, contact your authorized Toro distributor, because the system must be flushed. Contaminated fluid looks milky or black when compared to clean oil.

- Park the machine on a level surface, engage the parking brake, lower the cutting units, shut off the engine, and remove the key.
- 2. Raise the hood.
- 3. Disconnect the case return line from the bottom of the reservoir and let the hydraulic fluid flow into a large drain pan.
- 4. Install the hose when the hydraulic fluid stops draining.
- 5. Fill the reservoir with hydraulic fluid; refer to Checking the Hydraulic-Fluid Level (page 82).

*Important:* Use only the hydraulic fluids specified. Other fluids could cause system damage.

- 6. Install the reservoir cap.
- Turn the key in the key switch to the ON position to start the engine. Use all the hydraulic controls to distribute hydraulic fluid throughout the system, and check for leaks.
- 8. Turn the key in the key switch to the OFF position.
- Check the fluid level and add enough to raise level the level to the FULL mark on the dipstick.
   Do not overfill.

## Replacing the Hydraulic Filters

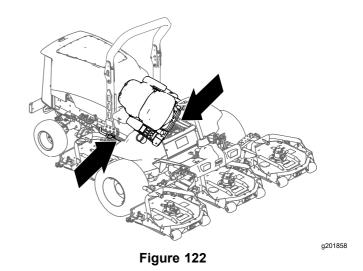
Service Interval: Every 1,000 hours—If you are using the recommended hydraulic fluid, replace the hydraulic filter (sooner if the service interval indicator is in the red zone).

Every 800 hours—If you are not using the recommended hydraulic fluid or have ever filled the reservoir with an alternative fluid, replace the hydraulic filter (sooner if the service interval indicator is in the red zone).

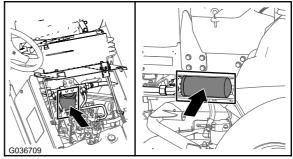
Use Toro replacement filters Part No. 94-2621 for the rear (cutting units) of the machine and Part No. 75-1310 for the front (charge) of the machine.

## *Important:* Using another filter may void the warranty on some components.

 Tilt the operator's seat to access the mower-pressure filter; refer to Accessing the Hydraulic Lift Compartment (page 62)



 Replace the charge hydraulic filter at the hydraulic lift compartment as shown in Figure



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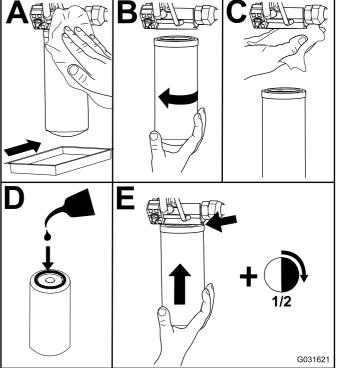


Figure 123

- 3. Lower and secure the operator's seat.
- Replace the return filter at the right side of the machine (Figure 123).
- Start the engine and let it run for about 2 minutes to purge air from the system. Shut off the engine and check for leaks.

## **Checking the Hydraulic Lines and Hoses**

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

Every 2 years

Inspect the hydraulic lines and hoses daily for leaks, kinked lines, loose mounting supports, wear, loose fittings, weather deterioration, and chemical deterioration. Make all necessary repairs before operating the machine.

### **A WARNING**

Hydraulic fluid escaping under pressure can penetrate skin and cause injury.

- Seek immediate medical help if fluid is injected into skin.
- Make sure that all hydraulic-fluid hoses and lines are in good condition and all hydraulic connections and fittings are tight before applying pressure to the hydraulic system.
- Keep your body and hands away from pinhole leaks or nozzles that eject high-pressure hydraulic fluid.
- Use cardboard or paper to find hydraulic leaks.
- Safely relieve all pressure in the hydraulic system before performing any work on the hydraulic system.

