

TOROTRACTION UNIT MODEL:
30798 — 00001 & UP**OPERATOR'S
MANUAL****GROUNDMASTER® 220****TORO**THIS UNIT CONFORMS
TO ANSI B71.4 - 1984

The GROUNDMASTER 220 conforms to the American National Standards Institute's safety standards for riding mowers; thus Toro proudly displays the ANSI safety seal.

To assure maximum safety, optimum performance, and to gain knowledge of the product, it is essential that you or any other operator of the mower read and understand the contents of this manual before the engine is ever started. Pay particular attention to the **SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS** highlighted by this symbol —



The safety alert symbol means **CAUTION, WARNING or DANGER** — personal safety instruction. Failure to comply with the instruction may result in personal injury.



FOREWORD

The GROUNDMASTER® 220 was developed to satisfy the demand for a maneuverable, intermediate size, turf maintenance rotary mower. The machine has advanced concepts in engineering, design and safety; and if maintained properly, will give excellent service.

Since the GROUNDMASTER® 220 is a high-quality product, Toro is concerned about the future use of the machine and safety of the user. Therefore, read this manual to familiarize yourself with proper set-up, operation and maintenance instructions. The major sections of the manual are:

- | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. Safety Instructions | 4. Operating Instructions |
| 2. Set-Up Instructions | 5. Maintenance |
| 3. Before Operating | |

Certain information in this manual is emphasized. DANGER, WARNING and CAUTION identify personal safety-related information. IMPORTANT identifies mechanical information demanding special attention. Be sure to read the directive because it deals with the possibility of damaging a part or parts of the machine. NOTE identifies general information worthy of special attention.

OPTIONAL SPARK ARRESTOR MUFFLER

In some areas there are local, state or federal regulations requiring that a spark arrestor muffler be used on the engine of this mower. If a spark arrestor muffler is required, order the following parts from your local Authorized TORO Distributor.

(1) 46-2390 Spark Arrestor Muffler Assembly

These parts are approved by the United States Department of Agriculture and Forestry. The approval number for the exhaust system is 18731.

When mower is used or operated on any California forest, brush or grass covered land, a working order spark arrestor muffler must be used. If not, the operator is violating state law, Section 4442 Public Resources Code.

If help concerning set-up, operation, maintenance or safety is ever needed, contact the local Authorized TORO Distributor. In addition to genuine TORO replacement parts, the distributor also has optional equipment for the complete line of TORO turf care equipment. Keep your Toro all TORO. Buy genuine TORO replacement parts and accessories.

SERVICE MANUAL

A Service Manual is available for the Groundsmaster 220. This publication provides information for troubleshooting, adjusting, testing and repair of major systems and components on the machine. To order this publication, contact your local authorized Toro Distributor. Ask for Form 87-705-ST, Groundsmaster 220 Service Manual.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | Page | | Page |
|-----------------------------------------------|-------|------------------------------------------|------------|
| SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS | 4-6 | Servicing Air Cleaner Filter | 19 |
| SAFETY AND INSTRUCTION DECALS | 6 | Inspecting Filter Element | 20 |
| SPECIFICATIONS | 7-8 | ENGINE MAINTENANCE | 20-21 |
| LOOSE PARTS | 8 | Changing Crankcase Oil & Filter | 20 |
| SET-UP INSTRUCTIONS | 8-10 | Cleaning Cylinder Head Fins | 21 |
| Install Steering Wheel | 8 | Cleaning Combustion Chamber | 21 |
| Installing Seat | 9 | FUEL SYSTEM MAINTENANCE | 22-23 |
| Check Tire Pressure | 10 | Adjusting Carburetor | 22 |
| BEFORE OPERATING | 10-12 | Adjusting Low Speed Idle | 23 |
| Connect Battery | 10 | Adjusting High Speed Idle | 23 |
| Check Crankcase Oil | 11 | Replacing Fuel Filter | 23 |
| Check Hydraulic System Fluid | 11 | ELECTRICAL MAINTENANCE | 23-24 |
| Fill Fuel Tank with Gasoline | 12 | Checking and Replacing Spark Plugs | 23 |
| CONTROLS | 13-14 | Servicing Battery | 24 |
| OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS | 14-16 | Wiring Harness Service | 24 |
| Starting/Stopping Engine | 14 | Adjusting PTO Lever Switch | 24 |
| Checking Operation of Interlock Switches | 15 | WIRING SCHEMATIC | 25 |
| Operating Characteristics | 15 | HYDRAULIC SYSTEM MAINTENANCE .. | 25-26 |
| Pushing or Towing Traction Unit | 16 | Adjusting Transmission for Neutral | 25 |
| LUBRICATION MAINTENANCE | 16-17 | Changing Hydraulic Oil and Filter | 26 |
| Greasing Bearings and Bushings | 16 | PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION | 26-27 |
| BRAKE MAINTENANCE | 18 | PREPARATION FOR | |
| Adjusting Service Brakes | 18 | SEASONAL STORAGE | 27 |
| AIR CLEANER MAINTENANCE | 19-20 | SERVICE INTERVAL CHART AND | |
| General Maintenance Practices | 19 | SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS | 28-31 |
| Servicing Dust Cup & Baffle | 19 | THE TORO PROMISE | Back Cover |



SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



The GROUNDSMASTER 220 was tested and certified by TORO for compliance with the B71.4—1984 specifications of the American National Standards Institute. Although hazard control and accident prevention partially are dependent upon the design and configuration of the machine, these factors are also dependent upon the awareness, concern, and proper training of the personnel involved in the operation, transport, maintenance, and storage of the machine. Improper use or maintenance of the machine can result in injury or death. To reduce the potential for injury or death, comply with the following safety instructions.

BEFORE OPERATING

1. Read and understand the contents of this Operator's Manual before starting and operating the machine. Become familiar with all controls and how to stop quickly. A replacement manual is available by sending complete Model and Serial Number to:

The Toro Company
8111 Lyndale Avenue South
Minneapolis, Minnesota 55420

2. Never allow children to operate the machine. Do not allow adults to operate the machine without proper instruction. Only trained operators who have read this manual should operate this machine.
3. Never operate the machine when under the influence of drugs or alcohol.
4. Remove all debris or other objects that might be picked up and thrown by cutter blades or fast moving components from other attached implements. Keep all bystanders away from the operating area.
5. Keep all shields and safety devices in place. If a shield, safety device or decal is malfunctioning, illegible or damaged, repair or replace it before operation is commenced. Also, tighten any loose nuts, bolts and screws to make sure machine is in safe operating condition.
6. Do not operate machine while wearing sandals, tennis shoes, sneakers or shorts. Also, do not wear

loose fitting clothing because it could get caught in moving parts. Always wear long pants and substantial shoes. Wearing safety glasses, safety shoes and a helmet is advisable and required by some local ordinances and insurance regulations.

7. Be sure interlock switches are adjusted correctly so engine cannot be started unless traction pedal is released — neutral position — and PTO lever is in DISENGAGE position.

8. Grass deflectors must be installed in lowest position on side discharge units.

9. Fill fuel tank with gasoline before starting the engine. Avoid spilling any gasoline. Since gasoline is highly flammable, handle it carefully — DO NOT SMOKE.

- A. Use an approved gasoline container.
- B. Do not fill tank while engine is hot or running.
- C. Do not smoke while handling gasoline.
- D. Fill fuel tank outdoors and up to about one inch (25 mm) from the top of the tank (bottom of filler neck).
- E. Wipe up any spilled gasoline. Install gasoline container cap and machine fuel tank cap securely before starting the engine.

WHILE OPERATING

10. Do not run the engine in a confined area without adequate ventilation. Exhaust fumes are hazardous and could possibly be deadly.

11. Maximum seating capacity is one person. Therefore, never carry passengers.

12. Sit on the seat when starting the engine and operating the machine.

13. Before starting the engine:

- A. Engage parking brake.
- B. Be sure traction pedal is in neutral and PTO is in disengage position.
- C. After engine is started, release parking brake and keep foot off traction pedal. Machine must not move. If movement is evident, the neutral return mechanism is adjusted incorrectly; therefore, shut engine off and adjust until machine does not move when traction pedal is released.

14. Using the machine demands attention, and to prevent loss of control:

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Mow only in daylight or when there is good artificial light.
- B. Watch for holes or other hidden hazards.
- C. Do not drive close to a sand trap, ditch, creek or other hazard.
- D. Reduce speed when making sharp turns and when turning on hillsides.
- E. Avoid sudden stops and starts.
- F. Before backing up, look to the rear to be sure no one is behind the machine.
- G. Watch out for traffic when near or crossing roads. Always yield the right-of-way.

15. Traverse slopes carefully. Do not start or stop suddenly when traveling uphill or downhill.

16. Operator must be skilled and trained in how to drive on hillsides. Failure to use caution on slopes or hills may cause loss of control, possibly resulting in personal injury or death.

17. If engine stalls or machine loses headway and cannot make it to the top of a slope, do not turn machine around. Always back slowly straight down the slope.

18. The grass deflector must always be installed and in lowest position on the cutting unit. This product is designed to drive objects into the ground where they lose energy quickly in grassy areas. However, don't take an injury risk!! When a person or pet appears unexpectedly in or near the mowing area, STOP MOWING. Careless operation, combined with terrain angles, ricochets, or improperly positioned guards, can lead to thrown object injuries. Do not resume mowing until area is cleared.

19. Never raise the cutting unit or other attached implement while the blades or other parts are rotating.

20. If the cutting blades strike a solid object or the machine vibrates abnormally, disengage PTO, move throttle to SLOW, set parking brake and shut engine off. Remove key from switch and disconnect high tension wires from spark plugs to prevent possibility of accidental starting. Check cutting unit and traction unit for damage and malfunctioning parts. Make all repairs before restarting the engine and operating the cutting unit. Make sure blades are in good condition and blade bolts are torqued to specification (see Deck Operator's Manual).

21. Do not touch engine, muffler or its adjacent shroud while engine is running or soon after it is stopped because these areas could be hot enough to cause a burn.

22. Lower the cutting unit or other attached implement to the ground and remove key from ignition

switch whenever machine is left unattended.

23. To stop machine, remove foot from traction pedal and use brakes. Gradually reversing the traction pedal can provide additional braking.

24. Before getting off the seat:

- A. Move traction pedal to neutral position and remove foot from pedal.
- B. Set the parking brake and disengage the PTO.
- C. Shut the engine off and remove key from ignition switch. Wait for all movement to stop before getting off the seat.

CAUTION

1. KEEP ALL SHIELDS IN PLACE.
2. BEFORE LEAVING OPERATOR'S POSITION.
 - A. MOVE TRANSMISSION TO NEUTRAL.
 - B. SET PARKING BRAKE.
 - C. DISENGAGE ATTACHMENT CLUTCH.
 - D. SHUT OFF ENGINE.
 - E. REMOVE IGNITION KEY.
3. WAIT FOR ALL MOVEMENT TO STOP BEFORE SERVICING MACHINE.
4. KEEP BYSTANDERS FROM AREAS BEING MOWED.

MAINTENANCE

25. Remove key from ignition switch and disconnect high tension wires from spark plugs to prevent accidental starting of the engine when servicing, adjusting or storing the machine.

26. Perform only those maintenance instructions described in this manual. If major repairs are ever needed or assistance is desired, contact an Authorized TORO Distributor.

27. To reduce potential fire hazard, keep the engine free of excessive grease, grass, leaves and accumulations of dirt.

28. Be sure machine is in safe operating condition by keeping nuts, bolts and screws tight. Check the blade mounting bolts frequently to be sure they are torqued to proper specifications (see Deck Operator's Manual).

29. THE ASBESTOS BRAKE LININGS CONTAIN ASBESTOS FIBERS. BREATHING ASBESTOS DUST MAY BE HAZARDOUS TO YOUR HEALTH AND MAY CAUSE SERIOUS RESPIRATORY OR OTHER BODILY HARM. For your protection:

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Avoid creating dust.
- B. Do not remove brake drum without proper equipment.
- C. Do not work on brake linings without proper protective equipment.
- D. Do not replace brake linings without proper protective equipment.
- E. Do not attempt to sand, grind, chisel, file, hammer, or alter brake linings in any manner without proper protective equipment.
- F. Follow O.S.H.A. standards for proper protective devices to be used when working with asbestos materials.

30. Make sure all hydraulic line connectors are tight, and all hydraulic hoses and lines are in good condition before applying pressure to the system.

31. Keep body and hands away from pin hole leaks or nozzles that eject hydraulic fluid under high pressure. Use paper or cardboard, not hands, to search for leaks. Hydraulic fluid escaping under pressure can have sufficient force to penetrate skin and do serious damage. If fluid is injected into the skin it must be surgically removed within a few hours by a doctor familiar with this form of injury or gangrene may result.

32. Before disconnecting or performing any work on the hydraulic system, all pressure in system must be relieved by stopping engine and lowering implement to the ground.

33. If the engine must be running to perform a maintenance adjustment, keep hands, feet, clothing and other parts of the body away from the PTO shaft, cutting unit blades and other moving parts.

34. Do not overspeed the engine by changing governor settings. Maximum engine speed (with engine coupled to transmission) is 3200-3300 rpm. To ensure safety and accuracy, have an Authorized TORO Distributor check maximum engine speed with a tachometer.

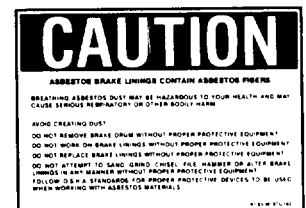
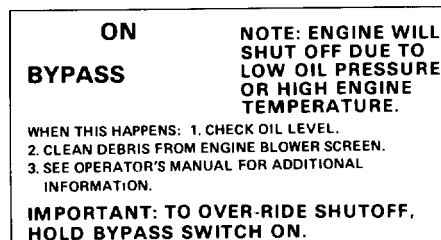
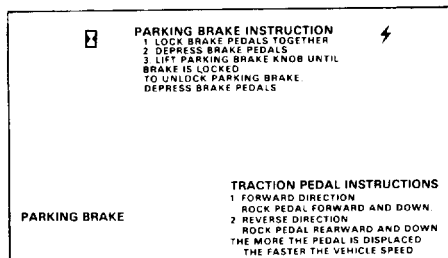
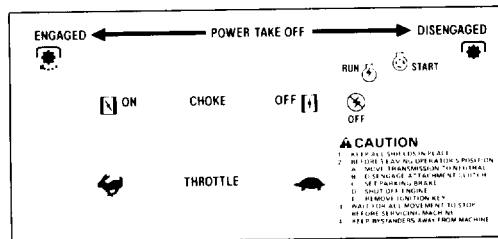
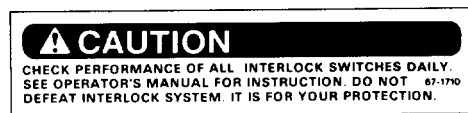
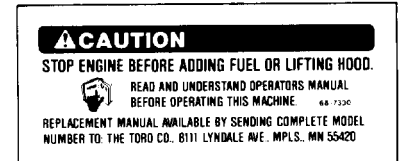
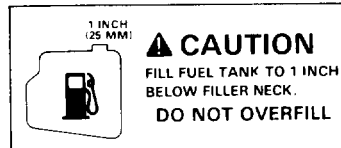
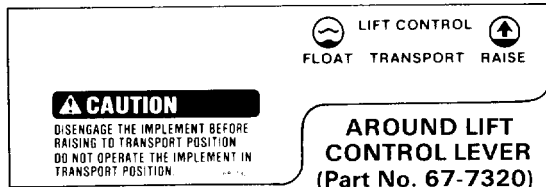
35. Engine must be shut off before checking oil or adding oil to the crankcase.

