



Form No. 3398-359 Rev A

Count on it.

Operator's Manual

Groundsmaster® 7200 Series Traction Unit

Model No. 30473—Serial No. 315000501 and Up



This product complies with all relevant European directives; for details, please see the separate product-specific Declaration of Conformity (DOC) sheet.

⚠ WARNING

CALIFORNIA Proposition 65 Warning

This product contains a chemical or chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or reproductive harm.

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

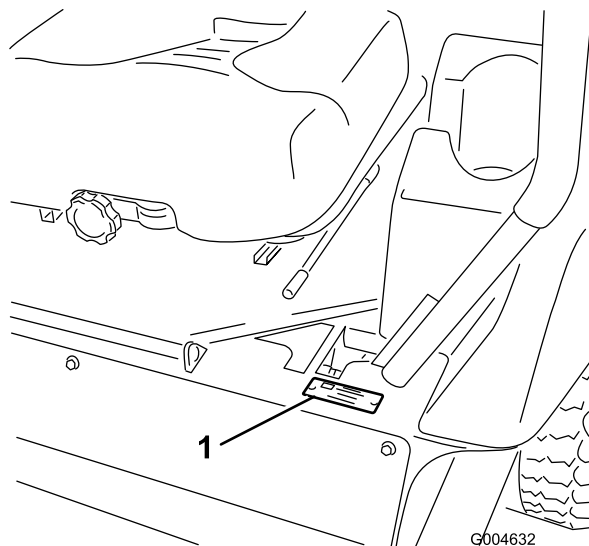


Figure 1

1. Model and serial number location

Model No. _____

Serial No. _____

It is a violation of California Public Resource Code Section 4442 or 4443 to use or operate the engine on any forest-covered, brush-covered, or grass-covered land unless the engine is equipped with a spark arrester, as defined in Section 4442, maintained in effective working order or the engine is constructed, equipped, and maintained for the prevention of fire.

This spark ignition system complies with Canadian ICES-002.

Introduction

This machine is a ride-on, rotary-blade lawn mower intended to be used by professional, hired operators in commercial applications. It is primarily designed for cutting grass on well-maintained lawns in parks, sports fields, and on commercial grounds. It is not designed for cutting brush, mowing grass and other growth alongside highways, or for agricultural uses.

Read this information carefully to learn how to operate and maintain your product properly and to avoid injury and product damage. You are responsible for operating the product properly and safely.

You may contact Toro directly at www.Toro.com for product safety and operation training materials, accessory information, help finding a dealer, or to register your product.

Whenever you need service, genuine Toro parts, or additional information, contact an Authorized Service Dealer or Toro Customer Service and have the model and serial numbers of your product ready. [Figure 1](#) identifies the location of the model and serial numbers on the product. Write the numbers in the space provided.

This manual identifies potential hazards and has safety messages identified by the safety-alert symbol ([Figure 2](#)), which signals a hazard that may cause serious injury or death if you do not follow the recommended precautions.



Figure 2

1. Safety-alert symbol

This manual uses 2 words to highlight information.

Important calls attention to special mechanical information and **Note** emphasizes general information worthy of special attention.

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Safety

This machine has been designed in accordance with CEN standard ISO EN 5395:2013 and ANSI B71.4-2012 when the proper CE Kits have been installed per the Declaration of Conformity.

General Safety

This product is capable of amputating hands and feet and of throwing objects. Always follow all safety instructions to avoid serious personal injury.

Using this product for purposes other than its intended use could prove dangerous to you and bystanders.

- Read and understand the contents of this *Operator's Manual* before you start the engine. Ensure that everyone using this product knows how to use it and understands the warnings.
- Do not put your hands or feet near moving components of the machine.

- Do not operate the machine without all guards and other safety protective devices in place and working on the machine.
- Keep clear of any discharge opening. Keep bystanders a safe distance from the machine.
- Keep children out of the operating area. Never allow children to operate the machine.
- Stop the machine and shut off the engine before servicing, fueling, or unclogging the machine.

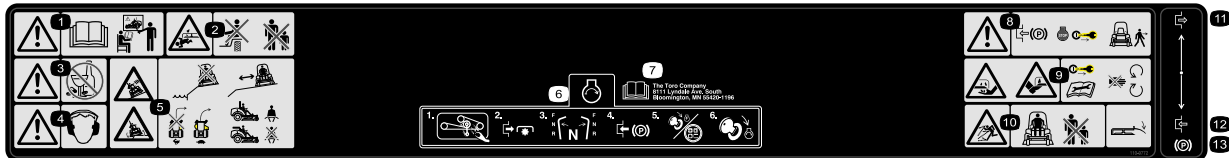
Improperly using or maintaining this machine can result in injury. To reduce the potential for injury, comply with these safety instructions and always pay attention to the safety-alert symbol, which means Caution, Warning, or Danger—personal safety instruction. Failure to comply with these instructions may result in personal injury or death.

You can find additional items of safety information in their respective sections throughout this manual.

Safety and Instructional Decals

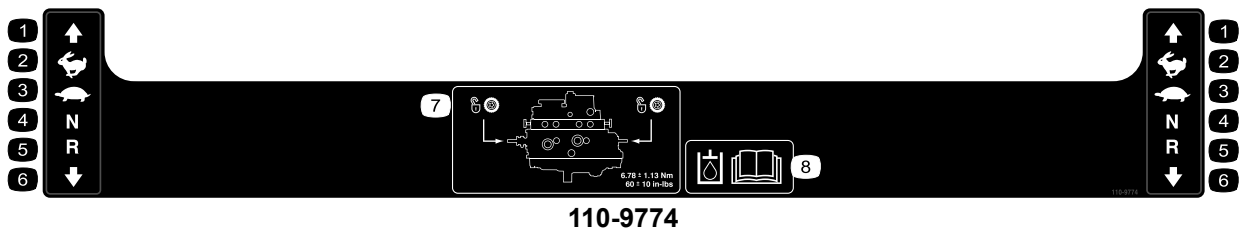


Safety decals and instructions are easily visible to the operator and are located near any area of potential danger. Replace any decal that is damaged or lost.



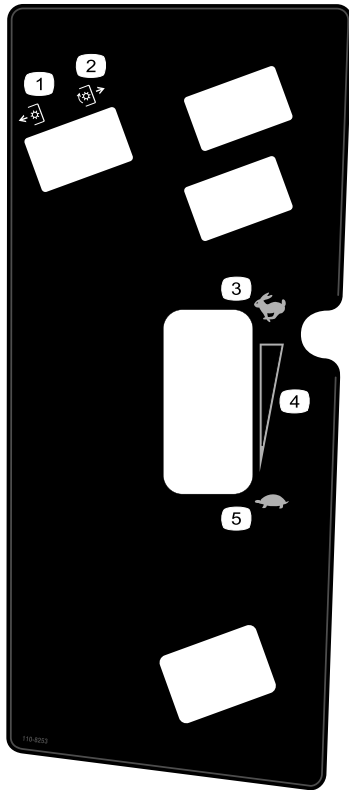
110-9772

1. Warning—read the *Operator's Manual* before operating and do not operate this machine unless you are trained.
2. Crushing/dismemberment hazard of bystanders—do not carry passengers, keep bystanders a safe distance from the machine.
3. Warning—do not use drugs or alcohol.
4. Warning—wear hearing protection.
5. Tipping, drop off hazard—do not operate near water drop-offs, stay a safe distance from drop-offs, slow machine before turning, do not turn at high speeds, wear a seat belt when a ROPS is in place, do not wear a seat belt when ROPS is lowered.
6. To start the engine: clear any debris from the attachment, disengage the PTO, move the motion-control levers to the neutral position, engage the parking brake, turn the ignition to Run and wait for the glow plug light to turn off, turn the ignition key to Start.
7. Read the *Operator's Manual*.
8. Warning—engage the parking brake, stop the engine and remove the ignition key before leaving the machine.
9. Cutting hazard of hand or foot—remove the ignition key and read the instructions before servicing or performing maintenance, keep away from moving parts.
10. Thrown object hazard—keep bystanders a safe distance from the machine; keep all deflectors and shields in place.
11. Disengage
12. Engage
13. Parking brake



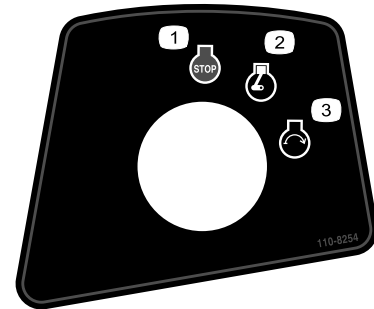
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- | | | | |
|------------|------------|-------------|---|
| 1. Forward | 3. Slow | 5. Reverse | 7. Tow valve location; torque the tow valves to 6.78 ± 1.13 N·m (60 ± 10 in-lb). |
| 2. Fast | 4. Neutral | 6. Backward | 8. Read the <i>Operator's Manual</i> for more information on the hydraulic oil. |



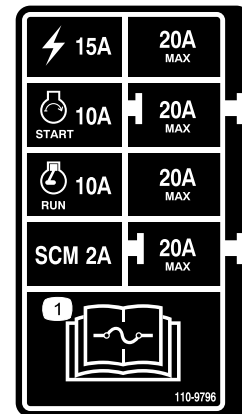
110-8253

- | | |
|------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. PTO—Off | 4. Continuous variable setting |
| 2. PTO—On | 5. Slow |
| 3. Fast | |



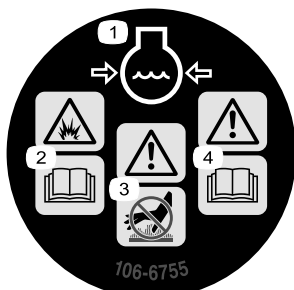
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- | | |
|----------------|-----------------|
| 1. Engine—Stop | 3. Engine—Start |
| 2. Engine—Run | |



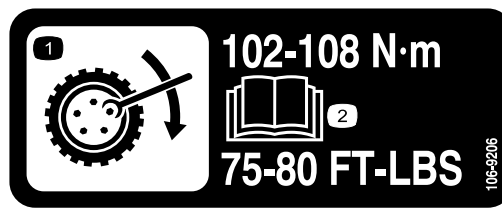
110-9796

1. Read the *Operator's Manual* for information on fuses.



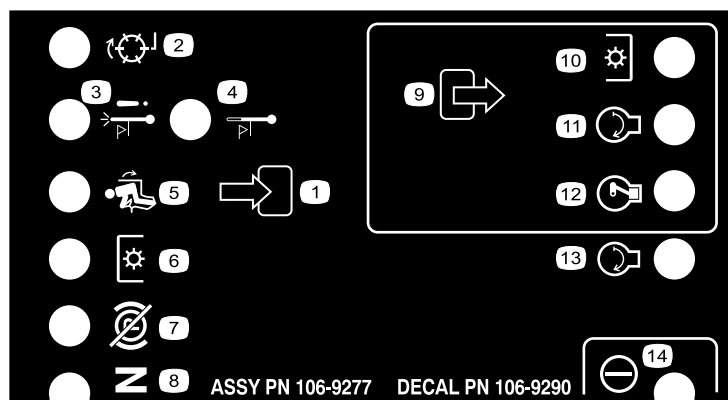
106-6755

1. Engine coolant under pressure.
2. Explosion hazard—read the *Operator's Manual*.
3. Warning—do not touch the hot surface.
4. Warning—read the *Operator's Manual*.



106-9206

1. Wheel torque specifications
2. Read the *Operator's Manual*.



106-9290

- | | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|
| 1. Inputs | 5. In seat | 9. Outputs | 13. Start |
| 2. Not active | 6. Power Takeoff (PTO) | 10. Power Takeoff (PTO) | 14. Power |
| 3. High temperature shutdown | 7. Parking brake off | 11. Start | |
| 4. High temperature warning | 8. Neutral | 12. Energize to Run (ETR) | |



110-9781

1. Warning—read the *Operator's Manual*.
2. Poison and caustic liquid/chemical burn hazard—keep children a safe distance from the battery.
3. Warning—do not touch the hot surface.
4. Cutting/dismemberment hazard, fan and entanglement hazard, belt—stay away from moving parts.
5. Hydraulic oil in system under pressure, escaping hydraulic oil penetrating skin hazard, broken hydraulic lines hazard—wear protective hand protection when handling hydraulic system components.

Setup

Loose Parts

Use the chart below to verify that all parts have been shipped.

Procedure	Description	Qty.	Use
1	No parts required	–	Check the hydraulic fluid, engine oil, and coolant levels.
2	No parts required	–	Activate and charge the battery.

Media and Additional Parts

Description	Qty.	Use
Operator's Manual	1	Read before operating the machine.
Engine owner's manual	1	Read before operating the machine.
Parts Catalog	1	Use to lookup and order parts.
Operator training materials	1	View before operating the machine.
Engine warranty	1	Save for future use.

1

Checking Fluid Levels

No Parts Required

Procedure

1. Check the hydraulic fluid level before starting the engine; refer to [Checking the Hydraulic System \(page 34\)](#).
2. Check the engine-oil level before and after starting the engine; refer to [Checking the Engine-Oil Level \(page 24\)](#).
3. Check the cooling system before starting the engine; refer to [Checking the Cooling System \(page 29\)](#).

2

Activating and Charging the Battery

No Parts Required

Procedure

Use only electrolyte (1.265 Specific Gravity) to fill the battery initially.

1. Remove the battery from the machine.

Important: Do not add electrolyte while the battery is in the machine. You could spill it, causing corrosion.

2. Clean the top of the battery and remove the vent caps ([Figure 3](#)).

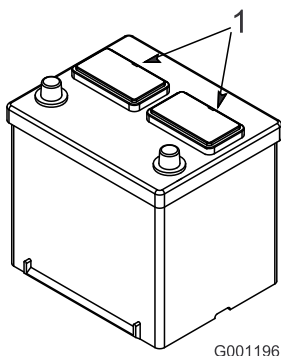


Figure 3

1. Vent caps

3. Carefully fill each cell with electrolyte until the plates are covered with about 6 mm (1/4 inch) of fluid ([Figure 4](#)).

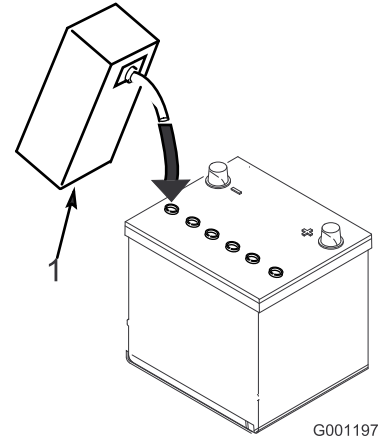


Figure 4

4. Wait approximately 20 to 30 minutes for the electrolyte to soak into the plates.

⚠ WARNING

Charging the battery produces gasses that can explode and cause serious injury or death.

Never smoke near the battery and keep sparks and flames away from battery.