## **Cutting Unit Maintenance**

## **Removing the Cutting Units**

- Park the machine on a level surface, engage the parking brake, lower the cutting units, shut off the engine, and remove the key.
- Disconnect and remove the hydraulic motor from the cutting unit (Figure 124). Cover the top of the spindle to prevent contamination.

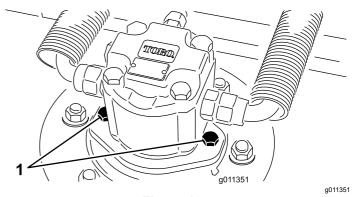


Figure 124

- 1. Motor-mounting screws
- Remove the lynch pin (for Groundsmaster 4500 machines) or retaining nut (for Groundsmaster 4700 machines) securing the cutting unit-carrier frame to the lift-arm pivot pin (Figure 125).

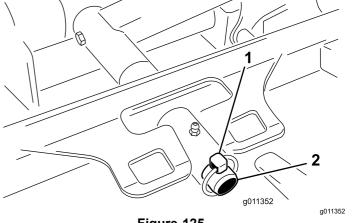


Figure 125

- 1. Lynch pin
- 2. Lift-arm pivot pin
- Roll the cutting unit away from the machine.

## **Installing the Cutting Units**

- 1. Move the cutting unit into position in front of the machine.
- 2. Slide the cutting unit-carrier frame onto the lift-arm-pivot pin (Figure 125). Secure the cutting unit to the pin with the lynch pin (for Groundsmaster 4500 machines) or retaining nut (for Groundsmaster 4700 machines).
- Install the hydraulic motor to the cutting unit (Figure 124). Make sure that the O-ring is in position and not damaged.
- 4. Grease the spindle.

## Servicing the Front Roller

Inspect the front roller for wear, excess wobble, or binding. Service or replace the roller or components if any of these conditions exist.

## **Disassembling the Front Roller**

- 1. Remove the roller-mounting bolt (Figure 126).
- Insert a punch through the end of the roller housing and drive the opposite bearing out by alternating taps to the opposite side of inner bearing race. There should be a 1.5 mm (0.060 inch) lip of inner race exposed.

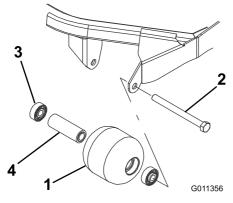


Figure 126

- 1. Front roller
  - . Mounting bolt
- 3. Bearing
- 4. Bearing spacer
- Push the second bearing out in press.
- Inspect the roller housing, bearings, and bearing spacer for damage (Figure 126). Replace any damaged components and assemble them.

### **Assembling the Front Roller**

- 1. Press the first bearing into the roller housing (Figure 126). Press on the outer race only or equally on the inner and outer race.
- 2. Insert the spacer (Figure 126).
- Press the second bearing into the roller housing (Figure 126). Pressing equally on the inner and outer race until the inner race contacts the spacer.
- 4. Install the roller assembly into the cutting-unit frame.
- Verify that there is no more than a 1.5 mm (0.060 inch) gap between roller assembly and the roller mount brackets of the cutting-unit frame. If there is a gap over 1.5 mm (0.060 inch), install enough 5/8-inch diameter washers to take up the slop.
  - Important: Securing the roller assembly with a gap larger than 1.5 mm (0.060 inch) creates a side load on the bearing and can lead to premature bearing failure
- 6. Torque the mounting bolt to 108 N·m (80 ft-lb).

## Blade Maintenance

## **Blade Safety**

- Inspect the blade periodically for wear or damage.
- Use care when checking the blades. Wrap the blades or wear gloves, and use caution when servicing the blades. Only replace or sharpen the blades; never straighten or weld them.
- On multi-bladed machines, take care as rotating one blade can cause other blades to rotate.