36. At the time of manufacture the GROUNDS-MASTER® 220 conformed to safety standards in effect for commercial riding mowers. Therefore, to ensure optimum performance and safety, always purchase genuine TORO® replacement parts and accessories. NEVER USE "WILL-FIT" REPLACEMENT PARTS AND ACCESSORIES MADE BY OTHER MANUFACTURERS. Using unapproved replacement parts and accessories could void the warranty of The Toro Company.



SAFETY AND INSTRUCTION DECALS

The following decals are installed on the machine. If any become damaged or illegible, replace it. The decal part number is listed below and in your parts catalog. Replacement can be ordered from your Authorized Toro Distributor.



SPECIFICATIONS

Engine:

Manufacturer — Onan
Horsepower — 20 (14.9 kw) @ 3600 RPM.
Torque — 32 lb-ft (43.3 N·m) @ 2700 RPM.
Displacement — 47.7 cu. in. (782 cc).
Crankcase Capacity — 1.8 qt (1.7 l).
Governor — Mechanical.
Governor Limit — 3100-3300 RPM.
Idle Speed — 1500 RPM.
Spark Plug — Champion RS14YC
Air Gap — 0.025 in. (0.64 mm).
Ignition — Solid State Electronic.

Air Cleaner: Donaldson heavy duty with precleaner. Remote mounted.

Fuel Tank Capacity: 6 gal (22.7 l).

Electrical: Battery — 12 volt, 42 plate, 300 CCA. 20 amp alternator with regulator/rectifier.

Drive Coupling: Transmission driven by steel shaft with flexible rubber couplings at each end.

Transmission:

Manufacturer & Type — Sundstrand Hydrostatic, Type U.
Normal Charge Pressure — 70-150 psi (483-1034 kPa).
Implement Relief Setting — 700-800 psi (4 826 - 5 516 kPa).

Hydraulic Filter: 25 micron mounted directly to transmission. Replaceable (Toro Part No. 23-2300).

Drive Axle: Manufacturer — Dana Corp., Model GT-20. Used as hydraulic reservoir with approx. 5 qt (5.7 l) capacity. Mates directly with transmission.

Brakes: Mechanical drum type, 7 in. (17.8 cm) dia. x 1-3/4 in. (45 mm) wide. Individually controlled by two pedals connected by cable and conduit for steering assist. Pedals may be latched together for two wheel braking. Lever provided for parking brake.

Tires, Wheels, Pressure:

Wheels — demountable type.
Front Tires — 20 x 8.00 x 10.
Rear Tires — 15 x 6.00 x 6.
All tires 4 ply rating, tubeless type.
(Pressure — 10-15 psi (69-103 kPa).

Steering: 15 in. (38 cm) steering wheel. Saginaw Automotive steering gear assembly.

Main Frame: Frame is welded, formed steel, reinforced with square tubing.

Gauges: Hour meter and ammeter are mounted on steering tower console.

Controls: Throttle, choke, PTO lever, parking brake, implement lift, ignition switch, and low oil pressure or

high cylinder head temperature by-pass switch are all hand-operated. Traction pedal and brakes are foot operated.

PTO Drive: 1 in. (25 mm) diameter, splined PTO shaft is driven by HA Section Torque Team tight-slack V-belt directly from engine output shaft. PTO shaft clutched by pivoting PTO shaft support with spring loaded, over-center hand operated lever. PTO speed — 2269 RPM @ 3300 RPM engine speed.

Implement Connection — Weasler universal joint and telescoping shaft assembly.

Lift Cylinders: Two, with 1-1/2 in. (38 mm) bore, 4 in. (102 mm) stroke.

Lift Arms: High strength low alloy channel welded to a high strength elbow plate with a front mounting bar for the bolt on carriage frame. The lift arms stay on the traction unit for ease of interchangeability with other decks or attachments and are actuated by the hydraulic cylinders.

Control Valve: Equipped with load check valves to prevent settling of implement.

Interlock Switches: Prevents engine starting if traction pedal or PTO levers are engaged. Stops engine if operator leaves seat with either traction pedal or PTO levers engaged.

Dimensions and Weight (approx):

| | | |
|---------------|---------|------------------|
| Traction Unit | Length: | 78 in. (19.6 cm) |
| w/Standard | Width: | 42 in. (10.7 cm) |
| Seat | Height: | 48 in. (12.2 cm) |
| | Weight: | 825 lb |

OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT:

52" Cutting Unit — Model No. 30568
52" Cutting Unit — Model No. 30555
62" Cutting Unit — Model No. 30564
72" Cutting Unit — Model No. 30575

Note: Engine Shield Kit — Model No. 30563 is required when mounting a 52" Cutting Unit, Model 30568 to a 30798 Traction Unit.

Note: The following parts are required for mounting a 62" Cutting Unit on a Model 30798 traction unit.

| Part No. | Description | Qty |
|----------|--------------------|-----|
| 24-5790 | Rear Weight | 1 |
| 325-8 | Capscrew 1/2-13x2" | 2 |
| 3253-7 | Lockwasher 1/2 | 2 |
| 3-8847 | Spacer | 2 |
| 3217-9 | Nut 1/2 | 2 |

Rear Weight Kit — Part No. 24-5780 — 70 lbs. (two 35 lbs. weights). (Required when using 72" cutting unit model 30575).

SPECIFICATIONS

Mulcher Kit — Model No. 30792. Use with Model 30564 Cutting Unit.

Mulcher Kit — Model No. 30700. Use with Model 30555 Cutting Unit.

Grass Collection System — Model No. 30502, 52" Blower Kit used with Model No. 30504 9 cu. ft. Hopper Kit — Fits Model 30555 Deck.

Mulcher Kit — Model 30779 — Use with Model 30575 cutting unit.

48 in. (1.219 m) V-Plow — Model No. 30750

V-Plow Mounting Kit — Model No. 30749 (Required for mounting V-Plow). Consists of push arm attaching brackets and tire chains.

Wheel Weights — Model No. 30762. 100 lb (45.4 kg).

Rear Weight Kit — Part No. 24-5780. 70 lb (31.8 kg).

Tire Chains — Part No. 28-5470.

Spark Arrestor Muffler: Part No. 46-2390.

Standard Seat Kit — Model No. 30769.

Deluxe Seat Kit — Model No. 30772.

LOOSE PARTS

Note: Use this chart as a checklist to make sure all parts have been received. Without these parts, total set-up cannot be completed.

| DESCRIPTION | QTY. | USE |
|--------------------------|------|--------------------------------------|
| Dust Cover | 1 | Install on steering column. |
| Steering Wheel | 1 | Mount on steering shaft. |
| Cap-steering Wheel | 1 | Install in wheel. |
| Roll Pin 1/4 x 2-1/2 in. | 1 | Secure steering wheel. |
| Manual Tube | 1 | Install on right underside of seat. |
| Tube Cap | 1 | |
| R-Clamp | 2 | |
| Roll Pin | 1 | Secure universal shaft to implement. |
| Operator's Manual | 2 | |
| Parts Catalog | 1 | |
| Registration Card | 1 | |
| Set-Up Report Card | 1 | |

SET-UP INSTRUCTIONS



WARNING

PTO universal shaft is attached to traction unit. **DO NOT ENGAGE PTO** without first removing universal shaft or coupling it to a suitable implement.

INSTALL STEERING WHEEL

1. Move rear wheels so they point straight ahead.

2. Slide dust cover and steering wheel onto steering shaft and assure small cutout in hub, which accommodates the tab on the steering cap, points toward the seat.

3. Secure steering wheel in place with roll pin (Fig. 1).

4. Insert tab of steering cap into cutout in steering wheel hub. Then continue to press cap into groove in the hub.

SET-UP INSTRUCTIONS

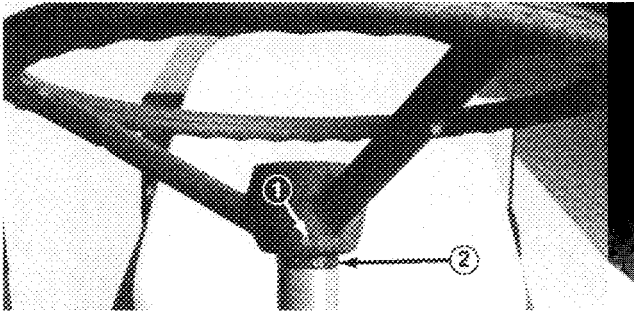


Figure 1

1. Roll pin
2. Dust cover

INSTALLING SEAT

The Groundsmaster 220 is shipped without the seat assembly. Either optional Seat Kit, Model No. 30769 or 30772 must be installed.

Seat Kit, Model No. 30769, Standard Seat:

1. Attach "U" springs to seat mounting brackets using bolts and locknut as shown in (Fig. 2).

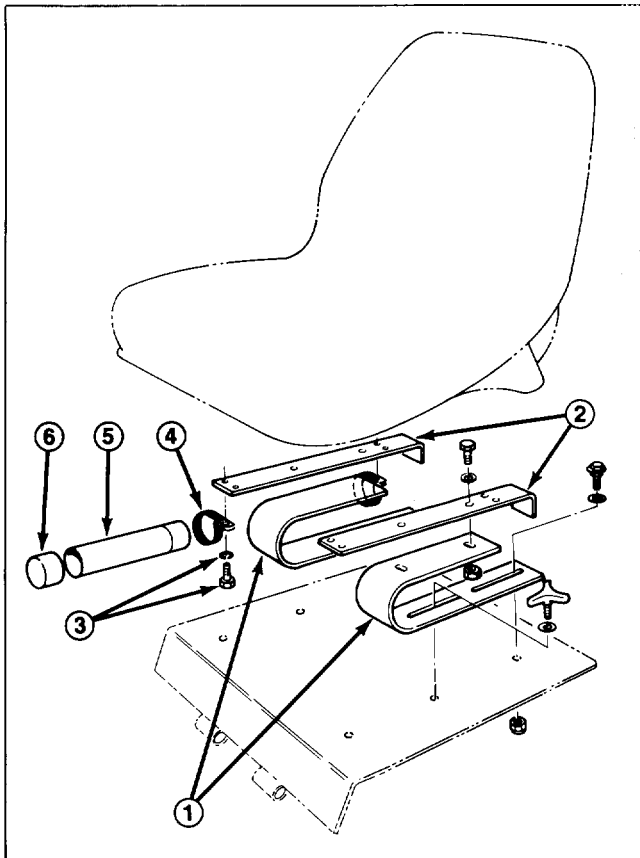


Figure 2

1. "U" spring
2. Seat mounting bracket
3. Capscrew and locknuts
4. R-clamp (2)
5. Manual tube
6. Tube cap

2. Install lockwashers and R-Clamps onto each mounting capscrew for the right seat mount. Insert the assemblies through the seat bracket holes and secure the bracket to the seat (Fig. 2). Install lockwashers onto each mounting capscrew for the left seat bracket and secure the bracket to the seat. Install manual tube into R-Clamps, insert manual into tube and place cap over tube end (Fig. 2).

Note: Mount the bracket in the forward set of tapped mounting holes in seat.

3. Mount seat and spring assembly to rear holes in traction unit mount plate with two shoulder bolts, flat washers and locknuts (Fig. 3).

4. Secure front slots of seat springs to mount plate with adjustment handles and flatwashers (Fig. 3).

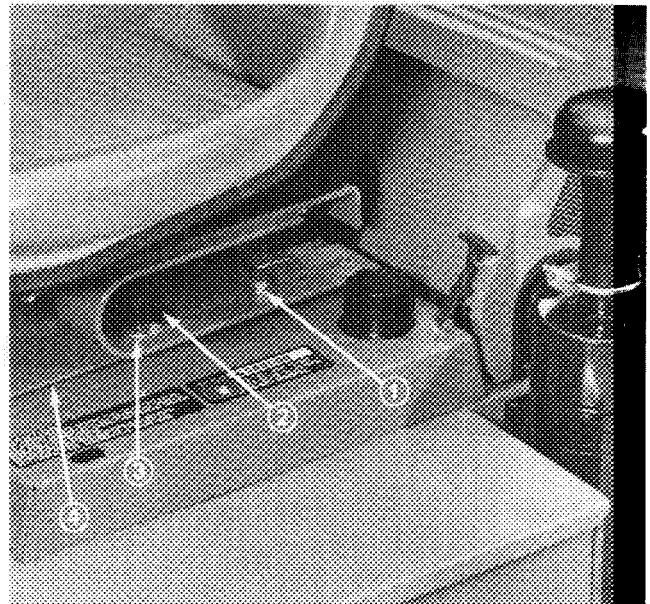


Figure 3

1. Shoulder bolt, flatwasher, locknut
2. Adjustment handle
3. Flatwasher
4. Mount plate

Note: Be sure to use flatwashers with small I.D.

5. When seat is adjusted to desirable position, tighten all fasteners.

Seat Kit, Model No. 30772, Deluxe Seat:

1. Tip seat mount forward.
2. Disengage hood latches and open the hood.
3. Remove knob from lift lever.
4. Remove capscrews, lockwashers and flatwashers securing seat support cover to frame. Lift seat support cover off frame.

SET-UP INSTRUCTIONS

5. Unplug seat switch. Remove capscrews, lockwashers and flatwashers securing seat support to top of frame.

6. Remove seat pin and spring from seat support.

7. Secure olive colored spring from deluxe seat kit and pin to seat support bracket by compressing spring and inserting roll pin through pin (Fig. 4).

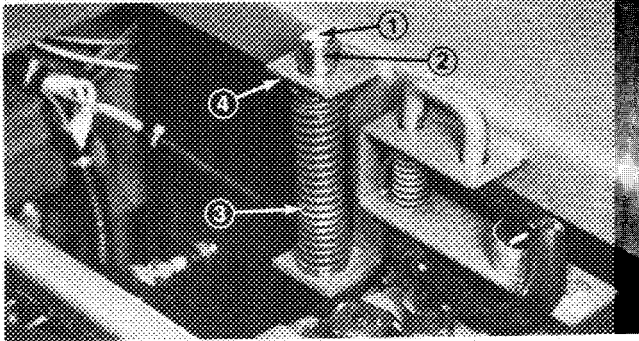


Figure 4

- | | |
|----------------|-------------|
| 1. Plastic pin | 3. Spring |
| 2. Pin | 4. Roll pin |

8. Reinstall seat support with capscrews, lockwashers and flatwashers. Connect seat switch.

9. Slide seat support cover onto the lift lever and position the cover on the frame. Secure seat support cover in place with capscrews, lockwashers and flatwashers. Close and latch hood.