5. Fill the cells as necessary to bring the electrolyte to within about 6 mm (1/4 inch) of the bottom of the fill well ([Figure 4](#)).
6. Connect a 3 to 4 A battery charger to the battery posts.
7. Charge the battery at a rate of 3 to 4 A until the specific gravity is 1.25 or higher and the temperature is at least 16°C (60°F), with all cells gassing freely.
8. When the battery is charged, disconnect the charger from the electrical outlet and battery posts.

Note: After you activate the battery, add only distilled water to replace normal loss, although maintenance-free batteries should not require water under normal operating conditions.

⚠ WARNING

CALIFORNIA Proposition 65 Warning

Battery posts, terminals, and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and reproductive harm.
Wash hands after handling.

⚠ WARNING

Battery terminals or metal tools could short against metal components, causing sparks. Sparks can cause the battery gasses to explode, resulting in personal injury.

- When removing or installing the battery, do not allow the battery terminals to touch any metal parts of the machine.
- Do not allow metal tools to short between the battery terminals and metal parts of the machine.

9. Install the battery into the machine and secure it.

Note: The battery should not move or wiggle when pushed.

10. Install the positive cable (red) to the positive (+) terminal and then install the negative cable (black) to the negative (-) terminal of the battery.

⚠ WARNING

Incorrect battery cable routing could damage the machine and cables, causing sparks. Sparks can cause the battery gasses to explode, resulting in personal injury.

- Always disconnect the negative (black) battery cable before disconnecting the positive (red) cable.
- Always connect the positive (red) battery cable before connecting the negative (black) cable.

⚠ WARNING

Connecting cables to the wrong post could damage the electrical system and result in personal injury.

Important: Route the battery cables away from any sharp edges or moving parts.

11. Slide the rubber boot over the positive terminal to prevent a possible short from occurring.

Product Overview

Controls

Become familiar with all the controls before you start the engine and operate the machine (Figure 5).

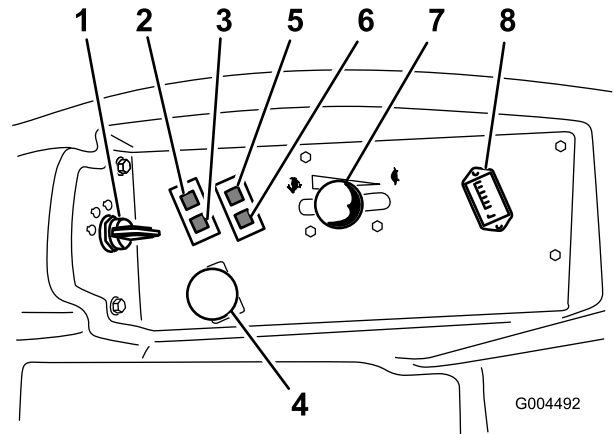


Figure 5

- | | |
|---|-------------------------------|
| 1. Ignition switch | 5. Oil-pressure warning light |
| 2. Engine-coolant-temperature warning light | 6. Charge-indicator light |
| 3. Glow-plug light | 7. Throttle lever |
| 4. Power-takeoff (PTO) switch | 8. Hour meter |

Motion-Control Levers

The motion-control levers control the forward and rearward motions as well as the turning of the machine. Refer to [Driving the Machine](#) (page 17).

Ignition Switch

The ignition switch has 3 positions: OFF, ON/PREHEAT, and START.

Throttle Lever

The throttle lever controls the speed of the engine, the speed of the blades, and, in conjunction with motion-control levers, the ground speed of the machine. Moving the throttle lever forward toward the FAST position increases the engine speed. Moving it rearward toward the SLOW position decreases the engine speed. Always run the machine with the throttle in the FAST position when cutting grass.

Power-Takeoff (PTO) Switch

The power-takeoff (PTO) switch starts and stops the mower blades.

Hour Meter

The hour meter records the number of hours that you operate the machine with the key switch in the RUN position. Use these times for scheduling regular maintenance.

Glow-Plug Light (Orange Light)

The glow-plug indicator light illuminates when you turn the ignition switch to the ON position. It remains lit for 6 seconds. When the light turns off, the engine is ready to start.

Engine-Coolant-Temperature Warning Light

This light illuminates and the cutting blades stop if the engine-coolant temperature is high. If you do not stop the machine and the coolant temperature rises another 11°C (20°F), the engine stops.

Important: If the mower deck shuts down and the temperature warning light is on, push the PTO knob down, drive to a safe, flat area, move the throttle lever to the SLOW position, move the motion-control levers into the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, and engage the parking brake. Idle the engine for several minutes while it cools to a safe level. Stop the engine and check the cooling system; refer to [Checking the Hydraulic System \(page 34\)](#).

Charge-Indicator Light

The charge-indicator light illuminates when the system charging circuit malfunctions.

Oil-Pressure-Warning Light

The oil-pressure-warning light illuminates when the oil pressure in engine drops below a safe level. If the oil pressure is low, stop the engine and determine the cause. Repair the damage before starting the engine again.

Parking-Brake Lever

Whenever you shut off the engine, engage the parking brake to prevent accidental movement of the machine. To engage the parking brake, pull the parking-brake lever rearward and up ([Figure 6](#)). To release the parking brake, push the parking-brake lever forward and down.

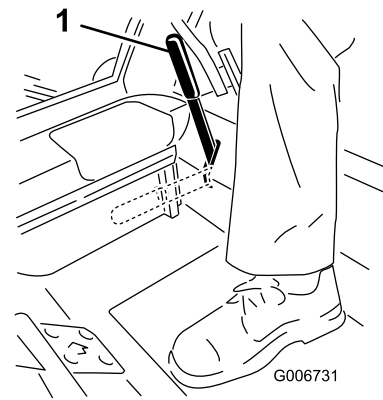


Figure 6

1. Parking-brake lever

Fuel Gauge

The fuel gauge indicates the quantity of fuel remaining in the fuel tanks ([Figure 7](#)).

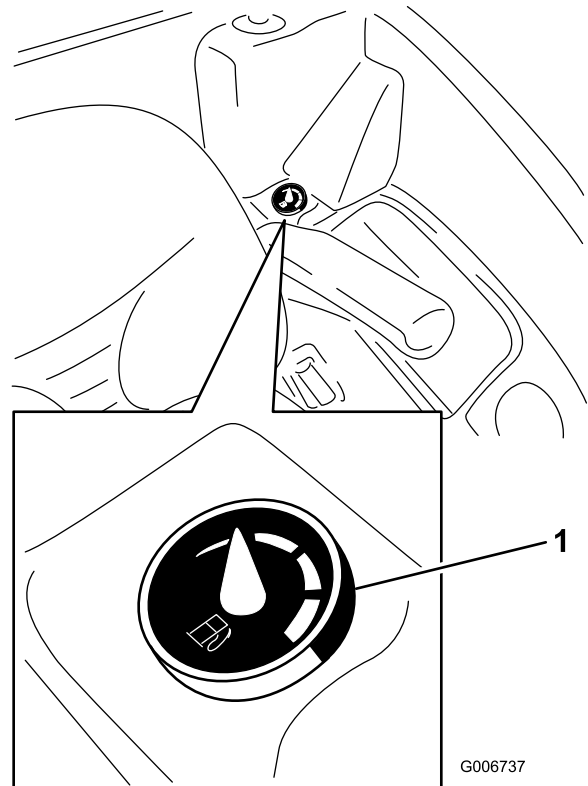


Figure 7

1. Fuel gauge

Operation

Note: Determine the left and right sides of the machine from the normal operating position.

Before Operation

Before Operation Safety

General Safety

- Read, understand, and follow all instructions on the machine and in the manual(s) before starting the machine.
- Never allow children or untrained people to operate or service the machine. Local regulations may restrict the age of the operator. The owner is responsible for training all operators and mechanics.
- Become familiar with the safe operation of the equipment, operator controls, and safety signs. Know how to stop the machine and engine quickly.
- Check that all safety devices are attached and functioning properly. This includes, but is not limited to, operator-presence controls; safety switches and shields; the rollover protection system (ROPS); attachments; and brakes. Do not operate the machine unless all safety devices are in position and functioning as intended by the manufacturer.
- Always inspect the machine to ensure that the blades, blade bolts, and cutting assembly are not worn or damaged. Replace worn or damaged blades and bolts in sets to preserve balance.
- Inspect the area where you will use the machine and remove all objects that the machine could potentially throw.
- Ensure that all the drives are in the NEUTRAL position, the parking brake is engaged, and that you are in the operating position before you start the engine.

Fuel Safety

⚠ DANGER

In certain conditions, fuel is extremely flammable and highly explosive. A fire or explosion from fuel can burn you and others and can damage property.

- Fill the fuel tank outdoors, in an open area, when the engine is cold. Wipe up any fuel that spills.
- Never fill the fuel tank inside an enclosed trailer.
- Never smoke when handling fuel, and stay away from an open flame or where fuel fumes may be ignited by a spark.
- Store fuel in an approved container and keep it out of the reach of children. Never buy more than a 180-day supply of fuel.
- Do not operate the machine without the entire exhaust system in place and in proper working condition.

⚠ WARNING

Fuel is harmful or fatal if swallowed. Long-term exposure to vapors can cause serious injury and illness.

- Avoid prolonged breathing of vapors.
- Keep your hands and face away from the nozzle and the fuel-tank opening.
- Keep fuel away from your eyes and skin.
- Use only an approved fuel container.
- Never remove the fuel cap or add fuel to the fuel tank while the engine is running.
- Never fill containers inside a vehicle or on a truck or trailer bed with a plastic liner. Always place containers on the ground and away from your vehicle before filling.
- Remove the equipment from the truck or trailer and add fuel to it while it is on the ground. If this is not possible, then add fuel using a portable container rather than from a fuel-dispenser nozzle.
- Keep the fuel-dispenser nozzle in contact with the rim of the fuel tank or container opening at all times until fueling is complete. Do not use a nozzle lock-open device.
- If you spill fuel on your clothing, change your clothing immediately.
- Fill the fuel tank until the fuel level is 25 mm (1 inch) below the bottom of the filler neck. Do not overfill the fuel tank. Replace the fuel-tank cap and tighten it securely.

Adding Fuel

Recommended Fuel

Use only clean, fresh diesel fuel with ultra low (<15 ppm) sulfur content meeting ASTM D 975 or EN 590 specifications. The minimum cetane rating should be 40. Purchase fuel in quantities that can be used within 180 days to ensure fuel freshness.

Important: Use of non-ultra low sulfur fuel causes damage to the engine emission system.

Fuel tank capacity: 43.5 L (11.5 US gallons)

Use summer-grade diesel fuel (No. 2-D) at temperatures above -7°C (20°F) and winter grade (No. 1-D or No. 1-D/2-D blend) below that temperature. Using winter-grade fuel at lower temperatures provides lower flash point and cold-flow characteristics, which eases starting and reduces fuel filter plugging.

Using summer-grade fuel above -7°C (20°F) contributes toward longer fuel-pump life and increased power compared to winter-grade fuel.

Important: Do not use kerosene or gasoline instead of diesel fuel. Failure to observe this caution damages the engine.

Biodiesel Ready

This machine can also use a biodiesel blended fuel of up to B20 (20% biodiesel, 80% petrodiesel). The petrodiesel portion must be ultra low sulfur. Observe the following precautions:

- The biodiesel portion of the fuel must meet specification ASTM D6751 or EN14214.
- The blended fuel composition should meet ASTM D975 or EN590.
- Painted surfaces may be damaged by biodiesel blends.
- Monitor seals, hoses, gaskets in contact with fuel as they may be degraded over time.
- Fuel filter plugging may be expected for a time after converting to biodiesel blended fuel.
- Contact your distributor if you wish more information on biodiesel.

Filling the Fuel Tank

Important: The fuel tanks are connected, but the fuel does not transfer quickly from one tank to the other. It is important when filling that you park on a level surface. If you park on a hill, you may inadvertently overfill the tanks.

Important: Do not overfill the fuel tanks.

Important: Do not open the fuel tanks when parked on a hill. The fuel could spill out.

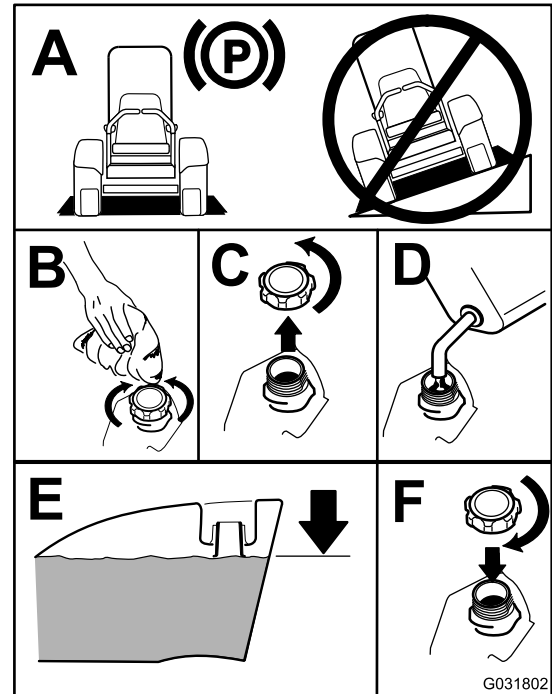


Figure 8

Note: If possible, fill the fuel tanks after each use. This minimizes buildup of condensation inside the fuel tank.

Checking the Engine-Oil Level

Before you start the engine and use the machine, check the oil level in the engine crankcase; refer to [Checking the Engine-Oil Level \(page 24\)](#).

Checking the Cooling System

Before you start the engine and use the machine, check the cooling system; refer to [Checking the Cooling System \(page 29\)](#).

Checking the Hydraulic System

Before you start the engine and use the machine, check the hydraulic system; refer to [Checking the Hydraulic System \(page 34\)](#).

Think Safety First

Please read all safety instructions and symbols in the safety section. Knowing this information could help you or bystanders avoid injury.

⚠ DANGER

Operating on icy or steep slopes can cause sliding and loss of control.

A track dropping over an edge can cause a rollover, which may result in serious injury, death, or drowning.

Always use the seat belt when the roll bar is up.

Read and follow the rollover-protection instructions and warnings.

To avoid loss of control and possibility of rollover:

- Do not operate near drop-offs or near water.
- Reduce speed and use extreme caution on slopes.
- Avoid sudden turns or rapid speed changes.

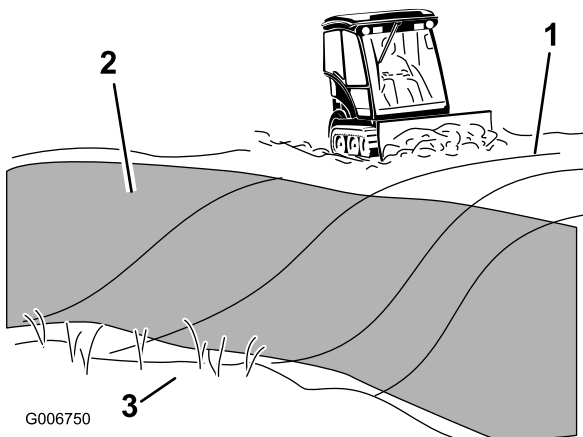


Figure 9

1. Safe Zone
2. Use walk-behind equipment near drop-offs and water.
3. Water/unsafe ice

⚠ CAUTION

This machine produces sound levels in excess of 85 dBA at the operator's ear and can cause hearing loss through extended periods of exposure.