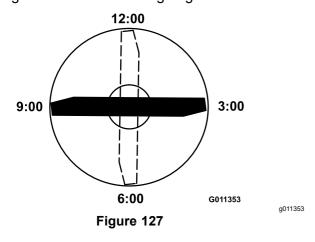
## **Servicing the Blade Plane**

The cutting unit comes from the factory preset at 5 cm (2 inches) height of cut and blade rake of 7.9 mm (0.310 inch). The left and right heights are also preset to within  $\pm$  0.7 mm (0.030 inch) of the other.

The cutting unit is designed to withstand blade impacts without deformation of the chamber. If the blade strikes a solid object, inspect the blade for damage and the blade plane for accuracy.

### Inspecting the Blade Plane

- 1. Remove the hydraulic motor from the cutting unit and remove the cutting unit from the machine.
- 2. Use a hoist (or minimum of 2 people) and place the cutting unit on a flat table.
- Mark 1 end of the blade with a paint pen or marker. Use this end of the blade to check all heights.
- 4. Position the cutting edge of the marked end of the blade at 12 o'clock (straight ahead in the direction of mowing) (Figure 127) and measure height from table to cutting edge of blade.



 Rotate the marked end of the blade to the 3 and 9 o'clock positions (Figure 127) and measure the heights. 6. Compare the 12 o'clock measured height to the height-of-cut setting. It should be within 0.7 mm (0.030 inch). The 3 and 9 o'clock heights should be 1.6 to 6.0 mm (0.060 to 0.240 inch) higher than the 12 o'clock setting and within 2.2 mm (0.090 inch) of each other.

If any of these measurements are not within specification, proceed to Adjusting the Blade Plane (page 86).

## Adjusting the Blade Plane

Start with the front adjustment (change 1 bracket at a time).

- 1. Remove the height-of-cut bracket, (front, left, or right) from the cutting-unit frame (Figure 128).
- Adjust 1.5 mm (0.060 inch) shims and/or 0.7 mm (0.030 inch) shims between the cutting-unit frame and bracket to achieve the desired height setting (Figure 128).

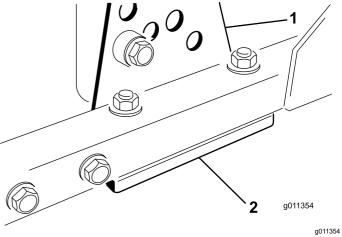


Figure 128

- 1. Height-of-cut bracket
- 2. Shims
- 3. Install the height-of-cut bracket to the cutting-unit frame with the remaining shims assembled below the height-of-cut bracket.
- Secure the socket-head bolt/spacer and flange nut.

**Note:** Socket-head bolt/spacer are held together with thread-locking adhesive to prevent the spacer from falling inside the cutting-unit frame.

- 5. Verify the 12 o'clock height and adjust if needed.
- Determine if only 1 or both (right and left) height-of-cut brackets need to be adjusted.

**Note:** If the 3 or 9 o'clock side is 1.6 to 6.0 mm (0.060 to 0.240 inch) higher than the new front height then no adjustment is needed for that

- side. Adjust the other side to within  $\pm$  2.2 mm (0.090 inch) of the correct side.
- 7. Adjust the right and/or left height-of-cut brackets by repeating steps 1 through 4.
- 8. Secure the carriage bolts and flange nuts.
- 9. Verify the 12, 3, and 9 o'clock heights.

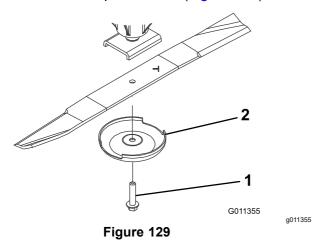
# Removing and Installing the Cutting-Unit Blade(s)

Replace the blade if it hits a solid object, is out of balance, or is bent. Always use genuine Toro replacement blades to ensure safety and optimum performance.

 Park the machine on a level surface, raise the cutting unit to the transport position, engage the parking brake, shut off the engine, and remove the key.

**Note:** Block or lock the cutting unit to prevent it from accidentally falling.

- Grasp the end of the blade using a rag or thickly-padded glove.
- 3. Remove the blade bolt, anti-scalp cup, and blade from the spindle shaft (Figure 129).