10. Install knob onto lift lever.

11. Mount seat mounting plate over four threaded studs at the bottom of seat suspension assembly and secure in place with lockwashers and nuts (Fig. 5).

12. Assemble seat suspension assembly to four capscrews on seat bottom and install a lockwasher and flatwasher at all four locations. Install an R-clamp over right front and right rear capscrews of seat and install and tighten nuts to secure all four locations

(Fig. 5). Install manual tube into R-clamps, insert manual into tube and place cap over tube end (Fig. 5).

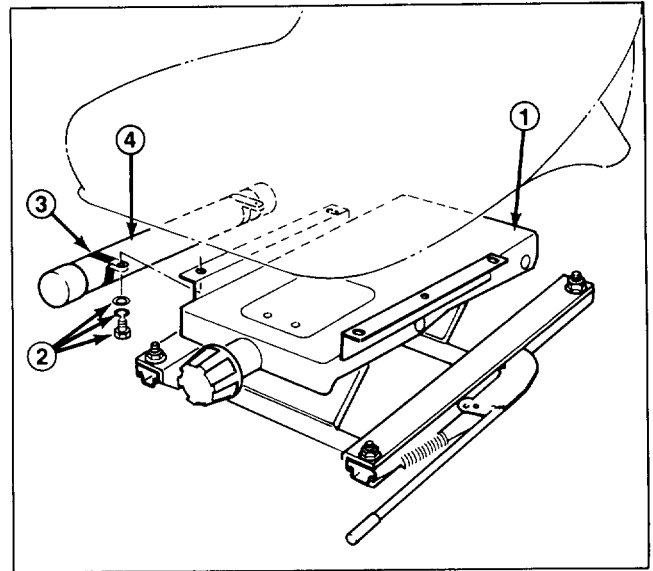


Figure 5

- | | |
|----------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Adjustable suspension unit | 3. R-clamp (2) |
| 2. Capscrew, lockwasher and flatwasher | 4. Manual tube and caps |

13. Mount seat support over four threaded studs at the bottom of seat suspension assembly and secure in place with lockwashers and nuts (Fig. 5).

14. Adjust seat for operator's comfort and weight. To adjust seat fore and aft, pull handle on left side of seat assembly outward. Release handle to lock seat position. To adjust for operator's weight, turn spring tension knob; clockwise to increase tension, counter-clockwise to decrease spring tension.

CHECK TIRE PRESSURE

The tires are over-inflated for shipping. Therefore, release some of the air to reduce the pressure. Correct air pressure in front and rear tires is 10 to 15 psi (68.9 to 103.4 Kpa).

BEFORE OPERATING

CONNECT BATTERY

1. Loosen capscrew securing battery cover and open cover (Fig. 6).

2. Slide battery partially out of battery compartment until terminals are accessible (Fig. 7).

3. Connect the positive battery cable (red) to the positive post (+) of the battery. Secure with wrench, coat terminal with petroleum jelly and slide boot over terminal.

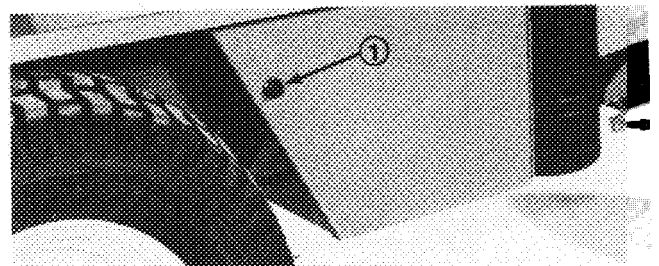


Figure 6

1. Battery cover capscrew

BEFORE OPERATING

4. Connect the black ground cable to the negative (—) post of battery. Secure with wrench, coat terminal with petroleum jelly.
5. Slide battery back into battery compartment and secure cover.

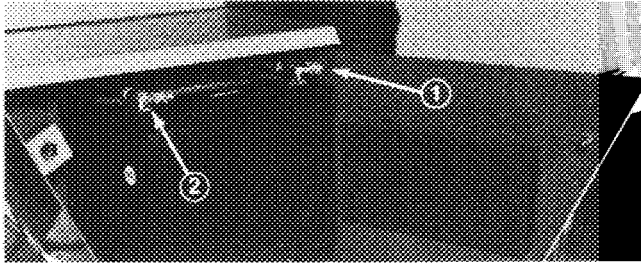


Figure 7

1. Positive battery cable
2. Negative battery cable

CHECK CRANKCASE OIL

The Onan engine is shipped with 1.8 qt (1.70 l) of oil in the crankcase; however, level of oil must be checked before and after the engine is first started.

1. Position machine on a level surface.
2. Disengage hood latches and open the hood.
3. Unscrew dipstick and wipe it with a clean rag. Screw dipstick into the filler neck and make sure it is seated fully. Unscrew dipstick out of filler neck and check level of oil (Fig. 8). If oil level is low, add enough oil to raise level to FULL mark on dipstick.

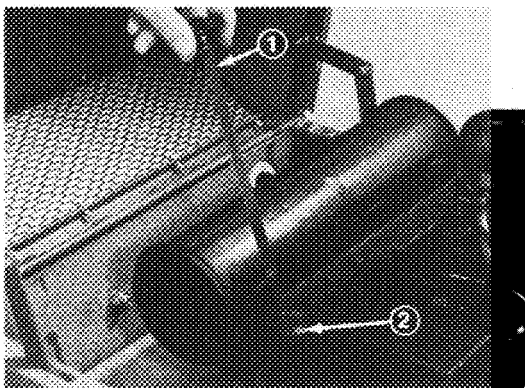


Figure 8

1. Dipstick
2. Filler neck

Note: If level of oil is at the ADD mark on the dipstick, add 1 pint (0.47 l) of oil to raise level to FULL. Do not overfill.

4. Pour oil into filler neck until level is at the FULL mark on dipstick. The Onan engine uses any high-quality detergent oil having the American

Petroleum Institute — API — “service classification” SF. Oil viscosity — weight — must be selected according to anticipated ambient temperature (Fig. 9). Refer to temperature/viscosity recommendations.

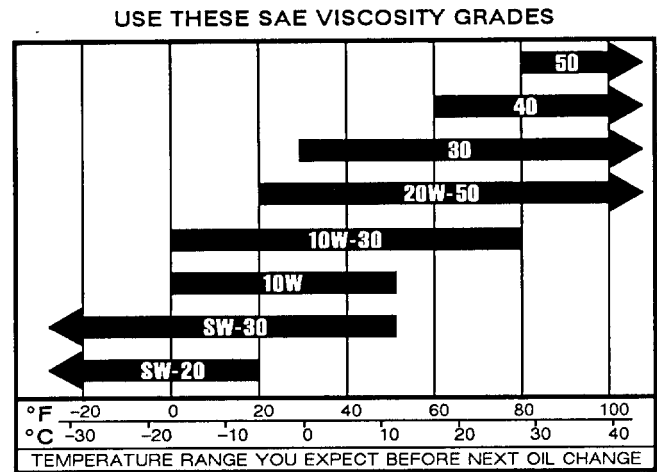


Figure 9

IMPORTANT: Check level of oil every 8 operating hours or daily. Initially, change oil after the first 25 hours of operation; thereafter, under normal conditions, change oil after every 50 hours of operation. However, change oil more frequently when engine is operated in extremely dusty or dirty conditions.

5. Since pressure in the crankcase operates the fuel pump, make sure dipstick is seated tightly in the filler neck. If the dipstick and filler neck do not seal, the fuel pump may not function properly. Furthermore, the engine will use excessive amounts of oil. Therefore, be sure dipstick is seated in oil filler neck.

CHECK HYDRAULIC SYSTEM FLUID

The hydraulic system is designed to operate on any high quality detergent oil having the American Petroleum Institute — API — “service classification” SF/CC or CD. Oil viscosity — weight — must be selected according to anticipated ambient temperature for the season in which product will be used.

Temperature/viscosity recommendations are:

| Expected Ambient Temperature | Recommended Viscosity and Type |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| (Extreme) over 90°F | SAE 30, Type SF/CC or CD engine oil. |
| (Normal) 40-100°F | SAE 10W-30 or 10W-40, Type SF/CC or CD engine oil. |
| (Cool — Spring/Fall) 30-50°F | SAE 5W-30, Type SF/CC or CD engine oil. |

BEFORE OPERATING

(Winter) Below 30°F

Type "F" or "FA" ATF
Automatic Transmission
Fluid.

Note: Do not mix engine oil and automatic transmission fluid or hydraulic system component damage may result. When changing fluids, also change transmission filter. **DO NOT USE DEXTRON II ATF.**

1. Position machine on a level surface, raise the cutting unit and stop the engine.
2. Remove dipstick cap (Fig. 10) from filler neck and wipe it with a clean rag. Screw dipstick cap finger-tight onto filler neck; then remove it and check level of fluid. If level is not within 1/2 inch (13 mm) from the groove in the dipstick (Fig. 10), add SAE 10W-30 engine oil, or, if used, automatic transmission fluid to raise level to groove mark. Do not overfill.

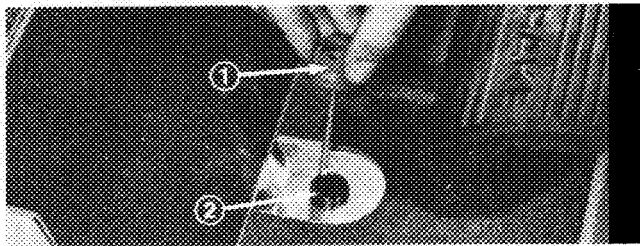


Figure 10

1. Dipstick
2. Filler neck

IMPORTANT: When adding transmission fluid to the hydraulic system, use a funnel with a fine wire screen — 200 mesh or finer — and make sure funnel and transmission fluid are immaculately clean. This procedure prevents accidental contamination of the hydraulic system.

3. Thread dipstick filler cap finger-tight onto filler neck. It is not necessary to tighten cap with a wrench.

FILL FUEL TANK WITH GASOLINE

THE TORO COMPANY STRONGLY RECOMMENDS THE USE OF CLEAN, FRESH **UNLEADED** REGULAR GASOLINE IN TORO GASOLINE POWERED PRODUCTS. UNLEADED GASOLINE BURNS CLEANER, EXTENDS ENGINE LIFE, AND PROMOTES GOOD STARTING BY REDUCING THE BUILD-UP OF COMBUSTION CHAMBER DEPOSITS. LEADED GASOLINE CAN BE USED IF UNLEADED IS NOT AVAILABLE.

NOTE: NEVER USE METHANOL, GASOLINE CONTAINING METHANOL, GASOLINE CONTAINING MORE THAN 10% ETHANOL, GASOLINE ADDITIVES, GASOLINE DE-ICERS, PREMIUM GASOLINE, OR WHITE GAS BECAUSE ENGINE FUEL SYSTEM DAMAGE COULD RESULT.



DANGER

Because gasoline is flammable, caution must be used when storing or handling it. Do not fill fuel tank while engine is running, hot or when machine is in an enclosed area. Vapors may build up and be ignited by a spark or flame source many feet away. **DO NOT SMOKE** while filling the fuel tank to prevent the possibility of an explosion. Always fill fuel tank outside and wipe up any spilled gasoline before starting engine. Use a funnel or spout to prevent spilling gasoline before starting engine and fill tank to about 1 inch (25 mm) from the top of the tank (bottom of filler neck). Store gasoline in a clean safety-approved container and keep the cap in place on the container. Keep gasoline in a cool, well-ventilated place; never in an enclosed area such as a hot storage shed. To assure volatility, do not buy more than a 30 day supply of gasoline. Gasoline is a fuel for internal combustion engines; therefore, do not use it for any other purpose. Since many children like the smell of gas, keep it out of their reach because the fumes are explosive and dangerous to inhale.

1. Tip seat forward and prop it so it cannot fall accidentally. Using a clean rag, clean area around fuel tank cap (Fig. 11).

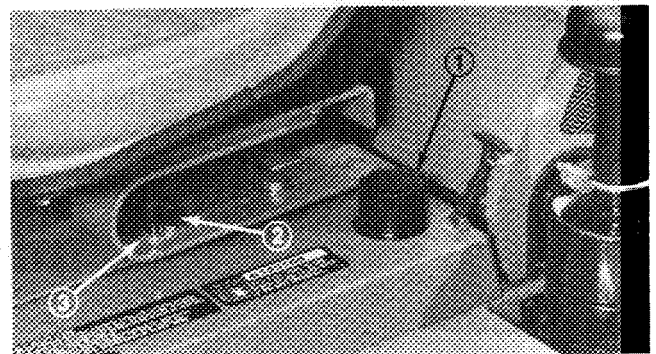


Figure 11

1. Fuel tank cap
2. Adjustment handle
3. Washer

2. Remove cap from the fuel tank and fill the 6 gallon (22.7 l) tank to within 1 inch (25 mm) from the top of the tank (bottom of filler neck) with gasoline. Install fuel tank cap tightly.
3. Wipe up gasoline that may have spilled to prevent a fire hazard. Remove support from under seat and allow seat to pivot back to its normal position.

CONTROLS

Parking Brake (Fig. 12) — Whenever the engine is shut off, the parking brake must be engaged to prevent accidental movement of the machine. To engage the parking brake, push lock arm (Fig. 13) on right brake pedal between the left brake and its lock tab. Next, push down fully on both pedals and pull parking brake knob out; then release the pedals. To release parking brake, depress both pedals until parking brake knob retracts. Before starting the engine, however, lock arm may be disengaged from left brake pedal so both pedals work independently with each front wheel.

Hour Meter (Fig. 12) — The hourmeter registers accumulated hours of engine operation. Use the hourmeter to determine intervals for service maintenance and lubrication.

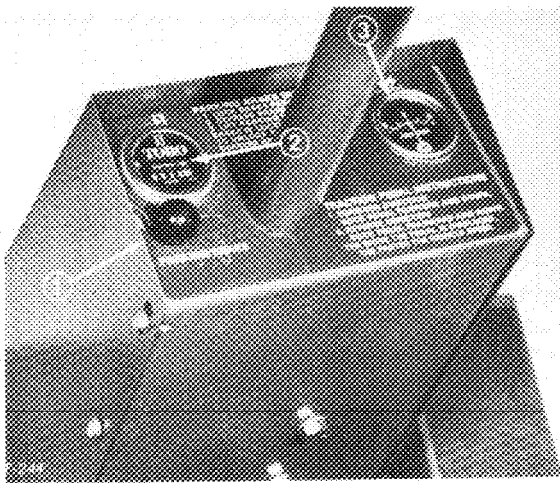


Figure 12

1. Parking brake
2. Hour meter
3. Ammeter

Ammeter (Fig. 12) — Ammeter shows charge rate of the battery by the alternator. When engine is running, there must always be a slight charge, unless engine is idling slowly. Needle will point to 0 when battery is fully charged. By contrast, alternator is not charging the battery when needle points to (—) negative side of ammeter. If this happens, repair the charging system to prevent discharge of the battery.