Wear hearing protection when operating this machine.

The use of protective equipment for eyes, ears, hands, feet, and head is recommended.

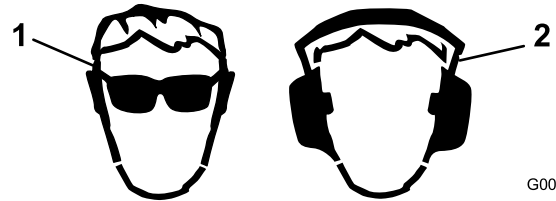


Figure 10

1. Wear eye protection.
2. Wear hearing protection.

Using the Safety-Interlock System

⚠ CAUTION

If the safety-interlock switches are disconnected or damaged, the machine could operate unexpectedly, causing personal injury.

- Do not tamper with the interlock switches.
- Check the operation of the interlock switches daily and replace any damaged switches before operating the machine.

Understanding the Safety-Interlock System

The safety-interlock system prevents the engine from starting unless:

- You are sitting on the seat or the parking brake is engaged.
- The power takeoff (PTO) is disengaged.
- The motion-control levers are in the NEUTRAL-LOCK position.
- The engine temperature is below the maximum operating temperature.

The safety-interlock system also stops the engine when you move the traction controls from the NEUTRAL-LOCK position with the parking brake engaged. If you rise from the seat when the PTO is engaged, there is a 1-second delay and then the engine stops.

Testing the Safety-Interlock System

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

Test the safety-interlock system before you use the machine each time. If the safety system does not operate as described below, have an Authorized Service Dealer repair the safety system immediately.

1. Sit on the seat, engage the parking brake, and move the PTO to the ON position. Try starting the engine; the engine should not crank.

- Sit on the seat, engage the parking brake, and move the PTO to the OFF position. Move either motion-control lever out of the NEUTRAL-LOCK position. Try starting the engine; the engine should not crank. Repeat for other motion-control lever.
- Sit on the seat, engage the parking brake, move the PTO switch to the OFF position, and move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position. Start the engine. While the engine is running, release the parking brake, engage the PTO, and rise slightly from the seat; the engine should stop within 2 seconds.
- Without an operator on the seat, engage the parking brake, move the PTO switch to the OFF position, and move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position. Start the engine. While the engine is running, center either motion control; the engine should stop within 2 seconds. Repeat for the other motion-control lever.
- Without an operator on the seat, disengage the parking brake, move the PTO switch to the OFF position, and move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position. Try starting the engine; the engine should not crank.

Using the SCM to Diagnose System Problems

The machine is equipped with a standard control module (SCM) monitoring system that tracks the function of various key systems. The SCM is located under the right control panel. Access it through the side panel cover (Figure 11). To open the side panel cover, release the 2 latches and pull out on it.

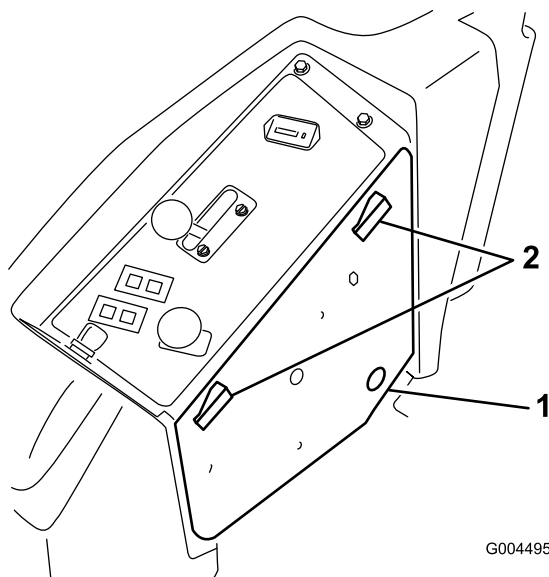


Figure 11

- Side panel cover
- Latches

On the face of the SCM are 11 LEDs that illuminate to indicate various system conditions. You can use 7 of

these lights for system diagnosis. Refer to Figure 12 for a description of what each light means. For details on using the rest of the SCM functions, refer to the *Service Manual*, available through your Authorized Toro Distributor.

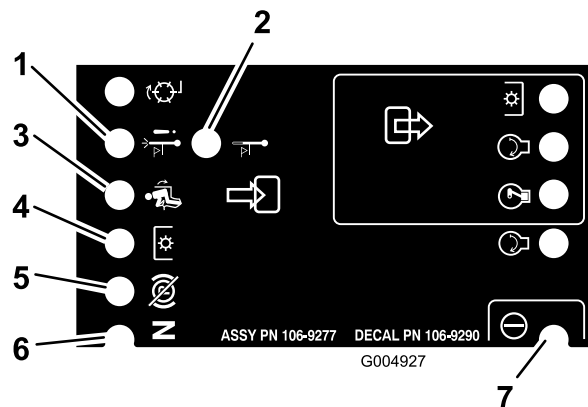


Figure 12

- High temperature shutdown—the engine temperature has exceeded safe levels and the engine has been shut down. Check the cooling system.
- High temperature warning—the engine temperature is approaching unsafe levels and the mower deck has been shut down. Check the cooling system.
- Operator is in the seat.
- The PTO is on.
- The parking brake is not engaged.
- Controls are in neutral.
- The SCM is receiving power and is operational.

Positioning the Seat

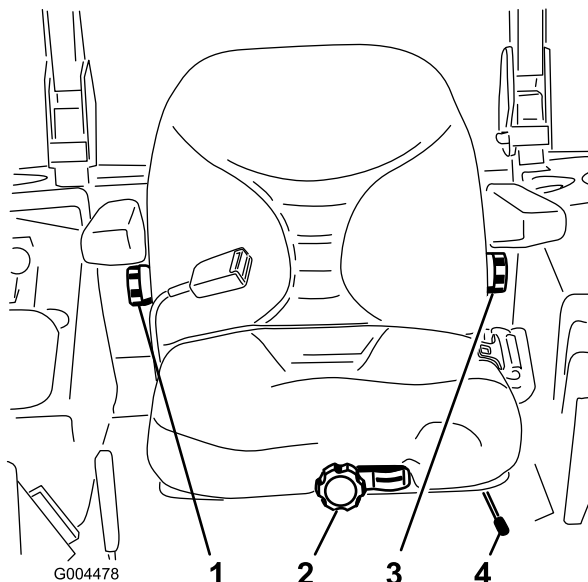


Figure 13

- Back-rest knob
- Seat-suspension knob
- Lumbar-support-adjustment knob
- Seat-position-adjustment lever

Changing the Seat Position

You can move the seat forward and backward. Position the seat where you have the best control of the machine and are most comfortable.

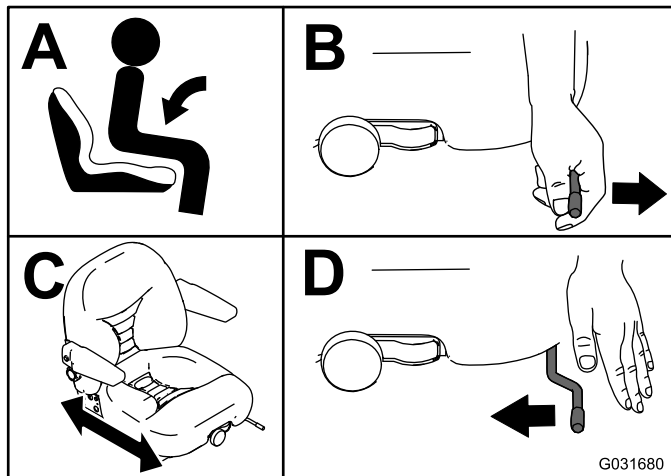


Figure 14

Changing the Seat Suspension

You can adjust the seat for a smooth and comfortable ride. Position the seat where you are most comfortable.

Without sitting on the seat, turn the knob in front either direction (Figure 13).

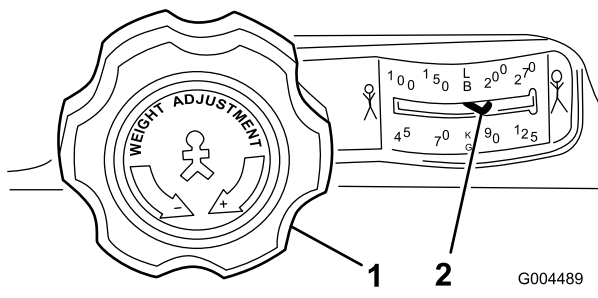


Figure 15

1. Seat-suspension knob
2. Operator-weight setting

Changing the Back Position

You can adjust the back of the seat for a comfortable ride. Position the back of the seat where you are most comfortable.

To adjust it, turn the knob, under the right arm rest, in either direction (Figure 13).

Changing the Lumbar Support

You can adjust the lumbar support for your lower back.

To adjust it, turn the knob, under the left arm rest, in either direction (Figure 13).

During Operation

During Operation Safety

General Safety

- The owner/user can prevent and is responsible for accidents that may cause injuries to himself/herself and others and for damage to property.
- Wear appropriate clothing, including eye protection; slip-resistant, substantial footwear; and hearing protection. Wearing safety shoes and long pants is advisable and required by some local ordinances and insurance regulations. Tie back long hair, secure loose clothing, and do not wear jewelry.
- Ensure that all drives are in the NEUTRAL position, the parking brake is engaged, and you are in the operating position before you start the engine.
- Keep all body parts, including hands and feet, away from all moving parts.
- Do not operate the machine while ill, tired, or under the influence of alcohol or drugs.
- Keep the direction of the mower discharge away from people and pets.
- Do not mow in reverse unless it is absolutely necessary. If you must mow in reverse, look behind and down for small children before and while moving the machine in reverse. Stay alert and stop the machine if a child enters the area.
- Use extreme care when approaching blind corners, shrubs, trees, or other objects that may block your view.
- Do not mow near drop-offs, ditches, or embankments. The machine could suddenly roll over if a wheel goes over the edge or if the edge caves in.
- Never carry passengers on the machine.
- Operate the machine only in good visibility and appropriate weather conditions. Do not operate the machine when there is the risk of lightning.
- Do not mow on wet grass. Reduced traction could cause the machine to slide.
- Never raise the mower deck with the blades running.
- Stop the machine and inspect the blades after striking an object or if there is an abnormal vibration in the machine. Make all necessary repairs before resuming operation.
- Stop the blades whenever you are not mowing, especially while crossing loose terrain such as gravel.
- Slow down and use caution when making turns and crossing roads and sidewalks with the machine. Always yield the right-of-way.
- Turn on the flashing warning lights on the machine whenever you travel on a public road, except where such use is prohibited by law.
- Disengage the drive to the attachment and shut off the engine before adding fuel and adjusting the height of cut.

- Reduce the throttle setting before stopping the engine and, if the engine has a fuel-shutoff valve, shut off the fuel when you have finished operating the machine.
- Never run an engine in an area where exhaust gases are enclosed.
- Never leave a running engine unattended.
- Before leaving the operating position, do the following:
 - Stop the machine on level ground.
 - Disengage the power take-off and lower the attachments.
 - Set the parking brake.
 - Shut off the engine and remove the key.
 - Wait for all moving parts to stop.
- Do not change the governor settings on or overspeed the engine. Operating the engine at excessive speed may increase the potential for personal injury.
- Do not use the machine as a towing vehicle.
- Use accessories and attachments approved by The Toro® Company only.

Rollover Protection System (ROPS) Safety

- **Do not** remove the ROPS from the machine.
- Ensure that the seat belt is attached and that you can release it quickly in the event of an emergency.
- Always wear your seat belt when the ROPS is up.
- Check carefully for overhead clearances, such as branches, doorways, and electrical wires, before driving the machine under them. Do not contact them.
- Keep the ROPS in safe operating condition by thoroughly inspecting it periodically for damage and keeping all the mounting fasteners tight.
- Replace a damaged ROPS. Do not repair or revise it.
- Any alterations to a ROPS must be approved by The Toro® Company.

Slope Safety

- Slow down the machine and use extra care on hillsides. Travel in the recommended direction on hillsides. Turf conditions can affect the stability of the machine.
- Avoid starting, stopping, or turning the machine on a slope. If the tires lose traction, disengage the blade(s) and proceed slowly straight down the slope.
- Do not turn the machine sharply. Use care when reversing the machine.
- When operating the machine on a slope, always keep all cutting units lowered.
- Avoid turning the machine on slopes. If you must turn, turn slowly and gradually downhill, if possible.
- Use extra care while operating the machine with attachments; they can affect the stability of the machine.

Operating the Parking Brake

Always set the parking brake when you stop the machine or leave it unattended.

Setting the Parking Brake

⚠ WARNING

The parking brake may not hold the machine parked on a slope and could cause personal injury or property damage.

Do not park the machine on slopes unless the wheels are chocked or blocked.

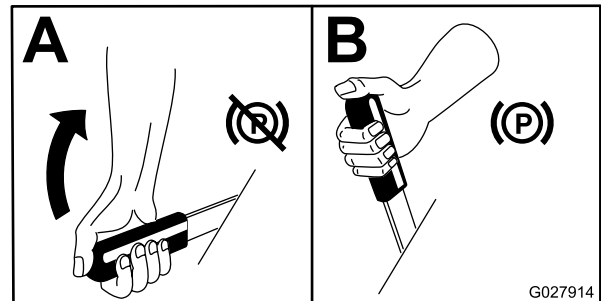


Figure 16

Releasing the Parking Brake

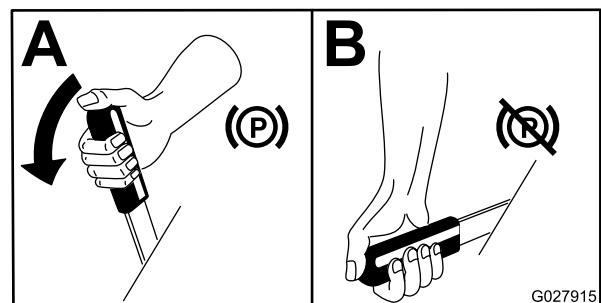


Figure 17

Starting and Shutting off the Engine

Starting the Engine

Note: The glow plug light illuminates for 6 seconds when you turn the ignition key to the RUN position. Turn the ignition to the START position after the light goes out.

Important: Use starting cycles of no more than 15 seconds per minute to avoid overheating the starter motor.

Important: When you start the engine for the first time, change the engine oil or overhaul the engine, transmission, or wheel motor and operate the machine

with the throttle lever in the SLOW position in both the forward and reverse directions for 1 to 2 minutes. Operate the lift lever and PTO lever to ensure that they operate properly. Shut the engine off, check fluid levels, and check for oil leaks, loose parts, and any other noticeable malfunctions.