- 1. Blade bolt
- 2. Anti-scalp cup
- 4. Install the blade, anti-scalp cup, and blade bolt and tighten the blade bolt to 115 to 149 N·m (85 to 110 ft-lb).

Important: The curved part of the blade must be pointing toward the inside of the cutting unit to ensure proper cutting.

**Note:** After striking a foreign object, torque all spindle-pulley nuts to 115 to 149 N·m (85 to 110 ft-lb).

# Inspecting and Sharpening the Cutting Unit Blade(s)

Two areas must be considered when checking and servicing the mower blade—the sail and the cutting edge. Both cutting edges and the sail, which is the turned-up portion opposite of the cutting edge, contribute to a good quality of cut. The sail is important because it lifts the grass up straight, thereby producing an even cut. However, the sail gradually wears down during operation. As the sail wears down, the quality of cut degrades, although the cutting edges are sharp. The cutting edge of the blade must be sharp so that the grass is cut rather than torn. A dull cutting edge is evident when the tips of the grass appear brown and shredded. Sharpen the cutting edges to correct this condition.

- Park the machine on a level surface, raise the cutting unit, engage the parking brake, put the traction pedal in NEUTRAL, put the PTO lever in the OFF position, shut off the engine, and remove the key from the ignition.
- Examine the cutting ends of the blade carefully, especially where the flat and curved parts of the blade meet (Figure 130).

**Note:** Because sand and abrasive material can wear away the metal that connects the flat and curved parts of the blade, check the blade before using the mower. If wear is noticed (Figure 130), replace the blade.

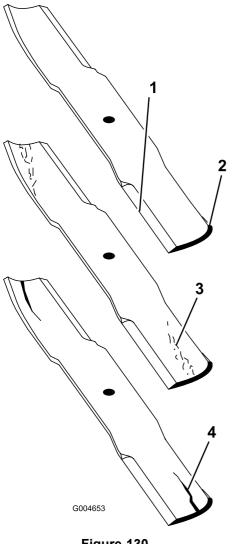


Figure 130

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- 1. Cutting edge
- 3. Wear/slot forming
- Curved area
- 4. Crack
- Examine the cutting edges of all of the blades 3. and sharpen the cutting edges if they are dull or nicked (Figure 131).

**Note:** Sharpen only the top of the cutting edge and maintain the original cutting angle to ensure sharpness (Figure 131). The blade remains balanced if you remove the same amount of metal from both cutting edges.

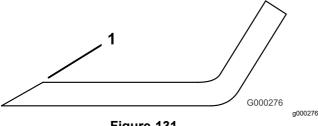


Figure 131

1. Sharpen at the original angle.

Note: Remove the blades and sharpen them on a grinder. After sharpening the cutting edges, install the blade with the anti-scalp cup and blade bolt; refer to Removing and Installing the Cutting-Unit Blade(s) (page 87).

## **Storage**

## **Storage Safety**

- Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all movement to stop before you leave the operator's position. Allow the machine to cool before adjusting, servicing, cleaning, or storing it.
- Do not store the machine or fuel container where there is an open flame, spark, or pilot light, such as on a water heater or other appliance.

# **Preparing the Machine for Storage**

*Important:* Do not use brackish or reclaimed water to clean the machine.

## **Preparing the Traction Unit**

- Thoroughly clean the traction unit, cutting units, and engine.
- 2. Check the tire pressure. Inflate all traction unit tires to 83 to 103 kPa (12 to 15 psi).
- 3. Check all fasteners for looseness and tighten them as necessary.
- 4. Grease all grease fittings and pivot points. Wipe up any excess lubricant.
- 5. Lightly sand and use touch-up paint on painted areas that are scratched, chipped, or rusted. Repair any dents in the metal body.
- 6. Service the battery and cables as follows:
  - A. Remove the battery terminals from the battery posts.