Service Brakes (Fig. 13) — The left and right brake pedals are connected to the left and right front wheels. Since both brakes work independently of each other, the brakes can be used to turn sharply or to increase traction if one wheel tends to slip while operating on certain slope conditions. However, wet grass or soft turf could be damaged when brakes are used to turn sharply. To make a "quick-stop", depress both brake pedals together.

Traction Pedal (Fig. 13) — Traction pedal has two functions: one, to make the machine move forward, the other, to make it move rearward. Using the heel

and toe of the right foot, depress top of pedal to move forward and bottom of pedal to move rearward. Ground speed is proportionate to how far pedal is depressed. For maximum ground speed with no load, traction pedal must be fully depressed while throttle is in FAST position. Maximum speed forward is 8.5 mph (13.7 Km/hr) (approx), 4 mph (6.4 Km/hr) (approx) in reverse. To get maximum power under heavy load or when ascending a hill, have throttle in FAST position while depressing traction pedal slightly to keep engine rpm high. When engine rpm begins to decrease, release traction pedal slightly to allow rpm to increase.

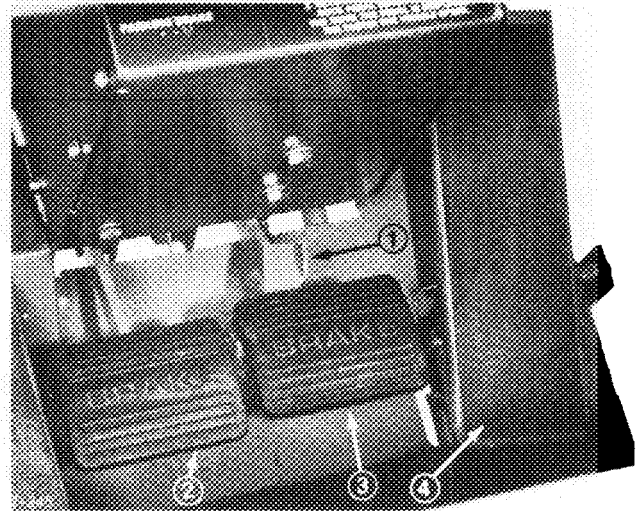


Figure 13

1. Lock arm
2. Left brake
3. Right brake
4. Traction pedal

PTO Lever (Fig. 14) — The PTO lever has two positions: ENGAGE and DISENGAGE. Push PTO lever fully forward to ENGAGE position to start the cutting unit blades. Pull lever rearward to DISENGAGE position to stop the blades. The only time PTO lever should be in the ENGAGE position is when cutting unit is on the turf and grass is actually being mowed.

Ignition Switch (Fig. 14) — The ignition switch, used to start and stop the engine, has three positions: OFF, RUN and START. Rotate key clockwise — START position — to engage starter motor. Release key when engine starts. The key will move automatically to the ON position. To shut engine off, rotate key counter-clockwise to the OFF position.

Low Oil Pressure or High Cylinder Head Temperature By-Pass Switch (Fig. 14) — Overrides engine Low Oil Pressure or High Cylinder Head Temperature shut off switches and allows engine to be operated when switch is held in on position. Avoid prolonged operation of engine using by-pass switch as engine damage may occur.

CONTROLS

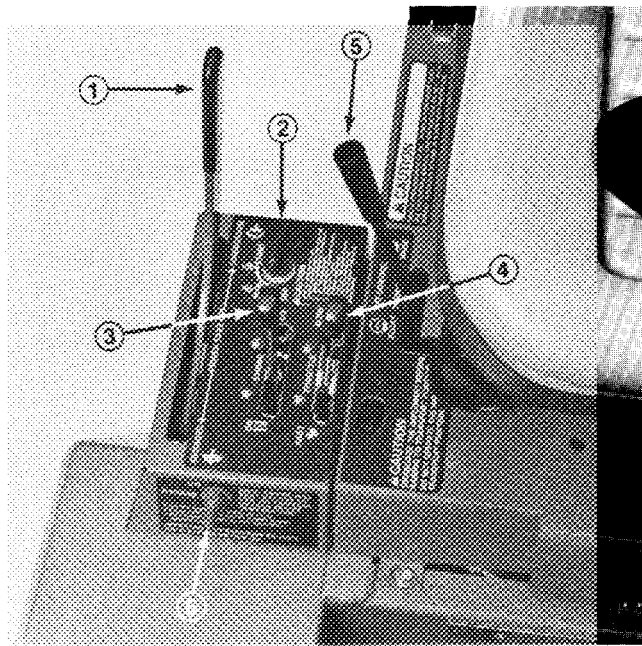


Figure 14

- | | | |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| 1. PTO lever | 3. Choke | 5. Lift lever |
| 2. Ignition switch | 4. Throttle | 6. By-pass switch |

Choke (Fig. 14) — To start a cold engine, close carburetor choke by moving choke control forward to the ON position. After engine starts, regulate choke to keep engine running smoothly. As soon as possible, open the choke by pulling it rearward to the OFF position. A warm engine requires little or no choking.

Throttle (Fig. 14) — Throttle is used to operate engine at various speeds. Moving throttle forward

increases engine speed — FAST; rearward decreases engine speed — SLOW. The throttle controls the speed of the cutter blades and, in conjunction with traction pedal, controls ground speed of the engine.

Hydraulic Lift Lever (Fig. 14) — The hydraulic lift lever has three positions: FLOAT, TRANSPORT and RAISE. To lower cutting unit to the ground, move lift lever forward into notch in seat cover — FLOAT. The FLOAT position is used for mowing and when machine is not in operation. To raise cutting unit, pull lift lever rearward to the RAISE position. After cutting unit is raised, allow lift lever to move to the TRANSPORT position. Cutting unit must be raised when driving from one work area to another.



CAUTION

Never raise cutting unit while blades are rotating because it is hazardous.

Seat Adjusting Handle — Standard Seat (Fig. 11) — To adjust seat, loosen adjusting handle and slide seat to desired position. Tighten handle to lock seat in place.

Seat Adjusting Handle — Deluxe Seat (Not Shown) — To adjust seat, move lever on left side outward, slide seat to desired position and release lever so it will lock in track.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS



DANGER

Do not start the engine and engage the PTO lever when PTO shaft is not connected to cutting unit gear box because the PTO shaft will rotate with enough force to cause serious injury.

STARTING/STOPPING ENGINE

1. Be sure parking brake is set, PTO lever is in DISENGAGE position and lift lever is in TRANSPORT position.
2. Remove foot from traction pedal and make sure pedal is in neutral position.

3. Move choke lever to ON position — when starting a cold engine — and throttle lever to half throttle position.

4. Insert key into ignition switch and rotate it clockwise to start the engine. Release key when engine starts. Regulate the choke to keep engine running smoothly.

IMPORTANT: To prevent overheating of the starter motor, do not engage starter longer than 30 seconds. After 30 seconds of continuous cranking, wait 2 minutes before engaging starter motor again.

5. When engine is started for the first time, or after overhaul of the engine, transmission or axle, operate the machine in forward and reverse for one to two minutes. Also operate the lift lever and PTO lever to be sure of proper operation of all parts.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

Turn steering wheel to the left and right to check steering response. Then shut engine off and check for oil leaks, loose parts and any other noticeable malfunctions.



CAUTION

Shut engine off and wait for all moving parts to stop before checking for oil leaks, loose parts and other malfunctions.

6. To stop the engine, move throttle control rearward to SLOW position, move PTO lever to DISENGAGE and rotate ignition key to OFF. Remove key from switch to prevent accidental starting.

CHECKING OPERATION OF INTERLOCK SWITCHES

The purpose of the safety interlock system is to prevent the engine from cranking or starting unless the operator is on the seat, the traction pedal is in neutral and the PTO control lever is in the DISENGAGE position. In addition, the engine will stop if the operator gets off the seat when the PTO control is engaged or traction pedal is depressed.



CAUTION

Do not disconnect the safety switches because they are for the operator's protection. Check operation of the switches daily to be sure the interlock system is operating correctly. If a switch is malfunctioning, replace it before operating the machine. Replace the switches every 2 years to be sure of maximum safety.

Before checking operation of the interlock switches, locate the machine in an area large enough for maneuverability and which is free of bystanders. Be sure to fully lower the cutting unit or implement and set the parking brake before beginning.

1. Move PTO lever to disengage position and remove foot from traction pedal so it is fully released.
2. Rotate the ignition key to START. Engine should crank. If engine cranks, proceed to step 3. If engine does not crank, there may be a malfunction in the interlock system.
3. Raise off the seat and engage the PTO lever while

the engine is running. The engine should stop. If engine stops, the switch is operating correctly; thus, proceed to step 4. If engine does not stop, there is a malfunction in the interlock system.

4. Raise off the seat and depress the traction pedal while engine is running and PTO lever is disengaged. The engine should stop. If engine stops the switch is operating correctly; thus, continue operation. If engine does not stop, there is a malfunction in the interlock system.

OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

Practice driving the GROUNDMASTER® 220 before initial operation because it has a hydrostatic transmission and its characteristics are different than some turf maintenance machines. Some points to consider when operating the traction unit and cutting unit are the transmission, engine speed, load on the cutting blades, and the importance of the brakes.

To maintain enough power for the traction unit and cutting unit while mowing, regulate traction pedal to keep engine rpm high and somewhat constant. A good rule to follow is: decrease ground speed as the load on the cutting blades increases; and increase ground speed as load on the blades decreases. This allows the engine, working with the transmission, to sense the proper ground speed while maintaining high blade tip speed necessary for good quality-of-cut. Therefore, allow traction pedal to move upward as engine rpm decrease, and depress pedal slowly as rpm increase. By comparison, when driving from one work area to another — with no load and cutting unit raised — have throttle in FAST position and depress traction pedal slowly but fully to attain maximum ground speed.

Another characteristic to consider is the operation of the brakes. The brakes can be used to assist in turning the machine; however, use them carefully, especially on soft or wet grass because the turf may be torn accidentally. The brakes can also be used for control of the cutting unit. The brakes can be used to great advantage to control the direction of the cutting unit when trimming along fences or similar objects. Another benefit of the brakes is to maintain traction. For example: in some slope conditions, the uphill wheel slips and loses traction. If this situation occurs, depress uphill brake pedal gradually and intermittently until the uphill wheel stops slipping; thus, increasing traction on the downhill wheel. If independent braking is not desired, engage the lever on right brake pedal with left pedal. This provides simultaneous braking at both wheels.

Before stopping the engine, disengage all controls and move throttle to SLOW. Moving throttle to

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

SLOW reduces high engine rpm, noise, vibration and the possibility of backfiring by the engine. Turn key to OFF to stop engine.

PUSHING OR TOWING TRACTION UNIT

In an emergency, the traction unit can be pushed or towed for a very short distance. However, Toro does not recommend this as standard procedure.

IMPORTANT: Do not push or tow the traction unit faster than 2 to 3 mph (3.2 to 4.8 km/hr) because transmission may be damaged. If traction unit must be moved a considerable distance, transport it on a truck or trailer. Whenever traction unit is pushed or towed, by-pass valve must be open.

1. Unlatch and raise hood, remove knob from lift lever.
2. Remove capscrews, lockwashers and flat-washers securing seat support cover to frame.
3. Pivot seat forward and support it to prevent it from falling accidentally. Lift seat support cover off frame.
4. Depress and hold the pins located in the center

of the two (2) check valve assemblies in the top of the transmission (Fig. 15) while pushing or towing the machine.

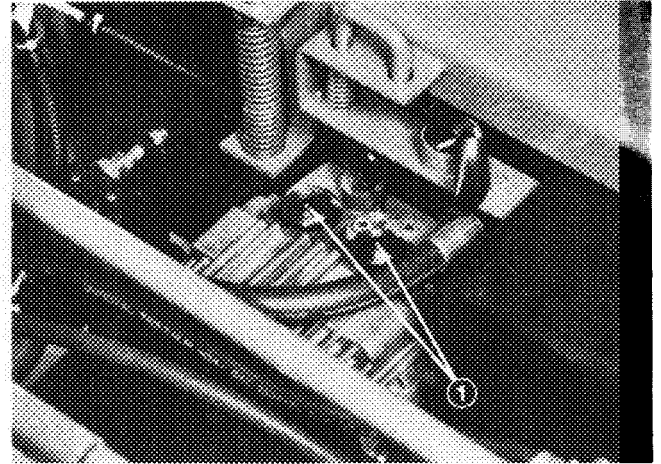


Figure 15

1. Check valve pins

5. Start engine momentarily after repairs are completed and make sure the pins are in the full disengaged (fully up) position.

IMPORTANT: Running the machine with by-pass valve open will cause the transmission to overheat.

LUBRICATION MAINTENANCE

GREASING BEARINGS AND BUSHINGS

The traction unit grease fittings must be lubricated regularly with No. 2 General Purpose Lithium Base Grease. If machine is operated under normal conditions, lubricate all bearings and bushings after every 25 hours of operation. Bearings and bushings must be lubricated daily when operating conditions are extremely dusty and dirty. Dusty and dirty operating conditions could cause dirt to get into the bearings and bushings, resulting in accelerated wear.

Apply a liberal coating of grease to the check valve pins once each year (Fig. 15). Also grease the bearings in the Dana axle every 500 hours, or yearly, whichever comes first (not shown). The traction unit has bearings and bushings that must be lubricated, and these lubrication points are: PTO shaft (Fig. 16); lift arm pivot bushings (Fig. 17); intermediate steering arm pivot bearings (Fig. 18); brake pivot bushings (Fig. 18); PTO shaft engaging lever bearings (Fig. 19); rear wheel spindle bushings (Fig. 21); steering plate bushings (Fig. 20); axle pin bushing (Fig. 20); and PTO idler assembly bearings (Fig. 22). Also apply grease to both brake cables at the drive wheel and brake pedal ends (Fig. 18).

1. Wipe grease fitting clean so foreign matter cannot be forced into the bearing or bushing.
2. Pump grease into the bearing or bushing.
3. Wipe up excess grease.