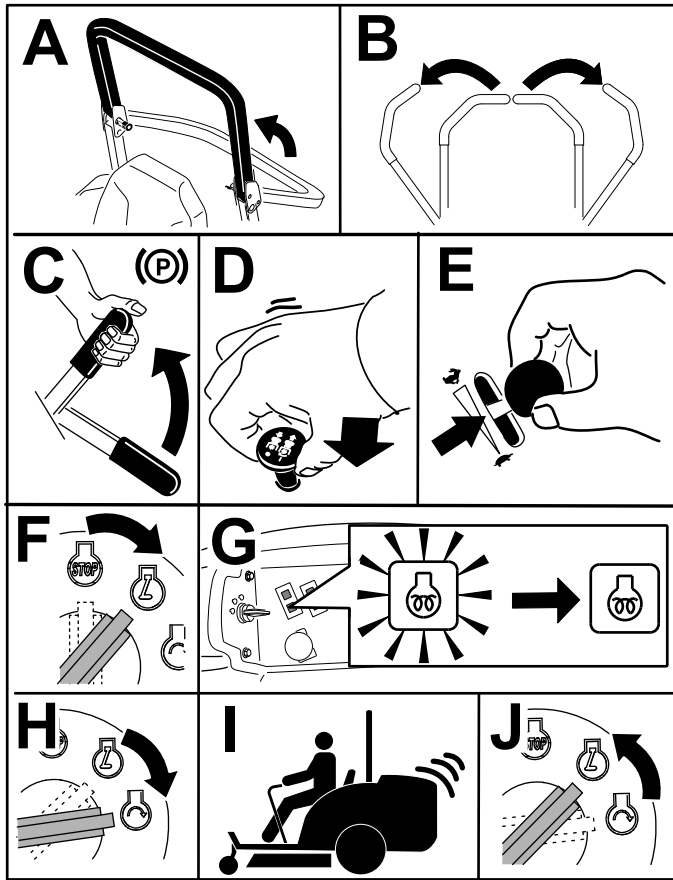


Figure 18

Note: Leave the throttle midway between the SLOW and FAST positions until the engine and hydraulic system warm up.

Shutting off the Engine

⚠ CAUTION

Children or bystanders may be injured if they attempt to move or operate the tractor while it is unattended.

Always remove the ignition key and set the parking brake when leaving the machine unattended, even if just for a few minutes.

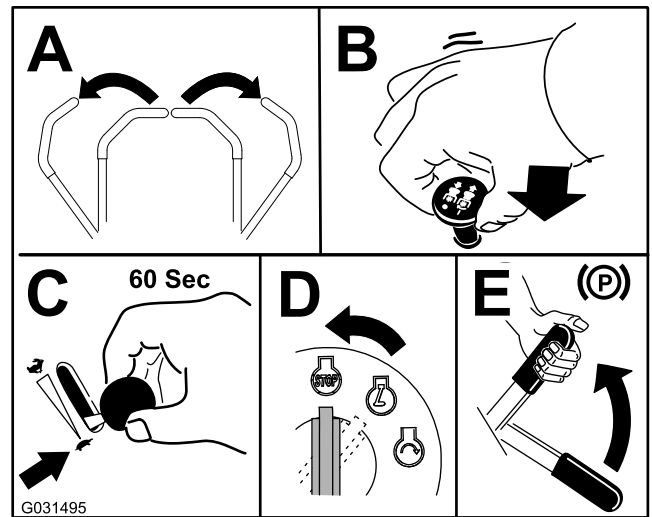


Figure 19

Driving the Machine

The throttle control regulates the engine speed as measured in rpm (revolutions per minute). Place the throttle control in the FAST position for best performance. Always operate in the FAST throttle position when running powered attachments.

⚠ CAUTION

The machine can turn very rapidly. You may lose control of it and cause personal injury or damage the machine.

- Use caution when making turns.
- Slow the machine down before making sharp turns.

1. Release the parking brake.

Note: The engine shuts off if you move the motion-control levers out of the NEUTRAL-LOCK position with the parking brake engaged.

2. Move the levers to the center, unlocked position.
3. Drive the machine as follows:

- To move straight forward, slowly push the motion-control levers forward (Figure 20).
- To move straight rearward, slowly pull the motion-control levers rearward (Figure 20).
- To turn, slow the machine by pulling back on both levers and then push forward on the lever on the opposite side from which you want to turn (Figure 20).
- To stop, pull the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL position.

Note: The farther you move the motion-control levers in either direction, the faster the machine moves in that direction.

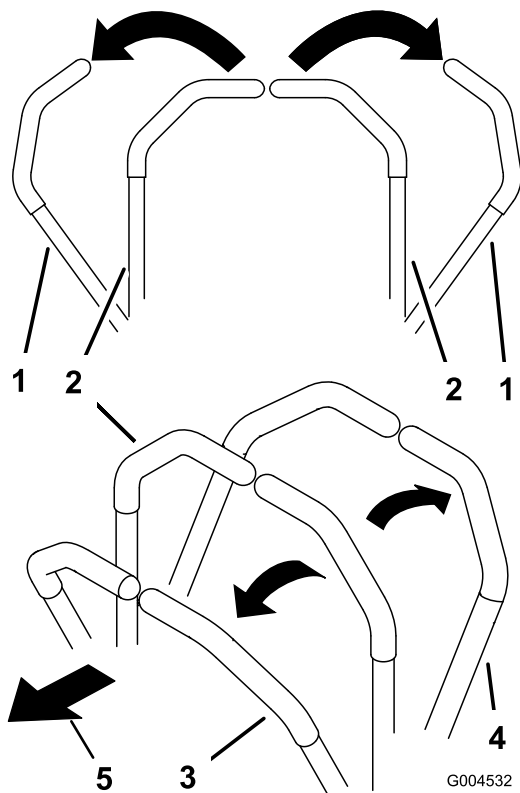


Figure 20

- | | |
|---|-------------|
| 1. Motion-control lever—NEUTRAL-LOCK position | 3. Forward |
| 2. Center, unlocked position | 4. Backward |

Engaging the Power Takeoff (PTO)

The power-takeoff (PTO) switch starts and stops powered attachments.

Note: If the engine is cold, allow the engine to warm up 5 to 10 minutes before engaging the PTO.

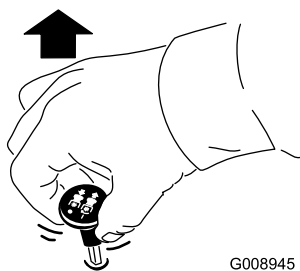


Figure 21

Disengaging the PTO

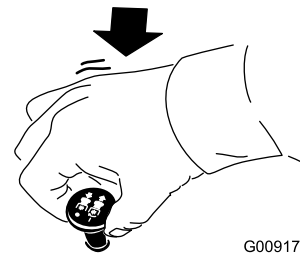


Figure 22

After Operation

After Operation Safety

General Safety

- Clean grass and debris from the cutting units, drives, mufflers, and engine to help prevent fires. Clean up oil or fuel spills.
- Shut off the fuel while storing or transporting the machine, if applicable.
- Disengage the drive to the attachment whenever you are transporting or not using the machine.
- Use full-width ramps for loading the machine into a trailer or truck. Do not exceed a 15° angle between the ramp and the trailer or truck.
- Tie the machine down securely using straps, chains, cable, or ropes. Both front and rear straps should be directed down and outward from the machine.
- Allow the engine to cool before storing the machine in any enclosure.
- Never store the machine or fuel container where there is an open flame, spark, or pilot light, such as on a water heater or on other appliances.

Pushing the Machine by Hand

If the machine breaks down, runs out of fuel, etc., you may need to pull it with a winch to load it onto a trailer. To do so, you first need to open the hydraulic bypass valves.

Important: Never tow the machine, because hydraulic damage may occur.

Changing to Machine Operation

Rotate each bypass valve clockwise 1 turn and hand-tighten them (Figure 23).

Note: The torque should be approximately 8 N·m (71 in-lb). Do not overtighten the bypass valves.

You cannot drive the machine unless the bypass valves are turned inward.

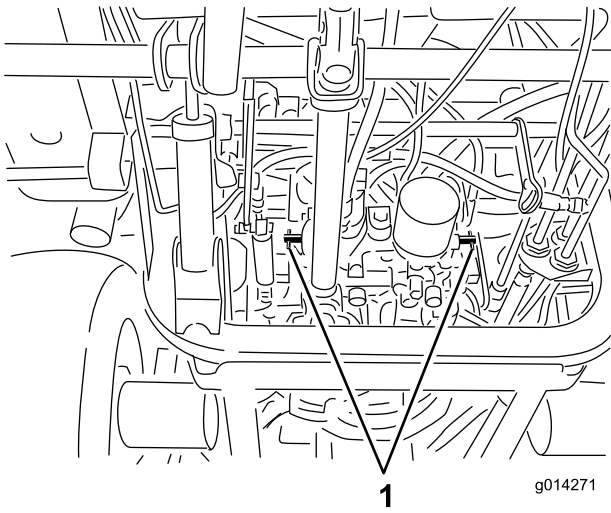


Figure 23

1. By-pass valves

Hauling the Machine

- Use care when loading or unloading the machine into a trailer or a truck.
- Use full-width ramps for loading the machine into a trailer or a truck.
- Tie the machine down securely using straps, chains, cable, or ropes. Both front and rear straps should be directed down and outward from the machine.

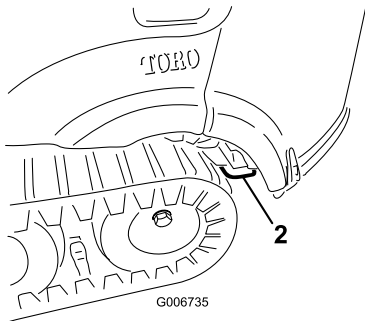
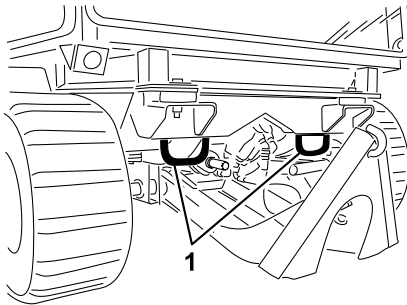


Figure 24

1. Front tie-downs
2. Rear tie-down (left side shown)

Maintenance

Note: Determine the left and right sides of the machine from the normal operating position.

Recommended Maintenance Schedule(s)

Maintenance Service Interval	Maintenance Procedure
After the first 10 hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check the alternator-belt tension.• Torque the wheel lug nuts.
After the first 50 hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Change the engine oil and filter.
After the first 200 hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Change the hydraulic fluid and filter.
Before each use or daily	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Test the safety-interlock system.• Check the engine-oil level.• Drain water or other contaminants from the water separator.• Check the engine-coolant level.• Clean the radiator with compressed air (more often in dirty and dusty conditions).• Check the hydraulic fluid level.
Every 50 hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Grease the bearing and bushing grease fittings (more often in dirty or dusty conditions and after every washing).• Check the battery cable connections.
Every 100 hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check the alternator-belt tension.
Every 150 hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Change the engine oil and filter.
Every 200 hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Inspect the cooling-system hoses and seals. Replace them if cracked or torn.• Torque the wheel lug nuts.
Every 400 hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Service the air cleaner.• Replace the fuel-filter canister for the water separator.• Check the fuel lines and connections.
Every 800 hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Change the hydraulic fluid and filter.• Inspect the engine-valve clearance. Refer to your engine owners manual.
Every 1,500 hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Replace moving hoses.
Every 2 years	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Drain and clean the fuel tank.• Flush and replace the cooling-system fluid.

Important: Refer to your engine owner's manual for additional maintenance procedures. A detailed Service Manual is also available for purchase from your Authorized Toro Distributor.

Daily Maintenance Checklist

Duplicate this page for routine use.

Maintenance Check Item	For the week of:						
	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.
Check the safety-interlock operation.							
Check the parking-brake operation.							
Check the fuel level.							
Check the hydraulic oil level.							
Check the engine-oil level.							
Check the cooling-system fluid level.							
Check the drain water/fuel separator.							
Check the air-filter restriction indicator. ¹							
Check the radiator and screen for debris							
Check for unusual engine noises. ²							
Check for unusual operating noises.							
Check the hydraulic hoses for damage							
Check for fluid leaks.							
Check the tire pressure.							
Check the instrument operation.							
Lubricate all grease fittings. ³							
Touch up damaged paint.							
1. If the indicator shows red 2. Check the glow plug and injector nozzles if you notice hard starting, excess smoke, or rough running. 3. Immediately after every washing, regardless of the interval listed.							

Notation for Areas of Concern		
Inspection performed by:		
Item	Date	Information

⚠ CAUTION

If you leave the key in the ignition switch, someone could accidentally start the engine and seriously injure you or other bystanders.

Remove the key from the ignition before you do any maintenance.

Premaintenance Procedures

Important: The fasteners on the covers of this machine are designed to remain on the cover after removal. Loosen all of the fasteners on each cover a few turns so that the cover is loose but still attached, then go back and loosen them until the cover comes free. This prevents you from accidentally stripping the bolts free of the retainers.

Pre-Maintenance Safety

- Keep all parts of the machine in good working condition and all hardware tightened, especially blade-attachment hardware. Replace all worn or damaged decals.
- Never allow untrained personnel to service the machine.
- Before adjusting, cleaning, or repairing the machine, do the following:
 1. Move the machine to level ground.
 2. Disengage the drives.
 3. Lower the cutting units.
 4. Move the traction pedal to the NEUTRAL position.
 5. Engage the parking brake.
 6. Move the throttle switch to the LOW-IDLE position.
 7. Shut off the engine and remove the key.
 8. Wait for all moving parts to stop.
- Whenever you park or store the machine, or leave it unattended, lower the cutting units unless you use a positive mechanical lock.
- If possible, do not perform maintenance on the machine while the engine is running. If you must run the engine to perform maintenance on the machine, keep your hands, feet, other body parts, and clothing away from all moving parts, the mower-discharge area, and the underside of the mowers.
- Do not touch parts of the machine or an attachment that may be hot from operation. Allow the parts to cool before attempting to maintain, adjust, or service them.
- Use jack stands to support the machine and/or its components when required.
- Carefully release pressure from components with stored energy.

- If your machine requires major repairs or if you desire assistance, contact an Authorized Toro Distributor.
- Use only genuine Toro replacement parts and accessories. Replacement parts and accessories made by other manufacturers could be dangerous, and such use could void the product warranty.

Unlatching the Seat

To access the hydraulic and other systems under the seat, unlatch the seat and swing it forward.

1. Use the seat-position adjustment lever to slide the seat all the way forward.
2. Pull the seat latch lever forward and lift up to unlatch the seat ([Figure 25](#)).