**Note:** Always disconnect the negative terminal first and the positive last. Always connect the positive terminal first and the negative last.

- B. Clean the battery, terminals, and posts with a wire brush and baking soda solution.
- C. Coat the cable terminals and battery posts with Grafo 112X skin-over grease (Part Number 505-47) or petroleum jelly to prevent corrosion.
- Slowly recharge the battery every 60 days for 24 hours to prevent lead sulfation of the battery.

### Preparing the Engine

 Drain the engine oil from the oil pan and replace the drain plug.

- Remove and discard the oil filter. Install a new oil filter.
- Refill the oil pan with designated quantity of motor oil.
- 4. Turn the key in the switch to the ON position, start the engine, and run it at idle speed for approximately 2 minutes.
- 5. Turn the key in the switch to the OFF position.
- 6. Thoroughly drain all fuel from the fuel tank, lines, and the fuel filter/water separator assembly.
- 7. Flush the fuel tank with fresh, clean diesel fuel.
- 8. Secure all fuel-system fittings.
- 9. Thoroughly clean and service the air-cleaner assembly.
- 10. Seal the air-cleaner inlet and the exhaust outlet with weatherproof tape.
- Check the antifreeze protection and add as needed for expected minimum temperature in your area.

## **Preparing a Cutting Unit**

If the cutting units are separated from the traction unit for any length of time, install a spindle plug in the top of the spindles to protect the spindles from dust and water.

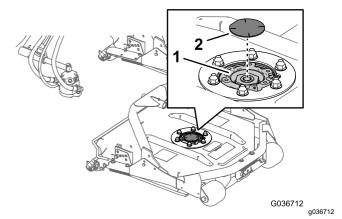


Figure 132

1. Spindle sprocket

2. Spindle plug

#### **EEA/UK Privacy Notice**

#### Toro's Use of Your Personal Information

The Toro Company ("Toro") respects your privacy. When you purchase our products, we may collect certain personal information about you, either directly from you or through your local Toro company or dealer. Toro uses this information to fulfil contractual obligations - such as to register your warranty, process your warranty claim or to contact you in the event of a product recall - and for legitimate business purposes - such as to gauge customer satisfaction, improve our products or provide you with product information which may be of interest. Toro may share your information with our subsidiaries, affiliates, dealers or other business partners in connection these activities. We may also disclose personal information when required by law or in connection with the sale, purchase or merger of a business. We will never sell your personal information to any other company for marketing purposes.

#### Retention of your Personal Information

Toro will keep your personal information as long as it is relevant for the above purposes and in accordance with legal requirements. For more information about applicable retention periods please contact legal@toro.com.

#### **Toro's Commitment to Security**

Your personal information may be processed in the US or another country which may have less strict data protection laws than your country of residence. Whenever we transfer your information outside of your country of residence, we will take legally required steps to ensure that appropriate safeguards are in place to protect your information and to make sure it is treated securely.

#### **Access and Correction**

You may have the right to correct or review your personal data, or object to or restrict the processing of your data. To do so, please contact us by email at legal@toro.com. If you have concerns about the way in which Toro has handled your information, we encourage you to raise this directly with us. Please note that European residents have the right to complain to your Data Protection Authority.

### **California Proposition 65 Warning Information**

#### What is this warning?

You may see a product for sale that has a warning label like the following:



**WARNING:** Cancer and Reproductive Harm—www.p65Warnings.ca.gov.

#### What is Prop 65?

Prop 65 applies to any company operating in California, selling products in California, or manufacturing products that may be sold in or brought into California. It mandates that the Governor of California maintain and publish a list of chemicals known to cause cancer, birth defects, and/or other reproductive harm. The list, which is updated annually, includes hundreds of chemicals found in many everyday items. The purpose of Prop 65 is to inform the public about exposure to these chemicals.