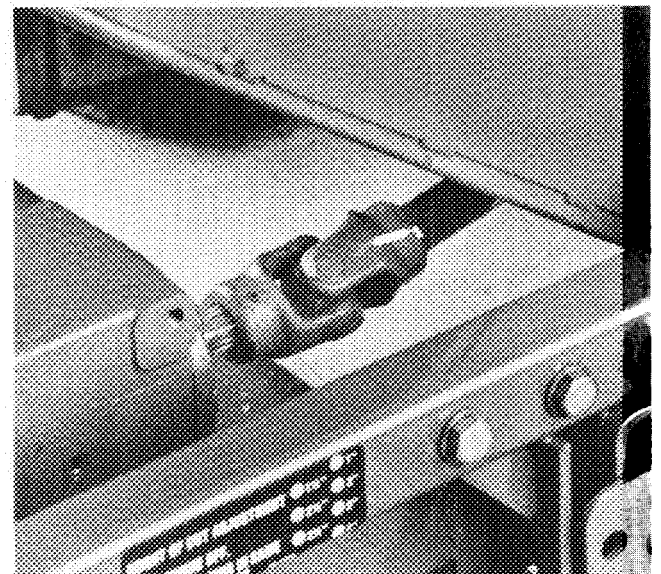


Figure 16

LUBRICATION MAINTENANCE

2. Remove wing nut securing belt cover and pivot cover open (Fig. 40).

3. To increase cable tension, loosen front cable jam nut and tighten back cable jam nut (Fig. 41) until a force of 3-5 lbs. is required to engage traction control. Force to be measured at control knob.



Figure 17



Figure 41

1. Traction cable 2. Front jam nut

4. Tighten front cable jam nut, install belt cover and check control operation.

1. Apply grease to cable ends

If service/park brake slips when operated, an adjustment is required.

1. Move service/park brake lever to OFF position.

2. Remove wing nut securing belt cover and pivot cover (Fig. 40).

3. To increase cable tension, loosen front cable jam nut and tighten back cable jam nut (Fig. 42) until a force of 3-5 lbs. is required to engage brake. Force to be measured at lever knob. Do not over adjust, so brake band drags.

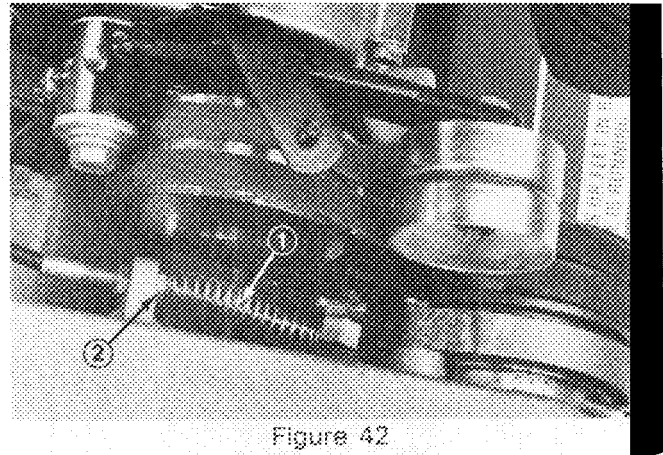


Figure 42

1. Service / park brake cable 2. Front jam nut

Figure 20

Control becomes misadjusted, adjust as follows:

1. Move throttle control to SLOW position.

2. Loosen screw securing throttle cable to carburetor arm (Fig 43).

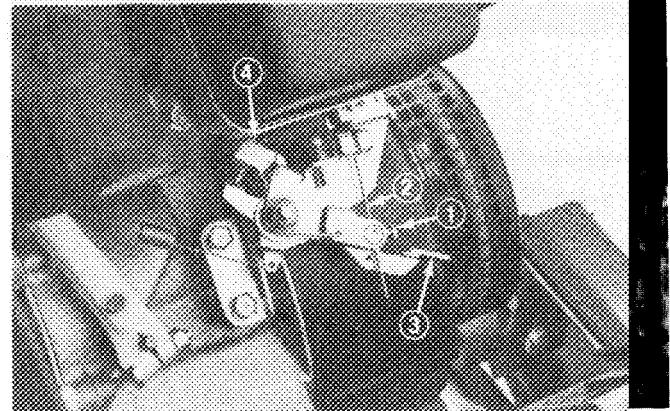


Figure 43

1. Screw
2. Throttle cable
3. Carburetor arm

3. Arm will move to idle position if improperly adjusted. Tighten screw securing cable to arm. Make sure throttle control is in SLOW position.

4. Check setting with a tachometer.

Low idle speed is 650 rpm
High idle speed is 1800 rpm
(See note below)

5. Adjust idle speed screw in or out to attain correct speed setting.

Note: Speed is measured at engine output shaft, speed is not measured at output shaft, speed reading will be twice that of output shaft speed.

Figure 19

Figure 22

BRAKE MAINTENANCE

ADJUSTING SERVICE BRAKES



WARNING

THE ASBESTOS BRAKE LININGS CONTAIN ASBESTOS FIBERS. BREATHING ASBESTOS DUST MAY BE HAZARDOUS TO YOUR HEALTH AND MAY CAUSE SERIOUS RESPIRATORY OR OTHER BODILY HARM.

Avoid creating dust. Do not remove brake drum, work on brake linings, replace brake linings or attempt to sand, grind, chisel, file, hammer, or alter brake linings in any manner without PROPER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT.

Adjust the service brakes when there is more than one inch (25 mm) of "free travel" of the brake pedals, or when the brakes do not work effectively. Free travel is the distance the brake pedal moves before braking resistance is felt.

The brakes should be checked for adjustment after the first 25 hours operation and should only need adjusting after considerable use thereafter. These periodic adjustments can be performed where the brake cables connect to the bottom of the brake pedals. When the cable is no longer adjustable, the star nut on inside of the brake drum must be adjusted to move the brake shoes outward. However, the brake cables must be adjusted again to compensate for this adjustment.

1. Disengage lock arm from left brake pedal so both pedals work independently of each other.

2. To reduce free travel of brake pedals — tighten the brakes — loosen front nut on threaded end of brake cable (Fig. 23). Then tighten rear nut to move cable backward until brake pedals have 1/2 to 1 inch (13 mm to 25 mm) of free travel. Tighten front nut after brakes are adjusted correctly.

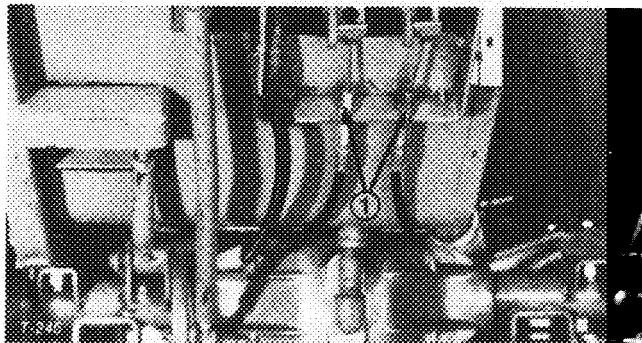


Figure 23

1. Jam nuts

3. When adjustment of brake cables cannot get free travel within 1/2 to 1 inch (13 mm to 25 mm), the star-nut inside the brake drum must be adjusted. However, before adjusting the star-nut, loosen brake cable nuts to prevent unnecessary strain on the cables.

4. Loosen five wheel nuts holding wheel and tire assembly on wheel studs.

5. Jack up machine until front wheel is off the shop floor. Use jack stands or block the machine to prevent it from falling accidentally.

6. Remove wheel nuts and slide wheel and tire assembly off studs. Rotate brake drum until adjusting slot is at top and centered over star-nut that adjusts brake shoes (Fig. 24).

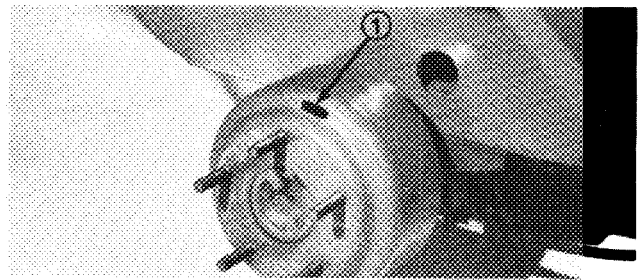


Figure 24

1. Brake adjusting slot

7. Using a brake adjusting tool or screwdriver rotate star-nut (Fig. 25) until brake drum (Fig. 24) locks because of outward pressure of brake shoes (Fig. 25).

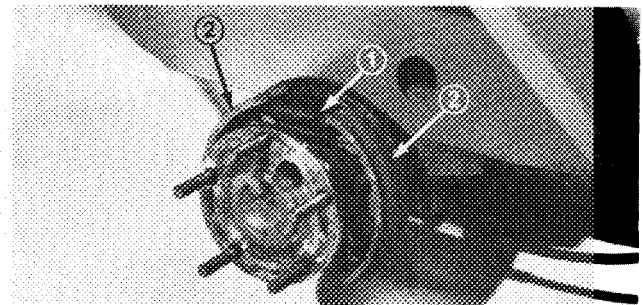


Figure 25

1. Star nut
2. Brake shoe

8. Loosen star-nut about 12 to 15 notches or until brake drum rotates freely.

9. Install wheel and tire assembly on studs with five wheel nuts. Tighten nuts to 60-80 ft-lb (81-109N·m).

10. Remove jack stands or blocking and lower machine to the shop floor.

11. Adjust the brake cables; use step 2.

AIR CLEANER MAINTENANCE

GENERAL MAINTENANCE PRACTICES

Inspect air cleaner and hose periodically to maintain maximum engine protection and to ensure maximum service life.

1. Assure hose between air cleaner and carburetor is clamped securely in place. Replace the hose if it is cracked or punctured.
2. Check air cleaner body for dents and other damage which could possibly cause an air leak. Replace a damaged air cleaner body.
3. Insure dust cap is sealing around bottom of air cleaner body.
4. Mounting screws and nuts holding air cleaner in place must be tight.
5. Inlet cap must be free of obstructions.

SERVICING DUST CUP AND BAFFLE

Inspect the dust cup and rubber baffle once a week or every 50 hours operation; however, daily or more frequent inspection is required when operating conditions are extremely dusty and dirty. Never allow dust to build up closer than one inch (25 mm) from the rubber baffle.

Note: If conditions are extremely dusty and dirty, begin by checking dust cup and baffle after each day's operation to establish approximately how long an interval passes before dust cup should be emptied. Base further maintenance requirements on this figure. These conditions may be particularly prevalent if the rear discharge cutting unit is attached.

1. Loosen thumb screw until dust cup and baffle can be removed (Fig. 26). Separate dust cup and baffle (Fig. 26).

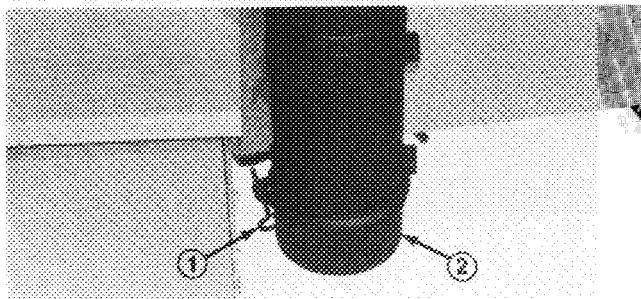


Figure 26

1. Thumb screw 2. Dust cup

2. Dump dust out of the dust cup. After cleaning cup and baffle, assemble and reinstall both parts.

SERVICING AIR CLEANER FILTER

Service the air cleaner filter every 250 hours or more frequently in extreme dusty or dirty conditions by washing or using compressed air. Replace the element after every six cleanings (1500 hours) or annually, whichever comes first.

1. Remove and service dust cup; refer to Servicing Dust Cup and Baffle, page 19.
2. Remove wing nut w/gasket and slide filter element out of air cleaner body (Fig. 27)

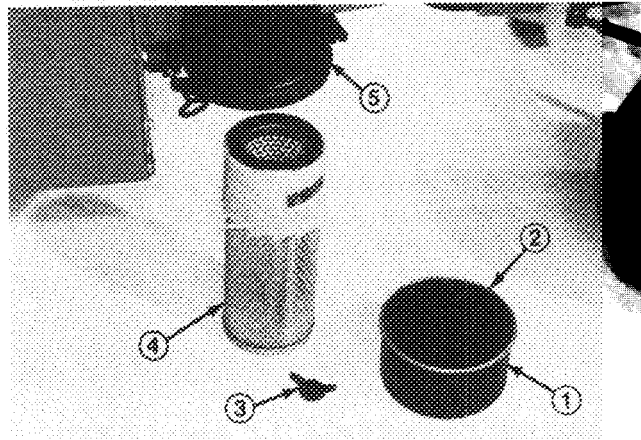


Figure 27

1. Dust cup
2. Baffle
3. Wing nut with gasket
4. Filter element
5. Air cleaner body

3. Clean the element by washing it in a solution of filter cleaner (Part No. 27-7220, available from Toro) and water, or blow dirt out of filter by using compressed air.

Note: Compressed air is recommended when element must be used immediately after servicing because a washed element must be dried before it is used. By comparison, washing the element cleans better than blowing dirt out with compressed air. Remember though, filter must be washed when exhaust soot is lodged in the filter pores.

Washing Method

IMPORTANT: Do not remove plastic fin assembly because washing removes dust from beneath fins.

- A. Prepare a solution of filter cleaner and water and soak filter element about 15 minutes. Refer to directions on filter cleaner carton for complete information.
- B. After soaking filter for 15 minutes, rinse it with clear water. Maximum water pressure must not exceed 40 psi (276 kPa) to prevent damage to the filter element.

AIR CLEANER MAINTENANCE

- C. Dry filter element using warm, flowing air (160°F (71°C) max). or allow element to air-dry. Do not use compressed air or a light bulb to dry the filter element because damage could result.

Compressed Air Method

IMPORTANT: Do not remove plastic fin assembly because back-blowing with compressed air removes dust from beneath fins.

- A. Blow compressed air from inside to the outside of dry filter element. Do not exceed 100 psi (689 kPa) to prevent damage to the element.
- B. Keep air hose nozzle at least one inch (25 mm) from pleated paper, and move nozzle up and down while rotating the filter element. Inspect element when dust and dirt are removed; refer to Inspecting Filter Element, page 20.

4. Wipe inside of air cleaner body with a damp cloth to remove excess dust. Slide filter into air cleaner body and secure it in place with wing nut and gasket.

5. Reinstall dust cup and baffle. Move thumb screw behind air cleaner body and tighten it securely.

INSPECTING FILTER ELEMENT

1. Place bright light inside filter.
2. Rotate filter slowly while checking for cleanliness, ruptures, holes and tears. Replace faulty filter element.
3. Check fin assembly, gasket and screen for damage. Replace filter if damage is evident.

ENGINE MAINTENANCE

CHANGING CRANKCASE OIL AND FILTER

Check oil level after each days operation or each time machine is used. Change oil and oil filter after every 50 hours of operation. However, change oil more frequently when engine is operated in dusty or sandy conditions. If possible, run engine just before changing oil because warm oil flows better and carries more contaminants than cold oil.

1. Position machine on a level surface.
2. Disengage hood latch and open the hood. Set drain pan under the housing and in line with drain plug (Fig. 28).