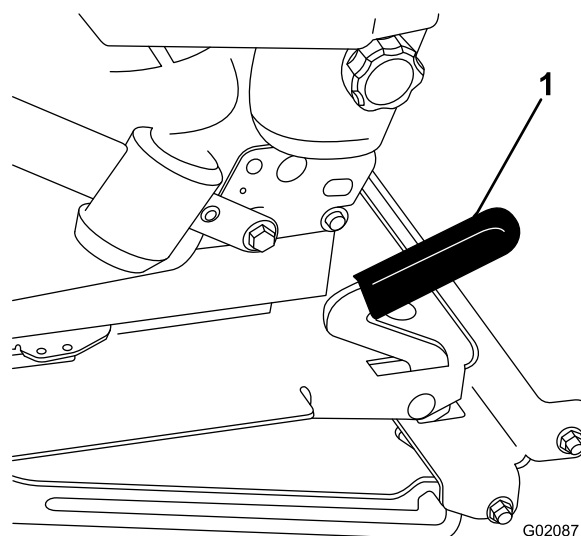


Figure 25

1. Seat latch

Lubrication

Greasing the Bearings and Bushings

Service Interval: Every 50 hours (more often in dirty or dusty conditions and after every washing).

Grease Type: No. 2 lithium grease.

Important: Lubricate the grease fittings immediately after every washing, regardless of interval specified. Bearing life can be negatively affected by improper wash down procedures. Do not wash down the unit when it is still hot and avoid directing high-pressure or high volume spray at the bearings or seals.

1. Wipe the grease fittings clean so that foreign matter cannot be forced into the bearing or bushing.
2. Pump grease into the fittings.
3. Wipe off excess grease.

Engine Maintenance

Engine Safety

Shut off the engine before checking the oil or adding oil to the crankcase.

Checking the Air Cleaner

1. Check the air-cleaner body for damage, which could possibly cause an air leak. Replace a damaged air-cleaner body.
2. Check the air-intake system for leaks, damage, or loose hose clamps (Figure 26).

Important: Do not over-service the air filter.

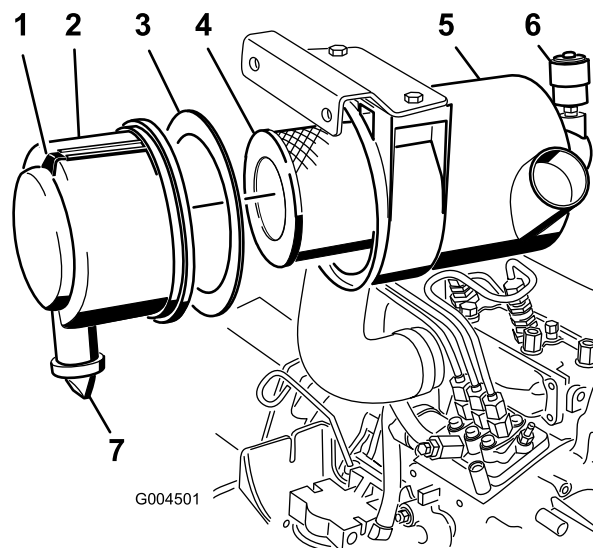


Figure 26

- | | |
|----------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. Air-cleaner cover | 5. Air-cleaner body |
| 2. Air-cleaner latch | 6. Air-cleaner indicator |
| 3. Gasket | 7. Rubber outlet valve |
| 4. Filter | |

3. Be sure that the cover is seated correctly and seals with the air-cleaner body.

Servicing the Air Cleaner

Service Interval: Every 400 hours

Note: If the foam gasket in the cover is damaged, replace it.

Important: Avoid using high-pressure air, which could force dirt through the filter into the intake tract.

Important: Do not clean the used filter to avoid damaging the filter media.

Important: Do not use a damaged filter.

Important: Do not apply pressure to the flexible center of the filter.

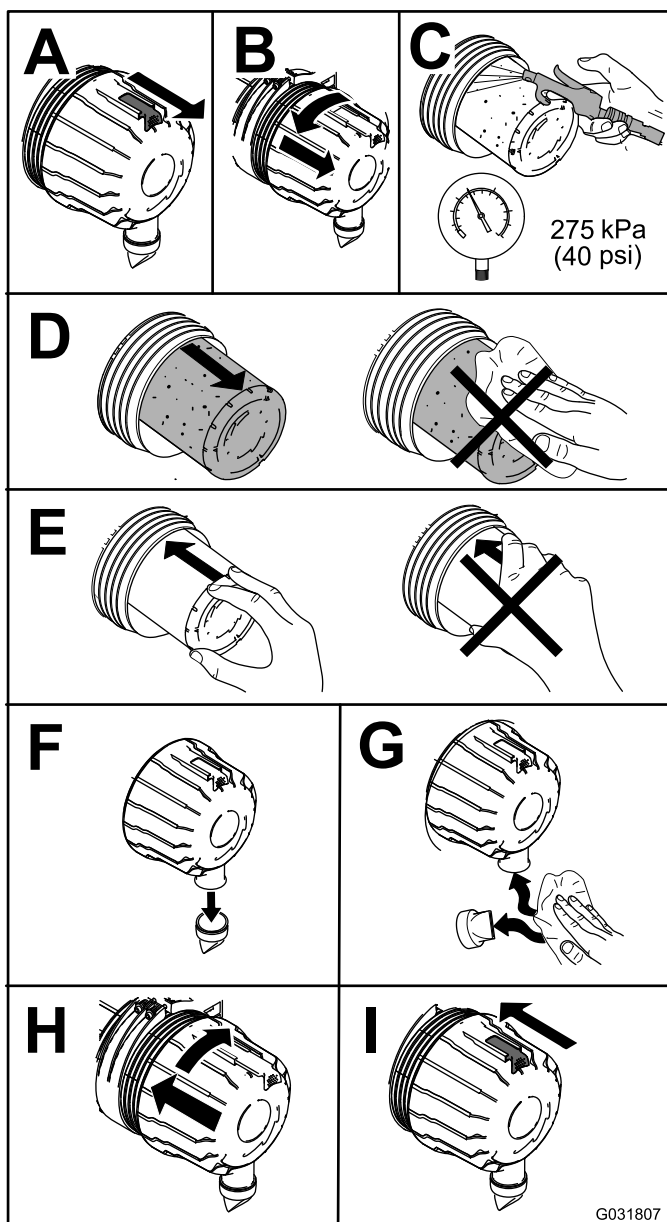


Figure 27

Note: Toro Premium Engine oil is available from your distributor in either 15W-40 or 10W-30 viscosity. See the parts catalog for part numbers.

1. Park the machine on a level surface, lower the mower deck, move the throttle lever to the SLOW position, stop the engine, and remove the key from the ignition switch.
2. Open the hood.
3. Check the engine oil

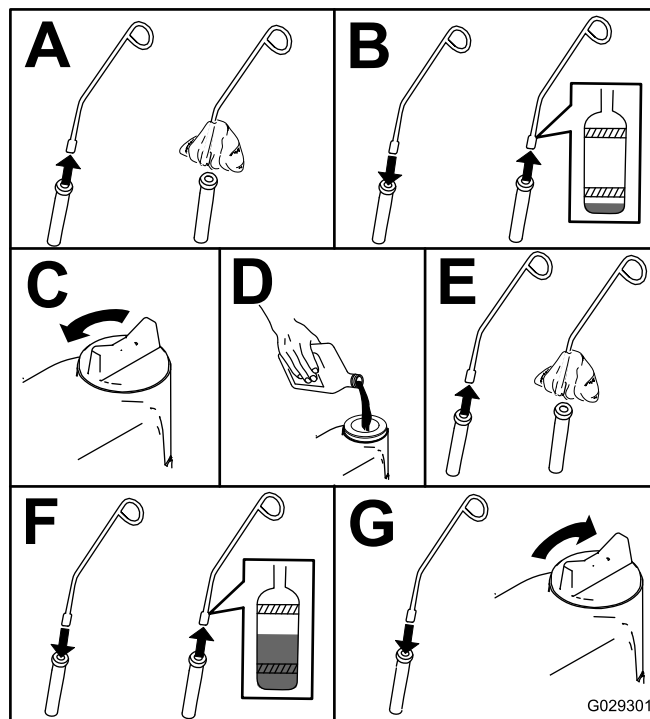


Figure 28

Servicing the Engine Oil

Checking the Engine-Oil Level

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

The engine is shipped with oil in the crankcase; however, check the oil level before and after you first start the engine. Check the oil level before operating the machine each day or each time you use the machine.

The crankcase capacity is approximately 3.8 L (4.0 qt) with the filter. Use high-quality engine oil that meets the following specifications:

- API Classification Level Required: CH-4, CI-4 or higher.
- Preferred oil: SAE 15W-40 (above -17°C (0°F))
- Alternate oil: SAE 10W-30 or 5W-30 (all temperatures)

Changing the Engine Oil and Filter

Service Interval: After the first 50 hours

Every 150 hours

If possible, run the engine just before changing the oil, because warm oil flows better and carries more contaminants than cold oil.

1. Position the machine on a level surface.
2. Open the hood.
3. Change the oil ([Figure 29](#)).

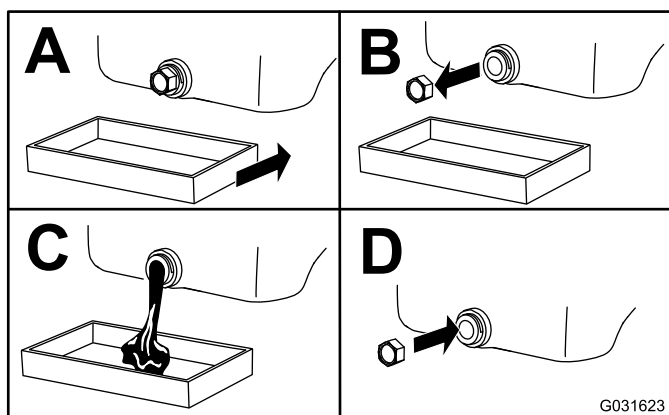


Figure 29

4. Replace the oil filter (Figure 30).

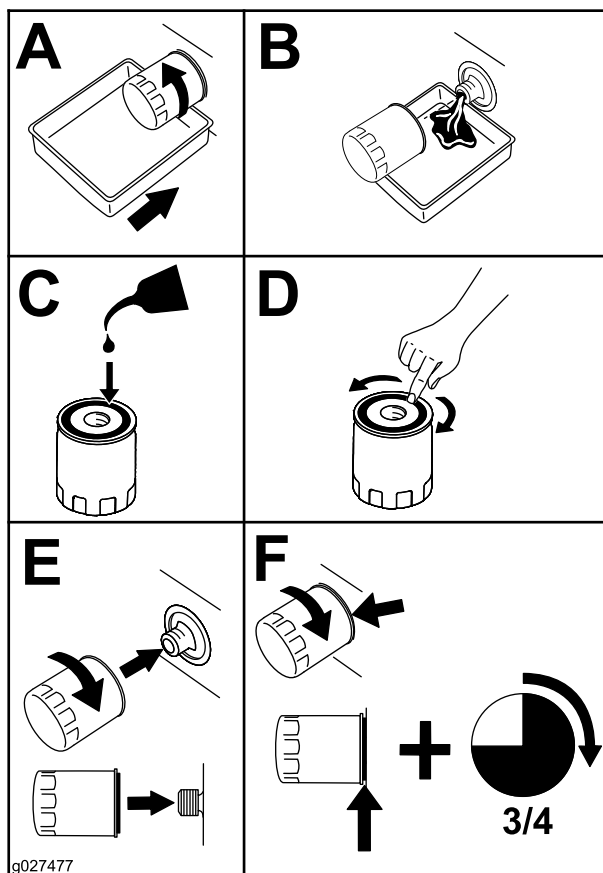


Figure 30

5. Fill the crankcase with oil; refer to [Checking the Engine-Oil Level](#) (page 24).

Fuel System Maintenance

⚠ DANGER

Under certain conditions, diesel fuel and fuel vapors are highly flammable and explosive. A fire or explosion from fuel can burn you and others and can cause property damage.

- Use a funnel and fill the fuel tank outdoors, in an open area, when the engine is off and is cold. Wipe up any fuel that spills.
- Do not fill the fuel tank completely full. Add fuel to the fuel tank until the level is to the bottom of the filler neck.
- Never smoke when handling fuel, and stay away from an open flame or where fuel fumes may be ignited by a spark.
- Store fuel in a clean, safety-approved container and keep the cap in place.

Servicing the Water Separator

Service Interval: Every 400 hours

Before each use or daily

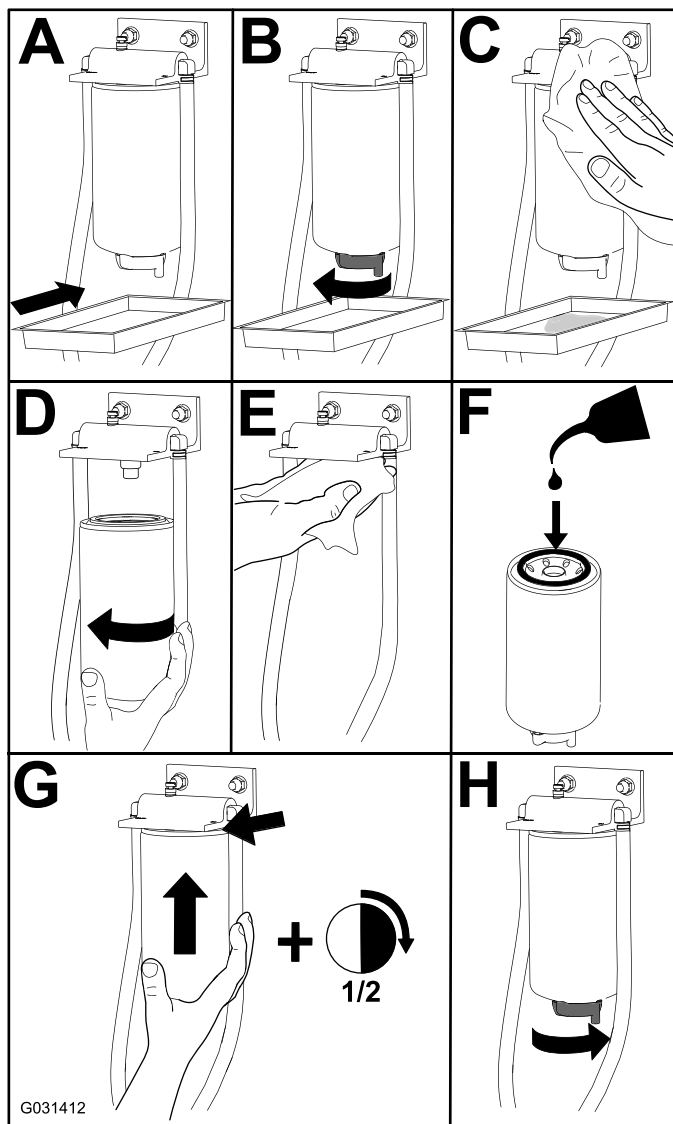


Figure 31

Cleaning the Fuel Tank

Service Interval: Every 2 years

Remove and clean the in-line strainers after draining the tank. Use clean diesel fuel to flush out the tank.

Important: Drain and clean the tank if the fuel system becomes contaminated or if you are storing the machine for an extended period.

Checking the Fuel the Lines and Connections

Service Interval: Every 400 hours/Yearly (whichever comes first)

Inspect the fuel lines for deterioration, damage, chaffing, or loose connections.