Prop 65 does not ban the sale of products containing these chemicals but instead requires warnings on any product, product packaging, or literature with the product. Moreover, a Prop 65 warning does not mean that a product is in violation of any product safety standards or requirements. In fact, the California government has clarified that a Prop 65 warning "is not the same as a regulatory decision that a product is 'safe' or 'unsafe.'" Many of these chemicals have been used in everyday products for years without documented harm. For more information, go to https://oag.ca.gov/prop65/faqs-view-all.

A Prop 65 warning means that a company has either (1) evaluated the exposure and has concluded that it exceeds the "no significant risk level"; or (2) has chosen to provide a warning based on its understanding about the presence of a listed chemical without attempting to evaluate the exposure.

#### Does this law apply everywhere?

Prop 65 warnings are required under California law only. These warnings are seen throughout California in a wide range of settings, including but not limited to restaurants, grocery stores, hotels, schools, and hospitals, and on a wide variety of products. Additionally, some online and mail order retailers provide Prop 65 warnings on their websites or in catalogs.

#### How do the California warnings compare to federal limits?

Prop 65 standards are often more stringent than federal and international standards. There are various substances that require a Prop 65 warning at levels that are far lower than federal action limits. For example, the Prop 65 standard for warnings for lead is 0.5 μg/day, which is well below the federal and international standards.

#### Why don't all similar products carry the warning?

- Products sold in California require Prop 65 labelling while similar products sold elsewhere do not.
- A company involved in a Prop 65 lawsuit reaching a settlement may be required to use Prop 65 warnings for its products, but other companies
  making similar products may have no such requirement.
- The enforcement of Prop 65 is inconsistent.
- Companies may elect not to provide warnings because they conclude that they are not required to do so under Prop 65; a lack of warnings for a
  product does not mean that the product is free of listed chemicals at similar levels.

#### Why does Toro include this warning?

Toro has chosen to provide consumers with as much information as possible so that they can make informed decisions about the products they buy and use. Toro provides warnings in certain cases based on its knowledge of the presence of one or more listed chemicals without evaluating the level of exposure, as not all the listed chemicals provide exposure limit requirements. While the exposure from Toro products may be negligible or well within the "no significant risk" range, out of an abundance of caution, Toro has elected to provide the Prop 65 warnings. Moreover, if Toro does not provide these warnings, it could be sued by the State of California or by private parties seeking to enforce Prop 65 and subject to substantial penalties.

### The Toro Warranty



Two-Year or 1,500 Hours Limited Warranty

#### **Conditions and Products Covered**

The Toro Company warrants your Toro Commercial product ("Product") to be free from defects in materials or workmanship for 2 years or 1,500 operational hours\*, whichever occurs first. This warranty is applicable to all products with the exception of Aerators (refer to separate warranty statements for these products). Where a warrantable condition exists, we will repair the Product at no cost to you including diagnostics, labor, parts, and transportation. This warranty begins on the date the Product is delivered to the original retail purchaser.

\* Product equipped with an hour meter.

#### **Instructions for Obtaining Warranty Service**

You are responsible for notifying the Commercial Products Distributor or Authorized Commercial Products Dealer from whom you purchased the Product as soon as you believe a warrantable condition exists. If you need help locating a Commercial Products Distributor or Authorized Dealer, or if you have questions regarding your warranty rights or responsibilities, you may contact us at:

Toro Commercial Products Service Department 8111 Lyndale Avenue South Bloomington, MN 55420-1196

952–888–8801 or 800–952–2740 E-mail: commercial.warranty@toro.com

#### **Owner Responsibilities**

As the product owner, you are responsible for required maintenance and adjustments stated in your *Operator's Manual*. Repairs for product issues caused by failure to perform required maintenance and adjustments are not covered under this warranty.