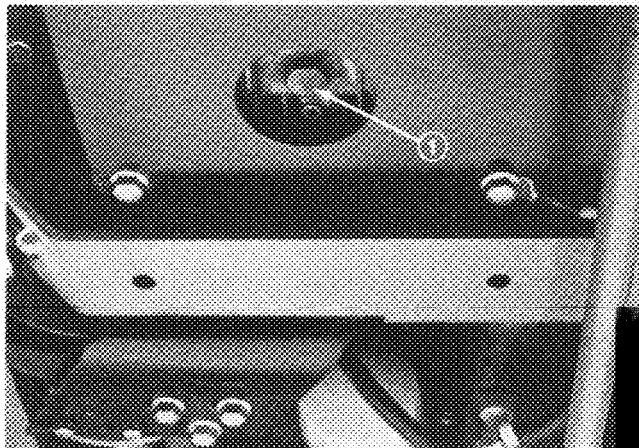


Figure 28
1. Oil drain plug

3. Clean area around drain plug.
4. Remove oil drain plug and allow oil to flow into drain pan. Remove and replace oil filter (Fig. 29); refer to parts catalog for part number.

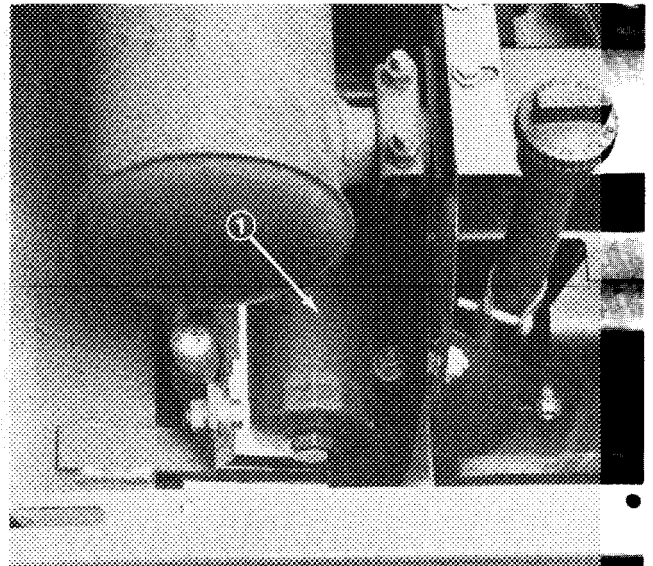


Figure 29
1. Engine oil filter

5. After oil is drained, reinstall drain plug and filter and wipe up any oil that spilled.
6. Fill crankcase with oil; refer to Check Crankcase Oil, page 11.

ENGINE MAINTENANCE

CLEANING CYLINDER HEAD FINS

To avoid overheating and possible engine damage, clean cooling fins on cylinder head after every 50 hours of operation if necessary.

1. Open the hood. Pull high tension wires off spark plugs.
2. Remove self-tapping screws at top and bottom of right hand engine housing and locknut and capscrew next to oil fill and dipstick assembly (Fig. 30).

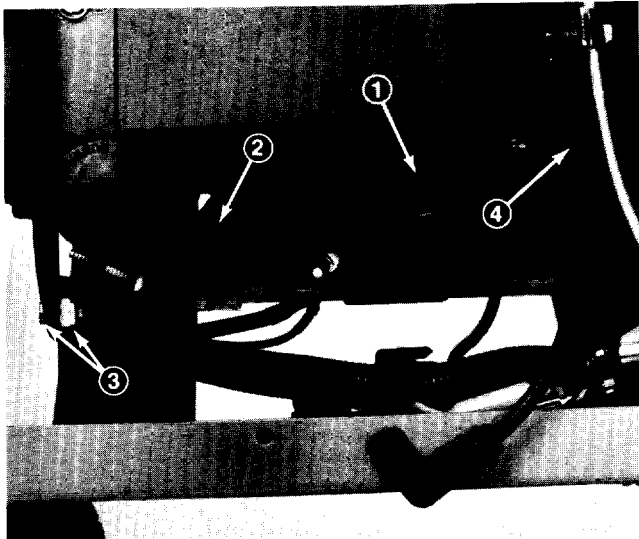


Figure 30

1. Self-tapping screw
2. Right engine housing
3. Locknut and capscrew
4. Spark plug lead retainer

3. Remove spark plug lead from retainer and pry housing away from engine (Fig. 31). Clean dirt, grass and chaff from cylinder and cylinder head fins.

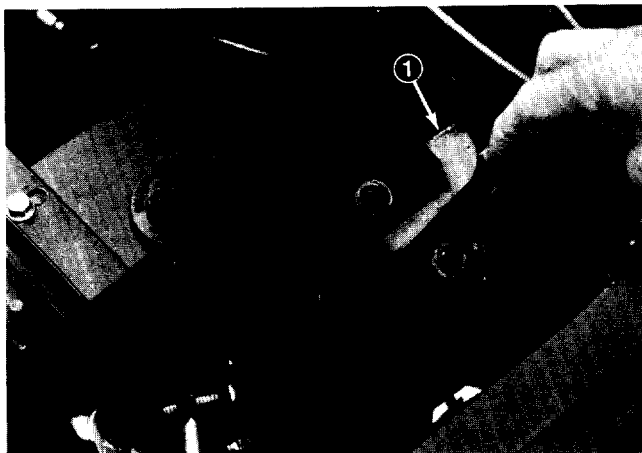


Figure 31

1. Cylinder fins

4. Reinstall housing, secure fasteners and install spark plug lead in retainer.

5. Remove self-tapping screw securing voltage regulator to left engine housing and remove regulator (Fig. 32).

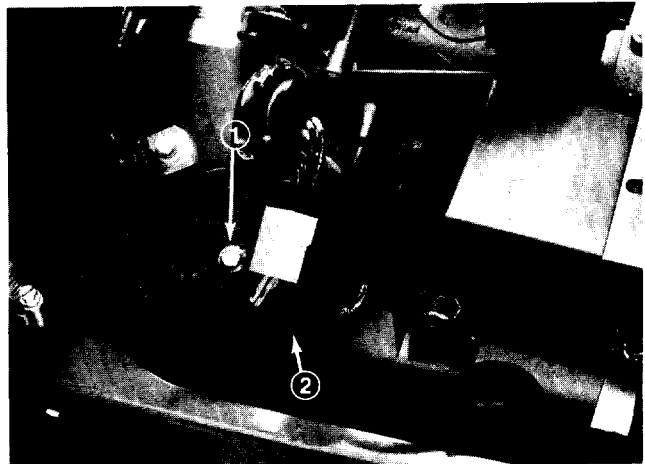


Figure 32

1. Self-tapping screw
2. Voltage regulator

6. Through opening, clean dirt, grass and chaff from outside of cylinder and cylinder head fins (Fig. 33).

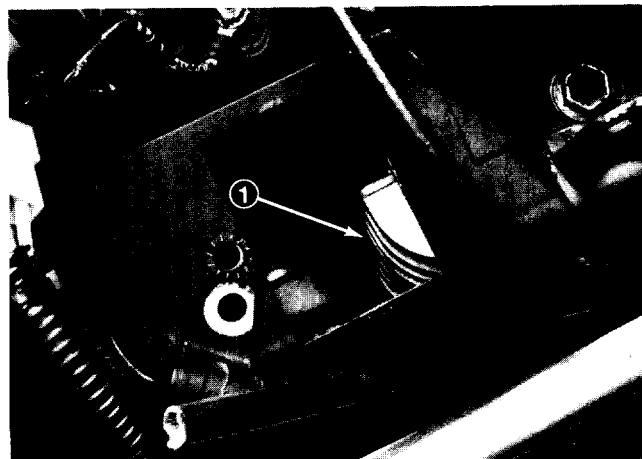


Figure 33

1. Cylinder fins

7. Reinstall voltage regulator with self-tapping screw.

CLEANING COMBUSTION CHAMBER

Clean the combustion chamber after every 1000 hours of operation if unleaded gasoline is used.

A gradual buildup of carbon deposits will form in the combustion chamber causing the engine to lose power and prevent the valves from seating properly. However, periodic cleaning will prolong valve life and make sure the engine is reliable. Refer to Toro Service Manual for Onan Engine or contact an Authorized TORO Service Distributor.

FUEL SYSTEM MAINTENANCE

ADJUSTING CARBURETOR

The carburetor has been adjusted at the factory and should not have to be reset. Should the carburetor require adjustment, use the following procedure:

IMPORTANT: Check fuel filter and air cleaner, and make sure the choke is operating correctly before the carburetor is adjusted.

1. Idle Mixture Screw (Fig. 34) — Close idle mixture screw by gently rotating it clockwise.

IMPORTANT: Do not close the idle mixture screw too tight because the screw and seat in carburetor will likely be damaged.

2. Rotate — open — the idle mixture screw 1-1/8 turns counterclockwise.

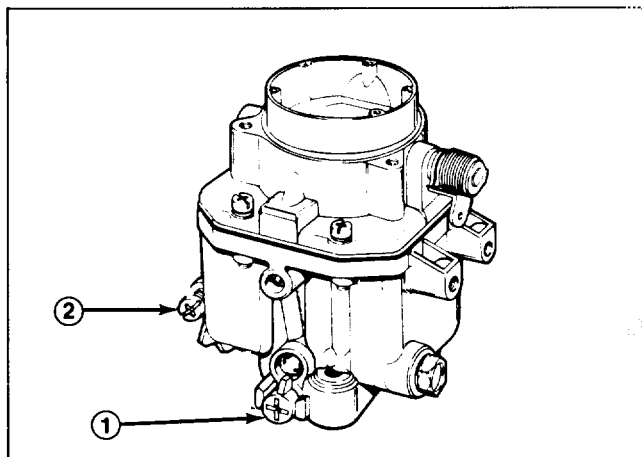


Figure 34

1. Idle mixture screw
2. Throttle stop screw



WARNING

Engine must be running so final adjustment of the carburetor can be performed. To guard against possible personal injury, keep hands, feet, face and other parts of the body away from the muffler, other hot parts of the engine, and other moving or rotating parts of the engine. Assure PTO lever is in DISENGAGE position and cutting unit is on the shop floor. Also engage parking brake.

3. Start engine and let it warm up for approximately ten minutes. When engine is at normal operating temperature, proceed with adjustments.

4. Move the throttle control to the slow position. Back out the low speed screw on the governor so that the throttle stop screw on the carburetor

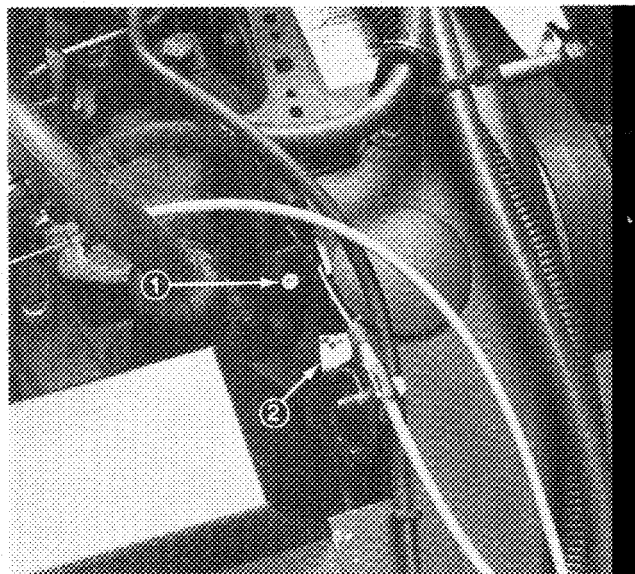


Figure 35

1. Low speed screw
2. High idle tab

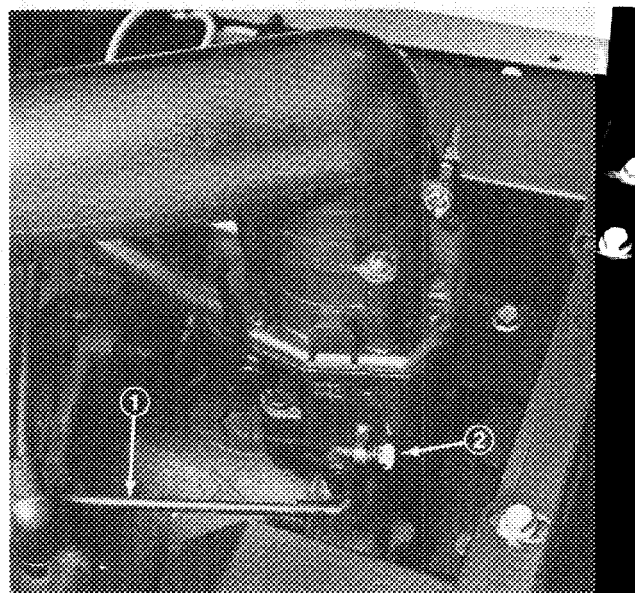


Figure 36

1. Idle control rod
2. Idle stop screw

5. Determine the best idle mixture setting by first turning the idle adjustment screw in until the engine speed drops, then outward until engine speed drops again. Over a narrow range between these two settings engine speed remains at its highest. Set the idle adjustment screw about 1/8 turn outward (rich) from the midpoint of this range.

FUEL SYSTEM MAINTENANCE

6. Adjust low and high idles. Refer to Adjusting Low Speed Idle, page 23 and Adjusting High Speed Idle, page 23.

7. Check carburetor adjustment by moving throttle control quickly from SLOW to FAST. Engine speed should increase without hesitation. If engine tends to stall or die out, turn the main adjustment screw out 1/8 turn until engine accelerates smoothly, but do not turn it out more than 1/2 turn beyond the original setting.

ADJUSTING LOW SPEED IDLE

1. Open the hood, start the engine, and move the throttle control to the SLOW position.
2. Check engine rpm. Correct setting should be 1500 rpm.
3. If adjustment is necessary, adjust low speed screw located on governor control arm to 1500 rpm.
4. Holding idle control rod against throttle stop screw on carburetor, adjust throttle stop screw 100 rpm lower than setting on low speed screw (1400 rpm).
5. Stop the engine and close the hood.

ADJUSTING HIGH SPEED IDLE

1. Open the hood, start the engine, and move the throttle control to the FAST position.
2. Check engine rpm. The correct setting should be 3200 rpm.
3. If adjustment is necessary, bend high idle tab to correct setting.

4. Stop the engine and close the hood.

REPLACING FUEL FILTER

Replace the fuel filter after every 250 hours or yearly, whichever comes first.