Bleeding the Fuel System

⚠ CAUTION

The engine may start during this procedure. Moving fans and belts in a running engine can severely injure you or bystanders.

Keep hands, fingers, loose clothing/jewelry, and hair away from the engine fan and belt during this procedure.

1. Park the machine on a level surface. Ensure that the fuel tank is at least half full.
2. Unlatch and raise the hood.
3. Place a rag under the air-bleed screw on the fuel-injection pump and open it (Figure 32).

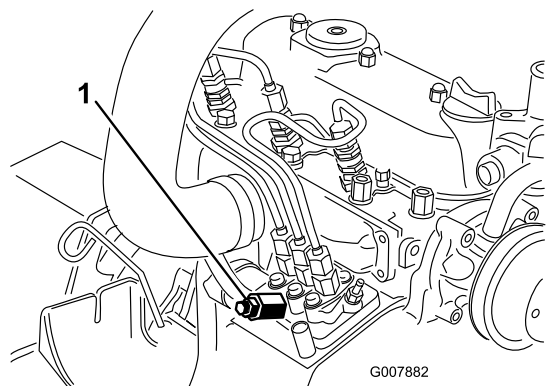


Figure 32

1. Fuel-injection-pump bleed screw

4. Turn the ignition key to the ON position.

Note: The electric fuel pump begins operation, thereby forcing air out at the air-bleed screw.

5. Leave the key in the ON position until a solid stream of fuel flows out around the screw.
6. Tighten the screw and turn key to the OFF position.

Note: Normally, the engine should start after you bleed the fuel system. However, if engine does not start, air may be trapped between injection pump and injectors; refer to [Bleeding Air from the Injectors](#) (page 26).

Bleeding Air from the Injectors

Note: Use this procedure only if you purged the fuel system through normal priming procedures and the engine does not start; refer to [Bleeding the Fuel System](#) (page 26).

1. Place a rag under the pipe connection coming from the injection pump to the No. 1 injector nozzle as illustrated in Figure 33.

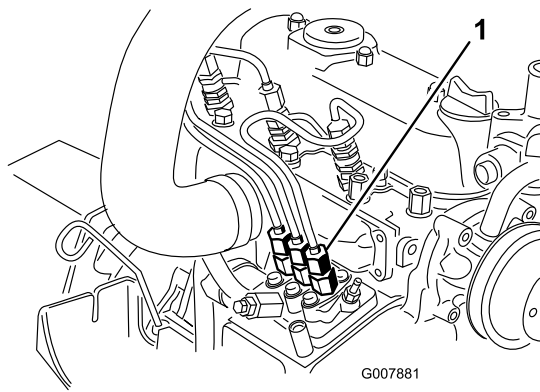


Figure 33

1. Pipe connection from the injection pump to the No. 1 injector nozzle
-
2. Move the throttle to the FAST position.
 3. Turn the ignition key the START position and watch the fuel flow around the connector.
- ⚠ CAUTION**
- The engine may start during this procedure. Moving fans and belts in a running engine can severely injure you or bystanders.**
- Keep hands, fingers, loose clothing/jewelry, and hair away from the engine fan and belt during this procedure.**
4. Tighten the pipe connector securely when it attains a solid flow.
 5. Turn the key to the OFF position.
 6. Repeat this procedure for the remaining nozzles.

Electrical System Maintenance

Important: Whenever working with the electrical system, always disconnect the battery cables, negative (-) cable first, to prevent possible wiring damage from short-outs.

Electrical System Safety

- Disconnect the battery before repairing the machine. Disconnect the negative terminal first and the positive last. Connect the positive terminal first and the negative last.
- Battery acid is poisonous and can cause burns. Avoid contact with your skin, eyes, and clothing. Protect your face, eyes, and clothing when working with a battery.
- Battery gases can explode. Keep cigarettes, sparks, and flames away from the battery.
- Charge the batteries in an open, well-ventilated area, away from sparks and flames. Unplug the charger before connecting or disconnecting the battery. Wear protective clothing and use insulated tools.
- Do not use a pressure washer near any electronic components.

WARNING

CALIFORNIA Proposition 65 Warning

Battery posts, terminals, and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling.

Servicing the Battery

Service Interval: Every 50 hours

If you store the machine in a location where temperatures are extremely high, the battery runs down more rapidly than if the machine is stored in a location where the temperature is cool.

Keep the top of the battery clean by washing it periodically with a brush dipped in ammonia or bicarbonate soda solution. Flush the top surface with water after cleaning it.

Important: Do not remove the fill caps while cleaning the battery.

The battery cables must be tight on the terminals to provide good electrical contact.

If corrosion occurs at the terminals, disconnect the cables, negative (-) cable first, and scrape the clamps and terminals

separately. Connect the cables, positive (+) cable first, and coat the terminals with petroleum jelly.

⚠ WARNING

Battery terminals or metal tools could short against metal machine components, causing sparks. Sparks can cause the battery gasses to explode, resulting in personal injury.

- When removing or installing the battery, do not allow the battery terminals to touch any metal parts of the machine.
- Do not allow metal tools to short between the battery terminals and metal parts of the machine.

⚠ WARNING

Incorrect battery cable routing could damage the machine and cables, causing sparks. Sparks can cause the battery gasses to explode, resulting in personal injury.

- Always disconnect the negative (black) battery cable before disconnecting the positive (red) cable.
- Always connect the positive (red) battery cable before connecting the negative (black) cable.

Storing the Battery

If you are storing the machine more than 30 days, remove the battery and charge it fully. Either store it on a shelf or on the machine. Do not connect the cables if you store it on the machine. Store the battery in a cool environment to prevent the battery from discharging rapidly. To prevent the battery from freezing, make sure that it is fully charged. The specific gravity of a fully charged battery is 1.265 to 1.299.

Checking the Fuses

The machine fuses are located under the control panel. Access them through the side panel cover (Figure 34). To open the side panel cover, release the 2 latches and pull out on it.

If the machine stops or has other electrical system issues, check the fuses. Grasp each fuse in turn and remove them 1 at a time, checking if any are blown.

Important: If you need to replace a fuse, always use the same type and amperage-rated fuse as the one you are replacing, otherwise you could damage the electrical system. Refer to the decal next to the fuses for a diagram of each fuse and its amperage (Figure 35).

Note: If a fuse blows frequently, you probably have a short in the electrical system and should have it serviced by a qualified service technician.

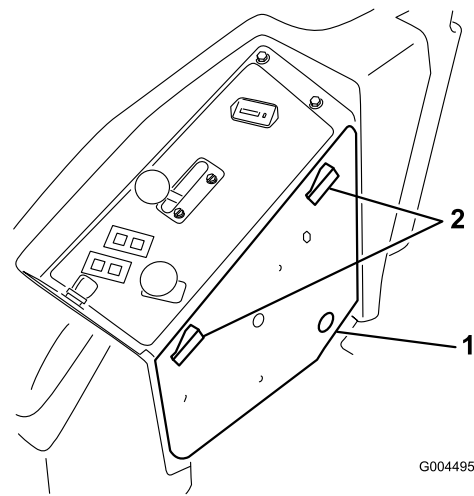


Figure 34

1. Side panel cover

2. Latches

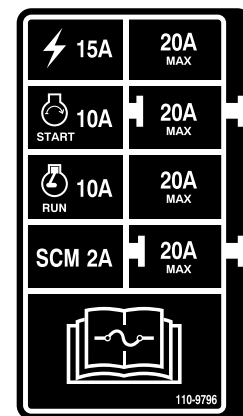


Figure 35

Cooling System Maintenance

⚠ DANGER

Discharge of hot pressurized coolant or touching hot radiator and surrounding parts can cause severe burns.

- Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Always allow the engine to cool at least 15 minutes or until the radiator cap is cool enough to touch without burning your hand before removing the radiator cap.
- Do not touch radiator and surrounding parts that are hot.

⚠ DANGER

The rotating fan and drive belt can cause personal injury.

- Do not operate the machine without the covers in place.
- Keep fingers, hands and clothing clear of rotating fan and drive belt.
- Shut off the engine and remove the ignition key before performing maintenance.

Checking the Cooling System

Service Interval: Before each use or daily—Check the engine-coolant level.

The cooling system is filled with a 50/50 solution of water and permanent ethylene-glycol antifreeze. The capacity of the cooling system is 7.5 L (6 quarts).

1. Check the level of the coolant in the expansion tank (Figure 36).

Note: The coolant level should be between the marks on the side of the tank.

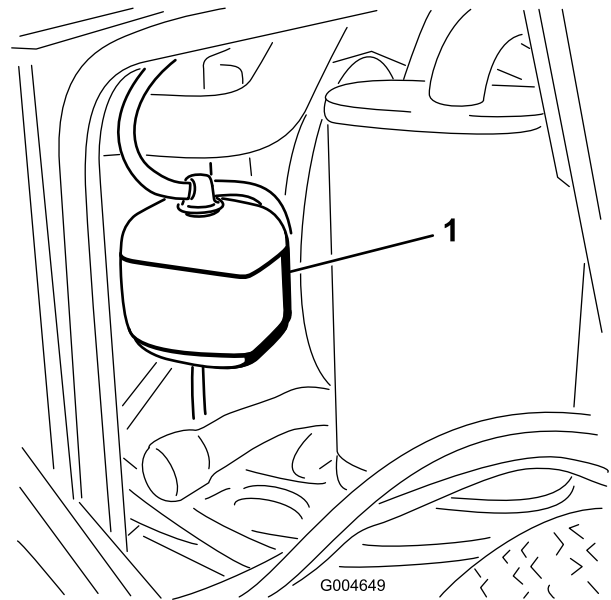


Figure 36

1. Expansion tank
2. If coolant level is low, remove the expansion-tank cap and replenish the system.
Important: Do not overfill
3. Install the expansion-tank cap.

Cleaning the Radiator

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

Clean the radiator to prevent the engine from overheating.

Note: If the mower deck or engine shuts off due to overheating, check the radiator for excessive buildup of debris.

Clean the radiator as follows:

1. Open the hood.
2. Working from the fan side of the radiator, blow out debris with low pressure (345 kPa or 50 psi), compressed air. Repeat from the front of the radiator and the other fan side.
Important: Do not use water.
3. After you thoroughly clean the radiator, clean out debris that may have collected in the channel at the radiator base.
4. Close the hood.

Brake Maintenance

Adjusting the Parking-Brake Interlock Switch

1. Stop the machine, move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, set the parking brake, and remove the ignition key.
 2. Unlatch the seat and pivot it forward.
- Note:** If you need additional access under the seat, you can remove the side panels.
3. Loosen the 2 jam nuts securing the parking-brake interlock switch to the mounting bracket.

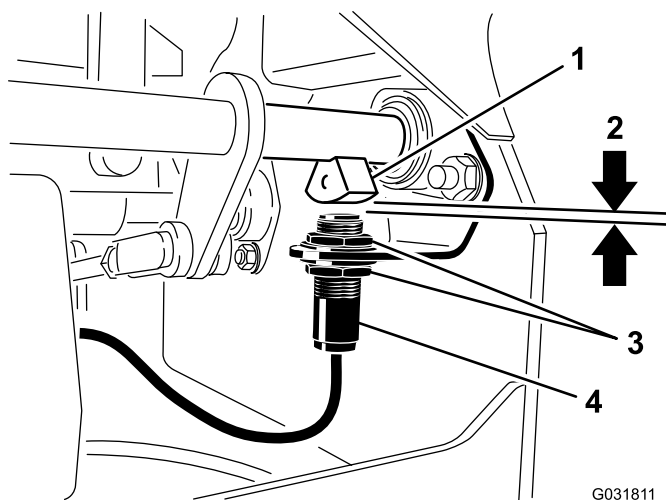


Figure 37

- | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. Brake-shaft sensor | 3. Jam nut |
| 2. 4 mm (5/32 inch) | 4. Parking-brake interlock switch |

4. Move the switch up or down on the bracket until the distance between the brake-shaft sensor and the switch plunger is 4 mm (5/32 inch) as shown in Figure 37.

Note: Make sure that the brake-shaft sensor does not contact the switch plunger.

5. Secure the switch jam nuts.
6. Test the adjustment as follows:
 - A. Ensure that the parking brake is engaged and you are not sitting on the seat, then start the engine.
 - B. Move the control levers out of the NEUTRAL-LOCK position.

Note: The engine should stop. If not, check the adjustment that you made to the switch.

7. Lower the seat.

Belt Maintenance

Checking the Alternator-Belt Tension

Service Interval: After the first 10 hours

Every 100 hours

1. Apply 44 N (10 lb) of force to the alternator belt, midway between the pulleys.
2. If the deflection is not 10 mm (3/8 inch), loosen the alternator mounting bolts (Figure 38).

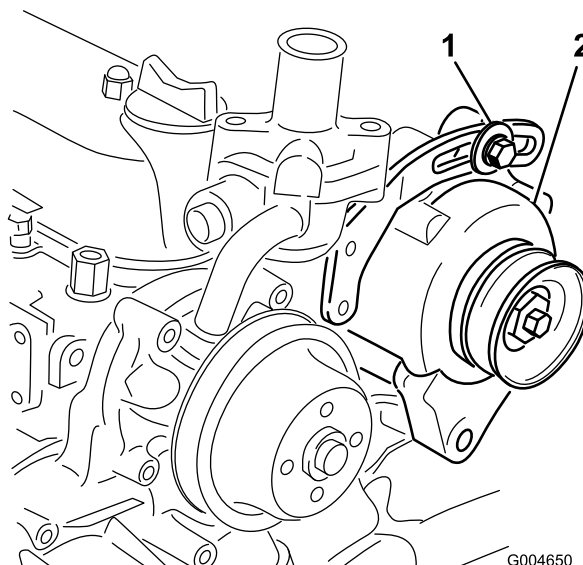


Figure 38

- | | |
|------------------|---------------|
| 1. Mounting bolt | 2. Alternator |
|------------------|---------------|

3. Increase or decrease the alternator-belt tension.
4. Tighten the mounting bolts.
5. Check the deflection of the belt again to ensure that the tension is correct.

Controls System Maintenance

Adjusting the Control-Lever-Neutral Interlock Switch

1. Stop the machine, move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, set the parking brake, and remove the ignition key.

2. Unlatch the seat and pivot it forward.

Note: If additional access is required under the seat, the side panels may be removed.