#### **Items and Conditions Not Covered**

Not all product failures or malfunctions that occur during the warranty period are defects in materials or workmanship. This warranty does not cover the following:

- Product failures which result from the use of non-Toro replacement parts, or from installation and use of add-on, or modified non-Toro branded accessories and products.
- Product failures which result from failure to perform recommended maintenance and/or adjustments.
- Product failures which result from operating the Product in an abusive, negligent, or reckless manner.
- Parts consumed through use that are not defective. Examples of parts
  which are consumed, or used up, during normal Product operation
  include, but are not limited to, brake pads and linings, clutch linings,
  blades, reels, rollers and bearings (sealed or greasable), bed knives,
  spark plugs, castor wheels and bearings, tires, filters, belts, and certain
  sprayer components such as diaphragms, nozzles, flow meters, and
  check valves.
- Failures caused by outside influence, including, but not limited to, weather, storage practices, contamination, use of unapproved fuels, coolants, lubricants, additives, fertilizers, water, or chemicals.
- Failure or performance issues due to the use of fuels (e.g. gasoline, diesel, or biodiesel) that do not conform to their respective industry standards.
- Normal noise, vibration, wear and tear, and deterioration. Normal "wear and tear" includes, but is not limited to, damage to seats due to wear or abrasion, worn painted surfaces, scratched decals or windows.

#### **Parts**

Parts scheduled for replacement as required maintenance are warranted for the period of time up to the scheduled replacement time for that part. Parts replaced under this warranty are covered for the duration of the original product warranty and become the property of Toro. Toro will make the final decision whether to repair any existing part or assembly or replace it. Toro may use remanufactured parts for warranty repairs.

### **Deep Cycle and Lithium-Ion Battery Warranty**

Deep cycle and Lithium-Ion batteries have a specified total number of kilowatt-hours they can deliver during their lifetime. Operating, recharging, and maintenance techniques can extend or reduce total battery life. As the batteries in this product are consumed, the amount of useful work between charging intervals will slowly decrease until the battery is completely worn out. Replacement of worn out batteries, due to normal consumption, is the responsibility of the product owner. Note: (Lithium-Ion battery only): Refer to the battery warranty for additional information.

## Lifetime Crankshaft Warranty (ProStripe 02657 Model Only)

The Prostripe which is fitted with a genuine Toro Friction Disc and Crank-Safe Blade Brake Clutch (integrated Blade Brake Clutch (BBC) + Friction Disc assembly) as original equipment and used by the original purchaser in accordance with recommended operating and maintenance procedures, are covered by a Lifetime Warranty against engine crankshaft bending. Machines fitted with friction washers, Blade Brake Clutch (BBC) units and other such devices are not covered by the Lifetime Crankshaft Warranty.

#### Maintenance is at Owner's Expense

Engine tune-up, lubrication, cleaning and polishing, replacement of filters, coolant, and completing recommended maintenance are some of the normal services Toro products require that are at the owner's expense.

#### **General Conditions**

Repair by an Authorized Toro Distributor or Dealer is your sole remedy under this warranty.

The Toro Company is not liable for indirect, incidental or consequential damages in connection with the use of the Toro Products covered by this warranty, including any cost or expense of providing substitute equipment or service during reasonable periods of malfunction or non-use pending completion of repairs under this warranty. Except for the Emissions warranty referenced below, if applicable, there is no other express warranty. All implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for use are limited to the duration of this express warranty.

Some states do not allow exclusions of incidental or consequential damages, or limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above exclusions and limitations may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

#### **Note Regarding Emissions Warranty**

The Emissions Control System on your Product may be covered by a separate warranty meeting requirements established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and/or the California Air Resources Board (CARB). The hour limitations set forth above do not apply to the Emissions Control System Warranty. Refer to the Engine Emission Control Warranty Statement supplied with your product or contained in the engine manufacturer's documentation.

#### **Countries Other than the United States or Canada**

Customers who have purchased Toro products exported from the United States or Canada should contact their Toro Distributor (Dealer) to obtain guarantee policies for your country, province, or state. If for any reason you are dissatisfied with your Distributor's service or have difficulty obtaining guarantee information, contact your Authorized Toro Service Center.