1. Clamp both fuel lines that connect to the fuel filter (Fig. 37) so gasoline cannot drain when lines are removed.

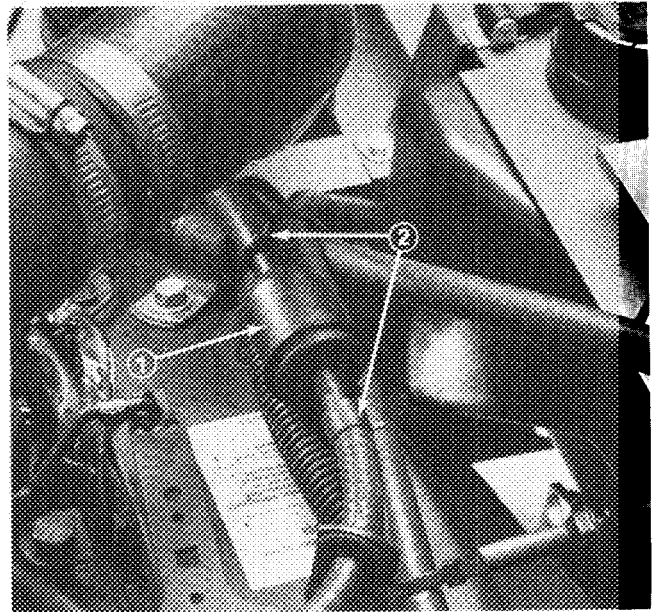


Figure 37

1. Fuel filter
2. Hose clamps

2. Loosen the hose clamps (Fig. 37) at both ends of the filter, pull fuel lines off and discard filter.
3. Be sure arrow on side of filter points toward the carburetor. Slide hose clamps onto ends of fuel lines and push fuel lines onto fuel filter.

ELECTRICAL MAINTENANCE

CHECKING AND REPLACING SPARK PLUGS

Since air gap between center and side electrodes increases gradually during normal engine operation, check condition of electrode at 500 hour intervals. The correct spark plugs to use in the engine are Champion RS14YC or equivalent. Set air gap at 0.025 in. (0.64 mm).

1. Clean area around spark plugs so dirt does not fall into cylinder when plugs are removed.
2. Pull high tension wires off spark plugs and remove plugs from cylinder head (Fig. 38).

3. Check condition of center and side electrodes to determine operating temperature of engine.

- A. Light brown insulator tip indicates correct spark plug and heat range.
- B. Black or oily insulator tip indicates an excessively rich fuel mixture, possibly caused by a dirty air cleaner element or a carburetor that is set too rich.
- C. Light gray or blistered-white insulator indicates overheating caused by a lean carburetor setting or incorrect spark plug (heat range too high).

ELECTRICAL MAINTENANCE

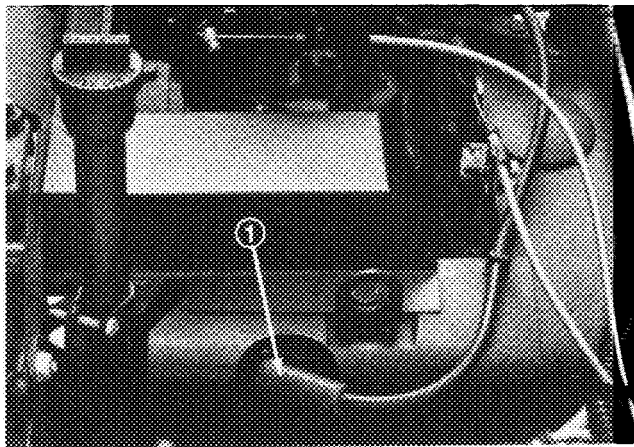


Figure 38

1. High tension wire (right side)

IMPORTANT: A cracked, fouled or dirty spark plug must be replaced. Do not sandblast, scrape or clean electrodes by using a wire brush because grit may release from the plug and enter combustion chamber resulting in engine damage.

4. After setting air gap at 0.025 in. (0.64 mm), install spark plugs in cylinder head. Tighten the plug to 22 ft-lb (30 N·m). Push high tension wires onto spark plugs.

SOLID STATE IGNITION

Ignition timing is set at the factory and is not adjustable. The solid state components are not adjustable and require no routine maintenance.

SERVICING BATTERY

IMPORTANT: Before welding on the machine, disconnect ground cable from the battery to prevent damage to the electrical system.

Note: Check battery condition weekly or after every 50 hours of operation. Keep terminals and entire battery case clean because a dirty battery will discharge slowly. To clean the battery, wash the entire case with solution of baking soda and water. Rinse with clear water. Coat the battery posts and cable connectors with Grafo 112X (Skin-over) grease, Toro Part No. 505-47 or petroleum jelly to prevent corrosion.

WIRING HARNESS SERVICE

Prevent corrosion of wiring terminals by applying Grafo 112X (Skin-over) grease, Toro Part No. 505-47, to the inside of all harness connectors whenever the harness is replaced.

Always disconnect battery cables, ground cable (—) first, to prevent possible wiring damage from short-outs whenever working with the electrical system.

ADJUSTING PTO LEVER SWITCH

1. Visually check PTO lever to be sure it deflects switch arm when lever is in the disengaged position (Fig. 39). Back surface of PTO lever must be within 1/4 to 3/8 in. (6 mm to 10 mm) from end of the slot (Fig. 39). If PTO lever does not deflect switch arm, proceed to step 2.

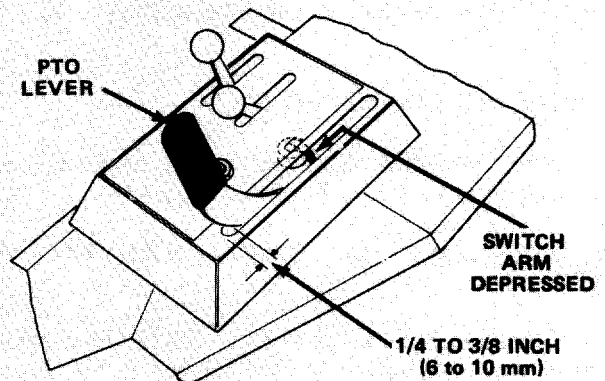


Figure 39

2. Pull high tension wire off spark plugs. To adjust the PTO lever, remove the seat cover. Loosen jam nut from PTO engaging yoke (Fig. 40). Loosen adjusting screw until PTO lever is within 1/4 - 3/8 in. (6-10 mm) from end of the slot, when lever is in the disengage position (Fig. 39). This will deflect the switch arm. Tighten jam nut against yoke to lock the adjustment in place (Fig. 40). Move PTO lever to disengage position and rotate locknut at top of spring until the dimension of spring, between the top and bottom flatwasher, is 3-9/16 in. (9.0 cm) (Fig. 40). Repeat step 1.

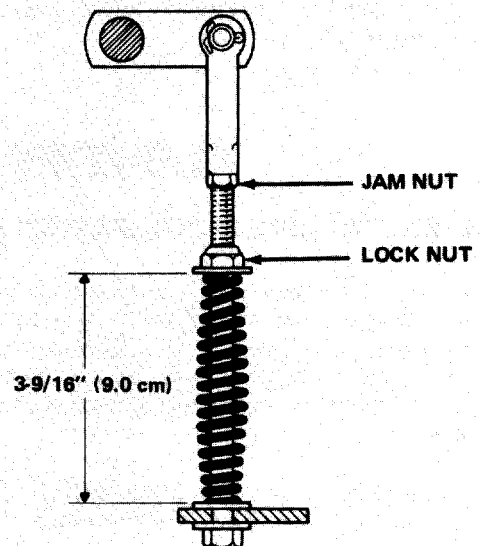
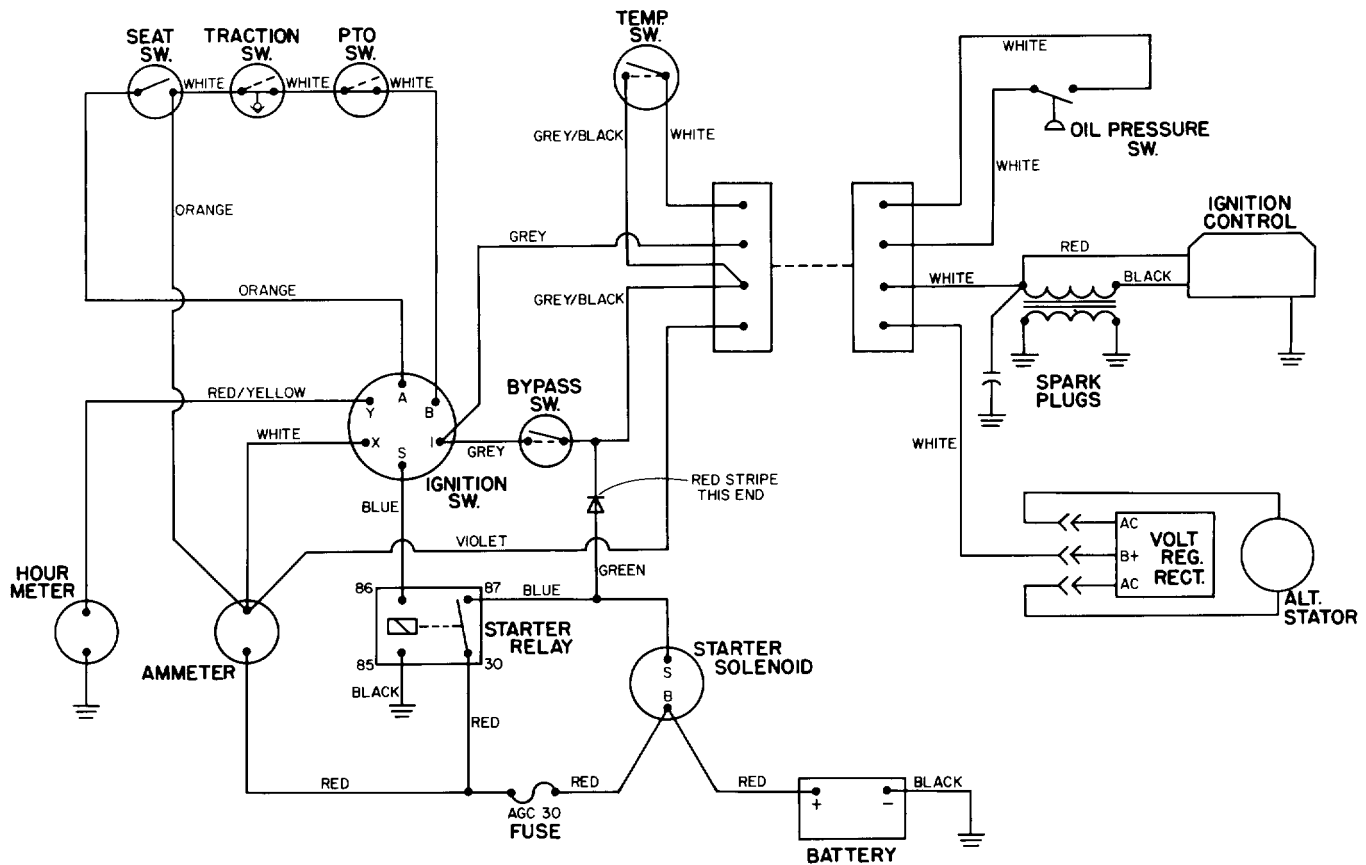


Figure 40

WIRING SCHEMATIC

TRACTOR WIRING HARNESS

ENGINE WIRING HARNESS



HYDRAULIC SYSTEM MAINTENANCE

ADJUSTING TRANSMISSION FOR NEUTRAL

The machine must not creep when traction pedal is released. If it does creep, an adjustment is required.

1. Park machine on a level surface and shut engine off. Depress only the left brake pedal and engage the parking brake.
2. Jack up right front side of machine until tire is off shop floor. Support machine with jack stands to prevent it from falling accidentally.
3. Visually inspect traction linkage for possible binding condition, correct, if necessary, and check machine operation. If condition still exists, repeat steps 1 and 2 and proceed to step 4.
4. Loosen two locknuts securing pump plate so plate is free to move (Fig. 41).
5. Start engine and rotate pump plate (Fig. 41) in either direction until wheel ceases rotation.

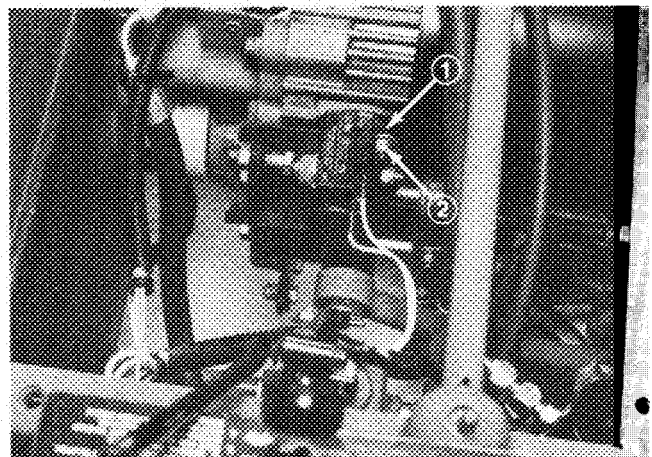


Figure 41

1. Pump plate 2. Locknut (2)

6. Stop engine and tighten locknuts to secure pump plate (Fig. 41).
7. Start engine and check adjustment. Repeat adjustment, if necessary.

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM MAINTENANCE

8. Stop the engine and release left parking brake. Remove jack stands and lower machine to the shop floor. Test drive the machine to be sure it does not creep.

CHANGING HYDRAULIC OIL AND FILTER

Initially, replace the hydraulic system oil and filter after the first full days' operation — NOT TO EXCEED 10 HOURS. Replace the oil and filter every 250 hours operation, or yearly, whichever comes first thereafter.

The hydraulic system is designed to operate on any high quality detergent oil having the American Petroleum Institute — API — "service classification" SF/CC or CD. Oil viscosity — weight — must be selected according to anticipated ambient temperature for the season in which product will be used.

Temperature/viscosity recommendations are:

| Expected Ambient Temperature | Recommended Viscosity and Type |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| (Extreme) over 90°F | SAE 30, Type SF/CC or CD engine oil. |
| (Normal) 40-100° F | SAE 10W-30 or 10W-40, Type SF/CC or CD engine oil. |
| (Cool — Spring/Fall) 30-50° F | SAE 5W-30, Type SF/CC or CD engine oil. |
| (Winter) Below 30° F | Type "F" or "FA" ATF Automatic Transmission Fluid. |

Note: Do not mix engine oil and automatic transmission fluid or hydraulic system component damage may result. When changing fluids, also change transmission filter. **DO NOT USE DEXTRON II ATF.**

The axle housing acts as the reservoir for the system. The transmission and axle housing are shipped from the factory with approximately 5 quarts (4.7 l) of SAE 10W-30 engine oil. However, check level of transmission oil before engine is first started and daily thereafter.