3. Loosen the 2 screws securing the interlock switch (Figure 39).

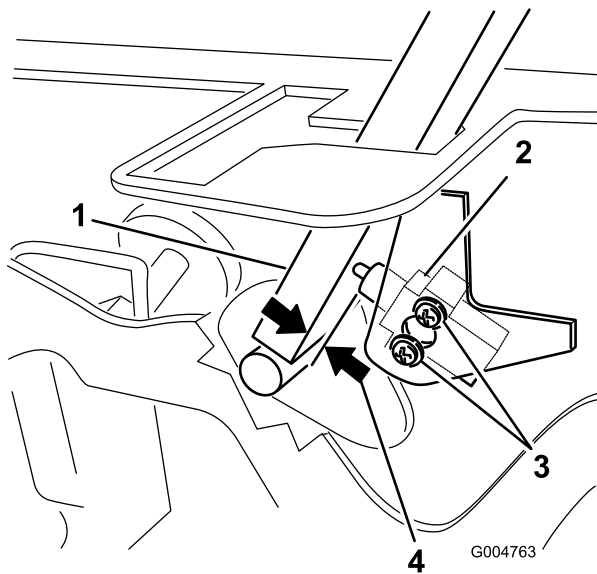


Figure 39

- | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. Control lever | 3. Screw |
| 2. Neutral-interlock switch | 4. 0.4 to 1 mm (0.015 to 0.045 inch) |

4. Holding the control lever against the frame, move the switch toward the lever until the distance between the lever and switch body is 0.4 to 1 mm (0.015 to 0.045 inch) as shown in Figure 39.
5. Secure the switch.
6. Repeat steps 3 to 5 for the other lever.
7. Lower the seat.

Adjusting the Control-Lever-Neutral Return

If the motion-control levers do not align with the neutral slots when released from the REVERSE position, adjustment is required. Adjust each lever, spring, and rod separately.

1. Disengage the PTO, move the control lever to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, and set the parking brake.
2. Move the throttle lever to the SLOW position, stop the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
3. Unlatch the seat and pivot it forward.

Note: If you need additional access under the seat, you can remove the side panels.

4. Move the control lever to the NEUTRAL position but **not locked** (Figure 41).
5. Pull the lever back until the clevis pin (on an arm above the pivot shaft) contacts the end of the slot (just beginning to put pressure on the spring) as shown in Figure 40.

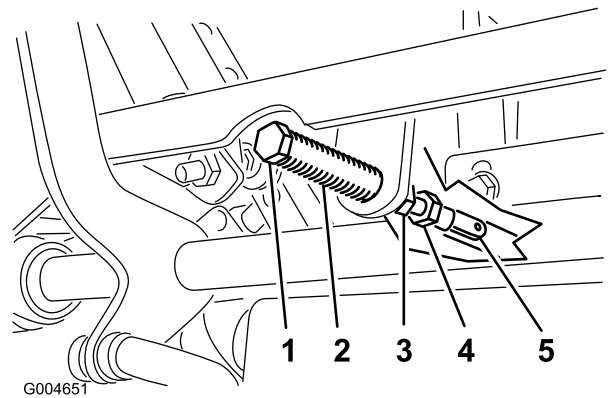


Figure 40

- | | |
|---------------|--------------------|
| 1. Clevis pin | 4. Adjustment bolt |
| 2. Slot | 5. Yoke |
| 3. Jam nut | |

6. Check where the control lever is relative to notch in the console (Figure 41).

Note: The control lever should be centered, allowing lever to pivot outward to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position.

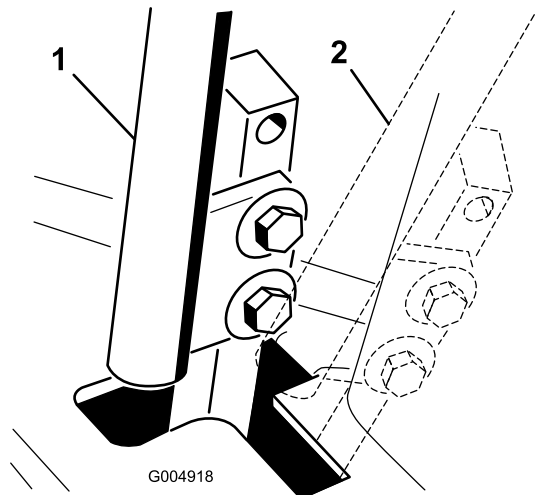


Figure 41

- | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. NEUTRAL position | 2. NEUTRAL-LOCK position |
|---------------------|--------------------------|

7. If adjustment is needed, loosen the nut and jam nut against the yoke (Figure 40).
8. Applying slight rearward pressure on the motion-control lever, turn the head of the adjustment bolt in the appropriate direction until the control lever is centered in the NEUTRAL-LOCK position (Figure 40).

Note: Rearward pressure on the lever keeps the pin at the end of the slot and allow the adjustment bolt to move the lever to the appropriate position.

9. Tighten the nut and jam nut (Figure 40).
10. Repeat steps 4 through 9 for the other control lever.
11. Install the front panel.

Adjusting the Traction Drive for Neutral

Make this adjustment with the drive wheels turning.

⚠ DANGER

Mechanical or hydraulic jacks may fail to support the machine and cause a serious injury.

- Use jack stands when supporting the machine.
- Do not use hydraulic jacks.

⚠ WARNING

The engine must be running to perform this adjustment. Contact with moving parts or hot surfaces may cause personal injury.

Keep hands, feet, face, clothing, and other body parts away from rotating parts, muffler, and other hot surfaces.

1. Raise the frame onto stable jack stands so that the drive wheels can rotate freely.
2. Slide the seat forward, unlatch it, and swing it up and forward.
3. Disconnect the electrical connector from the seat safety switch.
4. Temporarily install a jumper wire across the terminals in the wire harness connector.
5. Start the engine, ensure that the throttle lever is midway between the FAST and SLOW positions, and release the parking brake.

Note: The motion-control levers must be in the NEUTRAL-LOCK position while you make any adjustments.

6. Adjust the pump rod length on one side by rotating the hex shaft, in the appropriate direction, until the

corresponding wheel is still or slightly creeping in reverse (Figure 42).

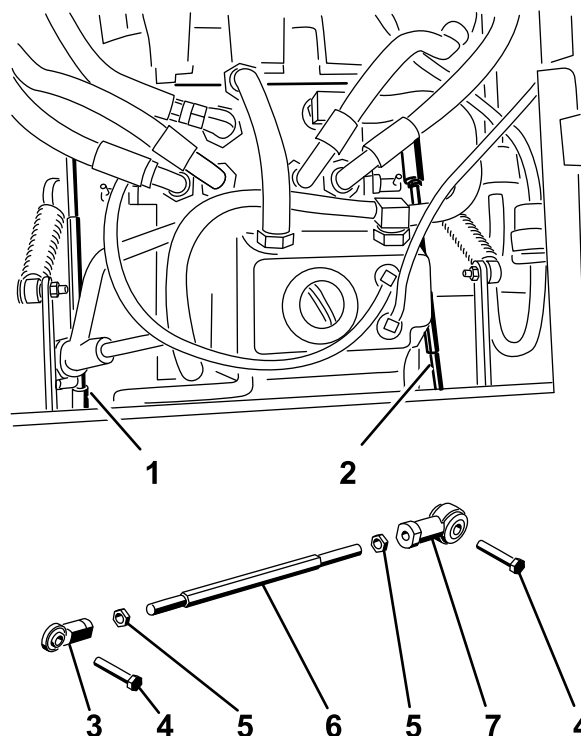


Figure 56

Figure 42

- | | |
|-------------------|---------------|
| 1. Right pump rod | 5. Jam nut |
| 2. Left pump rod | 6. Hex shaft |
| 3. Ball joint | 7. Ball joint |
| 4. Bolt | |

7. Move the motion-control lever forward and reverse, then back to neutral.

Note: The wheel must stop turning or slightly creep in reverse.

8. Move the throttle lever to the FAST position.

Note: Make sure that the wheel remains stopped or slightly creeps in reverse; adjust it if necessary.

9. Repeat steps 6 through 8 for the other side of the machine.
10. Tighten the jam nuts at the ball joints (Figure 40).
11. Move the throttle lever to the SLOW position and shut off the engine.
12. Remove the jumper wire from the wire harness connector and plug the connector into the seat switch.

⚠ WARNING

The electrical system does not perform proper safety shutoff with the jumper wire installed.

- Remove the jumper wire from the wire harness connector and plug the connector into the seat switch when you complete adjustment.
- Never operate the machine with the jumper installed and the seat switch bypassed.

13. Lower the seat into position.
14. Remove the jack stands.

Adjusting the Maximum Ground Speed

1. Disengage the PTO, move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, and set the parking brake.
2. Move the throttle lever to the SLOW position, stop the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
3. Unlatch the seat and pivot it forward.

Note: If you need additional access under the seat, you can remove the side panels.

4. Loosen the jam nut on the stop bolt for a control lever (Figure 43).

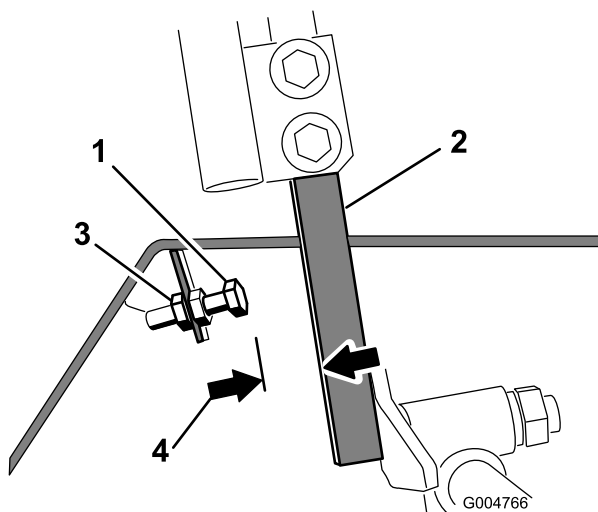


Figure 43

- | | |
|------------------|------------------------|
| 1. Stop bolt | 3. Jam nut |
| 2. Control lever | 4. 1.5 mm (0.060 inch) |

7. Thread the stop bolt out (toward the control lever) until there is a gap of 1.5 mm (0.060 inch) between the head of the stop bolt and the control lever.

Note: If you want to reduce the maximum machine speed, back each stop bolt out an equal amount toward the control lever until you reach the desired maximum speed. You may need to test your adjustment several times.

8. Tighten the jam nut to secure the stop bolt in place.
9. Repeat steps 4 through 8 for the other control lever.
10. Lower the seat.

Adjusting the Tracking

1. Disengage the PTO, move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, and set the parking brake.
2. Move the throttle lever to the SLOW position, stop the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
3. Loosen the bolts securing the control levers (Figure 44)

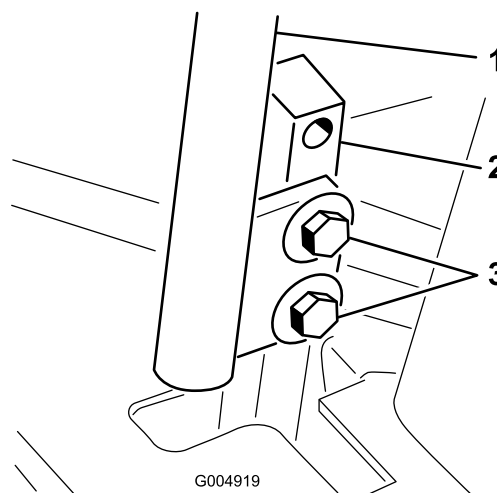


Figure 44

- | | |
|-----------------------|----------|
| 1. Control lever | 3. Bolts |
| 2. Control-lever post | |

4. Have someone push the control-lever posts (not the control levers) all the way forward into the maximum-speed position and hold them there.
5. Adjust the control levers so that they line up and tighten the bolts, securing the levers to the posts (Figure 45).

5. Thread the stop bolt all the way in (away from the control lever).
6. Push the control lever all the way forward until it stops and hold it there.

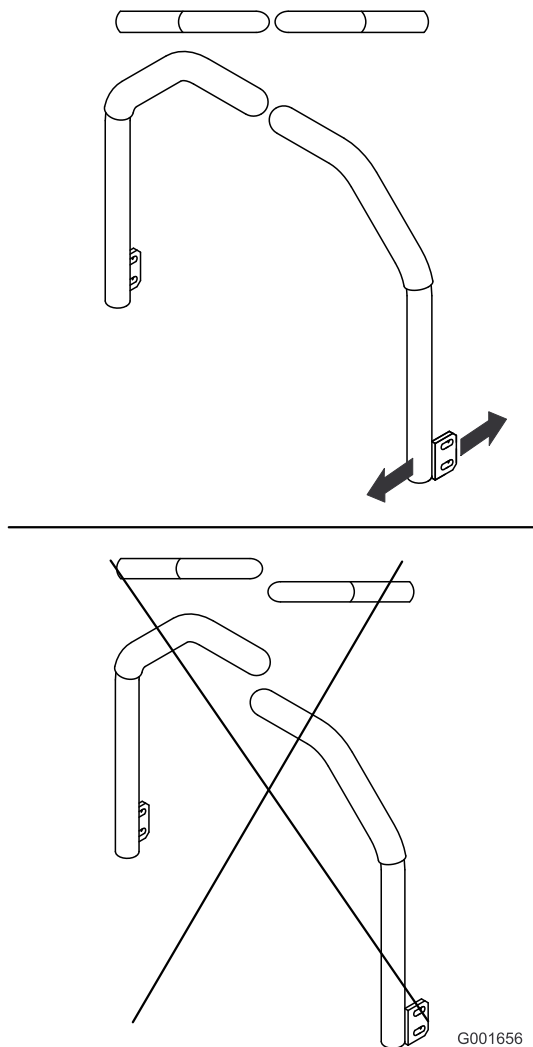


Figure 45

G001656

Hydraulic System Maintenance

The reservoir is filled at the factory with approximately 4.7 L (5.0 US qt) of high-quality tractor-transmission/hydraulic fluid. The recommended replacement fluid is as follows:

Toro Premium Transmission/Hydraulic Tractor Fluid
(Available in 5 gallon pails or 55 gallon drums. See parts catalog or Toro distributor for part numbers.)

Alternate fluids: If the Toro fluid is not available, Mobil® 424 hydraulic fluid may be used.

Note: Toro will not assume responsibility for damage caused by improper substitutions.

Note: Many hydraulic fluids are almost colorless, making it difficult to spot leaks. A red dye additive for the hydraulic system oil is available in 20 ml (2/3 oz) bottles. One bottle is sufficient for 15 to 22 L (4 to 6 US gallons) of hydraulic oil. Order Part No. 44-2500 from your authorized Toro distributor.

Hydraulic System Safety

⚠ WARNING

Hydraulic fluid escaping under pressure can penetrate skin and cause injury.

- Ensure that all hydraulic-fluid hoses and lines are in good condition and all hydraulic connections and fittings are tight before applying pressure to the hydraulic system.
- Keep your body and hands away from pinhole leaks or nozzles that eject high-pressure hydraulic fluid.
- Use cardboard or paper to find hydraulic leaks.
- Safely relieve all pressure in the hydraulic system before performing any work on the hydraulic system.
- Seek immediate medical attention if fluid is injected into skin.

Checking the Hydraulic System

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

Check the level of the hydraulic fluid before you first start the engine and daily thereafter.

1. Position the machine on a level surface.
2. Move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position and start the engine.

Note: Run the engine at the lowest possible rpm to purge the system of air.

Important: Do not engage the PTO.

3. Raise the deck to extend the lift cylinders, shut off the engine, and remove the key.
4. Raise the seat to access the hydraulic fluid tank.
5. Remove the hydraulic fill cap from the filler neck (Figure 46).