1. Lower cutting unit to shop floor, set parking brake, and turn engine OFF. Block the two rear wheels.

2. Jack up both sides of the front axle and support it with jackstands.

3. Clean the area around the hydraulic oil filter and remove the filter (Fig. 42).

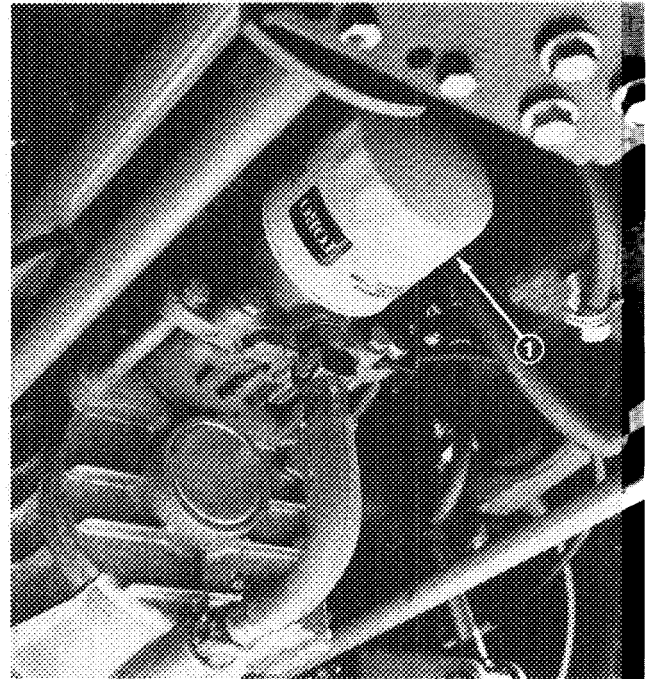


Figure 42

1. Filter

4. Remove the tube that connects the axle housing to the transmission and allow the oil to flow into a drain pan.

5. Install new hydraulic oil filter and connect the tube between axle housing and transmission. Fill axle (reservoir) to proper level — approx. 5 qt (4.7 l); refer to Check Hydraulic System Fluid. Remove the jack stands.

6. Start engine, and lower cutting unit or implement lift and check for oil leaks. Allow engine to run for about five minutes. Then shut engine off.

7. After two minutes, check level of transmission fluid; refer to Check Hydraulic System Fluid.

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

The traction unit has two identification numbers: a model number and a serial number that are stamped into a plate. The identification plate is located near the right end of the seat hinge (Fig. 43). In any correspondence concerning the traction unit, supply the model and serial numbers to ensure correct information and replacement parts are obtained.

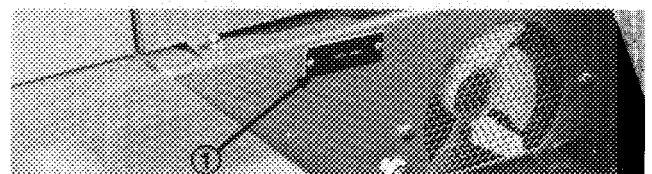


Figure 43

1. Model and serial number

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

To order replacement parts from an Authorized TORO Distributor supply the following information:

1. Model and serial numbers of the traction unit.

2. Part number, description and quantity of parts desired.

Note: Do not order by reference number if a parts catalog is being used; use the part number.

PREPARATION FOR SEASONAL STORAGE

Traction Unit

1. Thoroughly clean the traction unit, cutting unit and the engine, paying special attention to these areas:
 - underneath the cutting unit
 - under the cutting unit belt covers
 - counterbalance springs
 - P.T.O. Shaft Assembly
 - all grease fittings and pivot points
2. Check the tire pressure. Inflate all traction unit tires to 10 to 15 psi (69 to 103 kPa).
3. Remove, sharpen and balance the cutting unit's blades. Reinstall the blades and torque the blade fasteners to 75-100 ft-lb (102-136 N·m).
4. Check all fasteners for looseness; tighten as necessary.
5. Grease or oil all grease fittings, pivot points, and transmission by-pass valve pins. Wipe off any excess lubricant.
6. Ensure the P.T.O. lever remains in the disengaged position so the P.T.O. belt does not take a "set."
7. Lightly sand and use touch up paint on painted areas that are scratched, chipped or rusted. Repair any dents in the metal body.
8. Service the battery and cables as follows:
 - a. Remove the battery terminals from the battery posts.
 - b. Clean the battery, terminals and posts with a wire brush and baking soda solution.
 - c. Coat the cable terminals and battery posts with Grafo 112X skin-over grease (Toro Part Number 505-47), or petroleum jelly to prevent corrosion.

- d. Slowly recharge the battery every 60 days for 24 hours to prevent lead sulfation of the battery.

Engine

1. Drain the engine oil from the oil pan and replace the drain plug.
2. Remove and discard the oil filter. Install a new filter.
3. Refill the engine with 1.8 qt (1.7 l) of recommended motor oil. Refer to Changing Crankcase Oil, page 20.
4. Start the engine and run at idle speed for two minutes. **DO NOT RUN LONGER THAN TWO MINUTES.**
5. Stop the engine; remove spark plugs.
6. Pour one ounce (28cc) of clean engine oil in spark plug holes.
7. With the spark plugs removed, crank the engine with the starter for at least 12 revolutions to distribute the oil in the cylinders.
8. Reinstall the spark plugs.
9. Drain the gasoline from the fuel tank and fuel lines. Reinstall all lines and secure all connections.
10. Clean governor linkage and protect by wrapping with a clean cloth.
11. Thoroughly clean and service the air cleaner assembly.
12. Seal the air cleaner inlet and the exhaust outlet with weatherproof masking tape.
13. Check the oil filler cap and gas cap to ensure they are securely in place.

SERVICE INTERVAL CHART

| Date | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|-----------|---|-------|---|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Hour Meter Reading | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service Interval | | ↓ | Daily | 5 | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 125 | 150 | 175 | 200 |
| Clean Blower Screen | Daily | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Oil Level Check, Engine | Daily | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Oil Level Check, Hyd. | Daily | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Safety Interlock Check | Daily | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hydraulic Oil and Oil Filter Changed (Initial) | Within 10 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Oil Change, Initial | 25 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air Cleaner Cleaned | 25 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lubrication, Grease/Oil | 25 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tire Pressure Checked (12 psi) | 25 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hoses, Lines, Fittings & Pump Checked for Leaks | 25 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Oil Change, Routine | 50 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Engine Oil Filter | 50 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check Battery | 50 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PTO Belt Tension Check | 50 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air Cleaner (Dust Cap & Baffle) | 50 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cooling Fins Cleaned | 50 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Brakes Checked | 100 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hydraulic Oil Filter,Changed | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fuel System Checked | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fuel Filter Change | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Engine rpm Checked | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service Air Cleaner (Filter) | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Combustion Chamber Clean (Leaded Fuel) | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check Steering | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check Rear Wheel Toe-in | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Spark Plug, Check | 500 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hydraulic Oil, Changed | 500 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transmission By-Pass Pins, Grease | 500 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Valves Adjusted | 1000 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Clean Breather Valve | 1000 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Combustion Chamber Clean (Unleaded Fuel) | 1000 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Replace all Interlock Switches (2 years) | 1000 | | | | | | | | | | | |

SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS

Engine Oil: Refer to chart, page 11.

Spark Plug — RS14YC Gap is 0.025 of an inch (0.64 mm)

Hydraulic System Fluid — 5 quarts (4.73 l) of SAE 10W-30 engine oil

Hydraulic Oil Filter — Toro part no. 23-2300

SERVICE INTERVAL CHART

| Date | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|-----------|---|-------|---|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Hour Meter Reading | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service Interval | | ↓ | Daily | 5 | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 125 | 150 | 175 | 200 |
| Clean Blower Screen | Daily | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Oil Level Check, Engine | Daily | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Oil Level Check, Hyd. | Daily | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Safety Interlock Check | Daily | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hydraulic Oil and Oil Filter Changed (Initial) | Within 10 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Oil Change, Initial | 25 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air Cleaner Cleaned | 25 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lubrication, Grease/Oil | 25 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tire Pressure Checked (12 psi) | 25 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hoses, Lines, Fittings & Pump Checked for Leaks | 25 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Oil Change, Routine | 50 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Engine Oil Filter | 50 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check Battery | 50 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PTO Belt Tension Check | 50 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air Cleaner (Dust Cap & Baffle) | 50 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cooling Fins Cleaned | 50 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Brakes Checked | 100 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hydraulic Oil Filter,Changed | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fuel System Checked | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fuel Filter Change | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Engine rpm Checked | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service Air Cleaner (Filter) | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Combustion Chamber Clean (Leaded Fuel) | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check Steering | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check Rear Wheel Toe-in | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Spark Plug, Check | 500 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hydraulic Oil, Changed | 500 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transmission By-Pass Pins, Grease | 500 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Valves Adjusted | 1000 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Clean Breather Valve | 1000 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Combustion Chamber Clean (Unleaded Fuel) | 1000 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Replace all Interlock Switches (2 years) | 1000 | | | | | | | | | | | |

SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS


Engine Oil: Refer to chart, page 11.

Spark Plug — RS14YC Gap is 0.025 of an inch (0.64 mm)

Hydraulic System Fluid — 5 quarts (4.73 l) of SAE 10W-30 engine oil

Hydraulic Oil Filter — Toro part no. 23-2300

SERVICE INTERVAL CHART

| Date | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------|---|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Hour Meter Reading | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service Interval  | | Daily | 5 | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 125 | 150 | 175 | 200 |
| Clean Blower Screen | Daily | | | | | | | | | | |
| Oil Level Check, Engine | Daily | | | | | | | | | | |
| Oil Level Check, Hyd. | Daily | | | | | | | | | | |
| Safety Interlock Check | Daily | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hydraulic Oil and Oil Filter Changed (Initial) | Within 10 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Oil Change, Initial | 25 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air Cleaner Cleaned | 25 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lubrication, Grease/Oil | 25 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tire Pressure Checked (12 psi) | 25 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hoses, Lines, Fittings & Pump Checked for Leaks | 25 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Oil Change, Routine | 50 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Engine Oil Filter | 50 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check Battery | 50 | | | | | | | | | | |
| PTO Belt Tension Check | 50 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air Cleaner (Dust Cap & Baffle) | 50 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cooling Fins Cleaned | 50 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Brakes Checked | 100 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hydraulic Oil Filter, Changed | 250 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fuel System Checked | 250 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fuel Filter Change | 250 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Engine rpm Checked | 250 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service Air Cleaner (Filter) | 250 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Combustion Chamber Clean (Leaded Fuel) | 250 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check Steering | 250 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check Rear Wheel Toe-in | 250 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Spark Plug, Check | 500 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hydraulic Oil, Changed | 500 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transmission By-Pass Pins, Grease | 500 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Valves Adjusted | 1000 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Clean Breather Valve | 1000 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Combustion Chamber Clean (Unleaded Fuel) | 1000 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Replace all Interlock Switches (2 years) | 1000 | | | | | | | | | | |

SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS

Engine Oil: Refer to chart, page 11.

Spark Plug — RS14YC Gap is 0.025 of an inch (0.64 mm)

Hydraulic System Fluid — 5 quarts (4.73 l) of SAE 10W-30 engine oil

Hydraulic Oil Filter — Toro part no. 23-2300

SERVICE INTERVAL CHART

| Date | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|-----------|---|-------|---|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Hour Meter Reading | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service Interval | | ↓ | Daily | 5 | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 125 | 150 | 175 | 200 |
| Clean Blower Screen | Daily | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Oil Level Check, Engine | Daily | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Oil Level Check, Hyd. | Daily | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Safety Interlock Check | Daily | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hydraulic Oil and Oil Filter Changed (Initial) | Within 10 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Oil Change, Initial | 25 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air Cleaner Cleaned | 25 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lubrication, Grease/Oil | 25 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tire Pressure Checked (12 psi) | 25 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hoses, Lines, Fittings & Pump Checked for Leaks | 25 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Oil Change, Routine | 50 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Engine Oil Filter | 50 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check Battery | 50 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PTO Belt Tension Check | 50 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Air Cleaner (Dust Cap & Baffle) | 50 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cooling Fins Cleaned | 50 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Brakes Checked | 100 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hydraulic Oil Filter,Changed | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fuel System Checked | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fuel Filter Change | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Engine rpm Checked | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service Air Cleaner (Filter) | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Combustion Chamber Clean (Leaded Fuel) | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check Steering | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check Rear Wheel Toe-in | 250 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Spark Plug, Check | 500 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hydraulic Oil, Changed | 500 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transmission By-Pass Pins, Grease | 500 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Valves Adjusted | 1000 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Clean Breather Valve | 1000 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Combustion Chamber Clean (Unleaded Fuel) | 1000 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Replace all Interlock Switches (2 years) | 1000 | | | | | | | | | | | |

SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS

Engine Oil: Refer to chart, page 11.

Spark Plug — RS14YC Gap is 0.025 of an inch (0.64 mm)

Hydraulic System Fluid — 5 quarts (4.73 l) of SAE 10W-30 engine oil

Hydraulic Oil Filter — Toro part no. 23-2300

The Toro Promise

A LIMITED WARRANTY

The Toro Company promises to repair your Model 30790 TORO GROUNDSMASTER® MOWER, and its originally purchased cutting unit, if defective in materials or workmanship. The following time periods from the date of purchase apply:

**Model 30798 Two Years or 1000 operational hours,
whichever comes first.**

The costs of parts, labor and transportation are included.

If you feel your TORO product is defective and wish to rely on The Toro Promise, the following procedure is recommended:

1. Contact your Authorized TORO Distributor or Commercial Dealer (the Yellow Pages of your telephone directory is a good reference source).
2. The TORO Distributor or Commercial Dealer will advise you on the arrangements that can be made to inspect and repair your product.
3. The TORO Distributor or Commercial Dealer will inspect the product and advise you whether the product is defective and, if so, make all repairs necessary to correct the defect without an extra charge to you.

If for any reason you are dissatisfied with the distributor's analysis of the defect or the service performed, you may contact us.

Write:

TORO Commercial Products Service Department
8111 Lyndale Avenue South
Minneapolis, Minnesota 55420

The above remedy of product defects through repair by an Authorized TORO Distributor or Commercial Dealer is the purchaser's sole remedy for any defect.

THERE IS NO OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY. ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR USE ARE LIMITED TO THE DURATION OF THE EXPRESS WARRANTY.

Some states do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above limitation may not apply to you.

This Warranty applies only to parts or components which are defective and does not cover repairs necessary due to normal wear, misuse, accidents, or lack of proper maintenance. Regular, routine maintenance of the unit to keep it in proper condition is the responsibility of the owner.

All warranty repairs reimbursable under the Toro Promise must be performed by an Authorized TORO Commercial Dealer or Distributor using Toro approved replacement parts.

Repairs or attempted repairs by anyone other than an Authorized TORO Distributor or Commercial Dealer are not reimbursable under the Toro Promise. In addition, these unauthorized repair attempts may result in additional malfunctions, the correction of which is not covered by warranty. This warranty shall be declared void if the owner removes, disconnects, or in any way alters the operation of the products hour meter.

THE TORO COMPANY IS NOT LIABLE FOR INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES IN CONNECTION WITH THE USE OF THE PRODUCT INCLUDING ANY COST OR EXPENSE OF PROVIDING SUBSTITUTE EQUIPMENT OR SERVICE DURING PERIODS OF MALFUNCTION OR NON-USE.

Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

COUNTRIES OTHER THAN THE UNITED STATES OR CANADA

Customers who have purchased TORO products exported from the United States or Canada should contact their TORO Distributor (Dealer) to obtain guarantee policies for your country, province or state. If for any reason you are

dissatisfied with your Distributor's service or have difficulty obtaining guarantee information, contact the TORO importer. If all other remedies fail, you may contact us at The Toro Company.