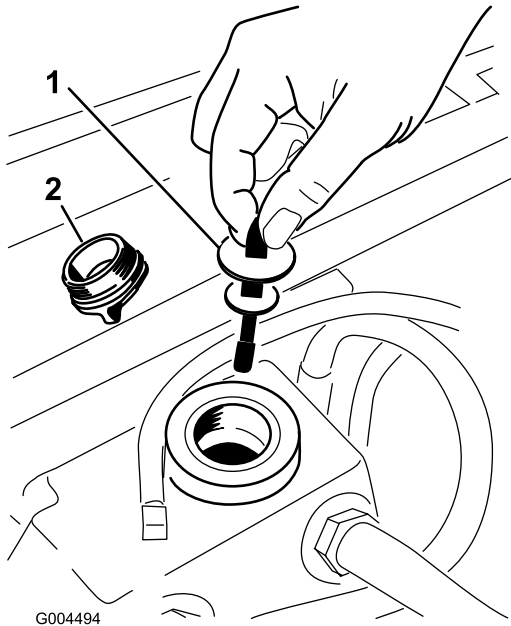


Figure 46

1. Dipstick
2. Fill cap

6. Remove the dipstick and wipe it with a clean rag (Figure 46).
7. Place the dipstick into the filler neck; then remove it and check the level of fluid (Figure 46).

Note: If the level is not within the notched area of the dipstick, add enough high-quality hydraulic fluid to raise the level to within the notched area.

Important: Do not overfill.

8. Replace the dipstick and thread the fill cap finger-tight onto the filler neck.
9. Check all hoses and fittings for leaks.

2. Move the throttle lever to the SLOW position, shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
3. Place a large pan under the hydraulic reservoir and transmission case and remove the plugs, draining all of the hydraulic fluid (Figure 47).

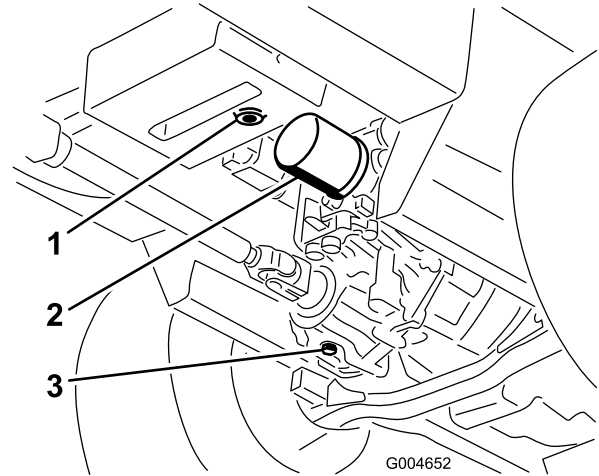


Figure 47

1. Hydraulic-reservoir drain plug
2. Filter
3. Transmission-case drain plug

4. Clean the area around the hydraulic fluid filter and remove the filter (Figure 47).
5. Immediately install a new hydraulic fluid filter.
6. Install the hydraulic-reservoir and transmission-case drain plugs.
7. Fill the reservoir to the proper level (approximately 5.7 L or 6.0 US qt); refer to [Checking the Hydraulic System](#) (page 34).
8. Start the engine and check for oil leaks. Allow the engine to run for about 5 minutes, then shut it off.
9. After 2 minutes, check the level of the hydraulic fluid; refer to [Checking the Hydraulic System](#) (page 34).

Changing the Hydraulic Fluid And Filter

Service Interval: After the first 200 hours

Every 800 hours

1. Disengage the PTO, move the motion-control levers to the NEUTRAL-LOCK position, and set the parking brake.

Storage

Machine

1. Thoroughly clean the machine, deck, and engine, paying special attention to these areas:
 - Radiator and radiator screen
 - Underneath the deck
 - Under the deck belt covers
 - Counterbalance springs
 - PTO-shaft assembly
 - All grease fittings and pivot points
 - Inside the control box
 - Beneath the seat plate and top of the transmission
2. Check all fasteners for looseness and tighten them as necessary.
3. Grease or oil all grease fittings, pivot points, and transmission-bypass-valve pins. Wipe off any excess lubricant.
4. Lightly sand and use touch up paint on painted areas that are scratched, chipped or rusted. Repair any dents in the metal body.
5. Service the battery and cables as follows:
 - A. Remove the battery terminals from the battery posts.
 - B. Clean the battery, terminals, and posts with a wire brush and baking soda solution.
 - C. Coat the cable terminals and battery posts with Grafo 112X skin-over grease (Toro Part No. 505-47) or petroleum jelly to prevent corrosion.
 - D. Slowly recharge the battery for 24 hours every 60 days to prevent lead sulfation of the battery.

Engine

1. Drain the engine oil from the oil pan and replace the drain plug.
2. Remove and discard the oil filter. Install a new filter.
3. Fill the engine with 3.8 L (4.0 US qt) of recommended motor oil. Refer to [Checking the Engine-Oil Level \(page 24\)](#).
4. Start the engine and run it at idle speed for 2 minutes.
5. Drain the fuel from the fuel tank, fuel lines, pump, filter, and separator. Flush the fuel tank with clean diesel fuel and connect all fuel lines.
6. Thoroughly clean and service the air-cleaner assembly.
7. Seal the air cleaner inlet and the exhaust outlet with weatherproof masking tape.
8. Check the oil-filler cap and fuel-tank cap to ensure they are securely in place.

Notes:

Notes:

International Distributor List

Distributor:	Country:	Phone Number:	Distributor:	Country:	Phone Number:
Agrolanc Kft	Hungary	36 27 539 640	Maquiver S.A.	Colombia	57 1 236 4079
Asian American Industrial (AAI)	Hong Kong	852 2497 7804	Maruyama Mfg. Co. Inc.	Japan	81 3 3252 2285
B-Ray Corporation	Korea	82 32 551 2076	Mountfield a.s.	Czech Republic	420 255 704 220
Brisa Goods LLC	Mexico	1 210 495 2417	Mountfield a.s.	Slovakia	420 255 704 220
Casco Sales Company	Puerto Rico	787 788 8383	Munditol S.A.	Argentina	54 11 4 821 9999
Ceres S.A.	Costa Rica	506 239 1138	Norma Garden	Russia	7 495 411 61 20
CSSC Turf Equipment (pvt) Ltd.	Sri Lanka	94 11 2746100	Oslinger Turf Equipment SA	Ecuador	593 4 239 6970
Cyril Johnston & Co.	Northern Ireland	44 2890 813 121	Oy Hako Ground and Garden Ab	Finland	358 987 00733
Cyril Johnston & Co.	Republic of Ireland	44 2890 813 121	Parkland Products Ltd.	New Zealand	64 3 34 93760
Fat Dragon	China	886 10 80841322	Perfetto	Poland	48 61 8 208 416
Femco S.A.	Guatemala	502 442 3277	Pratoverde SRL.	Italy	39 049 9128 128
FIVEMANS New-Tech Co., Ltd	China	86-10-6381 6136	Prochaska & Cie	Austria	43 1 278 5100
ForGarder OU	Estonia	372 384 6060	RT Cohen 2004 Ltd.	Israel	972 986 17979
G.Y.K. Company Ltd.	Japan	81 726 325 861	Riversa	Spain	34 9 52 83 7500
Geomechaniki of Athens	Greece	30 10 935 0054	Lely Turfcare	Denmark	45 66 109 200
Golf international Turizm	Turkey	90 216 336 5993	Lely (U.K.) Limited	United Kingdom	44 1480 226 800
Hako Ground and Garden	Sweden	46 35 10 0000	Solvart S.A.S.	France	33 1 30 81 77 00
Hako Ground and Garden	Norway	47 22 90 7760	Spypros Stavrinides Limited	Cyprus	357 22 434131
Hayter Limited (U.K.)	United Kingdom	44 1279 723 444	Surge Systems India Limited	India	91 1 292299901
Hydroturf Int. Co Dubai	United Arab Emirates	97 14 347 9479	T-Markt Logistics Ltd.	Hungary	36 26 525 500
Hydroturf Egypt LLC	Egypt	202 519 4308	Toro Australia	Australia	61 3 9580 7355
Irrimac	Portugal	351 21 238 8260	Toro Europe NV	Belgium	32 14 562 960
Irrigation Products Int'l Pvt Ltd.	India	0091 44 2449 4387	Valtech	Morocco	212 5 3766 3636
Jean Heybroek b.v.	Netherlands	31 30 639 4611	Victus Emak	Poland	48 61 823 8369

European Privacy Notice

The Information Toro Collects

Toro Warranty Company (Toro) respects your privacy. In order to process your warranty claim and contact you in the event of a product recall, we ask you to share certain personal information with us, either directly or through your local Toro company or dealer.

The Toro warranty system is hosted on servers located within the United States where privacy law may not provide the same protection as applies in your country.

BY SHARING YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION WITH US, YOU ARE CONSENTING TO THE PROCESSING OF YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION AS DESCRIBED IN THIS PRIVACY NOTICE.

The Way Toro Uses Information

Toro may use your personal information to process warranty claims, to contact you in the event of a product recall and for any other purpose which we tell you about. Toro may share your information with Toro's affiliates, dealers or other business partners in connection with any of these activities. We will not sell your personal information to any other company. We reserve the right to disclose personal information in order to comply with applicable laws and with requests by the appropriate authorities, to operate our systems properly or for our own protection or that of other users.

Retention of your Personal Information

We will keep your personal information as long as we need it for the purposes for which it was originally collected or for other legitimate purposes (such as regulatory compliance), or as required by applicable law.

Toro's Commitment to Security of Your Personal Information

We take reasonable precautions in order to protect the security of your personal information. We also take steps to maintain the accuracy and current status of personal information.

Access and Correction of your Personal Information

If you would like to review or correct your personal information, please contact us by email at legal@toro.com.

Australian Consumer Law

Australian customers will find details relating to the Australian Consumer Law either inside the box or at your local Toro Dealer.



The Toro Warranty

A Two-Year Limited Warranty

Conditions and Products Covered

The Toro Company and its affiliate, Toro Warranty Company, pursuant to an agreement between them, jointly warrant your Toro Commercial product ("Product") to be free from defects in materials or workmanship for two years or 1500 operational hours*, whichever occurs first. This warranty is applicable to all products with the exception of Aerators (refer to separate warranty statements for these products). Where a warrantable condition exists, we will repair the Product at no cost to you including diagnostics, labor, parts, and transportation. This warranty begins on the date the Product is delivered to the original retail purchaser.

* Product equipped with an hour meter.

Instructions for Obtaining Warranty Service

You are responsible for notifying the Commercial Products Distributor or Authorized Commercial Products Dealer from whom you purchased the Product as soon as you believe a warrantable condition exists. If you need help locating a Commercial Products Distributor or Authorized Dealer, or if you have questions regarding your warranty rights or responsibilities, you may contact us at:

Toro Commercial Products Service Department
Toro Warranty Company
8111 Lyndale Avenue South
Bloomington, MN 55420-1196

952-888-8801 or 800-952-2740
E-mail: commercial.warranty@toro.com

Owner Responsibilities

As the Product owner, you are responsible for required maintenance and adjustments stated in your *Operator's Manual*. Failure to perform required maintenance and adjustments can be grounds for disallowing a warranty claim.

Items and Conditions Not Covered

Not all product failures or malfunctions that occur during the warranty period are defects in materials or workmanship. This warranty does not cover the following:

- Product failures which result from the use of non-Toro replacement parts, or from installation and use of add-on, or modified non-Toro branded accessories and products. A separate warranty may be provided by the manufacturer of these items.
- Product failures which result from failure to perform recommended maintenance and/or adjustments. Failure to properly maintain your Toro product per the Recommended Maintenance listed in the *Operator's Manual* can result in claims for warranty being denied.
- Product failures which result from operating the Product in an abusive, negligent, or reckless manner.
- Parts subject to consumption through use unless found to be defective. Examples of parts which are consumed, or used up, during normal Product operation include, but are not limited to, brake pads and linings, clutch linings, blades, reels, rollers and bearings (sealed or greasable), bed knives, spark plugs, castor wheels and bearings, tires, filters, belts, and certain sprayer components such as diaphragms, nozzles, and check valves, etc.
- Failures caused by outside influence. Conditions considered to be outside influence include, but are not limited to, weather, storage practices, contamination, use of unapproved fuels, coolants, lubricants, additives, fertilizers, water, or chemicals, etc.
- Failure or performance issues due to the use of fuels (e.g. gasoline, diesel, or biodiesel) that do not conform to their respective industry standards.

- Normal noise, vibration, wear and tear, and deterioration.
- Normal "wear and tear" includes, but is not limited to, damage to seats due to wear or abrasion, worn painted surfaces, scratched decals or windows, etc.

Parts

Parts scheduled for replacement as required maintenance are warranted for the period of time up to the scheduled replacement time for that part. Parts replaced under this warranty are covered for the duration of the original product warranty and become the property of Toro. Toro will make the final decision whether to repair any existing part or assembly or replace it. Toro may use remanufactured parts for warranty repairs.

Deep Cycle and Lithium-Ion Battery Warranty:

Deep cycle and Lithium-Ion batteries have a specified total number of kilowatt-hours they can deliver during their lifetime. Operating, recharging, and maintenance techniques can extend or reduce total battery life. As the batteries in this product are consumed, the amount of useful work between charging intervals will slowly decrease until the battery is completely worn out. Replacement of worn out batteries, due to normal consumption, is the responsibility of the product owner. Battery replacement may be required during the normal product warranty period at owner's expense. Note: (Lithium-Ion battery only): A Lithium-Ion battery has a part only prorated warranty beginning year 3 through year 5 based on the time in service and kilowatt hours used. Refer to the *Operator's Manual* for additional information.

Maintenance is at Owner's Expense

Engine tune-up, lubrication, cleaning and polishing, replacement of filters, coolant, and completing recommended maintenance are some of the normal services Toro products require that are at the owner's expense.

General Conditions

Repair by an Authorized Toro Distributor or Dealer is your sole remedy under this warranty.

Neither The Toro Company nor Toro Warranty Company is liable for indirect, incidental or consequential damages in connection with the use of the Toro Products covered by this warranty, including any cost or expense of providing substitute equipment or service during reasonable periods of malfunction or non-use pending completion of repairs under this warranty. Except for the Emissions warranty referenced below, if applicable, there is no other express warranty. All implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for use are limited to the duration of this express warranty.

Some states do not allow exclusions of incidental or consequential damages, or limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above exclusions and limitations may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

Note regarding engine warranty:

The Emissions Control System on your Product may be covered by a separate warranty meeting requirements established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and/or the California Air Resources Board (CARB). The hour limitations set forth above do not apply to the Emissions Control System Warranty. Refer to the Engine Emission Control Warranty Statement supplied with your product or contained in the engine manufacturer's documentation for details.

Countries Other than the United States or Canada

Customers who have purchased Toro products exported from the United States or Canada should contact their Toro Distributor (Dealer) to obtain guarantee policies for your country, province, or state. If for any reason you are dissatisfied with your Distributor's service or have difficulty obtaining guarantee information, contact the Toro importer.